

Sã©rgio V Peixoto

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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Version: 2024-02-01

73
papers

11,332
citations

257450

24
h-index

49909

87
g-index

97
all docs

97
docs citations

97
times ranked

22921
citing authors

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
1	Cognitive Frailty is Associated With Elevated Proinflammatory Markers and a Higher Risk of Mortality. American Journal of Geriatric Psychiatry, 2022, 30, 825-833.	1.2	7
2	External validation of the estimate of prevalence of smokers in small areas by Vigitel, in Belo Horizonte, Minas Gerais, Brazil. Revista Brasileira De Epidemiologia, 2021, 24, e210002.	0.8	0
3	Association between "body shape index" and mortality: Bambuã-Cohort Study of Aging, Brazil. Cadernos De Saude Publica, 2021, 37, e00016020.	1.0	3
4	Combined Physical Activity and Sitting Time Association on Older Adults' Body Mass Index: Cross-Sectional Findings From the Brazilian Longitudinal Study of Aging. Journal of Aging and Physical Activity, 2021, , 1-7.	1.0	0
5	Admixture/fine-mapping in Brazilians reveals a West African associated potential regulatory variant (rs114066381) with a strong female-specific effect on body mass and fat mass indexes. International Journal of Obesity, 2021, 45, 1017-1029.	3.4	4
6	Cytomegalovirus and herpes simplex type 1 infections and immunological profile of community-dwelling older adults. Experimental Gerontology, 2021, 149, 111337.	2.8	7
7	Chlamydia pneumoniae and Helicobacter pylori infections and immunological profile of community-dwelling older adults. Experimental Gerontology, 2021, 156, 111589.	2.8	0
8	Trends in cardiometabolic risk factors in the Americas between 1980 and 2014: a pooled analysis of population-based surveys. The Lancet Global Health, 2020, 8, e123-e133.	6.3	73
9	Nationwide vitamin D status in older Brazilian adults and its determinants: The Brazilian Longitudinal Study of Aging (ELSI). Scientific Reports, 2020, 10, 13521.	3.3	15
10	CXCL9 and CXCL10 display an age-dependent profile in Chagas patients: a cohort study of aging in Bambui, Brazil. Infectious Diseases of Poverty, 2020, 9, 51.	3.7	15
11	Risk Score for Predicting 2-Year Mortality in Patients With Chagas Cardiomyopathy From Endemic Areas: SaMiã-Trop Cohort Study. Journal of the American Heart Association, 2020, 9, e014176.	3.7	21
12	Lifestyle factors and multimorbidity among older adults (ELSI-Brazil). European Journal of Ageing, 2020, 17, 521-529.	2.8	16
13	Inflammatory markers associated with fall recurrence and severity: The Bambuã-Cohort Study of Aging. Experimental Gerontology, 2020, 132, 110837.	2.8	3
14	Distanciamento social, uso de máscaras e higienizaãõ das mãõs entre participantes do Estudo Longitudinal da Saãde dos Idosos Brasileiros: iniciativa ELSI-COVID-19. Cadernos De Saude Publica, 2020, 36, e00193920.	1.0	19
15	A tripla carga de agravos e os desafios para o Sistema Nãico de Saãde. Ciencia E Saude Coletiva, 2020, 25, 2912-2912.	0.5	3
16	Comportamentos em saãde e adoãõ de medidas de proteãõ individual durante a pandemia do novo coronavãrus: iniciativa ELSI-COVID-19. Cadernos De Saude Publica, 2020, 36, e00195420.	1.0	9
17	"A body shape index" and its association with arterial hypertension and diabetes mellitus among Brazilian older adults: National Health Survey (2013). Cadernos De Saude Publica, 2019, 35, e00175318.	1.0	7
18	Comportamentos em saãde e o controle da hipertensãõ arterial: resultados do ELSI-BRASIL. Cadernos De Saude Publica, 2019, 35, e00091018.	1.0	10

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19	Association between number of medications used and nutritional markers among elderly persons with chronic diseases: National Health Survey (2013). <i>Revista Brasileira De Geriatria E Gerontologia</i> , 2019, 22, .	0.3	2
20	Diabetes, depressive symptoms, and mortality risk in old age: The role of inflammation. <i>Depression and Anxiety</i> , 2019, 36, 941-949.	4.1	13
21	Associação entre síndrome metabólica e marcadores inflamatórios em idosos residentes na comunidade. <i>Cadernos De Saude Publica</i> , 2019, 35, e00129918.	1.0	3
22	Inflammatory markers and occurrence of falls. <i>Revista De Saude Publica</i> , 2019, 53, 35.	1.7	7
23	Fatores associados à avaliação da qualidade da atenção primária à saúde por idosos residentes na Região Metropolitana de Belo Horizonte, Minas Gerais, 2010*. <i>Epidemiologia E Servicos De Saude: Revista Do Sistema Unico De Saude Do Brasil</i> , 2019, 28, e2018128.	1.0	8
24	Immune senescence and biomarkers profile of Bambuí-aged population-based cohort. <i>Experimental Gerontology</i> , 2018, 103, 47-56.	2.8	20
25	Contributions of mean and shape of blood pressure distribution to worldwide trends and variations in raised blood pressure: a pooled analysis of 1018 population-based measurement studies with 88.6 million participants. <i>International Journal of Epidemiology</i> , 2018, 47, 872-883i.	1.9	65
26	Prognostic value of disability on mortality: 15-year follow-up of the Bambuí-cohort study of aging. <i>Archives of Gerontology and Geriatrics</i> , 2018, 74, 112-117.	3.0	18
27	Adequate control of hypertension among older adults. <i>Revista De Saude Publica</i> , 2018, 52, 13s.	1.7	14
28	Physical activity practice among older adults. <i>Revista De Saude Publica</i> , 2018, 52, 5s.	1.7	33
29	Cost-related underuse of medications in older adults. <i>Revista De Saude Publica</i> , 2018, 52, 8s.	1.7	10
30	Accuracy of waist circumference for predicting other components of metabolic syndrome: evidence from the Bambuí-cohort study of the elderly. <i>Revista Brasileira De Geriatria E Gerontologia</i> , 2018, 21, 367-371.	0.3	0
31	Contribution of chronic diseases to the prevalence of disability in basic and instrumental activities of daily living in elderly Brazilians: the National Health Survey (2013). <i>Cadernos De Saude Publica</i> , 2018, 34, e00204016.	1.0	21
32	CARDIORESPIRATORY FITNESS AND CARDIOMETABOLIC RISK FACTORS AMONG UNIVERSITY PROFESSORS. <i>Revista Brasileira De Medicina Do Esporte</i> , 2018, 24, 102-106.	0.2	0
33	Multiple inflammatory markers and 15-year incident ADL disability in admixed older adults: The Bambuí-Epigen Study. <i>Archives of Gerontology and Geriatrics</i> , 2017, 72, 103-107.	3.0	6
34	Determining the health-related quality of life in individuals with haemophilia in developing economies: results from the Brazilian population. <i>Haemophilia</i> , 2017, 23, 42-49.	2.1	8
35	Worldwide trends in body-mass index, underweight, overweight, and obesity from 1975 to 2016: a pooled analysis of 2416 population-based measurement studies in 128.9 million children, adolescents, and adults. <i>Lancet, The</i> , 2017, 390, 2627-2642.	13.7	5,010
36	Predictive value of multiple cytokines and chemokines for mortality in an admixed population: 15-year follow-up of the Bambuí-Epigen (Brazil) cohort study of aging. <i>Experimental Gerontology</i> , 2017, 98, 47-53.	2.8	5

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37	Worldwide trends in blood pressure from 1975 to 2015: a pooled analysis of 1479 population-based measurement studies with 19.1 million participants. <i>Lancet, The</i> , 2017, 389, 37-55.	13.7	1,667
38	Informal and paid care for Brazilian older adults (National Health Survey, 2013). <i>Revista De Saude Publica</i> , 2017, 51, 6s.	1.7	15
39	INATIVIDADE FÍSICA E COMPORTAMENTOS ADVERSOS PARA A SAÚDE ENTRE PROFESSORES UNIVERSITÁRIOS. <i>Revista Brasileira De Medicina Do Esporte</i> , 2017, 23, 103-108.	0.2	8
40	Use of health services by Brazilian older adults with and without functional limitation. <i>Revista De Saude Publica</i> , 2017, 51, 5s.	1.7	15
41	Estudo descritivo da evolução dos gastos com internações hospitalares por condições sensíveis à atenção primária no Brasil, 2000-2013*. <i>Epidemiologia E Serviços De Saude: Revista Do Sistema Unico De Saude Do Brasil</i> , 2017, 26, 285-294.	1.0	26
42	Apolipoprotein E polymorphism and functional disability in Brazilian elders: the Bambuí-Health and Aging Study. <i>Cadernos De Saude Publica</i> , 2016, 32, e00080115.	1.0	3
43	Components of the metabolic syndrome and depressive symptoms in community-dwelling older people: the Bambuí-Cohort Aging Study. <i>Revista Brasileira De Psiquiatria</i> , 2016, 38, 183-189.	1.7	7
44	Socioeconomic inequalities in activities of daily living limitations and in the provision of informal and formal care for noninstitutionalized older Brazilians: National Health Survey, 2013. <i>International Journal for Equity in Health</i> , 2016, 15, 137.	3.5	28
45	Genomic African and Native American Ancestry and Chagas Disease: The Bambuí (Brazil) Epigen Cohort Study of Aging. <i>PLoS Neglected Tropical Diseases</i> , 2016, 10, e0004724.	3.0	11
46	Worldwide trends in diabetes since 1980: a pooled analysis of 751 population-based studies with 4.4 million participants. <i>Lancet, The</i> , 2016, 387, 1513-1530.	13.7	2,842
47	Mortality risk attributable to smoking, hypertension and diabetes among English and Brazilian older adults (The ELSA and Bambuí cohort ageing studies). <i>European Journal of Public Health</i> , 2016, 26, 831-835.	0.3	17
48	Socioeconomic Position, But Not African Genomic Ancestry, Is Associated With Blood Pressure in the Bambuí-Epigen (Brazil) Cohort Study of Aging. <i>Hypertension</i> , 2016, 67, 349-355.	2.7	20
49	Social context of neighborhood and socioeconomic status on leisure-time physical activity in a Brazilian urban center: The BH Health Study. <i>Cadernos De Saude Publica</i> , 2015, 31, 136-147.	1.0	23
50	Physical activity and all-cause mortality among older Brazilian adults: 11-year follow-up of the Bambuí Health and Aging Study. <i>Clinical Interventions in Aging</i> , 2015, 10, 751.	2.9	20
51	Genomic Ancestry, Self-Rated Health and Its Association with Mortality in an Admixed Population: 10 Year Follow-Up of the Bambuí-Epigen (Brazil) Cohort Study of Ageing. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2015, 10, e0144456.	2.5	10
52	Origin and dynamics of admixture in Brazilians and its effect on the pattern of deleterious mutations. <i>Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America</i> , 2015, 112, 8696-8701.	7.1	206
53	Diabetes, hypertension and mobility among Brazilian older adults: findings from the Brazilian National Household Sample Survey (1998, 2003 and 2008). <i>BMC Public Health</i> , 2015, 15, 591.	2.9	14
54	Trends in the use of antidepressants among older adults: Bambuí-Project. <i>Revista De Saude Publica</i> , 2014, 48, 857-865.	1.7	11

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55	The association between nutritional status and cognitive impairment in Brazilian community-dwelling older adults assessed using a range of anthropometric measures - the Bambuí Study. <i>Dementia E Neuropsychologia</i> , 2013, 7, 403-409.	0.8	2
56	Aspectos nutricionais associados à infecção crônica pelo <i>Trypanosoma cruzi</i> (Chagas 1909) entre idosos: Projeto Bambuí. <i>Cadernos De Saude Publica</i> , 2013, 29, 1141-1148.	1.0	5
57	Factors associated with functional ability in Brazilian elderly. <i>Archives of Gerontology and Geriatrics</i> , 2012, 54, e89-e94.	3.0	37
58	Vagal impairment in elderly Chagas disease patients: A population-based study (The Bambuí-Study). <i>International Journal of Cardiology</i> , 2011, 147, 359-365.	1.7	9
59	Predictors of 10-year mortality in a population of community-dwelling Brazilian elderly: the Bambuí-cohort study of aging. <i>Cadernos De Saude Publica</i> , 2011, 27, s360-s369.	1.0	22
60	Energy expenditure through physical activity in a population of community-dwelling Brazilian elderly: cross-sectional evidences from the Bambuí-cohort study of aging. <i>Cadernos De Saude Publica</i> , 2011, 27, s399-s408.	1.0	19
61	Fatores associados com a qualidade de vida relacionada à saúde de idosos em hemodiálise. <i>Revista De Saude Publica</i> , 2011, 45, 1127-1136.	1.7	36
62	Birth cohort differences in hypertension control in a Brazilian population of older elderly: the Bambuí-cohort study of aging (1997 and 2008). <i>Cadernos De Saude Publica</i> , 2011, 27, s427-s434.	1.0	11
63	Plasma A-Type Natriuretic Peptide As a Predictor of Mortality in Community-Dwelling Older Adults With Chagas Disease: 10-Year Follow-up of the Bambuí Cohort Study of Aging. <i>American Journal of Epidemiology</i> , 2010, 172, 190-196.	3.4	49
64	Chagas disease and mortality in old age as an emerging issue: 10 year follow-up of the Bambuí-population-based cohort study (Brazil). <i>International Journal of Cardiology</i> , 2010, 145, 362-363.	1.7	33
65	Comportamentos em saúde entre idosos hipertensos, Brasil, 2006. <i>Revista De Saude Publica</i> , 2009, 43, 18-26.	1.7	21
66	APOLIPOPROTEIN E GENOTYPE DOES NOT PREDICT 9-YEAR ALL-CAUSE MORTALITY IN BRAZILIAN OLDER ADULTS: THE BAMBUI COHORT STUDY. <i>Journal of the American Geriatrics Society</i> , 2008, 56, 2366-2368.	2.6	6
67	Usual sleep duration is not associated with hypertension in Brazilian elderly: The Bambuí Health Aging Study (BHAS). <i>Sleep Medicine</i> , 2008, 9, 806-807.	1.6	32
68	The Influence of Socio-Economic Conditions On the Prevalence of Depressive Symptoms and Its Covariates in an Elderly Population With Slight Income Differences: the Bambuí-Health and Aging Study (Bhas). <i>International Journal of Social Psychiatry</i> , 2008, 54, 447-456.	3.1	29
69	APOLIPOPROTEIN E AND INCIDENT HYPERTENSION: THE BAMBUI-HEALTH AGING STUDY. <i>Journal of the American Geriatrics Society</i> , 2007, 55, 1895-1897.	2.6	2
70	EVALUATION OF AN IMPROVED APPROACH USING RESIDENCES OF SCHISTOSOMIASIS-POSITIVE SCHOOL CHILDREN TO IDENTIFY CARRIERS IN AN AREA OF LOW ENDEMICITY. <i>American Journal of Tropical Medicine and Hygiene</i> , 2006, 74, 495-499.	1.4	15
71	Factors associated to smoking habit among older adults (The Bambuí-Health and Aging Study). <i>Revista De Saude Publica</i> , 2005, 39, 746-753.	1.7	28
72	Factors associated with schistosomiasis mansoni in a population from the municipality of Jaboticatubas, State of Minas Gerais, Brazil. <i>Memorias Do Instituto Oswaldo Cruz</i> , 2004, 99, 127-134.	1.6	26

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73	Avaliação da esquistossomose e de outras parasitoses intestinais, em escolares do município de Bambuí, Minas Gerais, Brasil. Revista Da Sociedade Brasileira De Medicina Tropical, 2000, 33, 431-436.	0.9	31