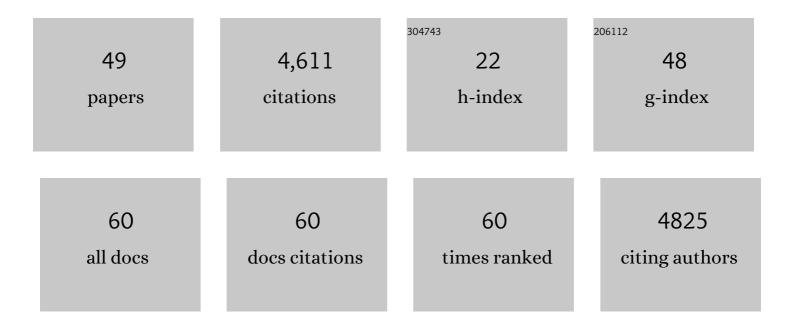
## Cinta Romay

List of Publications by Year in descending order

Source: https://exaly.com/author-pdf/2064209/publications.pdf Version: 2024-02-01



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#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
1	Genome-wide imputation using the practical haplotype graph in the heterozygous crop cassava. G3: Genes, Genomes, Genetics, 2022, 12, .	1.8	7
2	A multiple alignment workflow shows the effect of repeat masking and parameter tuning on alignment in plants. Plant Genome, 2022, 15, e20204.	2.8	5
3	Joint analysis of days to flowering reveals independent temperate adaptations in maize. Heredity, 2021, 126, 929-941.	2.6	4
4	Conserved noncoding sequences provide insights into regulatory sequence and loss of gene expression in maize. Genome Research, 2021, 31, 1245-1257.	5.5	29
5	Unoccupied aerial systems discovered overlooked loci capturing the variation of entire growing period in maize. Plant Genome, 2021, 14, e20102.	2.8	16
6	The importance of dominance and genotype-by-environment interactions on grain yield variation in a large-scale public cooperative maize experiment. G3: Genes, Genomes, Genetics, 2021, 11, .	1.8	52
7	Genome-wide analysis of deletions in maize population reveals abundant genetic diversity and functional impact. Theoretical and Applied Genetics, 2021, 135, 273.	3.6	4
8	A conserved genetic architecture among populations of the maize progenitor, teosinte, was radically altered by domestication. Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America, 2021, 118, .	7.1	1
9	Domestication reshaped the genetic basis of inbreeding depression in a maize landrace compared to its wild relative, teosinte. PLoS Genetics, 2021, 17, e1009797.	3.5	5
10	Relative utility of agronomic, phenological, and morphological traits for assessing genotypeâ€byâ€environment interaction in maize inbreds. Crop Science, 2020, 60, 62-81.	1.8	21
11	Identification of miRNA-eQTLs in maize mature leaf by GWAS. BMC Genomics, 2020, 21, 689.	2.8	6
12	The genetic architecture of the maize progenitor, teosinte, and how it was altered during maize domestication. PLoS Genetics, 2020, 16, e1008791.	3.5	27
13	Maize genomes to fields (G2F): 2014–2017 field seasons: genotype, phenotype, climatic, soil, and inbred ear image datasets. BMC Research Notes, 2020, 13, 71.	1.4	38
14	A sorghum practical haplotype graph facilitates genomeâ€wide imputation and costâ€effective genomic prediction. Plant Genome, 2020, 13, e20009.	2.8	54
15	Utility of Climatic Information via Combining Ability Models to Improve Genomic Prediction for Yield Within the Genomes to Fields Maize Project. Frontiers in Genetics, 2020, 11, 592769.	2.3	44
16	Dominance Effects and Functional Enrichments Improve Prediction of Agronomic Traits in Hybrid Maize. Genetics, 2020, 215, 215-230.	2.9	35
17	The genetic architecture of teosinte catalyzed and constrained maize domestication. Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America, 2019, 116, 5643-5652.	7.1	59
18	Eighteen cycles of recurrent mass selection for early flowering in two maize synthetics. Euphytica, 2019, 215, 1.	1.2	2

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19	Stomatal conductance, xylem water transport, and root traits underpin improved performance under drought and well-watered conditions across a diverse panel of maize inbred lines. Field Crops Research, 2019, 234, 119-128.	5.1	24
20	Diverse Chromosomal Locations of Quantitative Trait Loci for Tolerance to <i>Maize chlorotic mottle virus</i> in Five Maize Populations. Phytopathology, 2018, 108, 748-758.	2.2	26
21	Construction of the third-generation Zea mays haplotype map. GigaScience, 2018, 7, 1-12.	6.4	191
22	Dysregulation of expression correlates with rare-allele burden and fitness loss in maize. Nature, 2018, 555, 520-523.	27.8	211
23	Coregulation of ribosomal RNA with hundreds of genes contributes to phenotypic variation. Genome Research, 2018, 28, 1555-1565.	5.5	16
24	Maize Genomes to Fields: 2014 and 2015 field season genotype, phenotype, environment, and inbred ear image datasets. BMC Research Notes, 2018, 11, 452.	1.4	25
25	Rapid, Affordable, and Scalable Genotyping for Germplasm Exploration in Maize. Compendium of Plant Genomes, 2018, , 31-46.	0.5	6
26	A study of allelic diversity underlying flowering-time adaptation in maize landraces. Nature Genetics, 2017, 49, 476-480.	21.4	254
27	Genomic estimation of complex traits reveals ancient maize adaptation to temperate North America. Science, 2017, 357, 512-515.	12.6	169
28	The effect of artificial selection on phenotypic plasticity in maize. Nature Communications, 2017, 8, 1348.	12.8	105
29	Identification of genetic variants associated with maize flowering time using an extremely large multiâ€genetic background population. Plant Journal, 2016, 86, 391-402.	5.7	122
30	Genome-wide association analysis of seedling root development in maize (Zea mays L.). BMC Genomics, 2015, 16, 47.	2.8	159
31	High-resolution genetic mapping of maize pan-genome sequence anchors. Nature Communications, 2015, 6, 6914.	12.8	213
32	Genome-wide association study of Fusarium ear rot disease in the U.S.A. maize inbred line collection. BMC Plant Biology, 2014, 14, 372.	3.6	85
33	The Genetic Architecture Of Maize Height. Genetics, 2014, 196, 1337-1356.	2.9	329
34	Novel Methods to Optimize Genotypic Imputation for Low overage, Nextâ€Generation Sequence Data in Crop Plants. Plant Genome, 2014, 7, plantgenome2014.05.0023.	2.8	241
35	Comprehensive genotyping of the USA national maize inbred seed bank. Genome Biology, 2013, 14, R55.	8.8	458
36	Genomic regions affecting fitness of the sweet corn mutant sugary1. Journal of Agricultural Science, 2013, 151, 396-406.	1.3	7

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37	Effect of Recurrent Selection on the Genetic Structure of Two Broadâ€Based Spanish Maize Populations. Crop Science, 2012, 52, 1493-1502.	1.8	29
38	Genetic Relationship Between Maize Resistance to Corn Borer Attack and Yield. Crop Science, 2012, 52, 1176-1180.	1.8	18
39	Effect of Visual Selection During the Development of Inbred Lines of Maize. Crop Science, 2012, 52, 2538-2545.	1.8	2
40	Three Cycles of Fullâ $\in$ Sib Reciprocal Recurrent Selection in Two Spanish Maize Populations. Crop Science, 2011, 51, 1016-1022.	1.8	19
41	Adaptation of super-sweet maize to cold conditions: mutant×genotype interaction. Journal of Agricultural Science, 2010, 148, 401-405.	1.3	10
42	Evaluation of European maize (Zea mays L.) germplasm under cold conditions. Genetic Resources and Crop Evolution, 2010, 57, 329-335.	1.6	16
43	Climatic and Genotypic Effects for Grain Yield in Maize under Stress Conditions. Crop Science, 2010, 50, 51-58.	1.8	36
44	Mapping of QTL for resistance to the Mediterranean corn borer attack using the intermated B73Â×ÂMo17 (IBM) population of maize. Theoretical and Applied Genetics, 2009, 119, 1451-1459.	3.6	42
45	Causes of agronomic differences between synthetics developed by the random and convergent cross methods. Field Crops Research, 2009, 110, 229-234.	5.1	5
46	The Genetic Architecture of Maize Flowering Time. Science, 2009, 325, 714-718.	12.6	1,284
47	Genetic and environmental factors reducing the incidence of the storage pest <i> SitotrogaÂcerealella</i> in maize. Entomologia Experimentalis Et Applicata, 2008, 128, 421-428.	1.4	9
48	Maize for bread under organic agriculture. Spanish Journal of Agricultural Research, 2008, 6, 241.	0.6	14
49	Effect of selection on the heterozygosity of inbred lines of maize. Molecular Breeding, 2007, 20, 117-129.	2.1	3