

# Kazuya Suwabe

## List of Publications by Year in descending order

Source: <https://exaly.com/author-pdf/2053501/publications.pdf>

Version: 2024-02-01

17  
papers

959  
citations

758635

12  
h-index

887659

17  
g-index

17  
all docs

17  
docs citations

17  
times ranked

1048  
citing authors

| #  | ARTICLE  | IF  | CITATIONS |
|----|--|-----|-----------|
| 1  | Groove rhythm stimulates prefrontal cortex function in groove enjoyers. <i>Scientific Reports</i> , 2022, 12, 7377.  | 1.6 | 8         |
| 2  | Positive Mood while Exercising Influences Beneficial Effects of Exercise with Music on Prefrontal Executive Function: A Functional NIRS Study. <i>Neuroscience</i> , 2021, 454, 61-71.   | 1.1 | 21        |
| 3  | Exercise training and burdock root ( <i>Arctium lappa</i> L.) extract independently improve abdominal obesity and sex hormones in elderly women with metabolic syndrome. <i>Scientific Reports</i> , 2021, 11, 5175.   | 1.6 | 7         |
| 4  | Exercise Intervention for Academic Achievement Among Children: A Randomized Controlled Trial. <i>Pediatrics</i> , 2021, 148, .   | 1.0 | 11        |
| 5  | Benefit of human moderate running boosting mood and executive function coinciding with bilateral prefrontal activation. <i>Scientific Reports</i> , 2021, 11, 22657.   | 1.6 | 20        |
| 6  | The effectiveness of exercise intervention for academic achievement, cognitive function, and physical health among children in Mongolia: a cluster RCT study protocol. <i>BMC Public Health</i> , 2019, 19, 697.   | 1.2 | 13        |
| 7  | Acute Sprint Interval Exercise Increases Both Cognitive Functions and Peripheral Neurotrophic Factors in Humans: The Possible Involvement of Lactate. <i>Frontiers in Neuroscience</i> , 2019, 13, 1455.   | 1.4 | 60        |
| 8  | Neural basis for reduced executive performance with hypoxic exercise. <i>NeuroImage</i> , 2018, 171, 75-83.  | 2.1 | 42        |
| 9  | Hypoxia-induced lowered executive function depends on arterial oxygen desaturation. <i>Journal of Physiological Sciences</i> , 2018, 68, 847-853.  | 0.9 | 34        |
| 10 | A transferable high-intensity intermittent exercise improves executive performance in association with dorsolateral prefrontal activation in young adults. <i>NeuroImage</i> , 2018, 169, 117-125.   | 2.1 | 119       |
| 11 | Reply to Gronwald et al.: Exercise intensity does indeed matter; maximal oxygen uptake is the gold-standard indicator. <i>Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America</i> , 2018, 115, E11892-E11893.                    | 3.3 | 5         |
| 12 | Rapid stimulation of human dentate gyrus function with acute mild exercise. <i>Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America</i> , 2018, 115, 10487-10492.   | 3.3 | 118       |
| 13 | Acute moderate exercise improves mnemonic discrimination in young adults. <i>Hippocampus</i> , 2017, 27, 229-234.  | 0.9 | 69        |
| 14 | Aerobic fitness associates with mnemonic discrimination as a mediator of physical activity effects: evidence for memory flexibility in young adults. <i>Scientific Reports</i> , 2017, 7, 5140.  | 1.6 | 36        |
| 15 | The association between aerobic fitness and cognitive function in older men mediated by frontal lateralization. <i>NeuroImage</i> , 2016, 125, 291-300.  | 2.1 | 86        |
| 16 | Possible influences of exercise-intensity-dependent increases in non-cortical hemodynamic variables on NIRS-based neuroimaging analysis during cognitive tasks: Technical note. <i>Journal of Exercise Nutrition &amp; Biochemistry</i> , 2014, 18, 327-332. | 1.3 | 23        |
| 17 | Positive effect of acute mild exercise on executive function via arousal-related prefrontal activations: An fNIRS study. <i>NeuroImage</i> , 2014, 98, 336-345.  | 2.1 | 287       |