

James G C Hamilton

List of Publications by Year in descending order

Source: <https://exaly.com/author-pdf/2010630/publications.pdf>

Version: 2024-02-01

29
papers

588
citations

840776

11
h-index

642732

23
g-index

40
all docs

40
docs citations

40
times ranked

523
citing authors

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
1	Identification of a Male-produced Aggregation Pheromone in the Western Flower Thrips <i>Frankliniella occidentalis</i> . <i>Journal of Chemical Ecology</i> , 2005, 31, 1369-1379.	1.8	108
2	Molecular and Behavioral Differentiation among Brazilian Populations of <i>Lutzomyia longipalpis</i> (Diptera: Psychodidae: Phlebotominae). <i>PLoS Neglected Tropical Diseases</i> , 2009, 3, e365.	3.0	70
3	Distribution of <i>Lutzomyia longipalpis</i> Chemotype Populations in São Paulo State, Brazil. <i>PLoS Neglected Tropical Diseases</i> , 2015, 9, e0003620.	3.0	54
4	The <i>Lutzomyia longipalpis</i> complex: a brief natural history of aggregation-sex pheromone communication. <i>Parasites and Vectors</i> , 2016, 9, 580.	2.5	40
5	Evidence for a Male-Produced Sex Pheromone in the Western Flower Thrips <i>Frankliniella occidentalis</i> . <i>Journal of Chemical Ecology</i> , 2004, 30, 167-174.	1.8	38
6	Identification of the Aggregation Pheromone of the Melon Thrips, <i>Thrips palmi</i> . <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2014, 9, e103315.	2.5	38
7	Synthetic Sex Pheromone in a Long-Lasting Lure Attracts the Visceral Leishmaniasis Vector, <i>Lutzomyia longipalpis</i> , for up to 12 Weeks in Brazil. <i>PLoS Neglected Tropical Diseases</i> , 2014, 8, e2723.	3.0	36
8	Sand fly synthetic sex-aggregation pheromone co-located with insecticide reduces the incidence of infection in the canine reservoir of visceral leishmaniasis: A stratified cluster randomised trial. <i>PLoS Neglected Tropical Diseases</i> , 2019, 13, e0007767.	3.0	24
9	Characterization of Male-Produced Aggregation Pheromone of the Bean Flower Thrips <i>Megalurothrips sjostedti</i> (Thysanoptera: Thripidae). <i>Journal of Chemical Ecology</i> , 2019, 45, 348-355.	1.8	21
10	Sobralene, a new sex-aggregation pheromone and likely shunt metabolite of the taxadiene synthase cascade, produced by a member of the sand fly <i>Lutzomyia longipalpis</i> species complex. <i>Tetrahedron Letters</i> , 2018, 59, 1921-1923.	1.4	17
11	Attraction of <i>Lutzomyia longipalpis</i> to synthetic sex-aggregation pheromone: Effect of release rate and proximity of adjacent pheromone sources. <i>PLoS Neglected Tropical Diseases</i> , 2018, 12, e0007007.	3.0	15
12	Insecticide-impregnated netting as a potential tool for long-lasting control of the leishmaniasis vector <i>Lutzomyia longipalpis</i> in animal shelters. <i>Parasites and Vectors</i> , 2013, 6, 133.	2.5	12
13	Susceptibility of wild-caught <i>Lutzomyia longipalpis</i> (Diptera: Psychodidae) sand flies to insecticide after an extended period of exposure in western São Paulo, Brazil. <i>Parasites and Vectors</i> , 2019, 12, 110.	2.5	12
14	Isolation in Natural Host Cell Lines of <i>Wolbachia</i> Strains wPip from the Mosquito <i>Culex pipiens</i> and wPap from the Sand Fly <i>Phlebotomus papatasi</i> . <i>Insects</i> , 2021, 12, 871.	2.2	11
15	Should reproductively isolated populations of <i>Lutzomyia longipalpis</i> sensu lato receive taxonomically valid names?. <i>Memorias Do Instituto Oswaldo Cruz</i> , 2009, 104, 1197-1200.	1.6	10
16	Odour of domestic dogs infected with <i>Leishmania infantum</i> is attractive to female but not male sand flies: Evidence for parasite manipulation. <i>PLoS Pathogens</i> , 2021, 17, e1009354.	4.7	10
17	A temporal comparison of sex-aggregation pheromone gland content and dynamics of release in three members of the <i>Lutzomyia longipalpis</i> (Diptera: Psychodidae) species complex. <i>PLoS Neglected Tropical Diseases</i> , 2017, 11, e0006071.	3.0	9
18	eNose analysis of volatile chemicals from dogs naturally infected with <i>Leishmania infantum</i> in Brazil. <i>PLoS Neglected Tropical Diseases</i> , 2019, 13, e0007599.	3.0	9

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
19	Synthetic sex-aggregation pheromone of <i>Lutzomyia longipalpis</i> , the South American sand fly vector of <i>Leishmania infantum</i> , attracts males and females over long-distance. PLoS Neglected Tropical Diseases, 2020, 14, e0008798.	3.0	9
20	Reduced translucency and the addition of black patterns increase the catch of the greenhouse whitefly, <i>Trialeurodes vaporariorum</i> , on yellow sticky traps. PLoS ONE, 2018, 13, e0193064.	2.5	8
21	Enhanced attraction of sand fly vectors of <i>Leishmania infantum</i> to dogs infected with zoonotic visceral leishmaniasis. PLoS Neglected Tropical Diseases, 2021, 15, e0009647.	3.0	7
22	Community deployment of a synthetic pheromone of the sand fly <i>Lutzomyia longipalpis</i> co-located with insecticide reduces vector abundance in treated and neighbouring untreated houses: Implications for control of <i>Leishmania infantum</i> . PLoS Neglected Tropical Diseases, 2021, 15, e0009080.	3.0	6
23	Multi-modal Analysis of Courtship Behaviour in the Old World Leishmaniasis Vector <i>Phlebotomus argentipes</i> . PLoS Neglected Tropical Diseases, 2014, 8, e3316.	3.0	5
24	Acid-Catalysed Rearrangement of the Sandfly Pheromone Sobralene to Verticillenes, Consolidating its Relationship inter alia to the Taxanes and Phomactins. Synlett, 2019, 30, 1899-1903.	1.8	4
25	Modelling Sand Fly <i>Lutzomyia longipalpis</i> Attraction to Host Odour: Synthetic Sex-Aggregation Pheromone Dominates the Response. Microorganisms, 2021, 9, 602.	3.6	4
26	Significant reduction in abundance of peridomestic mosquitoes (Culicidae) and Culicoides midges (Ceratopogonidae) after chemical intervention in western São Paulo, Brazil. Parasites and Vectors, 2020, 13, 549.	2.5	3
27	Characterization of copulatory courtship song in the Old World sand fly species <i>Phlebotomus argentipes</i> . Scientific Reports, 2020, 10, 5116.	3.3	3
28	Insecticide-impregnated netting: A surface treatment for killing <i>Lutzomyia longipalpis</i> (Diptera: Tj ETQq0 0 0 rgBT /Overlock 10 Tf 50 38 Diseases, 2021, 1, 100044.	1.9	0
29	Examination of the interior of sand fly (Diptera: Psychodidae) abdomen reveals novel cuticular structures involved in pheromone release: Discovering the manifold. PLoS Neglected Tropical Diseases, 2021, 15, e0009733.	3.0	0