

# Johannes Krause

## List of Publications by Year in Descending Order

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The third column is the impact factor (IF) of the journal, and the fourth column is the number of citations of the article.

212  
papers

23,834  
citations

70  
h-index

153  
g-index

238  
ext. papers

30,550  
ext. citations

18.3  
avg, IF

6.26  
L-index

#	Paper	IF	Citations
212	Geographically dispersed zoonotic tuberculosis in pre-contact South American human populations.. <i>Nature Communications</i> , <b>2022</b> , 13, 1195	17.4	0
211	The well-preserved Late Neolithic dolmen burial of Oberbipp, Switzerland. Construction, use, and post-depositional processes. <i>Journal of Archaeological Science: Reports</i> , <b>2022</b> , 42, 103397	0.7	
210	Stone Age genomes shed light on the early evolution, diversity, and ecology of plague.. <i>Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America</i> , <b>2022</b> , 119, e2116722119	11.5	3
209	Genomic and dietary discontinuities during the Mesolithic and Neolithic in Sicily.. <i>IScience</i> , <b>2022</b> , 25, 104244	2.4	0
208	Palaeogenomic analysis of black rat ( <i>Rattus rattus</i> ) reveals multiple European introductions associated with human economic history.. <i>Nature Communications</i> , <b>2022</b> , 13, 2399	17.4	1
207	Genomic transformation and social organization during the Copper Age-Bronze Age transition in southern Iberia. <i>Science Advances</i> , <b>2021</b> , 7, eabi7038	14.3	3
206	<i>Mycobacterium leprae</i> diversity and population dynamics in medieval Europe from novel ancient genomes. <i>BMC Biology</i> , <b>2021</b> , 19, 220	7.3	0
205	Ten millennia of hepatitis B virus evolution. <i>Science</i> , <b>2021</b> , 374, 182-188	33.3	7
204	Ethics of DNA research on human remains: five globally applicable guidelines. <i>Nature</i> , <b>2021</b> , 599, 41-46	50.4	9
203	The origins and spread of domestic horses from the Western Eurasian steppes. <i>Nature</i> , <b>2021</b> , 598, 634-640	50.4	24
202	The genomic origins of the Bronze Age Tarim Basin mummies. <i>Nature</i> , <b>2021</b> , 599, 256-261	50.4	14
201	Ancient genomic time transect from the Central Asian Steppe unravels the history of the Scythians. <i>Science Advances</i> , <b>2021</b> , 7,	14.3	11
200	A genome sequence from a modern human skull over 45,000 years old from Zlatý Kůň in Czechia. <i>Nature Ecology and Evolution</i> , <b>2021</b> , 5, 820-825	12.3	18
199	Analysis of Genomic DNA from Medieval Plague Victims Suggests Long-Term Effect of <i>Yersinia pestis</i> on Human Immunity Genes. <i>Molecular Biology and Evolution</i> , <b>2021</b> , 38, 4059-4076	8.3	4
198	Mass burial genomics reveals outbreak of enteric paratyphoid fever in the Late Medieval trade city Lübeck. <i>IScience</i> , <b>2021</b> , 24, 102419	6.1	3
197	The evolution and changing ecology of the African hominid oral microbiome. <i>Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America</i> , <b>2021</b> , 118,	11.5	20
196	Human mobility at Tell Atchana (Alalakh), Hatay, Turkey during the 2nd millennium BC: Integration of isotopic and genomic evidence. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , <b>2021</b> , 16, e0241883	3.7	1

195	Using Y-chromosome capture enrichment to resolve haplogroup H2 shows new evidence for a two-path Neolithic expansion to Western Europe. <i>Scientific Reports</i> , <b>2021</b> , 11, 15005	4.9	5
194	Genome-wide study of a Neolithic Wartberg grave community reveals distinct HLA variation and hunter-gatherer ancestry. <i>Communications Biology</i> , <b>2021</b> , 4, 113	6.7	5
193	Ancient DNA analysis. <i>Nature Reviews Methods Primers</i> , <b>2021</b> , 1,		21
192	Genomic insights into the formation of human populations in East Asia. <i>Nature</i> , <b>2021</b> , 591, 413-419	50.4	62
191	Dynamic changes in genomic and social structures in third millennium BCE central Europe. <i>Science Advances</i> , <b>2021</b> , 7,	14.3	3
190	Genome of a middle Holocene hunter-gatherer from Wallacea. <i>Nature</i> , <b>2021</b> , 596, 543-547	50.4	7
189	Genome-wide autosomal, mtDNA, and Y chromosome analysis of King Bela III of the Hungarian Arpad dynasty. <i>Scientific Reports</i> , <b>2021</b> , 11, 19210	4.9	0
188	Insights into human history from the first decade of ancient human genomics. <i>Science</i> , <b>2021</b> , 373, 1479-1484	35.4	7
187	The origin and legacy of the Etruscans through a 2000-year archeogenomic time transect. <i>Science Advances</i> , <b>2021</b> , 7, eabi7673	14.3	3
186	Performance and automation of ancient DNA capture with RNA hyRAD probes. <i>Molecular Ecology Resources</i> , <b>2021</b> ,	8.4	1
185	A 3,000-year-old, basal <i>S. enterica</i> lineage from Bronze Age Xinjiang suggests spread along the Proto-Silk Road. <i>PLoS Pathogens</i> , <b>2021</b> , 17, e1009886	7.6	1
184	A Dynamic 6,000-Year Genetic History of Eurasia's Eastern Steppe. <i>Cell</i> , <b>2020</b> , 183, 890-904.e29	56.2	48
183	Comparison of target enrichment strategies for ancient pathogen DNA. <i>BioTechniques</i> , <b>2020</b> , 69, 455-459.	2.5	3
182	A Paleogenomic Reconstruction of the Deep Population History of the Andes. <i>Cell</i> , <b>2020</b> , 181, 1131-1145.	56.21	33
181	Ancient genomes from northern China suggest links between subsistence changes and human migration. <i>Nature Communications</i> , <b>2020</b> , 11, 2700	17.4	53
180	Origin and Health Status of First-Generation Africans from Early Colonial Mexico. <i>Current Biology</i> , <b>2020</b> , 30, 2078-2091.e11	6.3	16
179	Ancient genome-wide DNA from France highlights the complexity of interactions between Mesolithic hunter-gatherers and Neolithic farmers. <i>Science Advances</i> , <b>2020</b> , 6, eaaz5344	14.3	41
178	Ancient genomes reveal complex patterns of population movement, interaction, and replacement in sub-Saharan Africa. <i>Science Advances</i> , <b>2020</b> , 6, eaaz0183	14.3	29

177	Genomic insights into the early peopling of the Caribbean. <i>Science</i> , <b>2020</b> , 369, 456-460	33.3	21
176	An ancient view on host pathogen interaction across time and space. <i>Current Opinion in Immunology</i> , <b>2020</b> , 65, 65-69	7.8	1
175	Genetic history from the Middle Neolithic to present on the Mediterranean island of Sardinia. <i>Nature Communications</i> , <b>2020</b> , 11, 939	17.4	42
174	Emergence of human-adapted <i>Salmonella enterica</i> is linked to the Neolithization process. <i>Nature Ecology and Evolution</i> , <b>2020</b> , 4, 324-333	12.3	36
173	Paleolithic to Bronze Age Siberians Reveal Connections with First Americans and across Eurasia. <i>Cell</i> , <b>2020</b> , 181, 1232-1245.e20	56.2	33
172	Genomic History of Neolithic to Bronze Age Anatolia, Northern Levant, and Southern Caucasus. <i>Cell</i> , <b>2020</b> , 181, 1158-1175.e28	56.2	29
171	Ancient DNA suggests modern wolves trace their origin to a Late Pleistocene expansion from Beringia. <i>Molecular Ecology</i> , <b>2020</b> , 29, 1596-1610	5.7	33
170	'TB or not TB': the conundrum of pre-European contact tuberculosis in the Pacific. <i>Philosophical Transactions of the Royal Society B: Biological Sciences</i> , <b>2020</b> , 375, 20190583	5.8	3
169	Identification of African swine fever virus-like elements in the soft tick genome provides insights into the virus' evolution. <i>BMC Biology</i> , <b>2020</b> , 18, 136	7.3	14
168	The immunogenetic diversity of the HLA system in Mexico correlates with underlying population genetic structure. <i>Human Immunology</i> , <b>2020</b> , 81, 461-474	2.3	32
167	Ancient Bacterial Genomes Reveal a High Diversity of <i>Treponema pallidum</i> Strains in Early Modern Europe. <i>Current Biology</i> , <b>2020</b> , 30, 3788-3803.e10	6.3	21
166	A systematic investigation of human DNA preservation in medieval skeletons. <i>Scientific Reports</i> , <b>2020</b> , 10, 18225	4.9	13
165	2000-year-old pathogen genomes reconstructed from metagenomic analysis of Egyptian mummified individuals. <i>BMC Biology</i> , <b>2020</b> , 18, 108	7.3	16
164	Crops vs. animals: regional differences in subsistence strategies of Swiss Neolithic farmers revealed by stable isotopes. <i>Archaeological and Anthropological Sciences</i> , <b>2020</b> , 12, 1	1.8	2
163	Ancient genomes reveal social and genetic structure of Late Neolithic Switzerland. <i>Nature Communications</i> , <b>2020</b> , 11, 1915	17.4	18
162	A58 Epidemic dynamics of ancient disease outbreaks. <i>Virus Evolution</i> , <b>2019</b> , 5,	3.7	78
161	Multiple Radiocarbon Dating of Human remains: Clarifying the Chronology and Sequences of Burials in the late Neolithic Dolmen of Oberbipp (Switzerland). <i>Radiocarbon</i> , <b>2019</b> , 61, 1697-1709	4.6	3
160	Phylogeography of the second plague pandemic revealed through analysis of historical <i>Yersinia pestis</i> genomes. <i>Nature Communications</i> , <b>2019</b> , 10, 4470	17.4	55

159	Nuclear DNA from two early Neandertals reveals 80,000 years of genetic continuity in Europe. <i>Science Advances</i> , <b>2019</b> , 5, eaaw5873	14.3	31
158	Ancient genomes from across Western Europe reveal early diversification during the First Pandemic (541-750). <i>Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America</i> , <b>2019</b> , 116, 12363-12372	11.5	56
157	Palaeo-Eskimo genetic ancestry and the peopling of Chukotka and North America. <i>Nature</i> , <b>2019</b> , 570, 236-240	50.4	53
156	Who lived on the Swiss Plateau around 3300 BCE? Analyses of commingled human skeletal remains from the dolmen of Oberbipp. <i>International Journal of Osteoarchaeology</i> , <b>2019</b> , 29, 786-796	1.1	4
155	The genetic history of admixture across inner Eurasia. <i>Nature Ecology and Evolution</i> , <b>2019</b> , 3, 966-976	12.3	69
154	Late Pleistocene human genome suggests a local origin for the first farmers of central Anatolia. <i>Nature Communications</i> , <b>2019</b> , 10, 1218	17.4	40
153	Survival of Late Pleistocene Hunter-Gatherer Ancestry in the Iberian Peninsula. <i>Current Biology</i> , <b>2019</b> , 29, 1169-1177.e7	6.3	48
152	Stable isotopes reveal patterns of diet and mobility in the last Neandertals and first modern humans in Europe. <i>Scientific Reports</i> , <b>2019</b> , 9, 4433	4.9	42
151	Response to Ancient DNA and its contribution to understanding the human history of the Pacific Islands (Bedford et al. 2018). <i>Archaeology in Oceania</i> , <b>2019</b> , 54, 57-61	0.7	1
150	Ancient pathogen genomics as an emerging tool for infectious disease research. <i>Nature Reviews Genetics</i> , <b>2019</b> , 20, 323-340	30.1	76
149	Large-scale mitogenomic analysis of the phylogeography of the Late Pleistocene cave bear. <i>Scientific Reports</i> , <b>2019</b> , 9, 10700	4.9	45
148	Paleomicrobiology: Diagnosis and Evolution of Ancient Pathogens. <i>Annual Review of Microbiology</i> , <b>2019</b> , 73, 639-666	17.5	20
147	Ancient Genomes Reveal Yamnaya-Related Ancestry and a Potential Source of Indo-European Speakers in Iron Age Tianshan. <i>Current Biology</i> , <b>2019</b> , 29, 2526-2532.e4	6.3	37
146	Ancient DNA sheds light on the genetic origins of early Iron Age Philistines. <i>Science Advances</i> , <b>2019</b> , 5, eaax0061	14.3	34
145	Kinship-based social inequality in Bronze Age Europe. <i>Science</i> , <b>2019</b> , 366, 731-734	33.3	97
144	Ancient human genome-wide data from a 3000-year interval in the Caucasus corresponds with eco-geographic regions. <i>Nature Communications</i> , <b>2019</b> , 10, 590	17.4	55
143	Human mitochondrial DNA lineages in Iron-Age Fennoscandia suggest incipient admixture and eastern introduction of farming-related maternal ancestry. <i>Scientific Reports</i> , <b>2019</b> , 9, 16883	4.9	9
142	Jenaer Erklärung (Das Konzept der Rasse ist das Ergebnis von Rassismus und nicht dessen Voraussetzung). <i>Biologie in Unserer Zeit</i> , <b>2019</b> , 49, 399-402	0.1	5

141	HOPS: automated detection and authentication of pathogen DNA in archaeological remains. <i>Genome Biology</i> , <b>2019</b> , 20, 280	18.3	34
140	The Beaker phenomenon and the genomic transformation of northwest Europe. <i>Nature</i> , <b>2018</b> , 555, 190-196	30.4	293
139	The genomic history of southeastern Europe. <i>Nature</i> , <b>2018</b> , 555, 197-203	50.4	287
138	Ancient genomes revisit the ancestry of domestic and Przewalski's horses. <i>Science</i> , <b>2018</b> , 360, 111-114	33.3	153
137	Language continuity despite population replacement in Remote Oceania. <i>Nature Ecology and Evolution</i> , <b>2018</b> , 2, 731-740	12.3	50
136	The genetic prehistory of the Baltic Sea region. <i>Nature Communications</i> , <b>2018</b> , 9, 442	17.4	96
135	Inferring genetic origins and phenotypic traits of George Bähr, the architect of the Dresden Frauenkirche. <i>Scientific Reports</i> , <b>2018</b> , 8, 2115	4.9	6
134	Salmonella enterica genomes from victims of a major sixteenth-century epidemic in Mexico. <i>Nature Ecology and Evolution</i> , <b>2018</b> , 2, 520-528	12.3	124
133	Pleistocene North African genomes link Near Eastern and sub-Saharan African human populations. <i>Science</i> , <b>2018</b> , 360, 548-552	33.3	83
132	Reconstructing the genetic history of late Neanderthals. <i>Nature</i> , <b>2018</b> , 555, 652-656	50.4	138
131	Historic <i>Treponema pallidum</i> genomes from Colonial Mexico retrieved from archaeological remains. <i>PLoS Neglected Tropical Diseases</i> , <b>2018</b> , 12, e0006447	4.8	37
130	Genetic diversity of the HLA system in human populations from the Sierra (Andean), Oriente (Amazonian) and Costa (Coastal) regions of Ecuador. <i>Human Immunology</i> , <b>2018</b> , 79, 639-650	2.3	5
129	Analysis of 3800-year-old <i>Yersinia pestis</i> genomes suggests Bronze Age origin for bubonic plague. <i>Nature Communications</i> , <b>2018</b> , 9, 2234	17.4	72
128	Ancient genomes reveal a high diversity of <i>Mycobacterium leprae</i> in medieval Europe. <i>PLoS Pathogens</i> , <b>2018</b> , 14, e1006997	7.6	70
127	The rate and potential relevance of new mutations in a colonizing plant lineage. <i>PLoS Genetics</i> , <b>2018</b> , 14, e1007155	6	65
126	Neolithic and medieval virus genomes reveal complex evolution of hepatitis B. <i>ELife</i> , <b>2018</b> , 7,	8.9	59
125	Ancient Fennoscandian genomes reveal origin and spread of Siberian ancestry in Europe. <i>Nature Communications</i> , <b>2018</b> , 9, 5018	17.4	43
124	Bronze Age population dynamics and the rise of dairy pastoralism on the eastern Eurasian steppe. <i>Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America</i> , <b>2018</b> , 115, E11248-E11255	11.5	84

123	Reconstructing the Deep Population History of Central and South America. <i>Cell</i> , <b>2018</b> , 175, 1185-1197.e27.2	56.2	143
122	Ratio of mitochondrial to nuclear DNA affects contamination estimates in ancient DNA analysis. <i>Scientific Reports</i> , <b>2018</b> , 8, 14075	4.9	25
121	Nonhuman primates across sub-Saharan Africa are infected with the yaws bacterium <i>Treponema pallidum</i> subsp. <i>pertenue</i> . <i>Emerging Microbes and Infections</i> , <b>2018</b> , 7, 157	18.9	30
120	Ancient genome-wide analyses infer kinship structure in an Early Medieval Alemannic graveyard. <i>Science Advances</i> , <b>2018</b> , 4, eaao1262	14.3	12
119	Understanding 6th-century barbarian social organization and migration through paleogenomics. <i>Nature Communications</i> , <b>2018</b> , 9, 3547	17.4	57
118	Reconciling material cultures in archaeology with genetic data: The nomenclature of clusters emerging from archaeogenomic analysis. <i>Scientific Reports</i> , <b>2018</b> , 8, 13003	4.9	36
117	Differential preservation of endogenous human and microbial DNA in dental calculus and dentin. <i>Scientific Reports</i> , <b>2018</b> , 8, 9822	4.9	55
116	Genetic structure of Tibetan populations in Gansu revealed by forensic STR loci. <i>Scientific Reports</i> , <b>2017</b> , 7, 41195	4.9	11
115	A Robust Framework for Microbial Archaeology. <i>Annual Review of Genomics and Human Genetics</i> , <b>2017</b> , 18, 321-356	9.7	92
114	Ancient Egyptian mummy genomes suggest an increase of Sub-Saharan African ancestry in post-Roman periods. <i>Nature Communications</i> , <b>2017</b> , 8, 15694	17.4	91
113	Reconstructing Prehistoric African Population Structure. <i>Cell</i> , <b>2017</b> , 171, 59-71.e21	56.2	201
112	Reconstructing Asian faunal introductions to eastern Africa from multi-proxy biomolecular and archaeological datasets. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , <b>2017</b> , 12, e0182565	3.7	34
111	The Beaker Phenomenon and the Genomic Transformation of Northwest Europe <b>2017</b> ,		11
110	Female exogamy and gene pool diversification at the transition from the Final Neolithic to the Early Bronze Age in central Europe. <i>Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America</i> , <b>2017</b> , 114, 10083-10088	11.5	86
109	Genetic origins of the Minoans and Mycenaeans. <i>Nature</i> , <b>2017</b> , 548, 214-218	50.4	108
108	Genomic estimation of complex traits reveals ancient maize adaptation to temperate North America. <i>Science</i> , <b>2017</b> , 357, 512-515	33.3	110
107	The maternal genetic make-up of the Iberian Peninsula between the Neolithic and the Early Bronze Age. <i>Scientific Reports</i> , <b>2017</b> , 7, 15644	4.9	34
106	The Stone Age Plague and Its Persistence in Eurasia. <i>Current Biology</i> , <b>2017</b> , 27, 3683-3691.e8	6.3	81



105	Deeply divergent archaic mitochondrial genome provides lower time boundary for African gene flow into Neanderthals. <i>Nature Communications</i> , <b>2017</b> , 8, 16046	17.4	132
104	Mining Metagenomic Data Sets for Ancient DNA: Recommended Protocols for Authentication. <i>Trends in Genetics</i> , <b>2017</b> , 33, 508-520	8.5	59
103	Central European Woolly Mammoth Population Dynamics: Insights from Late Pleistocene Mitochondrial Genomes. <i>Scientific Reports</i> , <b>2017</b> , 7, 17714	4.9	24
102	Origin of modern syphilis and emergence of a pandemic <i>Treponema pallidum</i> cluster. <i>Nature Microbiology</i> , <b>2016</b> , 2, 16245	26.6	81
101	A High-Coverage <i>Yersinia pestis</i> Genome from a Sixth-Century Justinianic Plague Victim. <i>Molecular Biology and Evolution</i> , <b>2016</b> , 33, 2911-2923	8.3	85
100	Genomic insights into the origin of farming in the ancient Near East. <i>Nature</i> , <b>2016</b> , 536, 419-24	50.4	485
99	Genomic analysis of 6,000-year-old cultivated grain illuminates the domestication history of barley. <i>Nature Genetics</i> , <b>2016</b> , 48, 1089-93	36.3	95
98	Neandertal cannibalism and Neandertal bones used as tools in Northern Europe. <i>Scientific Reports</i> , <b>2016</b> , 6, 29005	4.9	59
97	Early cave art and ancient DNA record the origin of European bison. <i>Nature Communications</i> , <b>2016</b> , 7, 13158	17.4	63
96	Temporal patterns of damage and decay kinetics of DNA retrieved from plant herbarium specimens. <i>Royal Society Open Science</i> , <b>2016</b> , 3, 160239	3.3	62
95	Historical <i>Y. pestis</i> Genomes Reveal the European Black Death as the Source of Ancient and Modern Plague Pandemics. <i>Cell Host and Microbe</i> , <b>2016</b> , 19, 874-81	23.4	90
94	Pleistocene Mitochondrial Genomes Suggest a Single Major Dispersal of Non-Africans and a Late Glacial Population Turnover in Europe. <i>Current Biology</i> , <b>2016</b> , 26, 557-561	6.3	15
93	EAGER: efficient ancient genome reconstruction. <i>Genome Biology</i> , <b>2016</b> , 17, 60	18.3	195
92	Pleistocene Mitochondrial Genomes Suggest a Single Major Dispersal of Non-Africans and a Late Glacial Population Turnover in Europe. <i>Current Biology</i> , <b>2016</b> , 26, 827-33	6.3	208
91	The 5300-year-old <i>Helicobacter pylori</i> genome of the Iceman. <i>Science</i> , <b>2016</b> , 351, 162-165	33.3	152
90	A Molecular Approach to the Sexing of the Triple Burial at the Upper Paleolithic Site of Dolní Věstonice. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , <b>2016</b> , 11, e0163019	3.7	44
89	Eighteenth century <i>Yersinia pestis</i> genomes reveal the long-term persistence of an historical plague focus. <i>ELife</i> , <b>2016</b> , 5, e12994	8.9	101
88	Effect of X-ray irradiation on ancient DNA in sub-fossil bones - Guidelines for safe X-ray imaging. <i>Scientific Reports</i> , <b>2016</b> , 6, 32969	4.9	52



87	The genetic history of Ice Age Europe. <i>Nature</i> , <b>2016</b> , 534, 200-5	50.4	473
86	Genetic Time Travel. <i>Genetics</i> , <b>2016</b> , 203, 9-12	4	18
85	Genomic insights into the peopling of the Southwest Pacific. <i>Nature</i> , <b>2016</b> , 538, 510-513	50.4	180
84	Tools for opening new chapters in the book of <i>Treponema pallidum</i> evolutionary history. <i>Clinical Microbiology and Infection</i> , <b>2016</b> , 22, 916-921	9.5	18
83	Massive migration from the steppe was a source for Indo-European languages in Europe. <i>Nature</i> , <b>2015</b> , 522, 207-11	50.4	968
82	Insight into the evolution and origin of leprosy bacilli from the genome sequence of <i>Mycobacterium lepromatosis</i> . <i>Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America</i> , <b>2015</b> , 112, 4459-64	11.5	99
81	Genome-wide patterns of selection in 230 ancient Eurasians. <i>Nature</i> , <b>2015</b> , 528, 499-503	50.4	774
80	Genomics and the challenging translation into conservation practice. <i>Trends in Ecology and Evolution</i> , <b>2015</b> , 30, 78-87	10.9	335
79	Parallel detection of ancient pathogens via array-based DNA capture. <i>Philosophical Transactions of the Royal Society B: Biological Sciences</i> , <b>2015</b> , 370, 20130375	5.8	33
78	Screening ancient tuberculosis with qPCR: challenges and opportunities. <i>Philosophical Transactions of the Royal Society B: Biological Sciences</i> , <b>2015</b> , 370, 20130622	5.8	14
77	Mitochondrial Genomes of Giant Deers Suggest their Late Survival in Central Europe. <i>Scientific Reports</i> , <b>2015</b> , 5, 10853	4.9	20
76	Rewriting the Central European Early Bronze Age Chronology: Evidence from Large-Scale Radiocarbon Dating. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , <b>2015</b> , 10, e0139705	3.7	27
75	Separating endogenous ancient DNA from modern day contamination in a Siberian Neandertal. <i>Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America</i> , <b>2014</b> , 111, 2229-34	11.5	244
74	Pre-Columbian mycobacterial genomes reveal seals as a source of New World human tuberculosis. <i>Nature</i> , <b>2014</b> , 514, 494-7	50.4	358
73	Ancient human genomes suggest three ancestral populations for present-day Europeans. <i>Nature</i> , <b>2014</b> , 513, 409-13	50.4	812
72	<i>Mycobacterium leprae</i> genomes from a British medieval leprosy hospital: towards understanding an ancient epidemic. <i>BMC Genomics</i> , <b>2014</b> , 15, 270	4.5	49
71	Mining herbaria for plant pathogen genomes: back to the future. <i>PLoS Pathogens</i> , <b>2014</b> , 10, e1004028	7.6	50
70	Genomic correlates of atherosclerosis in ancient humans. <i>Global Heart</i> , <b>2014</b> , 9, 203-9	2.9	14

69	Complete mitochondrial genomes of ancient canids suggest a European origin of domestic dogs. <i>Science</i> , <b>2013</b> , 342, 871-4	33.3	328
68	A revised timescale for human evolution based on ancient mitochondrial genomes. <i>Current Biology</i> , <b>2013</b> , 23, 553-559	6.3	387
67	Genome-wide comparison of medieval and modern <i>Mycobacterium leprae</i> . <i>Science</i> , <b>2013</b> , 341, 179-83	33.3	240
66	Ancient human migrations <b>2013</b> , 45-64		
65	Next-generation museomics disentangles one of the largest primate radiations. <i>Systematic Biology</i> , <b>2013</b> , 62, 539-54	8.4	161
64	The rise and fall of the <i>Phytophthora infestans</i> lineage that triggered the Irish potato famine. <i>ELife</i> , <b>2013</b> , 2, e00731	8.9	246
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28	HOPS: Automated detection and authentication of pathogen DNA in archaeological remains		1
27	The rate and potential relevance of new mutations in a colonizing plant lineage		1
26	MALT: Fast alignment and analysis of metagenomic DNA sequence data applied to the Tyrolean Iceman		51
25	The genetic structure of the world's first farmers		2
24	Na-Dene populations descend from the Paleo-Eskimo migration into America		3
23	The Stone Age Plague: 1000 years of Persistence in Eurasia		3
22	<i>Salmonella enterica</i> genomes recovered from victims of a major 16th century epidemic in Mexico		11
21	African nonhuman primates are infected with the yaws bacterium <i>Treponema pallidum</i> subsp. <i>pertenue</i>		4
20	The Genomic History Of Southeastern Europe		4
19	African swine fever virus-like integrated elements in a soft tick genome – An ancient virus vector arms race?		1
18	Genomic and dietary transitions during the Mesolithic and Early Neolithic in Sicily		6
17	The Genomic Formation of Human Populations in East Asia		14
16	A dynamic 6,000-year genetic history of Eurasia's Eastern Steppe		3

15	Ancient bacterial genomes reveal a formerly unknown diversity of <i>Treponema pallidum</i> strains in early modern Europe	2
14	The genomic formation of First American ancestors in East and Northeast Asia	6
13	Paleo-Eskimo genetic legacy across North America	10
12	Understanding 6th-Century Barbarian Social Organization and Migration through Paleogenomics	1
11	Ancient Fennoscandian genomes reveal origin and spread of Siberian ancestry in Europe	2
10	The genetic prehistory of the Greater Caucasus	10
9	Characterizing the genetic history of admixture across inner Eurasia	3
8	Modern wolves trace their origin to a late Pleistocene expansion from Beringia	2
7	Late Pleistocene human genome suggests a local origin for the first farmers of central Anatolia	2
6	A phylogeography of the second plague pandemic revealed through the analysis of historical <i>Y. pestis</i> genomes	4
5	Population history from the Neolithic to present on the Mediterranean island of Sardinia: An ancient DNA perspective	5
4	Ancient <i>Yersinia pestis</i> genomes provide no evidence for the origins or spread of the Justinianic Plague	4
3	Neolithic genomes reveal a distinct ancient HLA allele pool and population transformation in Europe	1
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