

David Benaiges

List of Publications by Year in Descending Order

Source: <https://exaly.com/author-pdf/196588/david-benaiges-publications-by-year.pdf>

Version: 2024-04-26

This document has been generated based on the publications and citations recorded by exaly.com. For the latest version of this publication list, visit the link given above.

The third column is the impact factor (IF) of the journal, and the fourth column is the number of citations of the article.

44
papers

959
citations

15
h-index

30
g-index

54
ext. papers

1,244
ext. citations

3
avg, IF

4.13
L-index

#	Paper	IF	Citations
44	Trends in Prevalence of Diabetes among Twin Pregnancies and Perinatal Outcomes in Catalonia between 2006 and 2015: The DIAGESTCAT Study. <i>Journal of Clinical Medicine</i> , 2021 , 10,	5.1	2
43	Impact of statin therapy on LDL and non-HDL cholesterol levels in subjects with heterozygous familial hypercholesterolaemia. <i>Nutrition, Metabolism and Cardiovascular Diseases</i> , 2021 , 31, 1594-1603	4.5	1
42	Effect of bariatric surgery on cardiac structure and function in obese patients: Role of the renin-angiotensin system. <i>Journal of Clinical Hypertension</i> , 2021 , 23, 181-192	2.3	4
41	Bariatric surgery improves metabolic and nonalcoholic fatty liver disease markers in metabolically healthy patients with morbid obesity at 5 years. <i>Surgery for Obesity and Related Diseases</i> , 2021 , 17, 2047-2053	3.0	0
40	Bariatric Surgery and Hypertension. <i>Journal of Clinical Medicine</i> , 2021 , 10,	5.1	1
39	Trends in prevalence of pre-existing diabetes and perinatal outcomes: a large, population-based study in Catalonia, Spain, 2006-2015. <i>BMJ Open Diabetes Research and Care</i> , 2020 , 8,	4.5	4
38	Morbid obesity and dyslipidaemia: The impact of bariatric surgery. <i>Clínica E Investigación En Arteriosclerosis (English Edition)</i> , 2020 , 32, 79-86	0.3	0
37	Morbid obesity and dyslipidaemia: The impact of bariatric surgery. <i>Clínica E Investigación En Arteriosclerosis</i> , 2020 , 32, 79-86	1.4	2
36	Lipid-lowering treatment in secondary prevention of ischaemic cerebrovascular disease. <i>Clínica E Investigación En Arteriosclerosis</i> , 2020 , 32, 175-182	1.4	3
35	Clinical and genetic differences between heterozygous familial hypercholesterolemia patients with and without type 2 diabetes. <i>Revista Espanola De Cardiologia (English Ed)</i> , 2020 , 73, 718-724	0.7	1
34	Most of qualitative dietary changes observed one year post-bariatric surgery can be achieved with a preoperative dietary intervention. <i>Endocrinología, Diabetes Y Nutrición</i> , 2020 , 67, 20-27	1.3	1
33	Laparoscopic Roux-en-Y gastric bypass versus laparoscopic sleeve gastrectomy for 5-year hypertension remission in obese patients: a systematic review and meta-analysis. <i>Journal of Hypertension</i> , 2020 , 38, 185-195	1.9	18
32	Atherosclerosis and inflammation. New therapeutic approaches. <i>Medicina Clínica</i> , 2020 , 155, 256-262	1	7
31	Remnant Cholesterol, Not LDL Cholesterol, Is Associated With Incident Cardiovascular Disease. <i>Journal of the American College of Cardiology</i> , 2020 , 76, 2712-2724	15.1	58
30	Bariatric surgery and LDL cholesterol (BASALTO) trial study protocol: randomised controlled study evaluating the effect of gastric bypass versus sleeve gastrectomy on high LDL cholesterol. <i>BMJ Open</i> , 2020 , 10, e037712	3	
29	Changes in Central 24-h Ambulatory Blood Pressure and Hemodynamics 12 Months After Bariatric Surgery: the BARIHTA Study. <i>Obesity Surgery</i> , 2020 , 30, 195-205	3.7	4
28	Is fasting plasma glucose in early pregnancy a better predictor of adverse obstetric outcomes than glycated haemoglobin?. <i>European Journal of Obstetrics, Gynecology and Reproductive Biology</i> , 2019 , 234, 79-84	2.4	6

27	Changes in Thyroid Replacement Therapy after Bariatric Surgery: Differences between Laparoscopic Roux-en-Y Gastric Bypass and Laparoscopic Sleeve Gastrectomy. <i>Obesity Surgery</i> , 2019 , 29, 2593-2599	3.7	8
26	Association of first-trimester HbA1c levels with adverse pregnancy outcomes in different ethnic groups. <i>Diabetes Research and Clinical Practice</i> , 2019 , 150, 202-210	7.4	10
25	Trends in prevalence of gestational diabetes and perinatal outcomes in Catalonia, Spain, 2006 to 2015: the Diagestcat Study. <i>Diabetes/Metabolism Research and Reviews</i> , 2019 , 35, e3151	7.5	15
24	Statin treatment and increased diabetes risk. Possible mechanisms. <i>Clínica E Investigación En Arteriosclerosis</i> , 2019 , 31, 228-232	1.4	1
23	Gestational diabetes mellitus in a multiethnic population in Spain: Incidence and factors associated to impaired glucose tolerance one year after delivery. <i>Endocrinología, Diabetes Y Nutrición</i> , 2019 , 66, 240-246	1.3	1
22	Neurotensin and Nonalcoholic Fatty Liver Disease: Beyond Obesity. <i>Obesity</i> , 2018 , 26, 251	8	
21	Diabetes mellitus as a protective factor of abdominal aortic aneurysm: Possible mechanisms. <i>Clínica E Investigación En Arteriosclerosis</i> , 2018 , 30, 181-187	1.4	8
20	Previous Gestational Diabetes Increases Atherogenic Dyslipidemia in Subsequent Pregnancy and Postpartum. <i>Lipids</i> , 2018 , 53, 387-392	1.6	5
19	Influence of the microbiota and probiotics in obesity. <i>Clínica E Investigación En Arteriosclerosis</i> , 2018 , 30, 271-279	1.4	21
18	Laparoscopic Roux-en-Y gastric bypass vs. laparoscopic sleeve gastrectomy for morbid obesity: a systematic review and meta-analysis of lipid effects at one year postsurgery. <i>Minerva Endocrinology</i> , 2018 , 43, 87-100	2.5	16
17	Changes in the lipid profile 5 years after bariatric surgery: laparoscopic Roux-en-Y gastric bypass versus laparoscopic sleeve gastrectomy. <i>Surgery for Obesity and Related Diseases</i> , 2018 , 14, 1099-1105	3	20
16	Atherogenic Dyslipidemia Remission 1 Year After Bariatric Surgery. <i>Obesity Surgery</i> , 2017 , 27, 1548-1553	3.7	9
15	Past, present and future of pharmacotherapy for obesity. <i>Clínica E Investigación En Arteriosclerosis</i> , 2017 , 29, 256-264	1.4	2
14	Is first-trimester HbA1c useful in the diagnosis of gestational diabetes?. <i>Diabetes Research and Clinical Practice</i> , 2017 , 133, 85-91	7.4	31
13	Past, present and future of pharmacotherapy for obesity. <i>Clínica E Investigación En Arteriosclerosis (English Edition)</i> , 2017 , 29, 256-264	0.3	
12	Response to "When will physical activity be routinely measured in the clinical setting? The case for bariatric surgery". <i>American Journal of Hypertension</i> , 2016 , 29, e2	2.3	0
11	Current dilemmas in the diagnosis and management of follicular thyroid tumors. <i>Expert Review of Endocrinology and Metabolism</i> , 2016 , 11, 379-385	4.1	
10	Predictors of Hypertension Remission and Recurrence After Bariatric Surgery. <i>American Journal of Hypertension</i> , 2016 , 29, 653-9	2.3	44

9	Laparoscopic sleeve gastrectomy: More than a restrictive bariatric surgery procedure?. <i>World Journal of Gastroenterology</i> , 2015 , 21, 11804-14	5.6	116
8	Preoperative predictors of weight loss at 4 years following bariatric surgery. <i>Nutrition in Clinical Practice</i> , 2015 , 30, 420-4	3.6	30
7	Type 1 diabetes, metabolic syndrome and cardiovascular risk. <i>Metabolism: Clinical and Experimental</i> , 2014 , 63, 181-7	12.7	105
6	Can bariatric surgery improve cardiovascular risk factors in the metabolically healthy but morbidly obese patient?. <i>Surgery for Obesity and Related Diseases</i> , 2014 , 10, 871-6	3	18
5	Laparoscopic gastric bypass versus laparoscopic sleeve gastrectomy as a definitive surgical procedure for morbid obesity. Mid-term results. <i>Obesity Surgery</i> , 2013 , 23, 292-9	3.7	98
4	Sleeve gastrectomy and Roux-en-Y gastric bypass are equally effective in correcting insulin resistance. <i>International Journal of Surgery</i> , 2013 , 11, 309-13	7.5	38
3	Effect of Roux-en-Y gastric bypass vs sleeve gastrectomy on glucose and gut hormones: a prospective randomised trial. <i>Journal of Gastrointestinal Surgery</i> , 2012 , 16, 1116-22	3.3	133
2	Biochemical behaviour of an incidentally diagnosed silent corticotroph adenoma. <i>Neuroendocrinology Letters</i> , 2012 , 33, 290-3	0.3	1
1	Laparoscopic sleeve gastrectomy and laparoscopic gastric bypass are equally effective for reduction of cardiovascular risk in severely obese patients at one year of follow-up. <i>Surgery for Obesity and Related Diseases</i> , 2011 , 7, 575-80	3	101