

# Fatemeh Ghorbani

## List of Publications by Year in descending order

Source: <https://exaly.com/author-pdf/1960454/publications.pdf>

Version: 2024-02-01

9  
papers

80  
citations

1937685  
4  
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1588992  
8  
g-index

9  
all docs

9  
docs citations

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times ranked

133  
citing authors

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
1	Phylogenetic Relationships of <i>Apodemus</i> Kaup, 1829 (Rodentia: Muridae) Species in the Eastern Mediterranean Inferred from Mitochondrial DNA, with Emphasis on Iranian Species. <i>Journal of Mammalian Evolution</i> , 2015, 22, 583-595.	1.8	25
2	Mitochondrial phylogeography of the genus <i>Eremophila</i> confirms underestimated species diversity in the Palearctic. <i>Journal of Ornithology</i> , 2020, 161, 297-312.	1.1	15
3	Densely sampled phylogenetic analyses of the Lesser Short-toed Lark ( <i>Alaudala rufescens</i> ) and Sand Lark ( <i>A. aryal</i> ) species complex (Aves, Passeriformes) reveal cryptic diversity. <i>Zoologica Scripta</i> , 2020, 49, 427-439.	1.7	14
4	Multiple species delimitation approaches applied to the avian lark genus <i>Alaudala</i> . <i>Molecular Phylogenetics and Evolution</i> , 2021, 154, 106994.	2.7	14
5	Gradient of rodent species diversity across altitudes in Hyrcanian region, northeast Iran. <i>Zoology and Ecology</i> , 2014, 24, 192-198.	0.2	4
6	Unidirectional Introgression and Evidence of Hybrid Superiority over Parental Populations in Eastern Iranian Plateau Population of Hares (Mammalia: <i>Lepus</i> Linnaeus, 1758). <i>Journal of Mammalian Evolution</i> , 2020, 27, 723-743.	1.8	4
7	A survey on endoparasites in wild rodents of the Jaz Murian depression and adjacent areas, southeast of Iran. <i>Journal of Parasitic Diseases</i> , 2018, 42, 589-597.	1.0	2
8	Cryptic lineage diversity within Forest Dormice (Mammalia: <i>Dryomys nitedula</i> ) revealed by deep genetic divergence among different subspecies on the Iranian Plateau and in adjacent areas. <i>Mammalian Biology</i> , 2021, 101, 21-34.	1.5	2
9	Autoimmune thyroid disease in women with ages between 35 to 45 years based on Azar cohort data. <i>Immunopathologia Persa</i> , 0, , .	0.9	0