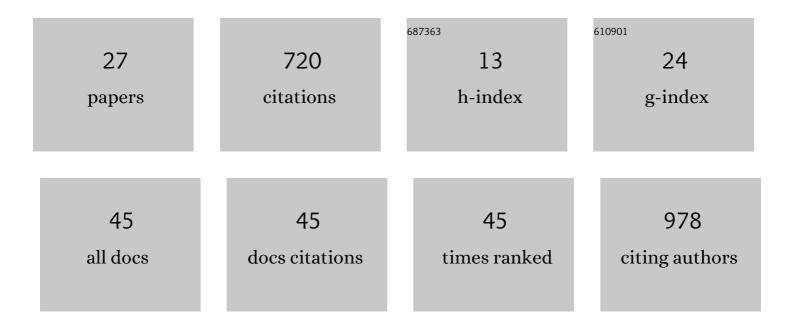
## Muhammad Asaduzzaman

List of Publications by Year in descending order

Source: https://exaly.com/author-pdf/1939854/publications.pdf

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#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
1	Spatiotemporal distribution of antimicrobial resistant organisms in different water environments in urban and rural settings of Bangladesh. Science of the Total Environment, 2022, 831, 154890.	8.0	10
2	Understanding transmission pathways and integrated digital surveillance potential of antimicrobial resistance in Ethiopia in a One Health approach: a mixed-method study protocol. BMJ Open, 2022, 12, e051022.	1.9	3
3	Human Colonization with Extended-Spectrum Beta-Lactamase-Producing <i>E. coli</i> in Relation to Animal and Environmental Exposures in Bangladesh: An Observational One Health Study. Environmental Health Perspectives, 2021, 129, 37001.	6.0	19
4	Evaluation of preventive, supportive and awareness building measures among international students in China in response to COVID-19: a structural equation modeling approach. Global Health Research and Policy, 2021, 6, 10.	3.6	8
5	Pragmatic Use of Planetary Health and Nature-Based Solutions for Future Pandemics Using COVID-19 Case Scenario. Frontiers in Public Health, 2021, 9, 620120.	2.7	2
6	Antibiotic consumption may be linked to exaggeration of COVID-19. Medical Hypotheses, 2020, 143, 109913.	1.5	4
7	Drivers of Antibiotic Use in Poultry Production in Bangladesh: Dependencies and Dynamics of a Patron-Client Relationship. Frontiers in Veterinary Science, 2020, 7, 78.	2.2	75
8	Human exposure to antimicrobial resistance from poultry production: Assessing hygiene and waste-disposal practices in Bangladesh. International Journal of Hygiene and Environmental Health, 2019, 222, 1068-1076.	4.3	23
9	Fecal Colonization With Multidrug-Resistant E. coli Among Healthy Infants in Rural Bangladesh. Frontiers in Microbiology, 2019, 10, 640.	3.5	36
10	Action to protect the independence and integrity of global health research. BMJ Global Health, 2019, 4, e001746.	4.7	26
11	Quantification of Airborne Resistant Organisms With Temporal and Spatial Diversity in Bangladesh: Protocol for a Cross-Sectional Study. JMIR Research Protocols, 2019, 8, e14574.	1.0	5
12	Antimicrobial resistance: an urgent need for a planetary and ecosystem approach. Lancet Planetary Health, The, 2018, 2, e99-e100.	11.4	10
13	Efficacy of a single-dose regimen of inactivated whole-cell oral cholera vaccine: results from 2 years of follow-up of a randomised trial. Lancet Infectious Diseases, The, 2018, 18, 666-674.	9.1	69
14	Correlates of Climate Variability and Dengue Fever in Two Metropolitan Cities in Bangladesh. Cureus, 2018, 10, e3398.	0.5	29
15	Prevalence of Type 2 Diabetes Mellitus Among Urban Bihari Communities in Dhaka, Bangladesh: A Cross-sectional Study in a Minor Ethnic Group. Cureus, 2018, 10, e2116.	0.5	3
16	A0385 Role of diastolic hypertension in the development of Type 2 Diabetes Mellitus in urban slum dwellers of Dhaka, Bangladesh. Journal of Hypertension, 2018, 36, e265.	0.5	0
17	Resurgence of infectious diseases due to forced migration: is planetary health and One Health action synergistic?. Lancet Planetary Health, The, 2018, 2, e419-e420.	11.4	4
18	Spatial and temporal variation in the community prevalence of antibiotic resistance in Bangladesh: an integrated surveillance study protocol. BMJ Open, 2018, 8, e023158.	1.9	10

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
19	Coverage, Timelines, and Determinants of Incomplete Immunization in Bangladesh. Tropical Medicine and Infectious Disease, 2018, 3, 72.	2.3	36
20	Predictors of Optimal Antenatal Care Service Utilization Among Adolescents and Adult Women in Bangladesh. Health Services Research and Managerial Epidemiology, 2018, 5, 233339281878172.	0.9	32
21	Safety of the oral cholera vaccine in pregnancy: Retrospective findings from a subgroup following mass vaccination campaign in Dhaka, Bangladesh. Vaccine, 2017, 35, 1538-1543.	3.8	22
22	Examination of Huntington's disease with atypical clinical features in a Bangladeshi family tree. Clinical Case Reports (discontinued), 2016, 4, 1191-1194.	0.5	2
23	Efficacy of a Single-Dose, Inactivated Oral Cholera Vaccine in Bangladesh. New England Journal of Medicine, 2016, 374, 1723-1732.	27.0	134
24	PS 06-19 PREVALENCE AND ASSOCIATED RISK FACTORS FOR HYPERTENSION IN A MINOR ETHNIC GROUP (BIHARI COMMUNITY) IN BANGLADESH. Journal of Hypertension, 2016, 34, e171.	0.5	0
25	Feasibility and effectiveness of oral cholera vaccine in an urban endemic setting in Bangladesh: a cluster randomised open-label trial. Lancet, The, 2015, 386, 1362-1371.	13.7	120
26	Vibrio cholerae Serogroup O139: Isolation from Cholera Patients and Asymptomatic Household Family Members in Bangladesh between 2013 and 2014. PLoS Neglected Tropical Diseases, 2015, 9, e0004183.	3.0	38
27	Spatiotemporal Distribution of Antimicrobial Resistant Organisms in Different Water Environments in Urban and Rural Settings of Bangladesh. SSRN Electronic Journal, 0, , .	0.4	0