

# Davide Rigoni

## List of Publications by Year in descending order

Source: <https://exaly.com/author-pdf/1938171/publications.pdf>

Version: 2024-02-01

26  
papers

1,006  
citations

516710

16  
h-index

580821

25  
g-index

27  
all docs

27  
docs citations

27  
times ranked

904  
citing authors

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
1	Inducing Disbelief in Free Will Alters Brain Correlates of Preconscious Motor Preparation. <i>Psychological Science</i> , 2011, 22, 613-618.	3.3	134
2	Automatic imitation: A meta-analysis.. <i>Psychological Bulletin</i> , 2018, 144, 453-500.	6.1	130
3	Reducing self-control by weakening belief in free will. <i>Consciousness and Cognition</i> , 2012, 21, 1482-1490.	1.5	105
4	Imaging volition: what the brain can tell us about the will. <i>Experimental Brain Research</i> , 2013, 229, 301-312.	1.5	86
5	Mimicry and automatic imitation are not correlated. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2017, 12, e0183784.	2.5	76
6	When people matter more than money: An ERPs study. <i>Brain Research Bulletin</i> , 2010, 81, 445-452.	3.0	64
7	When errors do not matter: Weakening belief in intentional control impairs cognitive reaction to errors. <i>Cognition</i> , 2013, 127, 264-269.	2.2	57
8	Free will beliefs predict attitudes toward unethical behavior and criminal punishment. <i>Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America</i> , 2017, 114, 7325-7330.	7.1	53
9	Belief in free will affects causal attributions when judging others'™ behavior. <i>Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America</i> , 2017, 114, 10071-10076.	7.1	42
10	“Why should I care?” Challenging free will attenuates neural reaction to errors. <i>Social Cognitive and Affective Neuroscience</i> , 2015, 10, 262-268.	3.0	36
11	Sensory Prediction Errors Are Less Modulated by Global Context in Autism Spectrum Disorder. <i>Biological Psychiatry: Cognitive Neuroscience and Neuroimaging</i> , 2018, 3, 667-674.	1.5	34
12	Top-down modulation of brain activity underlying intentional action and its relationship with awareness of intention: an ERP/Laplacian analysis. <i>Experimental Brain Research</i> , 2013, 229, 347-357.	1.5	32
13	How Neuroscience and Behavioral Genetics Improve Psychiatric Assessment: Report on a Violent Murder Case. <i>Frontiers in Behavioral Neuroscience</i> , 2010, 4, 160.	2.0	29
14	The Detection and the Neural Correlates of Behavioral (Prior) Intentions. <i>Journal of Cognitive Neuroscience</i> , 2011, 23, 3888-3902.	2.3	21
15	The hand of God or the hand of Maradona? Believing in free will increases perceived intentionality of others'™ behavior. <i>Consciousness and Cognition</i> , 2019, 70, 80-87.	1.5	18
16	Post-action determinants of the reported time of conscious intentions. <i>Frontiers in Human Neuroscience</i> , 2010, 4, 38.	2.0	17
17	Attitudes Towards End-of-Life Decisions and the Subjective Concepts of Consciousness: An Empirical Analysis. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2012, 7, e31735.	2.5	14
18	From Intentions to Neurons: Social and Neural Consequences of Disbelieving in Free Will. <i>Topoi</i> , 2014, 33, 5-12.	1.3	13

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
19	Happiness in action: the impact of positive affect on the time of the conscious intention to act. <i>Frontiers in Psychology</i> , 2015, 6, 1307.	2.1	13
20	Professional Judgesâ€™ Disbelief in Free Will Does Not Decrease Punishment. <i>Social Psychological and Personality Science</i> , 2021, 12, 357-362.	3.9	11
21	Fake feedback on pain tolerance impacts proactive versus reactive control strategies. <i>Consciousness and Cognition</i> , 2016, 42, 366-373.	1.5	7
22	Causes and Consequences of the Belief in Free Will. , 2017, , 229-242.		5
23	Intentional inhibition: From motor suppression to self-control. <i>Neuropsychologia</i> , 2014, 65, 234-235.	1.6	4
24	Looking for the right intention: can neuroscience benefit from the law?. <i>Frontiers in Human Neuroscience</i> , 2015, 9, 432.	2.0	2
25	â€œFree wonâ€™tâ€ after a beer or two: chronic and acute effects of alcohol on neural and behavioral indices of intentional inhibition. <i>BMC Psychology</i> , 2020, 8, 2.	2.1	2
26	The impact of implicit and explicit suggestions that â€˜there is nothing to learnâ€™ on implicit sequence learning. <i>Psychological Research</i> , 2020, 85, 1943-1954.	1.7	1