## **Grant D Brinkworth**

List of Publications by Year in descending order

Source: https://exaly.com/author-pdf/1925061/publications.pdf

Version: 2024-02-01

76 papers 4,813 citations

35 h-index 95266 68 g-index

78 all docs 78 docs citations

78 times ranked 5908 citing authors

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
1	Effects of energy-restricted high-protein, low-fat compared with standard-protein, low-fat diets: a meta-analysis of randomized controlled trials. American Journal of Clinical Nutrition, 2012, 96, 1281-1298.	4.7	446
2	Comparison of low- and high-carbohydrate diets for type 2 diabetes management: a randomized trial. American Journal of Clinical Nutrition, 2015, 102, 780-790.	4.7	251
3	Long-term effects of a very-low-carbohydrate weight loss diet compared with an isocaloric low-fat diet after 12 mo. American Journal of Clinical Nutrition, 2009, 90, 23-32.	4.7	238
4	Comparative effects of very low-carbohydrate, high-fat and high-carbohydrate, low-fat weight-loss diets on bowel habit and faecal short-chain fatty acids and bacterial populations. British Journal of Nutrition, 2009, 101, 1493.	2.3	220
5	The Effect of a Hypocaloric Diet with and without Exercise Training on Body Composition, Cardiometabolic Risk Profile, and Reproductive Function in Overweight and Obese Women with Polycystic Ovary Syndrome. Journal of Clinical Endocrinology and Metabolism, 2008, 93, 3373-3380.	3.6	216
6	A Very Low-Carbohydrate, Low–Saturated Fat Diet for Type 2 Diabetes Management: A Randomized Trial. Diabetes Care, 2014, 37, 2909-2918.	8.6	200
7	Efficacy and safety of low and very low carbohydrate diets for type 2 diabetes remission: systematic review and meta-analysis of published and unpublished randomized trial data. BMJ, The, 2021, 372, m4743.	6.0	186
8	A High-Protein Diet With Resistance Exercise Training Improves Weight Loss and Body Composition in Overweight and Obese Patients With Type 2 Diabetes. Diabetes Care, 2010, 33, 969-976.	8.6	178
9	Lifestyle management improves quality of life and depression in overweight and obese women with polycystic ovary syndrome. Fertility and Sterility, 2010, 94, 1812-1816.	1.0	163
10	Comparison of Three Bioelectrical Impedance Methods with DXA in Overweight and Obese Men. Obesity, 2006, 14, 2064-2070.	3.0	160
11	Metabolic Effects of Weight Loss on a Very-Low-Carbohydrate Diet Compared With an Isocaloric High-Carbohydrate Diet in Abdominally Obese Subjects. Journal of the American College of Cardiology, 2008, 51, 59-67.	2.8	157
12	Good agreement between bioelectrical impedance and dual-energy X-ray absorptiometry for estimating changes in body composition during weight loss in overweight young women. Clinical Nutrition, 2007, 26, 771-777.	5.0	152
13	Long-term Effects of a Very Low-Carbohydrate Diet and a Low-Fat Diet on Mood and Cognitive Function. Archives of Internal Medicine, 2009, 169, 1873.	3.8	146
14	Effects of an energyâ€restricted lowâ€carbohydrate, high unsaturated fat/low saturated fat diet versus a highâ€carbohydrate, lowâ€fat diet in type 2 diabetes: A 2â€year randomized clinical trial. Diabetes, Obesity and Metabolism, 2018, 20, 858-871.	4.4	139
15	Effects of weight loss from a very-low-carbohydrate diet on endothelial function and markers of cardiovascular disease risk in subjects with abdominal obesity. American Journal of Clinical Nutrition, 2008, 87, 567-576.	4.7	134
16	Low- and high-carbohydrate weight-loss diets have similar effects on mood but not cognitive performance. American Journal of Clinical Nutrition, 2007, 86, 580-587.	4.7	125
17	Defining meal requirements for protein to optimize metabolic roles of amino acids. American Journal of Clinical Nutrition, 2015, 101, 1330S-1338S.	4.7	100
18	Effect of caloric restriction with and without exercise training on oxidative stress and endothelial function in obese subjects with type 2 diabetes. Diabetes, Obesity and Metabolism, 2008, 10, 1062-1073.	4.4	91

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19	Long-Term Effects of a Very Low Carbohydrate Compared With a High Carbohydrate Diet on Renal Function in Individuals With Type 2 Diabetes. Medicine (United States), 2015, 94, e2181.	1.0	84
20	Concentrated bovine colostrum protein supplementation reduces the incidence of self-reported symptoms of upper respiratory tract infection in adult males. European Journal of Nutrition, 2003, 42, 228-232.	3.9	71
21	Effects of weight loss on a low-carbohydrate diet on flow-mediated dilatation, adhesion molecules and adiponectin. British Journal of Nutrition, 2007, 98, 852-9.	2.3	71
22	Weight loss improves heart rate recovery in overweight and obese men with features of the metabolic syndrome. American Heart Journal, 2006, 152, 693.e1-693.e6.	2.7	61
23	Long-Term Effects of a Randomised Controlled Trial Comparing High Protein or High Carbohydrate Weight Loss Diets on Testosterone, SHBG, Erectile and Urinary Function in Overweight and Obese Men. PLoS ONE, 2016, 11, e0161297.	2.5	60
24	Effectiveness and acceptability of continuous glucose monitoring for type 2 diabetes management: A narrative review. Journal of Diabetes Investigation, 2018, 9, 713-725.	2.4	53
25	Renal Function Following Long-Term Weight Loss in Individuals with Abdominal Obesity on a Very-Low-Carbohydrate Diet vs High-Carbohydrate Diet. Journal of the American Dietetic Association, 2010, 110, 633-638.	1.1	49
26	Glycemic Variability: Assessing Glycemia Differently and the Implications for Dietary Management of Diabetes. Annual Review of Nutrition, 2015, 35, 389-424.	10.1	46
27	Dairy Intake Enhances Body Weight and Composition Changes during Energy Restriction in 18–50-Year-Old Adults—A Meta-Analysis of Randomized Controlled Trials. Nutrients, 2016, 8, 394.	4.1	46
28	Effects of a Low Carbohydrate Weight Loss Diet on Exercise Capacity and Tolerance in Obese Subjects. Obesity, 2009, 17, 1916-1923.	3.0	42
29	Effect of bovine colostrum on anaerobic exercise performance and plasma insulin-like growth factor I. Journal of Sports Sciences, 2003, 21, 577-588.	2.0	40
30	Flow-mediated dilatation in overweight and obese women with polycystic ovary syndrome. BJOG: an International Journal of Obstetrics and Gynaecology, 2006, 113, 1308-1314.	2.3	39
31	Dietary Therapy in Polycystic Ovary Syndrome. Seminars in Reproductive Medicine, 2008, 26, 085-092.	1.1	39
32	Moderate weight loss improves heart rate variability in overweight and obese adults with type 2 diabetes. Journal of Applied Physiology, 2011, 110, 1060-1064.	2.5	37
33	A comparison of cognitive restructuring and cognitive defusion as strategies for resisting a craved food. Psychology and Health, 2012, 27, 74-90.	2.2	37
34	Effects of Low-Fat Diets Differing in Protein and Carbohydrate Content on Cardiometabolic Risk Factors during Weight Loss and Weight Maintenance in Obese Adults with Type 2 Diabetes. Nutrients, 2016, 8, 289.	4.1	37
35	Muscle strength gains during resistance exercise training are attenuated with soy compared with dairy or usual protein intake in older adults: A randomized controlled trial. Clinical Nutrition, 2016, 35, 27-33.	5.0	37
36	Perceived exercise barriers are reduced and benefits are improved with lifestyle modification in overweight and obese women with polycystic ovary syndrome: a randomised controlled trial. BMC Women's Health, 2016, 16, 14.	2.0	36

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37	Effects of almond consumption on metabolic function and liver fat in overweight and obese adults with elevated fasting blood glucose: A randomised controlled trial. Clinical Nutrition ESPEN, 2019, 30, 10-18.	1.2	36
38	Longâ€ŧerm effects of very lowâ€carbohydrate and highâ€carbohydrate weightâ€loss diets on psychological health in obese adults with type 2 diabetes: randomized controlled trial. Journal of Internal Medicine, 2016, 280, 388-397.	6.0	34
39	Predictors of Lifestyle Intervention Attrition or Weight Loss Success in Women with Polycystic Ovary Syndrome Who Are Overweight or Obese. Nutrients, 2019, 11, 492.	4.1	34
40	Long-term effects of weight loss with a very-low carbohydrate, low saturated fat diet on flow mediated dilatation in patients with type 2 diabetes: A randomised controlled trial. Atherosclerosis, 2016, 252, 28-31.	0.8	33
41	Short term effects of palm-tocotrienol and palm-carotenes on vascular function and cardiovascular disease risk: A randomised controlled trial. Atherosclerosis, 2016, 254, 205-214.	0.8	32
42	Oral Bovine Colostrum Supplementation Enhances Buffer Capacity but Not Rowing Performance in Elite Female Rowers. International Journal of Sport Nutrition and Exercise Metabolism, 2002, 12, 349-363.	2.1	31
43	Comparison of the effects of weight loss from a high-protein versus standard-protein energy-restricted diet on strength and aerobic capacity in overweight and obese men. European Journal of Nutrition, 2013, 52, 317-325.	3.9	31
44	Efficacy of Real-Time Continuous Glucose Monitoring to Improve Effects of a Prescriptive Lifestyle Intervention in Type 2 Diabetes: A Pilot Study. Diabetes Therapy, 2019, 10, 509-522.	2.5	29
45	Long-term effects of a very-low-carbohydrate weight-loss diet and an isocaloric low-fat diet on bone health in obese adults. Nutrition, 2016, 32, 1033-1036.	2.4	25
46	The Carbohydrate Threshold in Pregnancy and Gestational Diabetes: How Low Can We Go?. Nutrients, 2021, 13, 2599.	4.1	24
47	Reductions in Blood Pressure Following Energy Restriction for Weight Loss Do Not Rebound after Re-Establishment of Energy Balance in Overweight and Obese Subjects. Clinical and Experimental Hypertension, 2008, 30, 385-396.	1.3	21
48	Almond consumption affects fecal microbiota composition, stool pH, and stool moisture in overweight and obese adults with elevated fasting blood glucose: A randomized controlled trial. Nutrition Research, 2021, 85, 47-59.	2.9	19
49	Bovine Colostrum Supplementation During Running Training Increases Intestinal Permeability. Nutrients, 2009, 1, 224-234.	4.1	18
50	Weight loss on a structured hypocaloric diet with or without exercise improves emotional distress and quality of life in overweight and obese patients with type 2 diabetes. Journal of Diabetes Investigation, 2014, 5, 94-98.	2.4	18
51	Heart rate recovery improves after weight loss in overweight and obese women with polycystic ovary syndrome. Fertility and Sterility, 2010, 93, 1173-1178.	1.0	17
52	Seasonal effects on vitamin D status influence outcomes of lifestyle intervention in overweight and obeseÂwomen with polycystic ovary syndrome. Fertility and Sterility, 2013, 99, 1779-1785.	1.0	17
53	An evidenceâ€based approach to developing lowâ€carbohydrate diets for type 2 diabetes management: A systematic review of interventions and methods. Diabetes, Obesity and Metabolism, 2019, 21, 2513-2525.	4.4	17
54	Timing of protein ingestion relative to resistance exercise training does not influence body composition, energy expenditure, glycaemic control or cardiometabolic risk factors in a hypocaloric, high protein diet in patients with type 2 diabetes. Diabetes, Obesity and Metabolism, 2010, 12, 1097-1105.	4.4	14

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55	Long-Term Effects of a Very Low-Carbohydrate Weight Loss Diet on Exercise Capacity and Tolerance in Overweight and Obese Adults. Journal of the American College of Nutrition, 2014, 33, 267-273.	1.8	14
56	A randomised trial comparing low-fat diets differing in carbohydrate and protein ratio, combined with regular moderate intensity exercise, on glycaemic control, cardiometabolic risk factors, food cravings, cognitive function and psychological wellbeing in adults with type 2 diabetes: Study protocol. Contemporary Clinical Trials, 2015, 45, 217-225.	1.8	14
57	Effect of bovine colostrum supplementation on the composition of resistance trained and untrained limbs in healthy young men. European Journal of Applied Physiology, 2004, 91, 53-60.	2.5	13
58	Changes in endothelial function and depression scores are associated following long-term dietary intervention: A secondary analysis. Nutrition, 2013, 29, 1271-1274.	2.4	13
59	A telephone-supported cardiovascular lifestyle programme (CLIP) for lipid reduction and weight loss in general practice patients: a randomised controlled pilot trial. Public Health Nutrition, 2014, 17, 640-647.	2.2	13
60	Palmolein and olive oil consumed within a high protein test meal have similar effects on postprandial endothelial function in overweight and obese men: A randomized controlled trial. Atherosclerosis, 2015, 239, 178-185.	0.8	13
61	Comparison of two low-fat diets, differing in protein and carbohydrate, on psychological wellbeing in adults with obesity and type 2 diabetes: a randomised clinical trial. Nutrition Journal, 2018, 17, 62.	3.4	12
62	Reductions in food cravings are similar with low-fat weight loss diets differing in protein and carbohydrate in overweight and obese adults with type 2 diabetes: A randomized clinical trial. Nutrition Research, 2018, 57, 56-66.	2.9	12
63	A randomised-controlled trial of the effects of very low-carbohydrate and high-carbohydrate diets on cognitive performance in patients with type 2 diabetes. British Journal of Nutrition, 2016, 116, 1745-1753.	2.3	11
64	Nutritional adequacy of very low- and high-carbohydrate, low saturated fat diets in adults with type 2 diabetes: A secondary analysis of a 2-year randomised controlled trial. Diabetes Research and Clinical Practice, 2020, 170, 108501.	2.8	11
65	Very Low and Higher Carbohydrate Diets Promote Differential Appetite Responses in Adults with Type 2 Diabetes: A Randomized Trial. Journal of Nutrition, 2020, 150, 800-805.	2.9	11
66	Effects of very low-carbohydrate vs. high-carbohydrate weight loss diets on psychological health in adults with obesity and type 2 diabetes: a 2-year randomized controlled trial. European Journal of Nutrition, 2021, 60, 4251-4262.	3.9	11
67	Bovine colostrum supplementation does not affect nutrient absorptive capacity in healthy young men. Nutrition Research, 2003, 23, 1619-1629.	2.9	7
68	Bovine colostrum supplementation does not affect plasma buffer capacity or haemoglobin content in elite female rowers. European Journal of Applied Physiology, 2004, 91, 353-356.	2.5	6
69	Psychological well-being response to high protein and high carbohydrate weight loss diets in overweight and obese men: AÂrandomised trial. E-SPEN Journal, 2013, 8, e235-e240.	0.5	6
70	The Effect of a Hypocaloric Diet With and Without Exercise Training on Body Composition, Cardiometabolic Risk Profile, and Reproductive Function in Overweight and Obese Women With Polycystic Ovary Syndrome. Obstetrical and Gynecological Survey, 2009, 64, 244-245.	0.4	3
71	Adults with and without type 1 diabetes have similar energy and macronutrient intakes: an analysis from the Australian Health Survey 2011-2013. Nutrition Research, 2020, 84, 25-32.	2.9	2
72	Response to Comment on Tay et al. A Very Low-Carbohydrate, Low–Saturated Fat Diet for Type 2 Diabetes Management: A Randomized Trial. Diabetes Care 2014;37:2909–2918. Diabetes Care, 2015, 38, e65-e66.	8.6	2

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73	Response to comment on: Thomson etÂal. Muscle strength gains during resistance exercise training are attenuated with soy compared with dairy or usual protein intake in older adults: A randomized controlled trial. Clinical Nutrition 35:27â $\in$ 33, 2016. Clinical Nutrition, 2016, 35, 1573-1574.	5.0	1
74	Adherence to Diets for Weight Loss. JAMA - Journal of the American Medical Association, 2013, 310, 2676.	7.4	0
75	Effects of a Low Carbohydrate Weight Loss Diet on Exercise Capacity and Tolerance in Obese Subjects. Obesity, 0, , .	3.0	O
76	Lowâ∈Fat Diets Differing in Protein and Carbohydrate Content on Cardiometabolic Risk Factors in Adults with Type 2 Diabetes. FASEB Journal, 2015, 29, 117.8.	0.5	0