

John C Gensel

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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66
papers

6,287
citations

147726

31
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110317

64
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71
all docs

71
docs citations

71
times ranked

8315
citing authors

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
1	Reflections on Data Sharing Practices in Spinal Cord Injury Research. <i>Neuroinformatics</i> , 2022, 20, 3-6.	1.5	3
2	Promoting FAIR Data Through Community-driven Agile Design: the Open Data Commons for Spinal Cord Injury (odc-sci.org). <i>Neuroinformatics</i> , 2022, 20, 203-219.	1.5	10
3	Inhibition of Bruton Tyrosine Kinase Reduces Neuroimmune Cascade and Promotes Recovery after Spinal Cord Injury. <i>International Journal of Molecular Sciences</i> , 2022, 23, 355.	1.8	8
4	Macrophage-Engineered Vesicles for Therapeutic Delivery and Bidirectional Reprogramming of Immune Cell Polarization. <i>ACS Omega</i> , 2021, 6, 3847-3857.	1.6	21
5	Continued development of azithromycin as a neuroprotective therapeutic for the treatment of spinal cord injury and other neurological conditions. <i>Neural Regeneration Research</i> , 2021, 16, 508.	1.6	2
6	Immunomodulatory Effects of Azithromycin Revisited: Potential Applications to COVID-19. <i>Frontiers in Immunology</i> , 2021, 12, 574425.	2.2	38
7	Mitochondria exert age-divergent effects on recovery from spinal cord injury. <i>Experimental Neurology</i> , 2021, 337, 113597.	2.0	13
8	The effects of myelin on macrophage activation are phenotypic specific via cPLA2 in the context of spinal cord injury inflammation. <i>Scientific Reports</i> , 2021, 11, 6341.	1.6	16
9	Hemoglobin induces oxidative stress and mitochondrial dysfunction in oligodendrocyte progenitor cells. <i>Translational Research</i> , 2021, 231, 13-23.	2.2	18
10	Acute inflammatory profiles differ with sex and age after spinal cord injury. <i>Journal of Neuroinflammation</i> , 2021, 18, 113.	3.1	38
11	Myeloid Arginase 1 Insufficiency Exacerbates Amyloid- β^2 Associated Neurodegenerative Pathways and Glial Signatures in a Mouse Model of Alzheimer's Disease: A Targeted Transcriptome Analysis. <i>Frontiers in Immunology</i> , 2021, 12, 628156.	2.2	6
12	Considerations for Studying Sex as a Biological Variable in Spinal Cord Injury. <i>Frontiers in Neurology</i> , 2020, 11, 802.	1.1	45
13	Liposomal delivery of azithromycin enhances its immunotherapeutic efficacy and reduces toxicity in myocardial infarction. <i>Scientific Reports</i> , 2020, 10, 16596.	1.6	10
14	Effect of Sex on Motor Function, Lesion Size, and Neuropathic Pain after Contusion Spinal Cord Injury in Mice. <i>Journal of Neurotrauma</i> , 2020, 37, 1983-1990.	1.7	28
15	Microglia and macrophage metabolism in CNS injury and disease: The role of immunometabolism in neurodegeneration and neurotrauma. <i>Experimental Neurology</i> , 2020, 329, 113310.	2.0	173
16	Arginase 1 Insufficiency Precipitates Amyloid- β^2 Deposition and Hastens Behavioral Impairment in a Mouse Model of Amyloidosis. <i>Frontiers in Immunology</i> , 2020, 11, 582998.	2.2	15
17	Acute brain inflammation, white matter oxidative stress, and myelin deficiency in a model of neonatal intraventricular hemorrhage. <i>Journal of Neurosurgery: Pediatrics</i> , 2020, 26, 613-623.	0.8	19
18	Neonatal hydrocephalus leads to white matter neuroinflammation and injury in the corpus callosum of Ccdc39 hydrocephalic mice. <i>Journal of Neurosurgery: Pediatrics</i> , 2020, 25, 476-483.	0.8	14

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19	Docosahexaenoic acid decreased neuroinflammation in rat pups after controlled cortical impact. <i>Experimental Neurology</i> , 2019, 320, 112971.	2.0	26
20	Macrolide derivatives reduce proinflammatory macrophage activation and macrophage-mediated neurotoxicity. <i>CNS Neuroscience and Therapeutics</i> , 2019, 25, 591-600.	1.9	30
21	Delayed Azithromycin Treatment Improves Recovery After Mouse Spinal Cord Injury. <i>Frontiers in Cellular Neuroscience</i> , 2019, 13, 490.	1.8	17
22	Reducing age-dependent monocyte-derived macrophage activation contributes to the therapeutic efficacy of NADPH oxidase inhibition in spinal cord injury. <i>Brain, Behavior, and Immunity</i> , 2019, 76, 139-150.	2.0	28
23	Sexual Dimorphism of Pain Control: Analgesic Effects of Pioglitazone and Azithromycin in Chronic Spinal Cord Injury. <i>Journal of Neurotrauma</i> , 2019, 36, 2372-2376.	1.7	30
24	Therapeutic implications of advanced age at time of spinal cord injury. <i>Neural Regeneration Research</i> , 2019, 14, 1895.	1.6	7
25	Cervical Hemicontusion Spinal Cord Injury Model. <i>Springer Series in Translational Stroke Research</i> , 2019, , 431-451.	0.1	0
26	Spinal Cord Injury Scarring and Inflammation: Therapies Targeting Glial and Inflammatory Responses. <i>Neurotherapeutics</i> , 2018, 15, 541-553.	2.1	363
27	Myelin as an inflammatory mediator: Myelin interactions with complement, macrophages, and microglia in spinal cord injury. <i>Journal of Neuroscience Research</i> , 2018, 96, 969-977.	1.3	80
28	Leukemia inhibitory factor modulates the peripheral immune response in a rat model of emergent large vessel occlusion. <i>Journal of Neuroinflammation</i> , 2018, 15, 288.	3.1	23
29	Azithromycin therapy reduces cardiac inflammation and mitigates adverse cardiac remodeling after myocardial infarction: Potential therapeutic targets in ischemic heart disease. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2018, 13, e0200474.	1.1	39
30	Predictive screening of M1 and M2 macrophages reveals the immunomodulatory effectiveness of post spinal cord injury azithromycin treatment. <i>Scientific Reports</i> , 2017, 7, 40144.	1.6	115
31	Pioglitazone treatment following spinal cord injury maintains acute mitochondrial integrity and increases chronic tissue sparing and functional recovery. <i>Experimental Neurology</i> , 2017, 293, 74-82.	2.0	30
32	Compression Decreases Anatomical and Functional Recovery and Alters Inflammation after Contusive Spinal Cord Injury. <i>Journal of Neurotrauma</i> , 2017, 34, 2342-2352.	1.7	25
33	Cardiac Chemical Exchange Saturation Transfer MR Imaging Tracking of Cell Survival or Rejection in Mouse Models of Cell Therapy. <i>Radiology</i> , 2017, 282, 131-138.	3.6	14
34	Stress Increases Peripheral Axon Growth and Regeneration through Glucocorticoid Receptor-Dependent Transcriptional Programs. <i>ENeuro</i> , 2017, 4, ENEURO.0246-17.2017.	0.9	27
35	Interactions of primary insult biomechanics and secondary cascades in spinal cord injury: implications for therapy. <i>Neural Regeneration Research</i> , 2017, 12, 1618.	1.6	19
36	Macrophages are necessary for epimorphic regeneration in African spiny mice. <i>ELife</i> , 2017, 6, .	2.8	147

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37	CNS Plasticity in Injury and Disease. <i>Neural Plasticity</i> , 2016, 2016, 1-2.	1.0	0
38	Age increases reactive oxygen species production in macrophages and potentiates oxidative damage after spinal cord injury. <i>Neurobiology of Aging</i> , 2016, 47, 157-167.	1.5	70
39	Identification of Novel Tau Interactions with Endoplasmic Reticulum Proteins in Alzheimer's Disease Brain. <i>Journal of Alzheimer's Disease</i> , 2015, 48, 687-702.	1.2	49
40	Azithromycin drives alternative macrophage activation and improves recovery and tissue sparing in contusion spinal cord injury. <i>Journal of Neuroinflammation</i> , 2015, 12, 218.	3.1	76
41	Macrophage activation and its role in repair and pathology after spinal cord injury. <i>Brain Research</i> , 2015, 1619, 1-11.	1.1	562
42	Toll-Like Receptors and Dectin-1, a C-Type Lectin Receptor, Trigger Divergent Functions in CNS Macrophages. <i>Journal of Neuroscience</i> , 2015, 35, 9966-9976.	1.7	73
43	Large animal and primate models of spinal cord injury for the testing of novel therapies. <i>Experimental Neurology</i> , 2015, 269, 154-168.	2.0	75
44	Stress exacerbates neuron loss and microglia proliferation in a rat model of excitotoxic lower motor neuron injury. <i>Brain, Behavior, and Immunity</i> , 2015, 49, 246-254.	2.0	7
45	Age decreases macrophage IL-10 expression: Implications for functional recovery and tissue repair in spinal cord injury. <i>Experimental Neurology</i> , 2015, 273, 83-91.	2.0	92
46	Topological data analysis for discovery in preclinical spinal cord injury and traumatic brain injury. <i>Nature Communications</i> , 2015, 6, 8581.	5.8	153
47	Development of a Database for Translational Spinal Cord Injury Research. <i>Journal of Neurotrauma</i> , 2014, 31, 1789-1799.	1.7	100
48	IL-4 Signaling Drives a Unique Arginase ⁺ /IL-1 β ⁺ Microglia Phenotype and Recruits Macrophages to the Inflammatory CNS: Consequences of Age-Related Deficits in IL-4RA after Traumatic Spinal Cord Injury. <i>Journal of Neuroscience</i> , 2014, 34, 8904-8917.	1.7	172
49	Is neuroinflammation in the injured spinal cord different than in the brain? Examining intrinsic differences between the brain and spinal cord. <i>Experimental Neurology</i> , 2014, 258, 112-120.	2.0	71
50	Immune Activation Promotes Depression 1 Month After Diffuse Brain Injury: A Role for Primed Microglia. <i>Biological Psychiatry</i> , 2014, 76, 575-584.	0.7	209
51	Derivation of Multivariate Syndromic Outcome Metrics for Consistent Testing across Multiple Models of Cervical Spinal Cord Injury in Rats. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2013, 8, e59712.	1.1	65
52	Topiramate Treatment Is Neuroprotective and Reduces Oligodendrocyte Loss after Cervical Spinal Cord Injury. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2012, 7, e33519.	1.1	21
53	Controversies on the role of inflammation in the injured spinal cord. , 2012, , 272-279.		2
54	Achieving CNS axon regeneration by manipulating convergent neuro-immune signaling. <i>Cell and Tissue Research</i> , 2012, 349, 201-213.	1.5	42

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55	Independent evaluation of the effects of glibenclamide on reducing progressive hemorrhagic necrosis after cervical spinal cord injury. <i>Experimental Neurology</i> , 2012, 233, 615-622.	2.0	58
56	Spinal cord injury therapies in humans: an overview of current clinical trials and their potential effects on intrinsic CNS macrophages. <i>Expert Opinion on Therapeutic Targets</i> , 2011, 15, 505-518.	1.5	72
57	Transforming Growth Factor $\hat{\pm}$ Transforms Astrocytes to a Growth-Supportive Phenotype after Spinal Cord Injury. <i>Journal of Neuroscience</i> , 2011, 31, 15173-15187.	1.7	58
58	Semi-automated Sholl analysis for quantifying changes in growth and differentiation of neurons and glia. <i>Journal of Neuroscience Methods</i> , 2010, 190, 71-79.	1.3	69
59	Macrophages Promote Axon Regeneration with Concurrent Neurotoxicity. <i>Spinal Surgery</i> , 2010, 24, 92-94.	0.0	0
60	Macrophages Promote Axon Regeneration with Concurrent Neurotoxicity. <i>Journal of Neuroscience</i> , 2009, 29, 3956-3968.	1.7	191
61	An efficient and reproducible method for quantifying macrophages in different experimental models of central nervous system pathology. <i>Journal of Neuroscience Methods</i> , 2009, 181, 36-44.	1.3	116
62	Identification of Two Distinct Macrophage Subsets with Divergent Effects Causing either Neurotoxicity or Regeneration in the Injured Mouse Spinal Cord. <i>Journal of Neuroscience</i> , 2009, 29, 13435-13444.	1.7	1,831
63	Cell Death after Spinal Cord Injury Is Exacerbated by Rapid TNF $\hat{\pm}$ -Induced Trafficking of GluR2-Lacking AMPARs to the Plasma Membrane. <i>Journal of Neuroscience</i> , 2008, 28, 11391-11400.	1.7	205
64	Does Chronic Remyelination Occur for All Spared Axons after Spinal Cord Injury in Mouse?. <i>Journal of Neuroscience</i> , 2008, 28, 8385-8386.	1.7	4
65	Behavioral and Histological Characterization of Unilateral Cervical Spinal Cord Contusion Injury in Rats. <i>Journal of Neurotrauma</i> , 2006, 23, 36-54.	1.7	215
66	Acute transplantation of glial-restricted precursor cells into spinal cord contusion injuries: survival, differentiation, and effects on lesion environment and axonal regeneration. <i>Experimental Neurology</i> , 2004, 190, 289-310.	2.0	125