Sara Marinelli

List of Publications by Year in Descending Order

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The third column is the impact factor (IF) of the journal, and the fourth column is the number of citations of the article.

38
papers

5,302
h-index

45
g-index

45
ext. papers

7.1
avg, IF

4.03
L-index

| # | Paper | IF | Citations |
|----|--|------|-----------|
| 38 | CXCR2 increases in ALS cortical neurons and its inhibition prevents motor neuron degeneration in vitro and improves neuromuscular function in SOD1G93A mice. <i>Neurobiology of Disease</i> , 2021 , 160, 105 | 53:8 | O |
| 37 | Activation of skeletal muscle-resident glial cells upon nerve injury. JCI Insight, 2021, 6, | 9.9 | 6 |
| 36 | Sexually Dimorphic Immune and Neuroimmune Changes Following Peripheral Nerve Injury in Mice: Novel Insights for Gender Medicine. <i>International Journal of Molecular Sciences</i> , 2021 , 22, | 6.3 | 3 |
| 35 | Targeting cancer stem cells in medulloblastoma by inhibiting AMBRA1 dual function in autophagy and STAT3 signalling. <i>Acta Neuropathologica</i> , 2021 , 142, 537-564 | 14.3 | 1 |
| 34 | Impact of caloric restriction on peripheral nerve injury-induced neuropathic pain during ageing in mice. <i>European Journal of Pain</i> , 2020 , 24, 374-382 | 3.7 | 4 |
| 33 | Revealing the Therapeutic Potential of Botulinum Neurotoxin Type A in Counteracting Paralysis and Neuropathic Pain in Spinally Injured Mice. <i>Toxins</i> , 2020 , 12, | 4.9 | 5 |
| 32 | Very Early Involvement of Innate Immunity in Peripheral Nerve Degeneration in SOD1-G93A Mice. <i>Frontiers in Immunology</i> , 2020 , 11, 575792 | 8.4 | 3 |
| 31 | Innovative mouse model mimicking human-like features of spinal cord injury: efficacy of Docosahexaenoic acid on acute and chronic phases. <i>Scientific Reports</i> , 2019 , 9, 8883 | 4.9 | 7 |
| 30 | Denervation-activated STAT3-IL-6 signalling in fibro-adipogenic progenitors promotes myofibres atrophy and fibrosis. <i>Nature Cell Biology</i> , 2018 , 20, 917-927 | 23.4 | 100 |
| 29 | Botulinum Toxin B Affects Neuropathic Pain but Not Functional Recovery after Peripheral Nerve Injury in a Mouse Model. <i>Toxins</i> , 2018 , 10, | 4.9 | 7 |
| 28 | Effects of caloric restriction on neuropathic pain, peripheral nerve degeneration and inflammation in normometabolic and autophagy defective prediabetic Ambra1 mice. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2018 , 13, e0208596 | 3.7 | 14 |
| 27 | TRPV1 channels are critical brain inflammation detectors and neuropathic pain biomarkers in mice. <i>Nature Communications</i> , 2017 , 8, 15292 | 17.4 | 117 |
| 26 | Participation of pro- and anti-nociceptive interleukins in botulinum toxin A-induced analgesia in a rat model of neuropathic pain. <i>European Journal of Pharmacology</i> , 2016 , 791, 377-388 | 5.3 | 43 |
| 25 | Guidelines for the use and interpretation of assays for monitoring autophagy (3rd edition). <i>Autophagy</i> , 2016 , 12, 1-222 | 10.2 | 3838 |
| 24 | 17beta-estradiol counteracts neuropathic pain: a behavioural, immunohistochemical, and proteomic investigation on sex-related differences in mice. <i>Scientific Reports</i> , 2016 , 6, 18980 | 4.9 | 31 |
| 23 | Dataset of botulinum toxin A influence on interleukins under neuropathy. <i>Data in Brief</i> , 2016 , 9, 1020-1 | 023 | 2 |
| 22 | Effects of age-related loss of P/Q-type calcium channels in a mice model of peripheral nerve injury. <i>Neurobiology of Aging</i> , 2015 , 36, 352-64 | 5.6 | 5 |

(2007-2015)

| 21 | D-aspartate modulates nociceptive-specific neuron activity and pain threshold in inflammatory and neuropathic pain condition in mice. <i>BioMed Research International</i> , 2015 , 2015, 905906 | 3 | 19 |
|----|---|------|-----|
| 20 | Schwann cell autophagy counteracts the onset and chronification of neuropathic pain. <i>Pain</i> , 2014 , 155, 93-107 | 8 | 61 |
| 19 | M2 receptors exert analgesic action on DRG sensory neurons by negatively modulating VR1 activity. <i>Journal of Cellular Physiology</i> , 2014 , 229, 783-90 | 7 | 9 |
| 18 | Higher pain perception and lack of recovery from neuropathic pain in females: a behavioural, immunohistochemical, and proteomic investigation on sex-related differences in mice. <i>Pain</i> , 2014 , 155, 388-402 | 8 | 58 |
| 17 | ProNGFNGF imbalance triggers learning and memory deficits, neurodegeneration and spontaneous epileptic-like discharges in transgenic mice. <i>Cell Death and Differentiation</i> , 2013 , 20, 1017-30 | 12.7 | 51 |
| 16 | Botulinum toxin A increases analgesic effects of morphine, counters development of morphine tolerance and modulates glia activation and Eppioid receptor expression in neuropathic mice. <i>Brain, Behavior, and Immunity</i> , 2013 , 32, 40-50 | 16.6 | 38 |
| 15 | Botulinum neurotoxin A enhances the analgesic effects on inflammatory pain and antagonizes tolerance induced by morphine in mice. <i>Brain, Behavior, and Immunity,</i> 2012 , 26, 489-99 | 16.6 | 21 |
| 14 | Single cycle structure-based humanization of an anti-nerve growth factor therapeutic antibody. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2012 , 7, e32212 | 3.7 | 5 |
| 13 | Intranasal "painless" human Nerve Growth Factor [corrected] slows amyloid neurodegeneration and prevents memory deficits in App X PS1 mice. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2012 , 7, e37555 | 3.7 | 46 |
| 12 | The analgesic effect on neuropathic pain of retrogradely transported botulinum neurotoxin A involves Schwann cells and astrocytes. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2012 , 7, e47977 | 3.7 | 96 |
| 11 | Modeling socially anhedonic syndromes: genetic and pharmacological manipulation of opioid neurotransmission in mice. <i>Translational Psychiatry</i> , 2012 , 2, e155 | 8.6 | 38 |
| 10 | The effect of botulinum neurotoxin A on sciatic nerve injury-induced neuroimmunological changes in rat dorsal root ganglia and spinal cord. <i>Neuroscience</i> , 2011 , 175, 358-66 | 3.9 | 54 |
| 9 | Taking pain out of NGF: a "painless" NGF mutant, linked to hereditary sensory autonomic neuropathy type V, with full neurotrophic activity. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2011 , 6, e17321 | 3.7 | 73 |
| 8 | In vitro receptor binding properties of a "painless" NGF mutein, linked to hereditary sensory autonomic neuropathy type V. <i>Biochemical and Biophysical Research Communications</i> , 2010 , 391, 824-9 | 3.4 | 38 |
| 7 | Short- but not long-lasting treadmill running reduces allodynia and improves functional recovery after peripheral nerve injury. <i>Neuroscience</i> , 2010 , 168, 273-87 | 3.9 | 78 |
| 6 | Botulinum neurotoxin type A counteracts neuropathic pain and facilitates functional recovery after peripheral nerve injury in animal models. <i>Neuroscience</i> , 2010 , 171, 316-28 | 3.9 | 66 |
| 5 | The Rac GTPase-activating bacterial protein toxin CNF1 induces analgesia up-regulating mu-opioid receptors. <i>Pain</i> , 2009 , 145, 219-29 | 8 | 22 |
| 4 | The function neutralizing anti-TrkA antibody MNAC13 reduces inflammatory and neuropathic pain. <i>Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America</i> , 2007 , 104, 2985-90 | 11.5 | 100 |

| 3 | Anti-allodynic efficacy of botulinum neurotoxin A in a model of neuropathic pain. <i>Neuroscience</i> , 2007 , 145, 1-4 | 3.9 | 80 |
|---|---|-----|----|
| 2 | Botulinum neurotoxins and formalin-induced pain: central vs. peripheral effects in mice. <i>Brain Research</i> , 2006 , 1082, 124-31 | 3.7 | 61 |
| 1 | Pain sensitivity in mice lacking the Ca(v)2.1alpha1 subunit of P/Q-type Ca2+ channels. <i>Neuroscience</i> , 2006 , 142, 823-32 | 3.9 | 51 |