

Mariusz GaÅ,ka

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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Version: 2024-02-01

127
papers

3,902
citations

182225

30
h-index

175968

55
g-index

139
all docs

139
docs citations

139
times ranked

4238
citing authors

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
1	Control of carbon and nitrogen accumulation by vegetation in pristine bogs of southern Patagonia. <i>Science of the Total Environment</i> , 2022, 810, 151293.	3.9	5
2	Ultrafine multi-metal (Zn, Cd, Pb) sulfide aggregates formation in periodically water-logged organic soil. <i>Science of the Total Environment</i> , 2022, 820, 153308.	3.9	10
3	The Reading Palaeofire Database: an expanded global resource to document changes in fire regimes from sedimentary charcoal records. <i>Earth System Science Data</i> , 2022, 14, 1109-1124.	3.7	9
4	Conditions to Preserve the Sedimentary Record of Channel Planforms in Temperate Rivers of the Northern Hemisphere. <i>Journal of Geophysical Research F: Earth Surface</i> , 2022, 127, .	1.0	1
5	Palaeoenvironmental conditions and human activity in the vicinity of the Grodzisko fortified settlement (central Europe, Poland) from the late-Neolithic to the Roman period. <i>Geoarchaeology - an International Journal</i> , 2022, 37, 385-399.	0.7	2
6	Anthropocene history of rich fen acidification in W Poland – Causes and indicators of change. <i>Science of the Total Environment</i> , 2022, 838, 155785.	3.9	4
7	Forest ecosystem development in European nemoreal-boreal forest (NE Poland) over the last 2200 years: Impact of human activity and climate change. <i>Holocene</i> , 2022, 32, 650-663.	0.9	4
8	High-resolution record of geochemical, vegetational and molluscan shifts in a Central European spring-fed fen: implications for regional paleoclimate during the early and mid-Holocene. <i>Holocene</i> , 2022, 32, 764-779.	0.9	3
9	Holocene wildfire regimes in western Siberia: interaction between peatland moisture conditions and the composition of plant functional types. <i>Climate of the Past</i> , 2022, 18, 1255-1274.	1.3	10
10	Relations of fire, palaeohydrology, vegetation succession, and carbon accumulation, as reconstructed from a mountain bog in the Harz Mountains (Germany) during the last 6200 years. <i>Geoderma</i> , 2022, 424, 115991.	2.3	5
11	Insight into the factors of mountain bog and forest development in the Schwarzwald Mts.: Implications for ecological restoration. <i>Ecological Indicators</i> , 2022, 140, 109039.	2.6	7
12	A regime shift from erosion to carbon accumulation in a temperate northern peatland. <i>Journal of Ecology</i> , 2021, 109, 125-138.	1.9	8
13	Phases of fluvial activity in loess landscapes: Findings from the Si ³ valley (Transdanubia, central Tj ETQq1 1 0.784314 rgBT /Overlock 2.2 4	2.2	4
14	Expert assessment of future vulnerability of the global peatland carbon sink. <i>Nature Climate Change</i> , 2021, 11, 70-77.	8.1	167
15	Plant succession and geochemical indices in immature peatlands in the Changbai Mountains, northeastern region of China: Implications for climate change and peatland development. <i>Science of the Total Environment</i> , 2021, 773, 143776.	3.9	7
16	Environmental drivers of <i>Sphagnum</i> growth in peatlands across the Holarctic region. <i>Journal of Ecology</i> , 2021, 109, 417-431.	1.9	32
17	A multi-proxy reconstruction of peatland development and regional vegetation changes in subarctic NE Fennoscandia (the Republic of Karelia, Russia) during the Holocene. <i>Holocene</i> , 2021, 31, 421-432.	0.9	2
18	Past testate amoeba communities in landslide mountain fens (Polish Carpathians): The relationship between shell types and sediment. <i>Holocene</i> , 2021, 31, 954-965.	0.9	6

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19	Divergent responses of permafrost peatlands to recent climate change. <i>Environmental Research Letters</i> , 2021, 16, 034001.	2.2	23
20	Environmental implications of past socioeconomic events in Greater Poland during the last 1200 years. Synthesis of paleoecological and historical data. <i>Quaternary Science Reviews</i> , 2021, 259, 106902.	1.4	22
21	A multi-proxy long-term ecological investigation into the development of a late Holocene calcareous spring-fed fen ecosystem (Raganu Mire) and boreal forest at the SE Baltic coast (Latvia). <i>Ecological Indicators</i> , 2021, 126, 107673.	2.6	7
22	Development and degradation of a submontane forest in the Beskid Wyspowy Mountains (Polish) Tj ETQq0 0 0 rgBT /Overlock 10 Tf 50	0.9	10
23	Late Holocene transformations of lower montane forest in the Beskid Wyspowy Mountains (Western) Tj ETQq1 1 0,784314 rgBT /Overl	0.7	10
24	A multi-proxy analysis of hydroclimate trends in an ombrotrophic bog over the last millennium in the Eastern Carpathians of Romania. <i>Palaeogeography, Palaeoclimatology, Palaeoecology</i> , 2020, 538, 109390.	1.0	10
25	The evolution and disappearance of "false delta" multi-channel systems in postglacial areas (Central) Tj ETQq1 1,1 0,784314 rgBT /O	1.6	10
26	Late Glacial and early Holocene development of an oxbow lake in Central Europe (Poland) based on plant macrofossil and geochemical data. <i>Holocene</i> , 2020, 30, 178-189.	0.9	7
27	The formation of low-energy meanders in loess landscapes (Transdanubia, central Europe). <i>Global and Planetary Change</i> , 2020, 184, 103071.	1.6	10
28	How Joannites™ economy eradicated primeval forest and created anthroecosystems in medieval Central Europe. <i>Scientific Reports</i> , 2020, 10, 18775.	1.6	14
29	Peatland Development, Vegetation History, Climate Change and Human Activity in the Valdai Uplands (Central European Russia) during the Holocene: A Multi-Proxy Palaeoecological Study. <i>Diversity</i> , 2020, 12, 462.	0.7	13
30	Exposure matters: Forest dynamics reveal an early Holocene conifer refugium on a north facing slope in Central Europe. <i>Holocene</i> , 2020, 30, 1833-1848.	0.9	7
31	Towards the understanding the impact of fire on the lower montane forest in the Polish Western Carpathians during the Holocene. <i>Quaternary Science Reviews</i> , 2020, 229, 106137.	1.4	23
32	Exceptional hydrological stability of a Sphagnum-dominated peatland over the late Holocene. <i>Quaternary Science Reviews</i> , 2020, 231, 106180.	1.4	21
33	Do the relationships between testate amoebae and fungi reflect the variability of past water table fluctuations in the ombrotrophic peatlands of Central Europe?. <i>Holocene</i> , 2020, 30, 1186-1195.	0.9	1
34	Influence of transboundary transport of trace elements on mountain peat geochemistry (Sudetes,) Tj ETQq0 0 0 rgBT /Overlock 10 Tf 50	1.4	21
35	Fire hazard modulation by long-term dynamics in land cover and dominant forest type in eastern and central Europe. <i>Biogeosciences</i> , 2020, 17, 1213-1230.	1.3	52
36	Recent fire regime in the southern boreal forests of western Siberia is unprecedented in the last five millennia. <i>Quaternary Science Reviews</i> , 2020, 244, 106495.	1.4	46

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37	Znaczenie wspólnych badań, historycznych i paleoekologicznych nad wpływem człowieka na środowisko. Przykład ze stanowiska Kazanie we wschodniej Wielkopolsce. , 2020, , 56.	0.0	3
38	The Holocene dynamics of moss communities in subalpine wetland ecosystems in the Eastern Carpathian Mountains, Central Europe. Bryologist, 2020, 123, 84.	0.1	5
39	The Eurasian Modern Pollen Database (EMPD), version 2. Earth System Science Data, 2020, 12, 2423-2445.	3.7	34
40	Znaczenie wysokorozdzielczych wieloskładnikowych (multi-proxy) badań, paleoekologicznych dla geografii historycznej i historii gospodarczej. , 2020, , 30.	0.0	1
41	Landslides increased Holocene habitat diversity on a flysch bedrock in the Western Carpathians. Quaternary Science Reviews, 2019, 219, 68-83.	1.4	17
42	The Medieval Climate Anomaly in Antarctica. Palaeogeography, Palaeoclimatology, Palaeoecology, 2019, 532, 109251.	1.0	29
43	Early Holocene succession of vegetation and molluscs in Lake Jaczno, East-Central Europe. Quaternary International, 2019, 524, 31-39.	0.7	4
44	2000 years of variability in hydroclimate and carbon accumulation in western Siberia and the relationship with large-scale atmospheric circulation: A multi-proxy peat record. Quaternary Science Reviews, 2019, 226, 105948.	1.4	25
45	The Medieval Climate Anomaly in the Mediterranean Region. Paleoceanography and Paleoclimatology, 2019, 34, 1625-1649.	1.3	32
46	Decadal variability of north-eastern Atlantic storminess at the mid-Holocene: New inferences from a record of wind-blown sand, western Denmark. Global and Planetary Change, 2019, 180, 16-32.	1.6	6
47	Plant communities control long term carbon accumulation and biogeochemical gradients in a Patagonian bog. Science of the Total Environment, 2019, 684, 670-681.	3.9	34
48	Integrating fire-scar, charcoal and fungal spore data to study fire events in the boreal forest of northern Europe. Holocene, 2019, 29, 1480-1490.	0.9	24
49	Pathways for Ecological Change in Canadian High Arctic Wetlands Under Rapid Twentieth Century Warming. Geophysical Research Letters, 2019, 46, 4726-4737.	1.5	25
50	Large herbivore population and vegetation dynamics 14,600–8300 years ago in central Latvia, northeastern Europe. Review of Palaeobotany and Palynology, 2019, 266, 42-51.	0.8	9
51	Increased radiocarbon dating resolution of ombrotrophic peat profiles reveals periods of disturbance which were previously undetected. Quaternary Geochronology, 2019, 52, 21-28.	0.6	13
52	Unveiling tipping points in long-term ecological records from <i>Sphagnum</i> -dominated peatlands. Biology Letters, 2019, 15, 20190043.	1.0	47
53	Responses of vegetation and testate amoeba trait composition to fire disturbances in and around a bog in central European lowlands (northern Poland). Quaternary Science Reviews, 2019, 208, 129-139.	1.4	23
54	Evidence for ecosystem state shifts in Alaskan continuous permafrost peatlands in response to recent warming. Quaternary Science Reviews, 2019, 207, 134-144.	1.4	14

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55	Widespread drying of European peatlands in recent centuries. <i>Nature Geoscience</i> , 2019, 12, 922-928.	5.4	130
56	Ecology of peatland testate amoebae in the Alaskan continuous permafrost zone. <i>Ecological Indicators</i> , 2019, 96, 153-162.	2.6	11
57	Evaluating tephrochronology in the permafrost peatlands of northern Sweden. <i>Quaternary Geochronology</i> , 2019, 50, 16-28.	0.6	7
58	The Medieval Climate Anomaly in South America. <i>Quaternary International</i> , 2019, 508, 70-87.	0.7	54
59	Peatbog resilience to pollution and climate change over the past 2700 years in the Harz Mountains, Germany. <i>Ecological Indicators</i> , 2019, 97, 183-193.	2.6	27
60	The late Holocene decline of <i>Trapa natans</i> L. in Northern Poland in the light of new palaeobotanical and geochemical data. <i>Limnological Review</i> , 2019, 19, 77-91.	0.5	1
61	Hydroclimate in Africa during the Medieval Climate Anomaly. <i>Palaeogeography, Palaeoclimatology, Palaeoecology</i> , 2018, 495, 309-322.	1.0	31
62	A multi-proxy view of exceptionally early postglacial development of riparian woodlands with <i>Ulmus</i> in the Dniester River valley, western Ukraine. <i>Review of Palaeobotany and Palynology</i> , 2018, 250, 27-43.	0.8	16
63	Response of plant communities to climate change during the late Holocene: Palaeoecological insights from peatlands in the Alaskan Arctic. <i>Ecological Indicators</i> , 2018, 85, 525-536.	2.6	40
64	Palaeoecology of <i>Sphagnum riparium</i> (L.) in Northern Hemisphere peatlands: Implications for peatland conservation and palaeoecological research. <i>Review of Palaeobotany and Palynology</i> , 2018, 254, 1-7.	0.8	7
65	Response of the aquatic plants and mollusc communities in Lake Kojle (central Europe) to climatic changes between 250 BCE and 1550 CE. <i>Aquatic Botany</i> , 2018, 148, 35-45.	0.8	7
66	Ecosystem state shifts during long-term development of an Amazonian peatland. <i>Global Change Biology</i> , 2018, 24, 738-757.	4.2	26
67	Palaeohydrology and the human impact on one of the largest raised bogs complex in the Western Carpathians (Central Europe) during the last two millennia. <i>Holocene</i> , 2018, 28, 595-608.	0.9	26
68	The sedimentary and remote sensing reflection of biomass burning in Europe. <i>Global Ecology and Biogeography</i> , 2018, 27, 199-212.	2.7	73
69	Combining multi-proxy palaeoecology with natural and manipulative experiments – XLII International Moor Excursion to Northern Poland. <i>Open Geosciences</i> , 2018, 10, 634-638.	0.6	0
70	Sand in Early Holocene lake sediments – a microscopic study from Lake Jaczno, northeastern Poland. <i>Estonian Journal of Earth Sciences</i> , 2018, 67, 122.	0.4	5
71	Persist or take advantage of global warming: A development of Early Holocene riparian forest and oxbow lake ecosystems in Central Europe. <i>Quaternary Science Reviews</i> , 2018, 200, 191-211.	1.4	11
72	Environmental and taxonomic controls of carbon and oxygen stable isotope composition in <i>Sphagnum</i> ; across broad climatic and geographic ranges. <i>Biogeosciences</i> , 2018, 15, 5189-5202.	1.3	25

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73	Response of a spring-fed fen ecosystem in Central Eastern Europe (NW Romania) to climate changes during the last 4000 years: A high resolution multi-proxy reconstruction. <i>Palaeogeography, Palaeoclimatology, Palaeoecology</i> , 2018, 504, 170-185.	1.0	27
74	Impact of climate change on the ecology of the Kyambangunguru crater marsh in southwestern Tanzania during the Late Holocene. <i>Quaternary Science Reviews</i> , 2018, 196, 100-117.	1.4	5
75	Holocene centennial to millennial shifts in North-Atlantic storminess and ocean dynamics. <i>Scientific Reports</i> , 2018, 8, 12778.	1.6	56
76	Resilience of plant and testate amoeba communities after climatic and anthropogenic disturbances in a Baltic bog in Northern Poland: Implications for ecological restoration. <i>Holocene</i> , 2017, 27, 130-141.	0.9	27
77	Detrital input to spring-fed fen deposits – a problem or an opportunity in palaeoenvironmental studies? A Holocene palaeoclimatic reconstruction from central Europe. <i>Journal of Quaternary Science</i> , 2017, 32, 91-103.	1.1	12
78	Hydrological conditions and carbon accumulation rates reconstructed from a mountain raised bog in the Carpathians: A multi-proxy approach. <i>Catena</i> , 2017, 152, 57-68.	2.2	27
79	Rich fen development in CE Europe, resilience to climate change and human impact over the last ca. 3500 years. <i>Palaeogeography, Palaeoclimatology, Palaeoecology</i> , 2017, 473, 57-72.	1.0	18
80	Introducing global peat-specific temperature and pH calibrations based on brGDGT bacterial lipids. <i>Geochimica Et Cosmochimica Acta</i> , 2017, 208, 285-301.	1.6	177
81	The final meltdown of dead-ice at the Holocene Thermal Maximum (8500–7400 cal. yr BP) in western Latvia, eastern Baltic. <i>Holocene</i> , 2017, 27, 1146-1157.	0.9	13
82	The development pathways of two peatlands in South Africa over the last 6200 years: Implications for peat formation and palaeoclimatic research. <i>Holocene</i> , 2017, 27, 1499-1515.	0.9	4
83	Holocene vegetation and fire dynamics at Crveni Potok, a small mire in the Dinaric Alps (Tara National Park, Bosnia and Herzegovina). <i>Journal of Quaternary Science</i> , 2017, 32, 104-114.	1.4	28
84	Five centuries of the Early Holocene forest development and its interactions with palaeoecosystem of small landslide lake in the Beskid Makowski Mountains (Western Carpathians, Poland) – High resolution multi-proxy study. <i>Review of Palaeobotany and Palynology</i> , 2017, 244, 113-127.	0.8	13
85	Vegetation Succession, Carbon Accumulation and Hydrological Change in Subarctic Peatlands, Abisko, Northern Sweden. <i>Permafrost and Periglacial Processes</i> , 2017, 28, 589-604.	1.5	27
86	Plant succession in a peatland in the Eastern Carpathian Mts. (CE Europe) during the last 10,200 years: Implications for peatland development and palaeoclimatic research. <i>Review of Palaeobotany and Palynology</i> , 2017, 244, 203-216.	0.8	16
87	Lost in dating – Problems with the absolute chronologies and sedimentation rates of Late Glacial and Early Holocene oxbow lake deposits in Central Europe. <i>Quaternary Geochronology</i> , 2017, 41, 187-201.	0.6	15
88	Fire has been an important driver of forest dynamics in the Carpathian Mountains during the Holocene. <i>Forest Ecology and Management</i> , 2017, 389, 15-26.	1.4	64
89	Unveiling exceptional Baltic bog ecohydrology, autogenic succession and climate change during the last 2000 years in CE Europe using replicate cores, multi-proxy data and functional traits of testate amoebae. <i>Quaternary Science Reviews</i> , 2017, 156, 90-106.	1.4	64
90	Warming and Cooling: The Medieval Climate Anomaly in Africa and Arabia. <i>Paleoceanography</i> , 2017, 32, 1219-1235.	3.0	31

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91	First discovery of Holocene Alaskan and Icelandic tephra in Polish peatlands. <i>Journal of Quaternary Science</i> , 2017, 32, 457-462.	1.1	13
92	Fire activity and hydrological dynamics in the past 5700 years reconstructed from Sphagnum peatlands along the oceanic–continental climatic gradient in northern Poland. <i>Quaternary Science Reviews</i> , 2017, 177, 145-157.	1.4	24
93	Hydrological changes in the Rzecin peatland (Puszcza Notecka, Poland) induced by anthropogenic factors: Implications for mire development and carbon sequestration. <i>Holocene</i> , 2017, 27, 651-664.	0.9	19
94	Detection of the Askja AD 1875 cryptotephra in Latvia, Eastern Europe. <i>Journal of Quaternary Science</i> , 2016, 31, 437-441.	1.1	20
95	A novel testate amoebae trait-based approach to infer environmental disturbance in Sphagnum peatlands. <i>Scientific Reports</i> , 2016, 6, 33907.	1.6	57
96	Periodic lake-peatland shifts under the Eemian and Early Weichselian climate changes in Central Europe on the basis of multi-proxy studies. <i>Palaeogeography, Palaeoclimatology, Palaeoecology</i> , 2016, 461, 29-43.	1.0	10
97	Development of Rich Fen on the SE Baltic Coast, Latvia, during the Last 7500 Years, Using Paleoecological Proxies: Implications for Plant Community Development and Paleoclimatic Research. <i>Wetlands</i> , 2016, 36, 689-703.	0.7	18
98	Abrupt ecological changes in the last 800 years inferred from a mountainous bog using testate amoebae traits and multi-proxy data. <i>European Journal of Protistology</i> , 2016, 55, 165-180.	0.5	27
99	Tree and timberline shifts in the northern Romanian Carpathians during the Holocene and the responses to environmental changes. <i>Quaternary Science Reviews</i> , 2016, 134, 100-113.	1.4	43
100	A 9000 year record of cyclic vegetation changes identified in a montane peatland deposit located in the Eastern Carpathians (Central-Eastern Europe): Autogenic succession or regional climatic influences?. <i>Palaeogeography, Palaeoclimatology, Palaeoecology</i> , 2016, 449, 52-61.	1.0	41
101	Macrofossil evidence of Late Holocene presence of <i>Aldrovanda vesiculosa</i> L. in Central-Eastern Europe (Poland) and East Africa (Tanzania). <i>Quaternary International</i> , 2015, 386, 186-190.	0.7	4
102	Reconstructing human impact on peatland development during the past 200 years in CE Europe through biotic proxies and X-ray tomography. <i>Quaternary International</i> , 2015, 357, 282-294.	0.7	23
103	Succession of arboreal taxa during the Late Glacial in south-eastern Poland: Climatic implications. <i>Palaeogeography, Palaeoclimatology, Palaeoecology</i> , 2015, 421, 1-14.	1.0	11
104	Last Millennium hydro-climate variability in Central–Eastern Europe (Northern Carpathians, Romania). <i>Holocene</i> , 2015, 25, 1179-1192.	0.9	65
105	Palaeoenvironmental changes in Central Europe (NE Poland) during the last 6200 years reconstructed from a high-resolution multi-proxy peat archive. <i>Holocene</i> , 2015, 25, 421-434.	0.9	73
106	Reconstructing climate change and ombrotrophic bog development during the last 4000 years in northern Poland using biotic proxies, stable isotopes and trait-based approach. <i>Palaeogeography, Palaeoclimatology, Palaeoecology</i> , 2015, 418, 261-277.	1.0	100
107	Late Glacial and Early Holocene lake level fluctuations in NE Poland tracked by macro-fossil, pollen and diatom records. <i>Quaternary International</i> , 2015, 388, 23-38.	0.7	30
108	Late Pleniglacial and Late Glacial lake-mire transformations in south-eastern Poland reflected in aquatic and wetland vegetation changes. <i>Quaternary International</i> , 2015, 388, 39-50.	0.7	19

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109	A database and synthesis of northern peatland soil properties and Holocene carbon and nitrogen accumulation. <i>Holocene</i> , 2014, 24, 1028-1042.	0.9	404
110	High mountain region of the Northern Romanian Carpathians responded sensitively to Holocene climate and land use changes: A multi-proxy analysis. <i>Holocene</i> , 2014, 24, 944-956.	0.9	29
111	Disentangling the drivers for the development of a Baltic bog during the Little Ice Age in northern Poland. <i>Quaternary International</i> , 2014, 328-329, 323-337.	0.7	39
112	Postglacial history of vegetation, human activity and lake-level changes at Jezioro Liniewek in northeast Poland, based on multi-proxy data. <i>Vegetation History and Archaeobotany</i> , 2014, 23, 123-152.	1.0	90
113	Carbon accumulation rates in two poor fens with different water regimes: Influence of anthropogenic impact and environmental change. <i>Holocene</i> , 2014, 24, 1539-1549.	0.9	17
114	Pattern of Plant Succession from Eutrophic Lake to Ombrotrophic Bog in NE Poland Over the Last 9400 Years Based on High-Resolution Macrofossil Analysis. <i>Annales Botanici Fennici</i> , 2014, 51, 1-21.	0.0	24
115	Climate variability and associated vegetation response throughout Central and Eastern Europe (CEE) between 60 and 8 Åka. <i>Quaternary Science Reviews</i> , 2014, 106, 206-224.	1.4	188
116	Climate change, vegetation development, and lake level fluctuations in Lake Purwin (NE Poland) during the last 8600 Åcal. BP based on a high-resolution plant macrofossil record and stable isotope data ($\delta^{13}C$ and $\delta^{18}O$). <i>Quaternary International</i> , 2014, 328-329, 213-225.	0.7	49
117	<i>Sphagnum</i> succession in a Baltic bog in central-eastern Europe over the last 6200 Åyears and paleoecology of <i>Sphagnum contortum</i> . <i>Bryologist</i> , 2014, 117, 22-36.	0.1	26
118	Palaeoecology of <i>Sphagnum obtusum</i> in NE Poland. <i>Bryologist</i> , 2013, 116, 238-247.	0.1	17
119	Palaeohydrology, fires and vegetation succession in the southern Baltic during the last 7500 years reconstructed from a raised bog based on multi-proxy data. <i>Palaeogeography, Palaeoclimatology, Palaeoecology</i> , 2013, 370, 209-221.	1.0	64
120	Late Glacial and Early Holocene development of lakes in northeastern Poland in view of plant macrofossil analyses. <i>Quaternary International</i> , 2013, 292, 124-135.	0.7	43
121	Macrofossil Evidence of Early Holocene Presence of <i>Picea abies</i> (Norway Spruce) in NE Poland. <i>Annales Botanici Fennici</i> , 2013, 50, 129-141.	0.0	14
122	A 1300 Åyear multi-proxy, high-resolution record from a rich fen in northern Poland: reconstructing hydrology, land use and climate change. <i>Journal of Quaternary Science</i> , 2013, 28, 582-594.	1.1	35
123	Palaeoecological Studies on the Decline of <i>Cladium mariscus</i> (Cyperaceae) in NE Poland. <i>Annales Botanici Fennici</i> , 2012, 49, 305-318.	0.0	25
124	Climate and human induced hydrological change since AD 800 in an ombrotrophic mire in Pomerania (N Poland) tracked by testate amoebae, macrofossils, pollen and tree rings of pine. <i>Boreas</i> , 2009, 38, 214-229.	1.2	75
125	Last millennium palaeoenvironmental changes from a Baltic bog (Poland) inferred from stable isotopes, pollen, plant macrofossils and testate amoebae. <i>Palaeogeography, Palaeoclimatology, Palaeoecology</i> , 2008, 265, 93-106.	1.0	99
126	The Medieval Climate Anomaly in Oceania. <i>Environmental Reviews</i> , 0, , 1-10.	2.1	6

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127	Holocene history of the lake and forest island ecosystem at and around Lake Seliger, Valdai Hills (East) Tj ETQq1 1	0,784314	14