

Yeromin Paul Mlacha

List of Publications by Year in descending order

Source: <https://exaly.com/author-pdf/1858933/publications.pdf>

Version: 2024-02-01

9
papers

156
citations

1307594

7
h-index

1474206

9
g-index

13
all docs

13
docs citations

13
times ranked

247
citing authors

| # | ARTICLE | IF | CITATIONS |
|---|--|------|-----------|
| 1 | Reduced human-biting preferences of the African malaria vectors <i>Anopheles arabiensis</i> and <i>Anopheles gambiae</i> in an urban context: controlled, competitive host-preference experiments in Tanzania. <i>Malaria Journal</i> , 2020, 19, 418. | 2.3 | 6 |
| 2 | Effectiveness of the innovative 1,7-malaria reactive community-based testing and response (1, 7-mRCTR) approach on malaria burden reduction in Southeastern Tanzania. <i>Malaria Journal</i> , 2020, 19, 292. | 2.3 | 24 |
| 3 | Lidar reveals activity anomaly of malaria vectors during pan-African eclipse. <i>Science Advances</i> , 2020, 6, eaay5487. | 10.3 | 31 |
| 4 | Knowledge, attitudes and bite prevention practices and estimation of productivity of vector breeding sites using a Habitat Suitability Score (HSS) among households with confirmed dengue in the 2014 outbreak in Dar es Salaam, Tanzania. <i>PLoS Neglected Tropical Diseases</i> , 2020, 14, e0007278. | 3.0 | 7 |
| 5 | Suppression of malaria vector densities and human infection prevalence associated with scale-up of mosquito-proofed housing in Dar es Salaam, Tanzania: re-analysis of an observational series of parasitological and entomological surveys. <i>Lancet Planetary Health</i> , The, 2019, 3, e132-e143. | 11.4 | 32 |
| 6 | Topographic mapping of the interfaces between human and aquatic mosquito habitats to enable barrier targeting of interventions against malaria vectors. <i>Royal Society Open Science</i> , 2018, 5, 161055. | 2.4 | 7 |
| 7 | Epidemiological characterization of malaria in rural southern Tanzania following China-Tanzania pilot joint malaria control baseline survey. <i>Malaria Journal</i> , 2018, 17, 292. | 2.3 | 19 |
| 8 | Fine scale mapping of malaria infection clusters by using routinely collected health facility data in urban Dar es Salaam, Tanzania. <i>Geospatial Health</i> , 2017, 12, 494. | 0.8 | 14 |
| 9 | Spatially aggregated clusters and scattered smaller loci of elevated malaria vector density and human infection prevalence in urban Dar es Salaam, Tanzania. <i>Malaria Journal</i> , 2016, 15, 135. | 2.3 | 14 |