

Shiyam Sunder Tikmani

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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Version: 2024-02-01

14
papers

191
citations

1478505

6
h-index

1058476

14
g-index

16
all docs

16
docs citations

16
times ranked

268
citing authors

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
1	Maternal infection and stillbirth: a review. <i>Journal of Maternal-Fetal and Neonatal Medicine</i> , 2022, 35, 4442-4450.	1.5	4
2	Factors Associated With Parental Acceptance of Minimally Invasive Tissue Sampling to Identify the Causes of Stillbirth and Neonatal Death. <i>Clinical Infectious Diseases</i> , 2021, 73, S422-S429.	5.8	5
3	Clinical signs predictive of severe illness in young Pakistani infants. <i>BMC Research Notes</i> , 2021, 14, 71.	1.4	1
4	Frequency and risk factors of non-alcoholic fatty liver disease in <i>Helicobacter pylori</i> -infected dyspeptic patients: A cross-sectional study. <i>SAGE Open Medicine</i> , 2021, 9, 205031212110254.	1.8	1
5	Hemoglobin concentrations and adverse birth outcomes in South Asian pregnant women: findings from a prospective Maternal and Neonatal Health Registry. <i>Reproductive Health</i> , 2020, 17, 154.	3.1	23
6	Relationship Between Foot Length and Gestational Age in Pakistan. <i>Global Pediatric Health</i> , 2020, 7, 2333794X2097420.	0.7	3
7	Exploring women and traditional birth attendants' perceptions and experiences of stillbirths in district Thatta, Sindh, Pakistan: a qualitative study. <i>Reproductive Health</i> , 2020, 17, 3.	3.1	15
8	Perceptions of parents and religious leaders regarding minimal invasive tissue sampling to identify the cause of death in stillbirths and neonates: results from a qualitative study. <i>Reproductive Health</i> , 2019, 16, 53.	3.1	22
9	Perceptions of health professionals regarding minimally invasive tissue sampling (MITS) to identify the cause of death in stillbirths and neonates: results from a qualitative study. <i>Maternal Health, Neonatology and Perinatology</i> , 2019, 5, 17.	2.2	12
10	Perceptions of parents and healthcare professionals regarding minimal invasive tissue sampling to identify the cause of death in stillbirths and neonates: a qualitative study protocol. <i>Reproductive Health</i> , 2018, 15, 179.	3.1	5
11	Frequency of bloodstream infection in febrile neutropenic patients, experience from a developing country. <i>Annals of Medicine and Surgery</i> , 2018, 34, 71-74.	1.1	1
12	The project to understand and research preterm pregnancy outcomes and stillbirths in South Asia (PURPOSE): a protocol of a prospective, cohort study of causes of mortality among preterm births and stillbirths. <i>Reproductive Health</i> , 2018, 15, 89.	3.1	33
13	Trends and determinants of stillbirth in developing countries: results from the Global Network's Population-Based Birth Registry. <i>Reproductive Health</i> , 2018, 15, 100.	3.1	64
14	Monitoring of birth registry coverage and data quality utilizing lot quality assurance sampling methodology: A pilot study. <i>Journal of Family Medicine and Primary Care</i> , 2018, 7, 522.	0.9	1