

# Yongchuan Chai

## List of Publications by Year in descending order

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#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
1	Synergistic Effect of Erastin Combined with Nutlin-3 on Vestibular Schwannoma Cells as p53 Modulates Erastin-Induced Ferroptosis Response. <i>Journal of Oncology</i> , 2022, 2022, 1-18.	1.3	2
2	Identification and Characterization of a Cryptic Genomic Deletion-Insertion in EYA1 Associated with Branchio-Otic Syndrome. <i>Neural Plasticity</i> , 2021, 2021, 1-9.	2.2	3
3	Long-Term Hearing Preservation Outcomes for Small Vestibular Schwannomas: Retrosigmoid Removal Versus Observation. <i>Otology and Neurotology</i> , 2018, 39, e158-e165.	1.3	27
4	A Novel Missense Mutation of <i>NOG</i> Interferes With the Dimerization of NOG and Causes Proximal Symphalangism Syndrome in a Chinese Family. <i>Annals of Otology, Rhinology and Laryngology</i> , 2015, 124, 745-751.	1.1	11
5	A 7666-bp genomic deletion is frequent in Chinese Han deaf patients with non-syndromic enlarged vestibular aqueduct but without bi-allelic SLC26A4 mutations. <i>International Journal of Pediatric Otorhinolaryngology</i> , 2015, 79, 2248-2252.	1.0	5
6	Mono-allelic mutations of SLC26A4 is over-presented in deaf patients with non-syndromic enlarged vestibular aqueduct. <i>International Journal of Pediatric Otorhinolaryngology</i> , 2015, 79, 1351-1353.	1.0	16
7	A 1.6-Mb Microdeletion in Chromosome 17q22 Leads to <i>NOG</i> -Related Symphalangism Spectrum Disorder without Intellectual Disability. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2015, 10, e0120816.	2.5	8
8	Targeted Next-Generation Sequencing in Uyghur Families with Non-Syndromic Sensorineural Hearing Loss. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2015, 10, e0127879.	2.5	24
9	Characterization of Spectrum, de novo Rate and Genotype-Phenotype Correlation of Dominant GJB2 Mutations in Chinese Hans. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2014, 9, e100483.	2.5	15
10	Molecular etiology of non-dominant, non-syndromic, mild-to-moderate childhood hearing impairment in Chinese Hans. <i>American Journal of Medical Genetics, Part A</i> , 2014, 164, 3115-3119.	1.2	7
11	Identification of both MT-RNR1 m.1555A>G and bi-allelic GJB2 mutations in probands with non-syndromic hearing loss. <i>International Journal of Pediatric Otorhinolaryngology</i> , 2014, 78, 614-617.	1.0	3
12	A novel splice site mutation in DFNA5 causes late-onset progressive non-syndromic hearing loss in a Chinese family. <i>International Journal of Pediatric Otorhinolaryngology</i> , 2014, 78, 1265-1268.	1.0	27
13	Molecular etiology of hearing impairment associated with nonsyndromic enlarged vestibular aqueduct in East China. <i>American Journal of Medical Genetics, Part A</i> , 2013, 161, 2226-2233.	1.2	29