## Paulina M Merino

List of Publications by Year in descending order

Source: https://exaly.com/author-pdf/1785065/publications.pdf

Version: 2024-02-01

933447 713466 21 497 10 21 citations h-index g-index papers 23 23 23 711 docs citations times ranked citing authors all docs

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
1	Contraception for Adolescents and Young Women with Type 2 Diabetes–Specific Considerations. Current Diabetes Reports, 2022, 22, 77.	4.2	1
2	Infantile/Capillary Hemangioma of the Uterine Corpus: A Rare Cause of Abnormal Genital Bleeding. Journal of Pediatric and Adolescent Gynecology, 2022, 35, 597-600.	0.7	2
3	High DHEAS in girls and metabolic features throughout pubertal maturation. Clinical Endocrinology, 2022, 96, 419-427.	2.4	6
4	Increased Burden of Rare Sequence Variants in GnRH-Associated Genes in Women With Hypothalamic Amenorrhea. Journal of Clinical Endocrinology and Metabolism, 2021, 106, e1441-e1452.	3.6	13
5	Phenotypic continuum between Waardenburg syndrome and idiopathic hypogonadotropic hypogonadism in humans with SOX10 variants. Genetics in Medicine, 2021, 23, 629-636.	2.4	9
6	<scp>Longâ€acting</scp> contraception in adolescents and young women with type 1 and type 2 diabetes. Pediatric Diabetes, 2020, 21, 1074-1082.	2.9	11
7	Age at Pubertal Development in a Hispanic-Latina Female Population: Should the Definitions Be Revisited?. Journal of Pediatric and Adolescent Gynecology, 2019, 32, 579-583.	0.7	9
8	High DHEAS Level in Girls Is Associated with Earlier Pubertal Maturation and Mild Increase in Androgens throughout Puberty without Affecting Postmenarche Ovarian Morphology. Hormone Research in Paediatrics, 2019, 92, 357-364.	1.8	13
9	Ovarian Function in Adolescents Conceived Using Assisted Reproductive Technologies. Journal of Pediatric and Adolescent Gynecology, 2019, 32, 117-121.	0.7	3
10	Discordance in the Dependence on Kisspeptin Signaling in Mini Puberty vs Adolescent Puberty: Human Genetic Evidence. Journal of Clinical Endocrinology and Metabolism, 2018, 103, 1273-1276.	3.6	9
11	New Diagnostic Criteria of Polycystic Ovarian Morphology for Adolescents: Impact on Prevalence and Hormonal Profile. Hormone Research in Paediatrics, 2017, 88, 401-407.	1.8	18
12	Elevation of C-reactive protein during the luteal phase in healthy adolescents. Gynecological Endocrinology, 2015, 31, 260-263.	1.7	2
13	Hirsutism and oligomenorrhea are appropriate screening criteria for polycystic ovary syndrome in adolescents. Gynecological Endocrinology, 2015, 31, 625-629.	1.7	31
14	Functionally compromisedCHD7alleles in patients with isolated GnRH deficiency. Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America, 2014, 111, 17953-17958.	7.1	74
15	When Genetic Load Does Not Correlate with Phenotypic Spectrum: Lessons from the GnRH Receptor ( <i>GNRHR</i> ). Journal of Clinical Endocrinology and Metabolism, 2012, 97, E1798-E1807.	3.6	43
16	Addressing fertility and reproductive issues in female adolescents with diabetes. Diabetes Management, 2012, 2, 479-482.	0.5	3
17	Screening of Chlamydia Trachomatis Using Self-Sampling Vaginal Swab. Journal of Pediatric and Adolescent Gynecology, 2012, 25, e35.	0.7	O
18	Contraception, and pregnancy in adolescents with type 1 diabetes: a review. Pediatric Diabetes, 2012, 13, 108-123.	2.9	29

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
19	Polycystic ovarian morphology in postmenarchal adolescents. Fertility and Sterility, 2011, 95, 702-706.e2.	1.0	86
20	A rational approach to the diagnosis of polycystic ovarian syndrome during adolescence. Arquivos Brasileiros De Endocrinologia E Metabologia, 2011, 55, 590-598.	1.3	26
21	Expanding the Phenotype and Genotype of Female GnRH Deficiency. Journal of Clinical Endocrinology and Metabolism, 2011, 96, E566-E576.	3.6	97