## Sarah E Seaton

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
1	Neurodevelopmental outcomes following late and moderate prematurity: a population-based cohort study. Archives of Disease in Childhood: Fetal and Neonatal Edition, 2015, 100, F301-F308.	2.8	209
2	Neonatal outcomes and delivery of care for infants born late preterm or moderately preterm: a prospective population-based study. Archives of Disease in Childhood: Fetal and Neonatal Edition, 2015, 100, F479-F485.	2.8	113
3	Infants Born Late/Moderately Preterm Are at Increased Risk for a Positive Autism Screen at 2ÂYears of Age. Journal of Pediatrics, 2015, 166, 269-275.e3.	1.8	88
4	Population-Based Estimates of In-Unit Survival for Very Preterm Infants. Pediatrics, 2013, 131, e425-e432.	2.1	71
5	Economic costs associated with moderate and late preterm birth: a prospective populationâ€based study. BJOC: an International Journal of Obstetrics and Gynaecology, 2015, 122, 1495-1505.	2.3	68
6	Estimating neonatal length of stay for babies born very preterm. Archives of Disease in Childhood: Fetal and Neonatal Edition, 2019, 104, F182-F186.	2.8	57
7	What factors predict length of stay in a neonatal unit: a systematic review. BMJ Open, 2016, 6, e010466.	1.9	52
8	Babies born at the threshold of viability: changes in survival and workload over 20 years. Archives of Disease in Childhood: Fetal and Neonatal Edition, 2013, 98, F15-F20.	2.8	38
9	Updated birth weight centiles for England and Wales. Archives of Disease in Childhood: Fetal and Neonatal Edition, 2018, 103, F577-F582.	2.8	37
10	Associations between late and moderately preterm birth and smoking, alcohol, drug use and diet: a population-based case–cohort study. Archives of Disease in Childhood: Fetal and Neonatal Edition, 2015, 100, F486-F491.	2.8	36
11	Socioeconomic inequalities in the rate of stillbirths by cause: a population-based study. BMJ Open, 2012, 2, e001100.	1.9	27
12	Birthweight Centile Charts for South Asian Infants Born in the UK. Neonatology, 2011, 100, 398-403.	2.0	25
13	The probability of being identified as an outlier with commonly used funnel plot control limits for the standardised mortality ratio. BMC Medical Research Methodology, 2012, 12, 98.	3.1	22
14	What is the probability of detecting poorly performing hospitals using funnel plots?. BMJ Quality and Safety, 2013, 22, 870-876.	3.7	21
15	Testing adults by questionnaire for social and communication disorders, including autism spectrum disorders, in an adult mental health service population. International Journal of Methods in Psychiatric Research, 2020, 29, e1814.	2.1	19
16	Modelling Time to Death or Discharge in Neonatal Care: An Application of Competing Risks. Paediatric and Perinatal Epidemiology, 2013, 27, 426-433.	1.7	18
17	Telephone interviews and online questionnaires can be used to improve neurodevelopmental follow-up rates. BMC Research Notes, 2014, 7, 219.	1.4	17
18	Assessing the deprivation gap in stillbirths and neonatal deaths by cause of death: a national population-based study. Archives of Disease in Childhood: Fetal and Neonatal Edition, 2019, 104, F624-F630.	2.8	15

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19	Variations in Neonatal Length of Stay of Babies Born Extremely Preterm: An International Comparison Between iNeo Networks. Journal of Pediatrics, 2021, 233, 26-32.e6.	1.8	14
20	Differences in access to Emergency Paediatric Intensive Care and care during Transport (DEPICT): study protocol for a mixed methods study. BMJ Open, 2019, 9, e028000.	1.9	12
21	Funnel plot control limits to identify poorly performing healthcare providers when there is uncertainty in the value of the benchmark. Statistical Methods in Medical Research, 2016, 25, 2670-2684.	1.5	11
22	Does time taken by paediatric critical care transport teams to reach the bedside of critically ill children affect survival? A retrospective cohort study from England and Wales. BMC Pediatrics, 2020, 20, 301.	1.7	10
23	Modelling the allocation of paediatric intensive care retrieval teams in England and Wales. Archives of Disease in Childhood, 2019, 104, 962-966.	1.9	9
24	Specifying the Probability Characteristics of Funnel Plot Control Limits: An Investigation of Three Approaches. PLoS ONE, 2012, 7, e45723.	2.5	9
25	Modelling Neonatal Care Pathways for Babies Born Preterm: An Application of Multistate Modelling. PLoS ONE, 2016, 11, e0165202.	2.5	9
26	Using a genetic algorithm to solve a non-linear location allocation problem for specialised children's ambulances in England and Wales. Health Systems, 2022, 11, 161-171.	1.2	7
27	Towards reducing variations in infant mortality and morbidity: a population-based approach. Programme Grants for Applied Research, 2016, 4, 1-218.	1.0	7
28	Quantifying the Potential Bias when Directly Comparing Standardised Mortality Ratios for In-Unit Neonatal Mortality. PLoS ONE, 2013, 8, e61237.	2.5	6
29	Optimising neonatal service provision for preterm babies born between 27 and 31 weeks gestation in England (OPTI-PREM), using national data, qualitative research and economic analysis: a study protocol. BMJ Open, 2019, 9, e029421.	1.9	6
30	Congenital Cardiac Surgery and Parental Perception of Risk: A Quantitative Analysis. World Journal for Pediatric & Congenital Heart Surgery, 2019, 10, 669-677.	0.8	4
31	Impact on 30-day survival of time taken by a critical care transport team to reach the bedside of critically ill children. Intensive Care Medicine, 2020, 46, 1953-1955.	8.2	3
32	The effect of care provided by paediatric critical care transport teams on mortality of children transported to paediatric intensive care units in England and Wales: a retrospective cohort study. BMC Pediatrics, 2021, 21, 217.	1.7	3
33	Development of a parent experience measure for paediatric critical care transport teams. Nursing in Critical Care, 2021, , .	2.3	2
34	Can we estimate the length of stay of very preterm multiples?. Archives of Disease in Childhood: Fetal and Neonatal Edition, 2019, 104, F568-F570.	2.8	1