Camelia E Hostinar

List of Publications by Year in descending order

Source: https://exaly.com/author-pdf/1774526/publications.pdf

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30 1,762 16 29
papers citations h-index g-index

36 36 36 2429 all docs docs citations times ranked citing authors

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
1	The Development of Shyness from Late Childhood to Adolescence: A Longitudinal Study of Mexican-Origin Youth. Social Psychological and Personality Science, 2023, 14, 13-25.	3.9	O
2	Respiratory Sinus Arrhythmia as a Physiological Resilience Marker for Children's Health. Psychosomatic Medicine, 2022, 84, 374-382.	2.0	3
3	A systematic review and meta-analysis of the association between parenting and child autonomic nervous system activity. Neuroscience and Biobehavioral Reviews, 2022, 139, 104734.	6.1	7
4	Children's altruism following acute stress: The role of autonomic nervous system activity and social support. Developmental Science, 2021, 24, e13099.	2.4	6
5	Adiposity, inflammation, and working memory: Evidence for a vicious cycle. Brain, Behavior, & Immunity - Health, 2021, 13, 100202.	2.5	14
6	Associations between peripheral inflammation and resting state functional connectivity in adolescents. Brain, Behavior, and Immunity, 2021, 95, 96-105.	4.1	18
7	Curvilinear associations between family income in early childhood and the cortisol awakening response in adolescence. Psychoneuroendocrinology, 2021, 129, 105237.	2.7	4
8	Heart rate variability and circulating inflammatory markers in midlife. Brain, Behavior, & Immunity - Health, 2021, 15, 100273.	2.5	11
9	Caregiver subjective and physiological markers of stress and patient heart failure severity in family care dyads. Psychoneuroendocrinology, 2021, 133, 105399.	2.7	6
10	Anxious to see you: Neuroendocrine mechanisms of social vigilance and anxiety during adolescence. European Journal of Neuroscience, 2020, 52, 2516-2529.	2.6	24
11	Childhood parental warmth and heart rate variability in midlife: Implications for health. Personal Relationships, 2020, 27, 506-525.	1.5	6
12	The Role of Childhood Executive Function in Explaining Income Disparities in Longâ€Term Academic Achievement. Child Development, 2020, 91, e1046-e1063.	3.0	17
13	Autonomic nervous system activity predicts increasing serum cytokines in children. Psychoneuroendocrinology, 2020, 119, 104745.	2.7	18
14	Parenting matters: Parents can reduce or amplify children's anxiety and cortisol responses to acute stress. Development and Psychopathology, 2020, 32, 1799-1809.	2.3	14
15	Cognitive–affective strategies and cortisol stress reactivity in children and adolescents: Normative development and effects of early life stress. Developmental Psychobiology, 2019, 61, 999-1013.	1.6	17
16	Conceptualizing Puberty as a Window of Opportunity for Impacting Health and Wellâ€Being Across the Life Span. Journal of Research on Adolescence, 2019, 29, 155-176.	3.7	64
17	Longitudinal associations between attachment quality in infancy, C-reactive protein in early childhood, and BMI in middle childhood: preliminary evidence from a CPS-referred sample. Attachment and Human Development, 2019, 21, 5-22.	2.1	28
18	Protective factors for youth confronting economic hardship: Current challenges and future avenues in resilience research American Psychologist, 2019, 74, 641-652.	4.2	51

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
19	Future Directions in the Study of Early-Life Stress and Physical and Emotional Health: Implications of the Neuroimmune Network Hypothesis. Journal of Clinical Child and Adolescent Psychology, 2018, 47, 142-156.	3.4	62
20	Racial/ethnic disparities in cortisol diurnal patterns and affect in adolescence. Development and Psychopathology, 2018, 30, 1977-1993.	2.3	23
21	Early-Life Socioeconomic Disadvantage and Metabolic Health Disparities. Psychosomatic Medicine, 2017, 79, 514-523.	2.0	34
22	Psychosocial functioning and the cortisol awakening response: Meta-analysis, P-curve analysis, and evaluation of the evidential value in existing studies. Biological Psychology, 2017, 129, 207-230.	2.2	71
23	Threat vigilance and socioeconomic disparities in metabolic health. Development and Psychopathology, 2017, 29, 1721-1733.	2.3	5
24	Frontal brain asymmetry, childhood maltreatment, and low-grade inflammation at midlife. Psychoneuroendocrinology, 2017, 75, 152-163.	2.7	28
25	Parent support is less effective in buffering cortisol stress reactivity for adolescents compared to children. Developmental Science, 2015, 18, 281-297.	2.4	185
26	Modeling the association between lifecourse socioeconomic disadvantage and systemic inflammation in healthy adults: The role of self-control Health Psychology, 2015, 34, 580-590.	1.6	31
27	The social buffering of the hypothalamic–pituitary–adrenocortical axis in humans: Developmental and experiential determinants. Social Neuroscience, 2015, 10, 479-488.	1.3	152
28	Additive contributions of childhood adversity and recent stressors to inflammation at midlife: Findings from the MIDUS study Developmental Psychology, 2015, 51, 1630-1644.	1.6	114
29	Psychobiological mechanisms underlying the social buffering of the hypothalamic–pituitary–adrenocortical axis: A review of animal models and human studies across development Psychological Bulletin, 2014, 140, 256-282.	6.1	558
30	Associations between early life adversity and executive function in children adopted internationally from orphanages. Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America, 2012, 109, 17208-17212.	7.1	187