

# Hans Joosten

## List of Publications by Year in descending order

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Version: 2024-02-01

43  
papers

2,186  
citations

331670

21  
h-index

265206

42  
g-index

49  
all docs

49  
docs citations

49  
times ranked

2655  
citing authors

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
1	From genes to landscapes: Pattern formation and self-regulation in raised bogs with an example from Tierra del Fuego. <i>Ecosphere</i> , 2022, 13, .	2.2	1
2	Recovering wetland biogeomorphic feedbacks to restore the world's biotic carbon hotspots. <i>Science</i> , 2022, 376, eabn1479.	12.6	93
3	Axenic <i>in vitro</i> cultivation of 19 peat moss ( <i>Sphagnum</i> L.) species as a resource for basic biology, biotechnology, and paludiculture. <i>New Phytologist</i> , 2021, 229, 861-876.	7.3	28
4	Great Vasyugan Mire: How the world's largest peatland helps addressing the world's largest problems. <i>Ambio</i> , 2021, 50, 2038-2049.	5.5	18
5	Assessing Wood and Soil Carbon Losses from a Forest-Peat Fire in the Boreo-Nemoral Zone. <i>Forests</i> , 2021, 12, 880.	2.1	9
6	Mires in Europe – Regional Diversity, Condition and Protection. <i>Diversity</i> , 2021, 13, 381.	1.7	36
7	Wet peatland utilisation for climate protection – An international survey of paludiculture innovation. <i>Cleaner Engineering and Technology</i> , 2021, 5, 100305.	4.0	21
8	Rewetting does not return drained fen peatlands to their old selves. <i>Nature Communications</i> , 2021, 12, 5693.	12.8	75
9	Addressing Peatland Rewetting in Russian Federation Climate Reporting. <i>Land</i> , 2021, 10, 1200.	2.9	8
10	Multispectral satellite based monitoring of land cover change and associated fire reduction after large-scale peatland rewetting following the 2010 peat fires in Moscow Region (Russia). <i>Ecological Engineering</i> , 2020, 158, 106044.	3.6	18
11	Short-distance distribution patterns of testate amoebae in an Arctic ice-wedge polygon mire (Berelekh-Indigirka lowlands, NE Siberia). <i>Polar Biology</i> , 2020, 43, 1321-1340.	1.2	2
12	From Understanding to Sustainable Use of Peatlands: The WETSCAPES Approach. <i>Soil Systems</i> , 2020, 4, 14.	2.6	45
13	<i>Sphagnum</i> growth under N saturation: interactive effects of water level and P or K fertilization. <i>Plant Biology</i> , 2020, 22, 394-403.	3.8	13
14	Prompt rewetting of drained peatlands reduces climate warming despite methane emissions. <i>Nature Communications</i> , 2020, 11, 1644.	12.8	168
15	Nutrient dynamics of <i>Sphagnum</i> farming on rewetted bog grassland in NW Germany. <i>Science of the Total Environment</i> , 2020, 726, 138470.	8.0	13
16	Seven years of spider community succession in a <i>Sphagnum</i> farm. <i>Journal of Arachnology</i> , 2020, 48, .	0.5	4
17	A robust vegetation-based elevation transfer method for reconstructing Arctic polygon mire palaeo-microtopography. <i>Palaeogeography, Palaeoclimatology, Palaeoecology</i> , 2019, 522, 12-27.	2.3	1
18	Archive value: measuring the palaeo-information content of peatlands in a conservation and compensation perspective. <i>International Journal of Biodiversity Science, Ecosystem Services &amp; Management</i> , 2018, 14, 209-220.	2.9	6

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19	SOC Stock Changes and Greenhouse Gas Emissions Following Tropical Land Use Conversions to Plantation Crops on Mineral Soils, with a Special Focus on Oil Palm and Rubber Plantations. <i>Agriculture (Switzerland)</i> , 2018, 8, 133.	3.1	19
20	Vegetation, recent pollen deposition, and distribution of some non-pollen palynomorphs in a degrading ice-wedge polygon mire complex near Pokhodsk (NE Siberia), including size-frequency analyses of pollen attributable to <i>Betula</i> . <i>Review of Palaeobotany and Palynology</i> , 2017, 238, 122-143.	1.5	15
21	MARCO POLO – A new and simple tool for pollen-based stand-scale vegetation reconstruction. <i>Holocene</i> , 2017, 27, 321-330.	1.7	19
22	Peatland biodiversity and its restoration. , 2016, , 44-62.		7
23	The role of peatlands in climate regulation. , 2016, , 63-76.		59
24	4000 Years of Changing Wetness in a Permafrost Polygon Peatland (Kytalyk, NE Siberia): A Comparative High-Resolution Multi-Proxy Study. <i>Permafrost and Periglacial Processes</i> , 2016, 27, 76-95.	3.4	28
25	Sphagnum farming: the promised land for peat bog species?. <i>Biodiversity and Conservation</i> , 2015, 24, 1989-2009.	2.6	14
26	Forest dynamics and tip-up pools drive pulses of high carbon accumulation rates in a tropical peat dome in Borneo (Southeast Asia). <i>Journal of Geophysical Research G: Biogeosciences</i> , 2015, 120, 617-640.	3.0	56
27	Vegetation patterns, pollen deposition and distribution of non-pollen palynomorphs in an ice-wedge polygon near Kytalyk (NE Siberia), with some remarks on Arctic pollen morphology. <i>Polar Biology</i> , 2014, 37, 1393-1412.	1.2	20
28	Investing in nature: Developing ecosystem service markets for peatland restoration. <i>Ecosystem Services</i> , 2014, 9, 54-65.	5.4	98
29	Younger Dryas cold stage vegetation patterns of central Europe – climate, soil and relief controls. <i>Boreas</i> , 2012, 41, 391-407.	2.4	45
30	Pollen and non-pollen palynomorphs as tools for identifying alder carr deposits: A surface sample study from NE-Germany. <i>Review of Palaeobotany and Palynology</i> , 2012, 186, 38-57.	1.5	23
31	Expanding NPP analysis to eutrophic and forested sites: Significance of NPPs in a Holocene wood peat section (NE Germany). <i>Review of Palaeobotany and Palynology</i> , 2012, 186, 22-37.	1.5	19
32	Development and carbon sequestration of tropical peat domes in south-east Asia: links to post-glacial sea-level changes and Holocene climate variability. <i>Quaternary Science Reviews</i> , 2011, 30, 999-1010.	3.0	164
33	Short-term dynamics of a low-centred ice-wedge polygon near Chokurdakh (NE Yakutia, NE Siberia) and climate change during the last ca 1250 years. <i>Quaternary Science Reviews</i> , 2011, 30, 3013-3031.	3.0	41
34	Assessing greenhouse gas emissions from peatlands using vegetation as a proxy. <i>Hydrobiologia</i> , 2011, 674, 67-89.	2.0	200
35	Greenhouse gas fluxes from tropical peatlands in south-east Asia. <i>Global Change Biology</i> , 2010, 16, 1715-1732.	9.5	361
36	Vegetation patterns, recent pollen deposition and distribution of non-pollen palynomorphs in a polygon mire near Chokurdakh (NE Yakutia, NE Siberia). <i>Boreas</i> , 2009, 38, 39-58.	2.4	25

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37	Patterns in vegetation composition, surface height and thaw depth in polygon mires in the Yakutian Arctic (NE Siberia): a microtopographical characterisation of the active layer. <i>Permafrost and Periglacial Processes</i> , 2009, 20, 357-368.	3.4	50
38	DAMOCLES: a DAsHING MOlolith Cutter for fine sectioning of peats and sediments into LargE Slices. <i>Boreas</i> , 2007, 36, 76-81.	2.4	17
39	DAMOCLES: a DAsHING MOlolith Cutter for fine sectioning of peats and sediments into LargE Slices. <i>Boreas</i> , 2007, 36, 76-81.	2.4	21
40	Vegetation characteristics and eco-hydrological processes in a pristine mire in the Ob River valley (Western Siberia). <i>Plant Ecology</i> , 2007, 193, 131-145.	1.6	27
41	Non-pollen palynomorphs from modern Alder carrs and their potential for interpreting microfossil data from peat. <i>Review of Palaeobotany and Palynology</i> , 2006, 141, 7-31.	1.5	54
42	Palaeoecological analysis of <i>Alnus</i> wood peats with special attention to non-pollen palynomorphs. <i>Review of Palaeobotany and Palynology</i> , 2006, 141, 33-51.	1.5	43
43	Self-organization in raised bog patterning: the origin of microtope zonation and mesotope diversity. <i>Journal of Ecology</i> , 2005, 93, 1238-1248.	4.0	70