Michael Klompas

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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Version: 2024-02-01

294 papers 19,739 citations

66 h-index

14644

129 g-index

297 all docs

297 docs citations

297 times ranked 15698 citing authors

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
1	Management of Adults With Hospital-acquired and Ventilator-associated Pneumonia: 2016 Clinical Practice Guidelines by the Infectious Diseases Society of America and the American Thoracic Society. Clinical Infectious Diseases, 2016, 63, e61-e111.	2.9	2,405
2	Surviving sepsis campaign: international guidelines for management of sepsis and septic shock 2021. Intensive Care Medicine, 2021, 47, 1181-1247.	3.9	1,503
3	Incidence and Trends of Sepsis in US Hospitals Using Clinical vs Claims Data, 2009-2014. JAMA - Journal of the American Medical Association, 2017, 318, 1241.	3.8	1,180
4	Surviving Sepsis Campaign: International Guidelines for Management of Sepsis and Septic Shock 2021. Critical Care Medicine, 2021, 49, e1063-e1143.	0.4	927
5	Developing a New, National Approach to Surveillance for Ventilator-Associated Events*. Critical Care Medicine, 2013, 41, 2467-2475.	0.4	634
6	Ventilator-associated pneumonia in adults: a narrative review. Intensive Care Medicine, 2020, 46, 888-906.	3.9	361
7	Prevalence, Underlying Causes, and Preventability of Sepsis-Associated Mortality in US Acute Care Hospitals. JAMA Network Open, 2019, 2, e187571.	2.8	327
8	Does This Patient Have an Acute Thoracic Aortic Dissection?. JAMA - Journal of the American Medical Association, 2002, 287, 2262.	3.8	304
9	Strategies to Prevent Ventilator-Associated Pneumonia in Acute Care Hospitals: 2014 Update. Infection Control and Hospital Epidemiology, 2014, 35, 915-936.	1.0	282
10	Strategies to Prevent Ventilator-Associated Pneumonia in Acute Care Hospitals. Infection Control and Hospital Epidemiology, 2008, 29, S31-S40.	1.0	275
11	Does This Patient Have Ventilator-Associated Pneumonia?. JAMA - Journal of the American Medical Association, 2007, 297, 1583.	3.8	251
12	Uses of Electronic Health Records for Public Health Surveillance to Advance Public Health. Annual Review of Public Health, 2015, 36, 345-359.	7.6	250
13	Difficult-to-Treat Resistance in Gram-negative Bacteremia at 173 US Hospitals: Retrospective Cohort Analysis of Prevalence, Predictors, and Outcome of Resistance to All First-line Agents. Clinical Infectious Diseases, 2018, 67, 1803-1814.	2.9	234
14	Reappraisal of Routine Oral Care With Chlorhexidine Gluconate for Patients Receiving Mechanical Ventilation. JAMA Internal Medicine, 2014, 174, 751.	2.6	222
15	Universal Masking in Hospitals in the Covid-19 Era. New England Journal of Medicine, 2020, 382, e63.	13.9	220
16	Executive Summary: Surviving Sepsis Campaign: International Guidelines for the Management of Sepsis and Septic Shock 2021. Critical Care Medicine, 2021, 49, 1974-1982.	0.4	209
17	Regulatory Mandates for Sepsis Care — Reasons for Caution. New England Journal of Medicine, 2014, 370, 1673-1676.	13.9	195
18	Interobserver variability in ventilator-associated pneumonia surveillance. American Journal of Infection Control, 2010, 38, 237-239.	1.1	194

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19	Development of an Algorithm for Surveillance of Ventilator-Associated Pneumonia With Electronic Data and Comparison of Algorithm Results With Clinician Diagnoses. Infection Control and Hospital Epidemiology, 2008, 29, 31-37.	1.0	192
20	Prevalence of Antibiotic-Resistant Pathogens in Culture-Proven Sepsis and Outcomes Associated With Inadequate and Broad-Spectrum Empiric Antibiotic Use. JAMA Network Open, 2020, 3, e202899.	2.8	190
21	Duration of Severe Acute Respiratory Syndrome Coronavirus 2 (SARS-CoV-2) Infectivity: When Is It Safe to Discontinue Isolation?. Clinical Infectious Diseases, 2021, 72, 1467-1474.	2.9	185
22	Incidence of Nosocomial COVID-19 in Patients Hospitalized at a Large US Academic Medical Center. JAMA Network Open, 2020, 3, e2020498.	2.8	184
23	Complications of Mechanical Ventilation — The CDC's New Surveillance Paradigm. New England Journal of Medicine, 2013, 368, 1472-1475.	13.9	172
24	Estimating Ten-Year Trends in Septic ShockÂlncidence and Mortality in United States Academic Medical CentersÂUsing Clinical Data. Chest, 2017, 151, 278-285.	0.4	172
25	Multicenter Evaluation of a Novel Surveillance Paradigm for Complications of Mechanical Ventilation. PLoS ONE, 2011, 6, e18062.	1.1	157
26	Automated Detection and Classification of Type 1 Versus Type 2 Diabetes Using Electronic Health Record Data. Diabetes Care, 2013, 36, 914-921.	4.3	157
27	The Clinical Impact and Preventability of Ventilator-Associated Conditions in Critically Ill Patients Who Are Mechanically Ventilated. Chest, 2013, 144, 1453-1460.	0.4	156
28	The Preventability of Ventilator-associated Events. The CDC Prevention Epicenters Wake Up and Breathe Collaborative. American Journal of Respiratory and Critical Care Medicine, 2015, 191, 292-301.	2.5	155
29	Comparison of Trends in Sepsis Incidence and Coding Using Administrative Claims Versus Objective Clinical Data. Clinical Infectious Diseases, 2015, 60, 88-95.	2.9	147
30	Toward Improved Surveillance: The Impact of Ventilator-Associated Complications on Length of Stay and Antibiotic Use in Patients in Intensive Care Units. Clinical Infectious Diseases, 2013, 56, 471-477.	2.9	141
31	Uptake and Accuracy of the Diagnosis Code for COVID-19 Among US Hospitalizations. JAMA - Journal of the American Medical Association, 2020, 324, 2553.	3.8	139
32	Antibiotics for Sepsisâ€"Finding the Equilibrium. JAMA - Journal of the American Medical Association, 2018, 320, 1433.	3.8	136
33	Diagnosing sepsis is subjective and highly variable: a survey of intensivists using case vignettes. Critical Care, 2016, 20, 89.	2.5	134
34	Association Between Caseload Surge and COVID-19 Survival in 558 U.S. Hospitals, March to August 2020. Annals of Internal Medicine, 2021, 174, 1240-1251.	2.0	133
35	Infectious Diseases Society of America (IDSA) POSITION STATEMENT: Why IDSA Did Not Endorse the Surviving Sepsis Campaign Guidelines. Clinical Infectious Diseases, 2018, 66, 1631-1635.	2.9	132
36	Inappropriate empirical antibiotic therapy for bloodstream infections based on discordant in-vitro susceptibilities: a retrospective cohort analysis of prevalence, predictors, and mortality risk in US hospitals. Lancet Infectious Diseases, The, 2021, 21, 241-251.	4.6	130

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37	A Framework for the Development and Interpretation of Different Sepsis Definitions and Clinical Criteria. Critical Care Medicine, 2016, 44, e113-e121.	0.4	125
38	Strategies to Prevent Ventilator-Associated Pneumonia in Acute Care Hospitals: 2014 Update. Infection Control and Hospital Epidemiology, 2014, 35, S133-S154.	1.0	123
39	Objective surveillance definitions for ventilator-associated pneumonia*. Critical Care Medicine, 2012, 40, 3154-3161.	0.4	119
40	What Is an Aerosol-Generating Procedure?. JAMA Surgery, 2021, 156, 113.	2.2	119
41	A Compendium of Strategies to Prevent Healthcare-Associated Infections in Acute Care Hospitals: 2014 Updates. Infection Control and Hospital Epidemiology, 2014, 35, 967-977.	1.0	113
42	Associations Between Ventilator Bundle Components and Outcomes. JAMA Internal Medicine, 2016, 176, 1277.	2.6	112
43	Ventilator-Associated Pneumonia—The Wrong Quality Measure for Benchmarking. Annals of Internal Medicine, 2007, 147, 803.	2.0	111
44	Developing a New, National Approach to Surveillance for Ventilator-Associated Events. Chest, 2013, 144, 1448-1452.	0.4	110
45	Trend in Ventilator-Associated Pneumonia Rates Between 2005 and 2013. JAMA - Journal of the American Medical Association, 2016, 316, 2427.	3.8	106
46	Coronavirus Disease 2019 (COVID-19): Protecting Hospitals From the Invisible. Annals of Internal Medicine, 2020, 172, 619-620.	2.0	106
47	A SARS-CoV-2 Cluster in an Acute Care Hospital. Annals of Internal Medicine, 2021, 174, 794-802.	2.0	106
48	Automated Surveillance of Health Care–Associated Infections. Clinical Infectious Diseases, 2009, 48, 1268-1275.	2.9	103
49	Compliance With the National SEP-1 Quality Measure and Association With Sepsis Outcomes: A Multicenter Retrospective Cohort Study*. Critical Care Medicine, 2018, 46, 1585-1591.	0.4	103
50	Infectious Diseases Society of America Position Paper: Recommended Revisions to the National Severe Sepsis and Septic Shock Early Management Bundle (SEP-1) Sepsis Quality Measure. Clinical Infectious Diseases, 2021, 72, 541-552.	2.9	103
51	Herpes Zoster and Postherpetic Neuralgia Surveillance Using Structured Electronic Data. Mayo Clinic Proceedings, 2011, 86, 1146-1153.	1.4	98
52	Diagnosis of ventilator-associated pneumonia in critically ill adult patientsâ€"a systematic review and meta-analysis. Intensive Care Medicine, 2020, 46, 1170-1179.	3.9	98
53	Descriptive Epidemiology and Attributable Morbidity of Ventilator-Associated Events. Infection Control and Hospital Epidemiology, 2014, 35, 502-510.	1.0	96
54	Subglottic Secretion Drainage and Objective Outcomes. Critical Care Medicine, 2016, 44, 830-840.	0.4	96

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55	Sepsis trends: increasing incidence and decreasing mortality, or changing denominator?. Journal of Thoracic Disease, 2020, 12, S89-S100.	0.6	91
56	State and Local Chronic Disease Surveillance Using Electronic Health Record Systems. American Journal of Public Health, 2017, 107, 1406-1412.	1.5	91
57	Development and validation of an automated HIV prediction algorithm to identify candidates for pre-exposure prophylaxis: a modelling study. Lancet HIV, the, 2019, 6, e696-e704.	2.1	87
58	Sepsis Surveillance Using Adult Sepsis Events Simplified eSOFA Criteria Versus Sepsis-3 Sequential Organ Failure Assessment Criteria*. Critical Care Medicine, 2019, 47, 307-314.	0.4	85
59	Potential Strategies to Prevent Ventilator-associated Events. American Journal of Respiratory and Critical Care Medicine, 2015, 192, 1420-1430.	2.5	83
60	Rapid and Reproducible Surveillance for Ventilator-Associated Pneumonia. Clinical Infectious Diseases, 2012, 54, 370-377.	2.9	80
61	Healthcare-associated infections in adult intensive care unit patients: Changes in epidemiology, diagnosis, prevention and contributions of new technologies. Intensive and Critical Care Nursing, 2022, 70, 103227.	1.4	80
62	Risk of Misleading Ventilatorâ€Associated Pneumonia Rates with Use of Standard Clinical and Microbiological Criteria. Clinical Infectious Diseases, 2008, 46, 1443-1446.	2.9	79
63	Electronic Support for Public Health: Validated Case Finding and Reporting for Notifiable Diseases Using Electronic Medical Data. Journal of the American Medical Informatics Association: JAMIA, 2009, 16, 18-24.	2.2	79
64	Risk Factors for Ventilator-Associated Events. Critical Care Medicine, 2014, 42, 1839-1848.	0.4	76
65	Epidemiology of Hospital-Onset Versus Community-Onset Sepsis in U.S. Hospitals and Association With Mortality: A Retrospective Analysis Using Electronic Clinical Data. Critical Care Medicine, 2019, 47, 1169-1176.	0.4	75
66	Ventilatorâ€Associated Pneumonia: Is Zero Possible?. Clinical Infectious Diseases, 2010, 51, 1123-1126.	2.9	74
67	The paradox of ventilator-associated pneumonia prevention measures. Critical Care, 2009, 13, 315.	2.5	68
68	Strategies to prevent ventilator-associated pneumonia, ventilator-associated events, and nonventilator hospital-acquired pneumonia in acute-care hospitals: 2022 Update. Infection Control and Hospital Epidemiology, 2022, 43, 687-713.	1.0	67
69	Objective Sepsis Surveillance Using Electronic Clinical Data. Infection Control and Hospital Epidemiology, 2016, 37, 163-171.	1.0	66
70	Understanding Breakthrough Infections Following mRNA SARS-CoV-2 Vaccination. JAMA - Journal of the American Medical Association, 2021, 326, 2018.	3.8	64
71	Treatment of hospital-acquired pneumonia with linezolid or vancomycin: a systematic review and meta-analysis. BMJ Open, 2013, 3, e003912.	0.8	61
72	Automated Identification of Acute Hepatitis B Using Electronic Medical Record Data to Facilitate Public Health Surveillance. PLoS ONE, 2008, 3, e2626.	1.1	61

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73	Ventilator-Associated Events in Neonates and Childrenâ€"A New Paradigm*. Critical Care Medicine, 2016, 44, 14-22.	0.4	60
74	MDPHnet: Secure, Distributed Sharing of Electronic Health Record Data for Public Health Surveillance, Evaluation, and Planning. American Journal of Public Health, 2014, 104, 2265-2270.	1.5	59
75	Application of a Framework to Assess the Usefulness of Alternative Sepsis Criteria. Critical Care Medicine, 2016, 44, e122-e130.	0.4	59
76	Is a ventilator-associated pneumonia rate of zero really possible?. Current Opinion in Infectious Diseases, 2012, 25, 176-182.	1.3	57
77	Developing a New, National Approach to Surveillance for Ventilator-Associated Events: Executive Summary. Clinical Infectious Diseases, 2013, 57, 1742-1746.	2.9	55
78	Integrating Clinical Practice and Public Health Surveillance Using Electronic Medical Record Systems. American Journal of Public Health, 2012, 102, S325-S332.	1.5	54
79	A Compendium of Strategies to Prevent Healthcare-Associated Infections in Acute Care Hospitals: 2014 Updates. American Journal of Infection Control, 2014, 42, 820-828.	1.1	53
80	Medical mistrust in the context of Ebola: Implications for intended care-seeking and quarantine policy support in the United States. Journal of Health Psychology, 2019, 24, 219-228.	1.3	53
81	Ventilator-Associated Events: What They Are and What They Are Not. Respiratory Care, 2019, 64, 953-961.	0.8	51
82	Transmission of Severe Acute Respiratory Syndrome Coronavirus 2 (SARS-CoV-2) From Asymptomatic and Presymptomatic Individuals in Healthcare Settings Despite Medical Masks and Eye Protection. Clinical Infectious Diseases, 2021, 73, 1693-1695.	2.9	49
83	Automated Surveillance for Ventilator-Associated Events. Chest, 2014, 146, 1612-1618.	0.4	48
84	Improving documentation and coding for acute organ dysfunction biases estimates of changing sepsis severity and burden: a retrospective study. Critical Care, 2015, 19, 338.	2.5	48
85	Associations Between Different Sedatives and Ventilator-Associated Events, Length of Stay, and Mortality in Patients Who Were Mechanically Ventilated. Chest, 2016, 149, 1373-1379.	0.4	48
86	A Critical Analysis of the Literature on Time-to-Antibiotics in Suspected Sepsis. Journal of Infectious Diseases, 2020, 222, S110-S118.	1.9	48
87	The Risk of Severe Acute Respiratory Syndrome Coronavirus 2 (SARS-CoV-2) Transmission from Patients With Undiagnosed Coronavirus Disease 2019 (COVID-19) to Roommates in a Large Academic Medical Center. Clinical Infectious Diseases, 2022, 74, 1097-1100.	2.9	47
88	Integrating Clinical Practice and Public Health Surveillance Using Electronic Medical Record Systems. American Journal of Preventive Medicine, 2012, 42, S154-S162.	1.6	46
89	Obesity as a risk factor for severe influenzaâ€like illness. Influenza and Other Respiratory Viruses, 2014, 8, 25-32.	1.5	46
90	Prevention of ventilator-associated pneumonia. Expert Review of Anti-Infective Therapy, 2010, 8, 791-800.	2.0	45

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91	External Validation of Difficult-to-Treat Resistance Prevalence and Mortality Risk in Gram-Negative Bloodstream Infection Using Electronic Health Record Data From 140 US Hospitals. Open Forum Infectious Diseases, 2019, 6, ofz110.	0.4	45
92	Current Insights Into Respiratory Virus Transmission and Potential Implications for Infection Control Programs. Annals of Internal Medicine, 2021, 174, 1710-1718.	2.0	45
93	Eight initiatives that misleadingly lower ventilator-associated pneumonia rates. American Journal of Infection Control, 2012, 40, 408-410.	1.1	43
94	Variation in Identifying Sepsis and Organ Dysfunction Using Administrative Versus Electronic Clinical Data and Impact on Hospital Outcome Comparisons*. Critical Care Medicine, 2019, 47, 493-500.	0.4	42
95	The CMS Sepsis Mandate: Right Disease, Wrong Measure. Annals of Internal Medicine, 2016, 165, 517.	2.0	41
96	Two-State Collaborative Study of a Multifaceted Intervention to Decrease Ventilator-Associated Events. Critical Care Medicine, 2017, 45, 1208-1215.	0.4	40
97	Ventilator-associated pneumonia among SARS-CoV-2 acute respiratory distress syndrome patients. Current Opinion in Critical Care, 2022, 28, 74-82.	1.6	40
98	<i>Fonsecaea monophora</i> cerebral phaeohyphomycosis: case report of successful surgical excision and voriconazole treatment and review. Medical Mycology, 2010, 48, 769-774.	0.3	39
99	A Pediatric Approach to Ventilator-Associated Events Surveillance. Infection Control and Hospital Epidemiology, 2017, 38, 327-333.	1.0	39
100	Real-Time Surveillance for Tuberculosis Using Electronic Health Record Data from an Ambulatory Practice in Eastern Massachusetts. Public Health Reports, 2010, 125, 843-850.	1.3	38
101	Developing a New, National Approach to Surveillance for Ventilator-Associated Events. American Journal of Critical Care, 2013, 22, 469-473.	0.8	38
102	Oropharyngeal Decontamination with Antiseptics to Prevent Ventilator-Associated Pneumonia: Rethinking the Benefits of Chlorhexidine. Seminars in Respiratory and Critical Care Medicine, 2017, 38, 381-390.	0.8	38
103	Variability in determining sepsis time zero and bundle compliance rates for the centers for medicare and medicaid services SEP-1 measure. Infection Control and Hospital Epidemiology, 2018, 39, 994-996.	1.0	38
104	Epidemiology of Quick Sequential Organ Failure Assessment Criteria in Undifferentiated Patients and Association With Suspected Infection and Sepsis. Chest, 2019, 156, 289-297.	0.4	38
105	: An Emerging and Important Pathogen. Journal of Clinical Outcomes Management, 2010, 17, 363-369.	1.7	38
106	Early Administration of Antibiotics for Suspected Sepsis. New England Journal of Medicine, 2019, 380, 593-596.	13.9	37
107	Introduction to "A Compendium of Strategies to Prevent Healthcare-Associated Infections in Acute Care Hospitals: 2014 Updates†Infection Control and Hospital Epidemiology, 2014, 35, 455-459.	1.0	36
108	Using objective clinical data to track progress on preventing and treating sepsis: CDC's new â€~Adult Sepsis Event' surveillance strategy. BMJ Quality and Safety, 2019, 28, 305-309.	1.8	36

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109	COVID-19 infections among HCWs exposed to a patient with a delayed diagnosis of COVID-19. Infection Control and Hospital Epidemiology, 2020, 41, 1075-1076.	1.0	36
110	Improving ventilator-associated event surveillance in the National Healthcare Safety Network and addressing knowledge gaps. Current Opinion in Infectious Diseases, 2014, 27, 394-400.	1.3	35
111	Presymptomatic Transmission of Severe Acute Respiratory Syndrome Coronavirus 2 Among Residents and Staff at a Skilled Nursing Facility: Results of Real-time Polymerase Chain Reaction and Serologic Testing. Clinical Infectious Diseases, 2021, 72, 686-689.	2.9	34
112	Universal SARS-CoV-2 testing on admission to the labor and delivery unit: Low prevalence among asymptomatic obstetric patients. Infection Control and Hospital Epidemiology, 2020, 41, 1095-1096.	1.0	33
113	Data Requirements for Electronic Surveillance of Healthcare-Associated Infections. Infection Control and Hospital Epidemiology, 2014, 35, 1083-1091.	1.0	32
114	Ultra short course antibiotics for patients with suspected ventilator-associated pneumonia but minimal and stable ventilator settings. Clinical Infectious Diseases, 2017, 64, ciw870.	2.9	32
115	New Sepsis and Septic Shock Definitions. Infectious Disease Clinics of North America, 2017, 31, 397-413.	1.9	32
116	Staphylococcus intermedius Infections: Case Report and Literature Review. Gastroenterology Insights, 2013, 5, e3.	0.7	31
117	Ventilator-associated events surveillance. Current Opinion in Critical Care, 2013, 19, 424-431.	1.6	31
118	Should Ventilator-Associated Events become a Quality Indicator for ICUs?. Respiratory Care, 2016, 61, 723-736.	0.8	31
119	Likelihood of Bacterial Infection in Patients Treated With Broad-Spectrum IV Antibiotics in the Emergency Department*. Critical Care Medicine, 2021, 49, e1144-e1150.	0.4	31
120	A National Approach to Pediatric Sepsis Surveillance. Pediatrics, 2019, 144, .	1.0	30
121	Lactate Testing in Suspected Sepsis. Critical Care Medicine, 2015, 43, 1669-1676.	0.4	29
122	Evolving Insights Into the Epidemiology and Control of Clostridium difficile in Hospitals. Clinical Infectious Diseases, 2017, 65, 1232-1238.	2.9	29
123	Low Risk of Coronavirus Disease 2019 (COVID-19) Among Patients Exposed to Infected Healthcare Workers. Clinical Infectious Diseases, 2021, 73, e1878-e1880.	2.9	29
124	Association Between Implementation of the Severe Sepsis and Septic Shock Early Management Bundle Performance Measure and Outcomes in Patients With Suspected Sepsis in US Hospitals. JAMA Network Open, 2021, 4, e2138596.	2.8	28
125	Nonventilator hospital-acquired pneumonia: A call to action. Infection Control and Hospital Epidemiology, 2021, 42, 991-996.	1.0	27
126	Hospital-Acquired Pneumonia in Nonventilated Patients: The Next Frontier. Infection Control and Hospital Epidemiology, 2016, 37, 825-826.	1.0	26

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127	What is new in the prevention of nosocomial pneumonia in the ICU?. Current Opinion in Critical Care, 2017, 23, 378-384.	1.6	26
128	What can we learn from international ventilator-associated pneumonia rates?*. Critical Care Medicine, 2012, 40, 3303-3304.	0.4	25
129	Risk Factors for Surgical Site Infections Following Anterior Cruciate Ligament Reconstruction. Infection Control and Hospital Epidemiology, 2016, 37, 827-833.	1.0	25
130	Oral care with chlorhexidine: beware!. Intensive Care Medicine, 2018, 44, 1153-1155.	3.9	25
131	Preventing SARS-CoV-2 Transmission in Health Care Settings in the Context of the Omicron Variant. JAMA - Journal of the American Medical Association, 2022, 327, 619.	3.8	25
132	Rapid Control of Hospital-Based Severe Acute Respiratory Syndrome Coronavirus 2 Omicron Clusters Through Daily Testing and Universal Use of N95 Respirators. Clinical Infectious Diseases, 2022, 75, e296-e299.	2.9	25
133	Rational Use of Electronic Health Records for Diabetes Population Management. Current Diabetes Reports, 2014, 14, 479.	1.7	24
134	Factors Associated With Pediatric Ventilator-Associated Conditions in Six U.S. Hospitals: A Nested Case-Control Study*. Pediatric Critical Care Medicine, 2017, 18, e536-e545.	0.2	24
135	Suspected Severe Acute Respiratory Syndrome Coronavirus 2 (SARS-COV-2) Reinfections: Incidence, Predictors, and Healthcare Use Among Patients at 238 US Healthcare Facilities, 1 June 2020 to 28 February 2021. Clinical Infectious Diseases, 2022, 74, 1489-1492.	2.9	24
136	Harnessing Electronic Health Records for Public Health Surveillance. Online Journal of Public Health Informatics, $2011, 3, \ldots$	0.4	24
137	Ventilator-Associated Conditions Versus Ventilator-Associated Pneumonia: Different by Design. Current Infectious Disease Reports, 2014, 16, 430.	1.3	23
138	Development and Assessment of Objective Surveillance Definitions for Nonventilator Hospital-Acquired Pneumonia. JAMA Network Open, 2019, 2, e1913674.	2.8	23
139	Prevention of Intensive Care Unit-Acquired Pneumonia. Seminars in Respiratory and Critical Care Medicine, 2019, 40, 548-557.	0.8	23
140	Pharmacoepidemiology of Ceftazidime-Avibactam Use: A Retrospective Cohort Analysis of 210 US Hospitals. Clinical Infectious Diseases, 2021, 72, 611-621.	2.9	23
141	Improvements in Sepsis-associated Mortality in Hospitalized Patients with Cancer versus Those without Cancer. A 12-Year Analysis Using Clinical Data. Annals of the American Thoracic Society, 2020, 17, 466-473.	1.5	22
142	Oral vancomycin prophylaxis during systemic antibiotic exposure to prevent <i>Clostridiodes difficile</i> infection relapses. Infection Control and Hospital Epidemiology, 2019, 40, 662-667.	1.0	21
143	Incidence and risk factors of non–device-associated pneumonia in an acute-care hospital. Infection Control and Hospital Epidemiology, 2020, 41, 73-79.	1.0	21
144	The Case for Mandating COVID-19 Vaccines for Health Care Workers. Annals of Internal Medicine, 2021, 174, 1305-1307.	2.0	21

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145	Ebola Fever: Reconciling Planning With Risk in U.S. Hospitals. Annals of Internal Medicine, 2014, 161, 751.	2.0	20
146	Ventilator-Associated Events and Their Prevention. Infectious Disease Clinics of North America, 2016, 30, 887-908.	1.9	20
147	Genomic Determination of Relative Risks for <i>Clostridioides difficile</i> Infection From Asymptomatic Carriage in Intensive Care Unit Patients. Clinical Infectious Diseases, 2021, 73, e1727-e1736.	2.9	20
148	What Is the Utility of Measuring Lactate Levels in Patients with Sepsis and Septic Shock?. Seminars in Respiratory and Critical Care Medicine, 2021, 42, 650-661.	0.8	20
149	Comparison of Electronic Laboratory Reports, Administrative Claims, and Electronic Health Record Data for Acute Viral Hepatitis Surveillance. Journal of Public Health Management and Practice, 2012, 18, 209-214.	0.7	19
150	Interrater Reliability of Surveillance for Ventilator-Associated Events and Pneumonia. Infection Control and Hospital Epidemiology, 2017, 38, 172-178.	1.0	19
151	Universal Masking in the Covid-19 Era. New England Journal of Medicine, 2020, 383, e9.	13.9	19
152	SEP-1 Has Brought Much Needed Attention to Improving Sepsis Care…But Now Is the Time to Improve SEP-1. Critical Care Medicine, 2020, 48, 779-782.	0.4	19
153	Association of Omicron vs Wild-type SARS-CoV-2 Variants With Hospital-Onset SARS-CoV-2 Infections in a US Regional Hospital System. JAMA - Journal of the American Medical Association, 2022, 328, 296.	3.8	19
154	Surveillance Strategies for Tracking Sepsis Incidence and Outcomes. Journal of Infectious Diseases, 2020, 222, S74-S83.	1.9	18
155	Electronic Health Record Use in Public Health Infectious Disease Surveillance, USA, 2018–2019. Current Infectious Disease Reports, 2019, 21, 32.	1.3	17
156	Does Severe Acute Respiratory Syndrome Coronavirus 2 Cause Sepsis?. Critical Care Medicine, 2020, 48, 1707-1709.	0.4	17
157	Universal Use of N95 Respirators in Healthcare Settings When Community Coronavirus Disease 2019 Rates Are High. Clinical Infectious Diseases, 2022, 74, 529-531.	2.9	17
158	Developing a New, National Approach to Surveillance for Ventilator-Associated Events: Executive Summary. Infection Control and Hospital Epidemiology, 2013, 34, 1239-1243.	1.0	16
159	Developing a new national approach to surveillance for ventilator-associated events: Executive summary. American Journal of Infection Control, 2013, 41, 1096-1099.	1.1	16
160	The COVID-19 infection control arms race. Infection Control and Hospital Epidemiology, 2020, 41, 1323-1325.	1.0	16
161	Inclusion of 30-Day Postdischarge Detection Triples the Incidence of Hospital-Onset Methicillin-Resistant Staphylococcus aureus. Infection Control and Hospital Epidemiology, 2012, 33, 114-121.	1.0	15
162	Strategies to Enhance Adoption of Ventilator-Associated Pneumonia Prevention Interventions: A Systematic Literature Review. Infection Control and Hospital Epidemiology, 2014, 35, 998-1005.	1.0	15

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163	Advanced Clinical Decision Support for Vaccine Adverse Event Detection and Reporting. Clinical Infectious Diseases, 2015, 61, 864-870.	2.9	15
164	Using electronic health records to identify candidates for human immunodeficiency virus preâ€exposure prophylaxis: An application of super learning to risk prediction when the outcome is rare. Statistics in Medicine, 2020, 39, 3059-3073.	0.8	15
165	Prevalence and Outcomes of Previously Healthy Adults Among Patients Hospitalized With Community-Onset Sepsis. Chest, 2022, 162, 101-110.	0.4	15
166	Prevalence, Clinical Characteristics, and Outcomes of Sepsis Caused by Severe Acute Respiratory Syndrome Coronavirus 2 Versus Other Pathogens in Hospitalized Patients With COVID-19., 2022, 4, e0703.		14
167	Automated Influenza-like Illness Reporting—An Efficient Adjunct to Traditional Sentinel Surveillance. Public Health Reports, 2014, 129, 55-63.	1.3	13
168	Epidemiologic Investigation of a Cluster of Neuroinvasive Bacillus cereus Infections in 5 Patients With Acute Myelogenous Leukemia. Open Forum Infectious Diseases, 2015, 2, ofv096.	0.4	13
169	Bacterial coinfection in influenza pneumonia: Rates, pathogens, and outcomes. Infection Control and Hospital Epidemiology, 2022, 43, 212-217.	1.0	13
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