Md. Nasif Ahsan

List of Publications by Year in descending order

Source: https://exaly.com/author-pdf/1741032/publications.pdf

Version: 2024-02-01

1051969 889612 20 505 10 19 citations h-index g-index papers 22 22 22 555 all docs docs citations times ranked citing authors

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
1	How Does the Rohingya Influx Influence the Residential Satisfaction and Mobility Intentions of the Host Communities in Bangladesh?. Journal of International Migration and Integration, 2022, 23, 1311-1340.	0.8	2
2	Promise, premise, and reality: the case of voluntary environmental non-migration despite climate risks in coastal Bangladesh. Regional Environmental Change, 2022, 22, 1.	1.4	19
3	The emergence of residential satisfaction studies in social research: A bibliometric analysis. Habitat International, 2021, 109, 102336.	2.3	18
4	From over to optimal irrigation in paddy production: what determines over-irrigation in Bangladesh?. Sustainable Water Resources Management, 2021, 7, 1.	1.0	0
5	Analysis of residential satisfaction: An empirical evidence from neighbouring communities of Rohingya camps in Cox's Bazar, Bangladesh. PLoS ONE, 2021, 16, e0250838.	1.1	9
6	Willingness to pay for improved safe drinking water in a coastal urban area in Bangladesh. Water Policy, 2021, 23, 633-653.	0.7	10
7	Examining local institutional networks for sustainable disaster management: Empirical evidence from the South-West coastal areas in Bangladesh. Environmental Science and Policy, 2021, 124, 433-440.	2.4	12
8	Socio-hydrology: A key approach for adaptation to water scarcity and achieving human well-being in large riverine islands. Progress in Disaster Science, 2020, 8, 100134.	1.4	33
9	The strategic interplay in academia: administrators versus students. Journal of Modelling in Management, 2020, 15, 1205-1225.	1.1	O
10	Fostering disaster preparedness through community radio in cyclone-prone coastal Bangladesh. International Journal of Disaster Risk Reduction, 2020, 49, 101752.	1.8	20
11	How does farmers' field schooling impact eco-efficiency? Empirical evidence from paddy farmers in Bangladesh. China Agricultural Economic Review, 2020, 12, 527-552.	1.8	1
12	Preferences for improved early warning services among coastal communities at risk in cyclone prone south-west region of Bangladesh. Progress in Disaster Science, 2020, 5, 100065.	1.4	25
13	Households' Willingness to Pay for Disaster Resilient Safe Drinking Water Sources in Southwestern Coastal Bangladesh. International Journal of Disaster Risk Science, 2019, 10, 544-556.	1.3	17
14	The benefits of cyclones: A valuation approach considering ecosystem services. Ecological Indicators, 2018, 95, 260-269.	2.6	9
15	Can Strategies to Cope with Hazard Shocks be Explained by At-Risk Households' Socioeconomic Asset Profile? Evidence from Tropical Cyclone-Prone Coastal Bangladesh. International Journal of Disaster Risk Science, 2017, 8, 46-63.	1.3	9
16	Global Water-Related Risk Indicators: Meta-Analysis of Indicator Requirements. Journal of Disaster Research, 2017, 12, 355-367.	0.4	0
17	Factors affecting the evacuation decisions of coastal households during Cyclone Aila in Bangladesh. Environmental Hazards, 2016, 15, 16-42.	1.4	42
18	A Systematic Review of the Factors Affecting the Cyclone Evacuation Decision Process in Bangladesh. Journal of Disaster Research, 2016, 11 , $742-753$.	0.4	21

#	<u> </u>	Article	lF	CITATIONS
19	9	Effects of livelihood strategies on mangrove-forest resource. Management of Environmental Quality, 2014, 25, 696-711.	2.2	5
2	0	The socioeconomic vulnerability index: A pragmatic approach for assessing climate change led risks–A case study in the south-western coastal Bangladesh. International Journal of Disaster Risk Reduction, 2014, 8, 32-49.	1.8	247