

Masoud Yazdanpanah

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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Version: 2024-02-01

58
papers

2,244
citations

218592

26
h-index

243529

44
g-index

59
all docs

59
docs citations

59
times ranked

1400
citing authors

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
1	Application of the Theory of Planned Behaviour to predict Iranian students' intention to purchase organic food. <i>Journal of Cleaner Production</i> , 2015, 107, 342-352.	4.6	351
2	Understanding farmers' intention and behavior regarding water conservation in the Middle-East and North Africa: A case study in Iran. <i>Journal of Environmental Management</i> , 2014, 135, 63-72.	3.8	182
3	Understanding smallholder farmers'™ adaptation behaviors through climate change beliefs, risk perception, trust, and psychological distance: Evidence from wheat growers in Iran. <i>Journal of Environmental Management</i> , 2019, 250, 109456.	3.8	112
4	Willingness of Iranian young adults to eat organic foods: Application of the Health Belief Model. <i>Food Quality and Preference</i> , 2015, 41, 75-83.	2.3	103
5	Governance of energy transition in Iran: Investigating public acceptance and willingness to use renewable energy sources through socio-psychological model. <i>Renewable and Sustainable Energy Reviews</i> , 2015, 45, 565-573.	8.2	96
6	Predicting farmers'™ water conservation goals and behavior in Iran: A test of social cognitive theory. <i>Land Use Policy</i> , 2015, 47, 401-407.	2.5	86
7	How collective efficacy makes a difference in responses to water shortage due to climate change in southwest Iran. <i>Land Use Policy</i> , 2020, 99, 104798.	2.5	70
8	Response to water crisis: How do Iranian farmers think about and intent in relation to switching from rice to less water-dependent crops?. <i>Journal of Hydrology</i> , 2019, 570, 523-530.	2.3	54
9	The power of the health belief model (HBM) to predict water demand management: A case study of farmers'™ water conservation in Iran. <i>Journal of Environmental Management</i> , 2020, 263, 110388.	3.8	53
10	Investigating the effect of moral norm and self-identity on the intention toward water conservation among Iranian young adults. <i>Water Policy</i> , 2016, 18, 73-90.	0.7	51
11	How can socio-psychological factors be related to water-efficiency intention and behaviors among Iranian residential water consumers?. <i>Journal of Environmental Management</i> , 2021, 288, 112466.	3.8	46
12	Green or in between? Examining youth perceptions of renewable energy in Iran. <i>Energy Research and Social Science</i> , 2015, 8, 78-85.	3.0	44
13	Intention of agricultural professionals toward biofuels in Iran: Implications for energy security, society, and policy. <i>Renewable and Sustainable Energy Reviews</i> , 2017, 69, 341-349.	8.2	44
14	Simultaneous location of two partial discharge sources in power transformers based on acoustic emission using the modified binary partial swarm optimisation algorithm. <i>IET Science, Measurement and Technology</i> , 2013, 7, 119-127.	0.9	43
15	Policy and plural responsiveness: Taking constructive account of the ways in which Iranian farmers think about and behave in relation to water. <i>Journal of Hydrology</i> , 2014, 514, 347-357.	2.3	43
16	Factors affecting smallholder farmers' technical and non-technical adaptation responses to drought in Iran. <i>Journal of Environmental Management</i> , 2021, 298, 113552.	3.8	39
17	Changing rice cropping patterns among farmers as a preventive policy to protect water resources. <i>Journal of Environmental Planning and Management</i> , 2020, 63, 2484-2500.	2.4	38
18	Farmers' adaptation to drought risk through farm'™level decisions: the case of farmers in Dehloran county, Southwest of Iran. <i>Climate and Development</i> , 2021, 13, 152-163.	2.2	38

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19	A new enemy at the gate: Tackling Iran's water super-crisis by way of a transition from government to governance. <i>Progress in Development Studies</i> , 2013, 13, 177-194.	1.0	37
20	Climate change discourse among Iranian farmers. <i>Climatic Change</i> , 2016, 138, 521-535.	1.7	37
21	Cleaner and greener livestock production: Appraising producers' perceptions regarding renewable energy in Iran. <i>Journal of Cleaner Production</i> , 2018, 203, 769-776.	4.6	36
22	The Impact of Livelihood Assets on the Food Security of Farmers in Southern Iran during the COVID-19 Pandemic. <i>International Journal of Environmental Research and Public Health</i> , 2021, 18, 5310.	1.2	33
23	Water management from tradition to second modernity: an analysis of the water crisis in Iran. <i>Environment, Development and Sustainability</i> , 2013, 15, 1605-1621.	2.7	32
24	Investigating Iranian Farmers' Satisfaction With Agricultural Extension Programs Using the American Customer Satisfaction Index. <i>Journal of Agricultural and Food Information</i> , 2017, 18, 123-135.	1.1	32
25	What factors contribute to conversion to organic farming? Consideration of the Health Belief Model in relation to the uptake of organic farming by Iranian farmers. <i>Journal of Environmental Planning and Management</i> , 2022, 65, 907-929.	2.4	32
26	Coping with Drought. <i>Psychology and Developing Societies</i> , 2010, 22, 361-383.	1.0	30
27	Farmers' incremental adaptation to water scarcity: An application of the model of private proactive adaptation to climate change (MPPACC). <i>Agricultural Water Management</i> , 2022, 264, 107528.	2.4	30
28	Measuring satisfaction of crop insurance a modified American customer satisfaction model approach applied to Iranian Farmers. <i>International Journal of Disaster Risk Reduction</i> , 2013, 5, 19-27.	1.8	29
29	Farmers' adaptation choices to climate change: a case study of wheat growers in Western Iran. <i>Journal of Water and Climate Change</i> , 2019, 10, 102-116.	1.2	29
30	Iranian agriculture advisors' perception and intention toward biofuel: Green way toward energy security, rural development and climate change mitigation. <i>Renewable Energy</i> , 2019, 130, 452-459.	4.3	29
31	Explaining farmers' response to climate change-induced water stress through cognitive theory of stress: an Iranian perspective. <i>Environment, Development and Sustainability</i> , 2021, 23, 5776-5793.	2.7	28
32	Social media as a driver of the use of renewable energy: The perceptions of instagram users in Iran. <i>Energy Policy</i> , 2022, 161, 112721.	4.2	23
33	Factors affecting the implementation of soil conservation practices among Iranian farmers. <i>Scientific Reports</i> , 2022, 12, 8396.	1.6	23
34	Psychosocial determinants of household adoption of water-efficiency behaviors in Tehran capital, Iran: Application of the social cognitive theory. <i>Urban Climate</i> , 2021, 39, 100935.	2.4	22
35	Evaluating micro-irrigation system performance through assessment of farmers' satisfaction: implications for adoption, longevity, and water use efficiency. <i>Agricultural Water Management</i> , 2021, 246, 106655.	2.4	20
36	Some at Risk for COVID-19 Are Reluctant to Take Precautions, but Others Are Not: A Case From Rural in Southern Iran. <i>Frontiers in Public Health</i> , 2020, 8, 562300.	1.3	19

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37	Barriers to climate change adaptation: Qualitative evidence from southwestern Iran. <i>Journal of Arid Environments</i> , 2021, 189, 104487.	1.2	19
38	Promoting the adoption of residential water conservation behaviors as a preventive policy to sustainable urban water management. <i>Journal of Environmental Management</i> , 2022, 313, 115005.	3.8	19
39	Institutional constraints to groundwater resource management in arid and semi-arid regions: a Straussian grounded theory study. <i>Hydrogeology Journal</i> , 2021, 29, 925-947.	0.9	18
40	Developing a paradigm model for the analysis of farmers' adaptation to water scarcity. <i>Environment, Development and Sustainability</i> , 2022, 24, 5400-5425.	2.7	18
41	Factors affecting farmers' behavior in using nitrogen fertilizers: society vs. farmers' valuation in southwest Iran. <i>Journal of Environmental Planning and Management</i> , 2021, 64, 1886-1908.	2.4	17
42	Investigating barriers to enhance entrepreneurship in agricultural higher education from the perspective of graduate students. <i>Procedia, Social and Behavioral Sciences</i> , 2011, 15, 2818-2822.	0.5	16
43	The use of a bourdieusian "capitals" model for understanding farmer's irrigation behavior in Iran. <i>Journal of Hydrology</i> , 2020, 591, 125442.	2.3	16
44	Studying young people's views on deployment of renewable energy sources in Iran through the lenses of Social Cognitive Theory. <i>AIMS Energy</i> , 2018, 6, 216-228.	1.1	16
45	How farmers perceive the impact of dust phenomenon on agricultural production activities: A Q-methodology study. <i>Journal of Arid Environments</i> , 2020, 173, 104028.	1.2	15
46	How rationality, morality, and fear shape willingness to carry out organic crop cultivation: a case study of farmers in southwestern Iran. <i>Environment, Development and Sustainability</i> , 2022, 24, 2145-2163.	2.7	13
47	Cognitive theory of stress and farmers' responses to the COVID 19 shock; a model to assess coping behaviors with stress among farmers in southern Iran. <i>International Journal of Disaster Risk Reduction</i> , 2021, 64, 102513.	1.8	11
48	Understanding the influence of Iranian farmers' climate change beliefs on their adaptation strategies and mitigation intentions. <i>Climate and Development</i> , 2023, 15, 340-352.	2.2	11
49	Explaining intention to apply renewable energy in agriculture: the case of broiler farms in Southwest Iran. <i>International Journal of Green Energy</i> , 2022, 19, 836-846.	2.1	10
50	An attempt to develop ecotourism in an unknown area: the case of Nehbandan County, South Khorasan Province, Iran. <i>Environment, Development and Sustainability</i> , 2021, 23, 11792-11817.	2.7	10
51	More food or better distribution? Reviewing food policy options in developing countries. <i>Food Reviews International</i> , 2018, 34, 566-580.	4.3	8
52	Why Have Economic Incentives Failed to Convince Farmers to Adopt Drip Irrigation in Southwestern Iran?. <i>Sustainability</i> , 2022, 14, 2055.	1.6	4
53	An analysis of the stakeholders of groundwater resources management in Iran. <i>Environmental Science and Policy</i> , 2022, 136, 270-281.	2.4	4
54	Typology of Wheat and Vegetable Farmers' Perception Towards Climate Change Through of Q-Methodology. <i>Pizhâhish/hÄyi RÄstÄyÄ»,</i> 2016, 7, 374-391.	0.1	3

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55	Understanding Iranian Livestock Breeders' Intentions and Behavior Regarding Nonhuman Animal Welfare. <i>Society and Animals</i> , 2019, 29, 246-267.	0.1	2
56	Representation of Farmers' Professional Identities in Shushtar District, Iran: A Study Based on Q-Methodology. <i>Pizhāhish/hāyi Rāstāyā</i> , 2017, 8, 98-119.	0.1	0
57	WHAT ORCHARDISTS EXPECT FROM FARMER FIELD SCHOOLS ON INTEGRATED PEST MANAGEMENT: A CASE OF IRAN. <i>Agrofor</i> , 2018, 3, .	0.1	0
58	Willingness to take action toward climate change in Agriculture Experts in Khuzestan Province.. <i>Journal of Applied Researches in Geographical Sciences</i> , 2020, 20, 1-16.	0.1	0