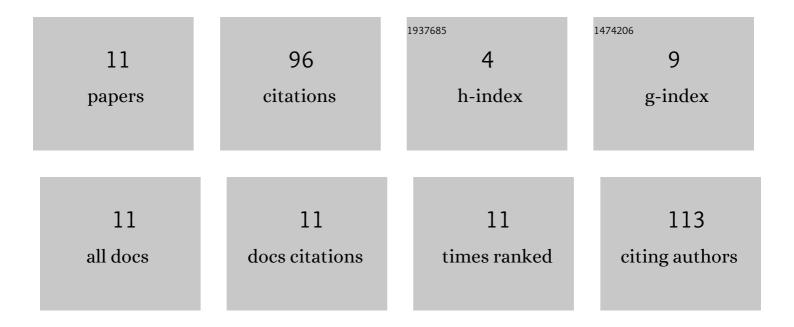
Ting-Ting Low

List of Publications by Year in descending order

Source: https://exaly.com/author-pdf/172088/publications.pdf Version: 2024-02-01



#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
1	Pulmonary arterial hypertension in pregnancy—a systematic review of outcomes in the modern era. Pulmonary Circulation, 2021, 11, 1-9.	1.7	34
2	Pulmonary arterial hypertension in a multiâ€ethnic Asian population: Characteristics, survival and mortality predictors from a 14â€year followâ€up study. Respirology, 2019, 24, 162-170.	2.3	32
3	Prevalence, Risk Factors and Intervention for Depression and Anxiety in Pulmonary Hypertension: A Systematic Review and Meta-analysis. Frontiers in Medicine, 2022, 9, 765461.	2.6	9
4	Does pulmonary artery pulsatility index predict mortality in pulmonary arterial hypertension?. ESC Heart Failure, 2021, 8, 3835-3844.	3.1	5
5	Spontaneous coronary artery dissection: clinical implications and diagnostic challenges. Overlooked and underappreciated in Asia?. Clinical Cardiology, 2020, 43, 1240-1247.	1.8	4
6	Extrapulmonary manifestations and complications of severe acute respiratory syndrome coronavirus-2 infection: a systematic review. Singapore Medical Journal, 2023, 64, 349.	0.6	4
7	Rethinking COVIDâ€19 †pneumonia' – is this primarily a vasoâ€occlusive disease, and can early anticoagulation save the ventilator famine?. Pulmonary Circulation, 2020, 10, 1-3.	1.7	4
8	Unique Sailâ€Like Structure of Cor Triatriatum Dexter in Threeâ€Dimensional Echocardiogram. Echocardiography, 2014, 31, E212-4.	0.9	2
9	An Asian Perspective on Gender Differences in Clinical Outcomes and Echocardiographic Profiles of Patients With Medically Managed Severe Aortic Stenosis. Heart Lung and Circulation, 2021, 30, 115-120.	0.4	2
10	Pregnant with pulmonary arterial hypertension – Can we handle the pressure?. International Journal of Cardiology, 2021, 328, 180-181.	1.7	0
11	Help-seeking patterns and funding strategies in patients with pulmonary arterial hypertension on phosphodiesterase-5 inhibitors: an orphan disease with effective but costly treatment. Singapore Medical Journal, 2021, 62, 199-203.	0.6	0