

# Mark Lyte

## List of Publications by Year in descending order

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132  
papers

10,280  
citations

36271

51  
h-index

33869

99  
g-index

141  
all docs

141  
docs citations

141  
times ranked

7789  
citing authors

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
1	Informal nutrition symposium: leveraging the microbiome (and the metabolome) for poultry production. <i>Poultry Science</i> , 2022, 101, 101588.	1.5	9
2	A neurochemical biogeography of the broiler chicken intestinal tract. <i>Poultry Science</i> , 2022, 101, 101671.	1.5	8
3	Distinct Cecal and Fecal Microbiome Responses to Stress Are Accompanied by Sex- and Diet-Dependent Changes in Behavior and Gut Serotonin. <i>Frontiers in Neuroscience</i> , 2022, 16, 827343.	1.4	7
4	Variation in spatial organization of the gut microbiota along the longitudinal and transverse axes of the intestines. <i>Archives of Microbiology</i> , 2022, 204, .	1.0	1
5	NIH Workshop Report: sensory nutrition and disease. <i>American Journal of Clinical Nutrition</i> , 2021, 113, 232-245.	2.2	19
6	Japanese quail ( <i>Coturnix japonica</i> ) as a novel model to study the relationship between the avian microbiome and microbial endocrinology-based host-microbe interactions. <i>Microbiome</i> , 2021, 9, 38.	4.9	11
7	Serotonin modulates <i>Campylobacter jejuni</i> physiology and in vitro interaction with the gut epithelium. <i>Poultry Science</i> , 2021, 100, 100944.	1.5	15
8	Gut Microbial and Metabolic Profiling Reveal the Lingering Effects of Infantile Iron Deficiency Unless Treated with Iron. <i>Molecular Nutrition and Food Research</i> , 2021, 65, e2001018.	1.5	4
9	Proteobacteria abundance during nursing predicts physical growth and brain volume at one year of age in young rhesus monkeys. <i>FASEB Journal</i> , 2021, 35, e21682.	0.2	8
10	Voluntary binge-patterned alcohol drinking and sex-specific influences on monoamine-related neurochemical signatures in the mouse gut and brain. <i>Alcoholism: Clinical and Experimental Research</i> , 2021, 45, 996-1012.	1.4	10
11	Lyticase Facilitates Mycobiome Resolution Without Disrupting Microbiome Fidelity in Primates. <i>Journal of Surgical Research</i> , 2021, 267, 336-341.	0.8	1
12	Reserpine improves Enterobacteriaceae resistance in chicken intestine via neuro-immunometabolic signaling and MEK1/2 activation. <i>Communications Biology</i> , 2021, 4, 1359.	2.0	4
13	"Us vs. Them" Pair Housing: Effects on Body Weight, Open Field Behavior, and Gut Microbiota in Rats Selectively Bred on a Taste Phenotype. <i>Physiology and Behavior</i> , 2020, 223, 112975.	1.0	1
14	Pyruvate is required for catecholamine-stimulated growth of different strains of <i>Campylobacter jejuni</i> . <i>PeerJ</i> , 2020, 8, e10011.	0.9	3
15	Fluoxetine-induced alteration of murine gut microbial community structure: evidence for a microbial endocrinology-based mechanism of action responsible for fluoxetine-induced side effects. <i>PeerJ</i> , 2019, 7, e6199.	0.9	62
16	The Impact of Compulsive Ethanol Consumption on Gut and Brain Neurochemicals (P14-003-19). <i>Current Developments in Nutrition</i> , 2019, 3, nzz052.P14-003-19.	0.1	0
17	Review: Microbial endocrinology: intersection of microbiology and neurobiology matters to swine health from infection to behavior. <i>Animal</i> , 2019, 13, 2689-2698.	1.3	18
18	69 The ability of an artificial sweetener (Sucram®) to influence microbial community structure in the rumen papillae and content through the production of microbial-based neurochemicals. <i>Journal of Animal Science</i> , 2019, 97, 100-101.	0.2	0

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19	PSII-16 Evidence for stratification of rumen wall microbial communities revealed by 16S rRNA based amplicon sequencing. <i>Journal of Animal Science</i> , 2019, 97, 226-227.	0.2	1
20	Maternal and Breast Milk Influences on the Infant Gut Microbiome, Enteric Health and Growth Outcomes of Rhesus Monkeys. <i>Journal of Pediatric Gastroenterology and Nutrition</i> , 2019, 69, 363-369.	0.9	10
21	Altered Schaedler flora mice: A defined microbiota animal model to study the microbiota-gut-brain axis. <i>Behavioural Brain Research</i> , 2019, 356, 221-226.	1.2	20
22	Oral Treatments With Probiotics and Live Salmonella Vaccine Induce Unique Changes in Gut Neurochemicals and Microbiome in Chickens. <i>Frontiers in Microbiology</i> , 2019, 10, 3064.	1.5	16
23	Symposium review: Microbial endocrinology—Why the integration of microbes, epithelial cells, and neurochemical signals in the digestive tract matters to ruminant health. <i>Journal of Dairy Science</i> , 2018, 101, 5619-5628.	1.4	24
24	Interactions Between Stress and Sex in Microbial Responses Within the Microbiota-Gut-Brain Axis in a Mouse Model. <i>Psychosomatic Medicine</i> , 2018, 80, 361-369.	1.3	23
25	Production of the Neurotoxin Salsolinol by a Gut-Associated Bacterium and Its Modulation by Alcohol. <i>Frontiers in Microbiology</i> , 2018, 9, 3092.	1.5	16
26	Dopamine production in <i>Enterococcus faecium</i> : A microbial endocrinology-based mechanism for the selection of probiotics based on neurochemical-producing potential. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2018, 13, e0207038.	1.1	37
27	A microbial endocrinology-based simulated small intestinal medium for the evaluation of neurochemical production by gut microbiota. <i>FEMS Microbiology Ecology</i> , 2018, 94, .	1.3	41
28	Evidence for PMAT- and OCT-like biogenic amine transporters in a probiotic strain of <i>Lactobacillus</i> : Implications for interkingdom communication within the microbiota-gut-brain axis. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2018, 13, e0191037.	1.1	37
29	Low <i>Lactobacilli</i> abundance and polymicrobial diversity in the lower reproductive tract of female rhesus monkeys do not compromise their reproductive success. <i>American Journal of Primatology</i> , 2017, 79, e22691.	0.8	4
30	Social Influences on <i>Prevotella</i> and the Gut Microbiome of Young Monkeys. <i>Psychosomatic Medicine</i> , 2017, 79, 888-897.	1.3	47
31	Microbial endocrinology: Why the intersection of microbiology and neurobiology matters to poultry health. <i>Poultry Science</i> , 2017, 96, 2501-2508.	1.5	37
32	Microbial Endocrinology. , 2016, , 89-108.		0
33	Gut Microbiota and a Selectively Bred Taste Phenotype: A Novel Model of Microbiome-Behavior Relationships. <i>Psychosomatic Medicine</i> , 2016, 78, 610-619.	1.3	21
34	Microbial Endocrinology in the Pathogenesis of Infectious Disease. <i>Microbiology Spectrum</i> , 2016, 4, .	1.2	26
35	Microbial Endocrinology: An Ongoing Personal Journey. <i>Advances in Experimental Medicine and Biology</i> , 2016, 874, 1-24.	0.8	37
36	Social stress-enhanced severity of <i>Citrobacter rodentium</i> -induced colitis is CCL2-dependent and attenuated by probiotic <i>Lactobacillus reuteri</i> . <i>Mucosal Immunology</i> , 2016, 9, 515-526.	2.7	65

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37	Staphylococci, Catecholamine Inotropes and Hospital-Acquired Infections. <i>Advances in Experimental Medicine and Biology</i> , 2016, 874, 183-199.	0.8	5
38	Resistant Starch Alters the Microbiota-Gut Brain Axis: Implications for Dietary Modulation of Behavior. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2016, 11, e0146406.	1.1	45
39	The effect of stress on microbial growth. <i>Animal Health Research Reviews</i> , 2014, 15, 172-174.	1.4	36
40	Exposure to a social stressor disrupts the community structure of the colonic mucosa-associated microbiota. <i>BMC Microbiology</i> , 2014, 14, 189.	1.3	292
41	Microbial endocrinology. <i>Gut Microbes</i> , 2014, 5, 381-389.	4.3	169
42	The structures of the colonic mucosa-associated and luminal microbial communities are distinct and differentially affected by a prolonged murine stressor. <i>Gut Microbes</i> , 2014, 5, 748-760.	4.3	91
43	Microbial Endocrinology and the Microbiota-Gut-Brain Axis. <i>Advances in Experimental Medicine and Biology</i> , 2014, 817, 3-24.	0.8	152
44	<i>Pseudomonas aeruginosa</i> biofilms perturb wound resolution and antibiotic tolerance in diabetic mice. <i>Medical Microbiology and Immunology</i> , 2013, 202, 131-141.	2.6	119
45	Microbial endocrinology and nutrition: A perspective on new mechanisms by which diet can influence gut-to-brain communication. <i>PharmaNutrition</i> , 2013, 1, 35-39.	0.8	27
46	Microbial Endocrinology in the Microbiome-Gut-Brain Axis: How Bacterial Production and Utilization of Neurochemicals Influence Behavior. <i>PLoS Pathogens</i> , 2013, 9, e1003726.	2.1	306
47	Microbial Endocrinology: An Evolution-Based Shared Mechanism Determining Microbiota's Influence on Health and Disease. <i>Else-KrÄ¶ner-Fresenius-Symposia</i> , 2013, , 53-58.	0.1	2
48	Exposure to a social stressor alters the structure of the intestinal microbiota: Implications for stressor-induced immunomodulation. <i>Brain, Behavior, and Immunity</i> , 2011, 25, 397-407.	2.0	929
49	Response to "Pathophysiology and treatment of the systemic inflammatory response syndrome from the perspective of evolutionary medicine" Surgery, 2011, 149, 461-462.	1.0	0
50	Stress at the intestinal surface: catecholamines and mucosa"bacteria interactions. <i>Cell and Tissue Research</i> , 2011, 343, 23-32.	1.5	223
51	Probiotics function mechanistically as delivery vehicles for neuroactive compounds: Microbial endocrinology in the design and use of probiotics. <i>BioEssays</i> , 2011, 33, 574-581.	1.2	445
52	Stress and microbial endocrinology: prospects for ruminant nutrition. <i>Animal</i> , 2010, 4, 1248-1257.	1.3	45
53	Stressor Exposure Disrupts Commensal Microbial Populations in the Intestines and Leads to Increased Colonization by <i>Citrobacter rodentium</i> . <i>Infection and Immunity</i> , 2010, 78, 1509-1519.	1.0	317
54	Elucidation of the Mechanism by Which Catecholamine Stress Hormones Liberate Iron from the Innate Immune Defense Proteins Transferrin and Lactoferrin. <i>Journal of Bacteriology</i> , 2010, 192, 587-594.	1.0	117

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55	Norepinephrine Augments Salmonella enterica-Induced Enteritis in a Manner Associated with Increased Net Replication but Independent of the Putative Adrenergic Sensor Kinases QseC and QseE. Infection and Immunity, 2010, 78, 372-380.	1.0	72
56	561 The Stress Response Significantly Changes Microbial Populations in the Intestines and Increases Susceptibility to Enteric Infection. Gastroenterology, 2010, 138, S-78.	0.6	0
57	The microbial organ in the gut as a driver of homeostasis and disease. Medical Hypotheses, 2010, 74, 634-638.	0.8	86
58	Microbial endocrinology as a basis for improved L-DOPA bioavailability in Parkinson's patients treated for Helicobacter pylori. Medical Hypotheses, 2010, 74, 895-897.	0.8	41
59	Microbial Endocrinology: A Personal Journey. , 2010, , 1-16.		7
60	6-hydroxydopamine-mediated release of norepinephrine increases faecal excretion of Salmonella enterica serovar Typhimurium in pigs. Veterinary Research, 2010, 41, 68.	1.1	29
61	Staphylococci, Catecholamine Inotropes and Hospital-Acquired Infections. , 2010, , 151-166.		0
62	Reciprocal gut-brain evolutionary symbiosis provokes and amplifies the postinjury systemic inflammatory response syndrome. Surgery, 2009, 146, 950-954.	1.0	16
63	Norepinephrine represses the expression of <i>toxA</i> and the siderophore genes in <i>Pseudomonas aeruginosa</i> . FEMS Microbiology Letters, 2009, 299, 100-109.	0.7	28
64	Memory and learning behavior in mice is temporally associated with diet-induced alterations in gut bacteria. Physiology and Behavior, 2009, 96, 557-567.	1.0	215
65	Behavior Modification of Host by Microbes. , 2009, , 121-127.		3
66	Microbial Endocrinology Comes of Age. Microbe Magazine, 2009, 4, 169-175.	0.4	14
67	Chapter 2 Microbial Endocrinology: Experimental Design Issues in the Study of Interkingdom Signalling in Infectious Disease. Advances in Applied Microbiology, 2008, 64, 75-105.	1.3	49
68	Microbial endocrinology: how stress influences susceptibility to infection. Trends in Microbiology, 2008, 16, 55-64.	3.5	252
69	Campylobacter jejuni infection increases anxiety-like behavior in the holeboard: Possible anatomical substrates for viscerosensory modulation of exploratory behavior. Brain, Behavior, and Immunity, 2008, 22, 354-366.	2.0	233
70	Catecholamine Inotrope Resuscitation of Antibiotic-Damaged Staphylococci and Its Blockade by Specific Receptor Antagonists. Journal of Infectious Diseases, 2008, 197, 1044-1052.	1.9	33
71	Infection-induced viscerosensory signals from the gut enhance anxiety: Implications for psychoneuroimmunology. Brain, Behavior, and Immunity, 2007, 21, 721-726.	2.0	118
72	Specificity of catecholamine-induced growth in Escherichia coli O157:H7, Salmonella enterica and Yersinia enterocolitica. FEMS Microbiology Letters, 2007, 269, 221-228.	0.7	103

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73	Blockade of catecholamine-induced growth by adrenergic and dopaminergic receptor antagonists in <i>Escherichia coli</i> O157:H7, <i>Salmonella enterica</i> and <i>Yersinia enterocolitica</i> . <i>BMC Microbiology</i> , 2007, 7, 8.	1.3	96
74	Influence of dietary catechols on the growth of enteropathogenic bacteria. <i>International Journal of Food Microbiology</i> , 2007, 119, 159-169.	2.1	44
75	Autonomic neurotransmitters modulate immunoglobulin A secretion in porcine colonic mucosa. <i>Journal of Neuroimmunology</i> , 2007, 185, 20-28.	1.1	39
76	Induction of anxiety-like behavior in mice during the initial stages of infection with the agent of murine colonic hyperplasia <i>Citrobacter rodentium</i> . <i>Physiology and Behavior</i> , 2006, 89, 350-357.	1.0	281
77	Induction of Gram-negative bacterial growth by neurochemical containing banana ( <i>Musa x</i> ) Tj ETQq1 1 0.784314 rgBT /Overlock 10 T 5	0.7	20
78	Mucosally-directed adrenergic nerves and sympathomimetic drugs enhance non-intimate adherence of <i>Escherichia coli</i> O157:H7 to porcine cecum and colon. <i>European Journal of Pharmacology</i> , 2006, 539, 116-124.	1.7	50
79	Enhancement of In Vitro Growth of Pathogenic Bacteria by Norepinephrine: Importance of Inoculum Density and Role of Transferrin. <i>Applied and Environmental Microbiology</i> , 2006, 72, 5097-5099.	1.4	84
80	Recommended housing conditions and test procedures can interact to obscure a significant experimental effect. <i>Behavior Research Methods</i> , 2005, 37, 651-656.	2.3	11
81	Activation in vagal afferents and central autonomic pathways: Early responses to intestinal infection with <i>Campylobacter jejuni</i> . <i>Brain, Behavior, and Immunity</i> , 2005, 19, 334-344.	2.0	336
82	The Biogenic Amine Tyramine Modulates the Adherence of <i>Escherichia coli</i> O157:H7 to Intestinal Mucosa. <i>Journal of Food Protection</i> , 2004, 67, 878-883.	0.8	38
83	Assessment of a New Selective Chromogenic <i>Bacillus cereus</i> Group Plating Medium and Use of Enterobacterial Autoinducer of Growth for Cultural Identification of <i>Bacillus</i> Species. <i>Journal of Clinical Microbiology</i> , 2004, 42, 3795-3798.	1.8	14
84	The Neuroendocrine Stress Hormone Norepinephrine Augments <i>Escherichia coli</i> O157:H7-Induced Enteritis and Adherence in a Bovine Ligated Ileal Loop Model of Infection. <i>Infection and Immunity</i> , 2004, 72, 5446-5451.	1.0	102
85	Adrenergic modulation of <i>Escherichia coli</i> O157:H7 adherence to the colonic mucosa. <i>American Journal of Physiology - Renal Physiology</i> , 2004, 287, G1238-G1246.	1.6	73
86	Brain response to cecal infection with <i>Campylobacter jejuni</i> : analysis with Fos immunohistochemistry. <i>Brain, Behavior, and Immunity</i> , 2004, 18, 238-245.	2.0	120
87	Microbial endocrinology and infectious disease in the 21st century. <i>Trends in Microbiology</i> , 2004, 12, 14-20.	3.5	209
88	Neuromodulation of enteropathogen internalization in Peyer's patches from porcine jejunum. <i>Journal of Neuroimmunology</i> , 2003, 141, 74-82.	1.1	89
89	Involvement of enterobactin in norepinephrine-mediated iron supply from transferrin to enterohaemorrhagic <i>Escherichia coli</i> . <i>FEMS Microbiology Letters</i> , 2003, 222, 39-43.	0.7	101
90	Stimulation of <i>Staphylococcus epidermidis</i> growth and biofilm formation by catecholamine inotropes. <i>Lancet, The</i> , 2003, 361, 130-135.	6.3	179

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91	Catecholamines Modulate Escherichia coli O157:H7 Adherence to Murine Cecal Mucosa. Shock, 2003, 20, 183-188.	1.0	99
92	Resuscitation of Salmonella enterica Serovar Typhimurium and Enterohemorrhagic Escherichia coli from the Viable but Nonculturable State by Heat-Stable Enterobacterial Autoinducer. Applied and Environmental Microbiology, 2002, 68, 4788-4794.	1.4	127
93	Increased IL-10 Production and HLA-DR Suppression in the Lungs of Injured Patients Precede the Development of Nosocomial Pneumonia. Shock, 2002, 17, 443-450.	1.0	81
94	Epinephrine as a Mediator of Pulmonary Neutrophil Sequestration. Shock, 2002, 18, 46-50.	1.0	19
95	Growth Stimulation of Intestinal Commensal Escherichia coli by Catecholamines: A Possible Contributory Factor in Trauma-Induced Sepsis. Shock, 2002, 18, 465-470.	1.0	188
96	Systemic and pulmonary effector cell function after injury*. Critical Care Medicine, 2002, 30, 1322-1326.	0.4	45
97	Cytokines and the pathogenesis of nosocomial pneumonia. Surgery, 2001, 130, 602-611.	1.0	29
98	Catecholamine inotropes as growth factors for Staphylococcus epidermidis and other coagulase-negative staphylococci. FEMS Microbiology Letters, 2001, 194, 163-169.	0.7	76
99	The Mammalian Neuroendocrine Hormone Norepinephrine Supplies Iron for Bacterial Growth in the Presence of Transferrin or Lactoferrin. Journal of Bacteriology, 2000, 182, 6091-6098.	1.0	183
100	Stimulation of bacterial growth by heat-stable, norepinephrine-induced autoinducers. FEMS Microbiology Letters, 1999, 172, 53-60.	0.7	160
101	Effects of Social Conflict on Immune Responses and E. coli Growth Within Closed Chambers in Mice. Physiology and Behavior, 1999, 67, 133-140.	1.0	30
102	In Vivo Adaptation of Attenuated Salmonella typhimurium Results in Increased Growth Upon Exposure to Norepinephrine. Physiology and Behavior, 1999, 67, 359-364.	1.0	28
103	Stimulation of bacterial growth by heat-stable, norepinephrine-induced autoinducers. FEMS Microbiology Letters, 1999, 172, 53-60.	0.7	5
104	Anxiogenic effect of subclinical bacterial infection in mice in the absence of overt immune activation. Physiology and Behavior, 1998, 65, 63-68.	1.0	181
105	SOCIAL CONFLICT STRESS, IMMUNE RESPONSES, AND RESISTANCE TO INFECTION. Shock, 1997, 7, 104.	1.0	0
106	Norepinephrine-Induced Expression of the K99 Pilus Adhesin of Enterotoxigenic Escherichia coli. Biochemical and Biophysical Research Communications, 1997, 232, 682-686.	1.0	100
107	Neuroendocrine-Bacterial Interactions in a Neurotoxin-Induced Model of Trauma. Journal of Surgical Research, 1997, 70, 195-201.	0.8	141
108	Norepinephrine-Induced Growth and Alteration of Molecular Fingerprints in Escherichia coli O157:H7. Advances in Experimental Medicine and Biology, 1997, 412, 265-267.	0.8	2

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109	Norepinephrine Induced Growth and Expression of Virulence Associated Factors in Enterotoxigenic and Enterohemorrhagic Strains of Escherichia coli. <i>Advances in Experimental Medicine and Biology</i> , 1997, 412, 331-339.	0.8	66
110	Induction of Gram-negative bacterial growth by neurochemical containing banana (Musa x) Tj ETQq0 0 0 rgBT /Overlock 10 Tf 50 702 To	0.7	5
111	Production of Shiga-like toxins by Escherichia coli O157:H7 can be influenced by the neuroendocrine hormone norepinephrine. <i>Translational Research</i> , 1996, 128, 392-398.	2.4	130
112	Production of an autoinducer of growth by norepinephrine cultured Escherichia coli O157:H7. <i>FEMS Microbiology Letters</i> , 1996, 139, 155-159.	0.7	99
113	Alpha and Beta Adrenergic Receptor Involvement in Catecholamine-Induced Growth of Gram-Negative Bacteria. <i>Biochemical and Biophysical Research Communications</i> , 1993, 190, 447-452.	1.0	85
114	Effects of in vitro adrenocorticotrophic hormone, cortisol and human recombinant interleukin-2 on porcine neutrophil migration and luminol-dependent chemiluminescence. <i>Veterinary Immunology and Immunopathology</i> , 1993, 39, 327-337.	0.5	47
115	The role of microbial endocrinology in infectious disease. <i>Journal of Endocrinology</i> , 1993, 137, 343-345.	1.2	135
116	Catecholamine induced growth of gram negative bacteria. <i>Life Sciences</i> , 1992, 50, 203-212.	2.0	307
117	The role of catecholamines in Gram-negative sepsis. <i>Medical Hypotheses</i> , 1992, 37, 255-258.	0.8	49
118	Effects of In Vitro Electrical Stimulation on Enhancement and Suppression of Malignant Lymphoma Cell Proliferation. <i>Journal of the National Cancer Institute</i> , 1991, 83, 116-119.	3.0	19
119	Strain-specific enhancement of splenic T cell mitogenesis and macrophage phagocytosis following peripheral axotomy. <i>Journal of Neuroimmunology</i> , 1991, 31, 1-8.	1.1	51
120	Examination of the neuroendocrine basis for the social conflict-induced enhancement of immunity in mice. <i>Physiology and Behavior</i> , 1990, 48, 685-691.	1.0	31
121	Innate and adaptive immune responses in a social conflict paradigm. <i>Clinical Immunology and Immunopathology</i> , 1990, 57, 137-147.	2.1	69
122	The influence of mouse strain and housing on the immune response. <i>Journal of Neuroimmunology</i> , 1987, 17, 11-16.	1.1	37
123	Alteration of Immune Competency by Number of Mice Housed per Cage. <i>Annals of the New York Academy of Sciences</i> , 1987, 496, 492-500.	1.8	39
124	Clinical and Laboratory Evidence of Autoimmunity in Acute Schizophrenia. <i>Annals of the New York Academy of Sciences</i> , 1987, 496, 676-685.	1.8	132
125	Shock-induced modulation of lymphocyte reactivity: Suppression, habituation, and recovery. <i>Life Sciences</i> , 1987, 41, 1805-1814.	2.0	87
126	Generation and measurement of interleukin-1, interleukin-2, and mitogen levels in small volumes of whole blood. <i>Journal of Clinical Laboratory Analysis</i> , 1987, 1, 83-88.	0.9	12



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127	Effect of in vivo administration of the carcinogen benzo(a)pyrene on interleukin-2 and interleukin-3 production. International Journal of Immunopharmacology, 1987, 9, 307-312.	1.1	30
128	Regulation of interleukin-1 production in murine macrophages and human monocytes by a normal physiological constituent. Life Sciences, 1986, 38, 1163-1170.	2.0	6
129	Modulation of interleukin-1 production by macrophages following benzo(a)pyrene exposure. International Journal of Immunopharmacology, 1986, 8, 377-381.	1.1	43
130	Differential immunotoxic effects of the environmental chemical benzo[a]pyrene in young and aged mice. Mechanisms of Ageing and Development, 1985, 30, 333-341.	2.2	16
131	Microbial Endocrinology in the Pathogenesis of Infectious Disease. , 0, , 137-168.		0
132	Exposure to a Virtual Environment Induces Biological and Microbiota Changes in Onset-of-Lay Hens. Frontiers in Virtual Reality, 0, 3, .	2.5	0