

Juergen Kreyling

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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Version: 2024-02-01

141
papers

9,791
citations

28274

55
h-index

40979

93
g-index

152
all docs

152
docs citations

152
times ranked

12682
citing authors

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
1	Global maps of soil temperature. <i>Global Change Biology</i> , 2022, 28, 3110-3144.	9.5	113
2	Field experiments underestimate aboveground biomass response to drought. <i>Nature Ecology and Evolution</i> , 2022, 6, 540-545.	7.8	30
3	Climate-change-driven growth decline of European beech forests. <i>Communications Biology</i> , 2022, 5, 163.	4.4	89
4	Inter-Individual Budburst Variation in <i>Fagus sylvatica</i> Is Driven by Warming Rate. <i>Frontiers in Plant Science</i> , 2022, 13, 853521.	3.6	7
5	Jet stream position explains regional anomalies in European beech forest productivity and tree growth. <i>Nature Communications</i> , 2022, 13, 2015.	12.8	8
6	Species-specific effects of thermal stress on the expression of genetic variation across a diverse group of plant and animal taxa under experimental conditions. <i>Heredity</i> , 2021, 126, 23-37.	2.6	11
7	¹⁵ N tracer enrichment in response to winter soil temperature manipulation differs between canopy trees and juveniles. <i>Trees - Structure and Function</i> , 2021, 35, 325-331.	1.9	3
8	Wetter is Better: Rewetting of Minerotrophic Peatlands Increases Plant Production and Moves Them Towards Carbon Sinks in a Dry Year. <i>Ecosystems</i> , 2021, 24, 1093-1109.	3.4	21
9	The invasive <i>Opuntia ficus-indica</i> homogenizes native plant species compositions in the highlands of Eritrea. <i>Biological Invasions</i> , 2021, 23, 433-442.	2.4	15
10	Ecosystem Processes Show Uniform Sensitivity to Winter Soil Temperature Change Across a Gradient from Central to Cold Marginal Stands of a Major Temperate Forest Tree. <i>Ecosystems</i> , 2021, 24, 1545-1560.	3.4	10
11	Root-Associated Mycobiomes of Common Temperate Plants (<i>Calluna vulgaris</i> and <i>Holcus lanatus</i>) Are Strongly Affected by Winter Climate Conditions. <i>Microbial Ecology</i> , 2021, 82, 403-415.	2.8	3
12	Management options for the conversion of allochthonous coniferous forest patches towards more natural species composition in the Vorpommersche Boddenlandschaft National Park, NE Germany. <i>Baltic Forestry</i> , 2021, 27, .	0.5	3
13	Biotic homogenization destabilizes ecosystem functioning by decreasing spatial asynchrony. <i>Ecology</i> , 2021, 102, e03332.	3.2	74
14	Potentially peat-forming biomass of fen sedges increases with increasing nutrient levels. <i>Functional Ecology</i> , 2021, 35, 1579-1595.	3.6	8
15	Don't drink it, bury it: comparing decomposition rates with the tea bag index is possible without prior leaching. <i>Plant and Soil</i> , 2021, 465, 613-621.	3.7	7
16	High plasticity in germination and establishment success in the dominant forest tree <i>Fagus sylvatica</i> across Europe. <i>Global Ecology and Biogeography</i> , 2021, 30, 1583-1596.	5.8	15
17	Determinants of community compositional change are equally affected by global change. <i>Ecology Letters</i> , 2021, 24, 1892-1904.	6.4	27
18	Eukaryotic rather than prokaryotic microbiomes change over seasons in rewetted fen peatlands. <i>FEMS Microbiology Ecology</i> , 2021, 97, .	2.7	8

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19	Can nutrient uptake by <i>Carex</i> counteract eutrophication in fen peatlands?. <i>Science of the Total Environment</i> , 2021, 785, 147276.	8.0	8
20	Late to bed, late to rise – Warmer autumn temperatures delay spring phenology by delaying dormancy. <i>Global Change Biology</i> , 2021, 27, 5806-5817.	9.5	43
21	Rewetting does not return drained fen peatlands to their old selves. <i>Nature Communications</i> , 2021, 12, 5693.	12.8	75
22	ForestTemp – Sub-canopy microclimate temperatures of European forests. <i>Global Change Biology</i> , 2021, 27, 6307-6319.	9.5	57
23	Identification and Measurement of Individual Roots in Minirhizotron Images of Dense Root Systems. , 2021, , .		4
24	Understanding ecosystems of the future will require more than realistic climate change experiments – A response to Korell et al.. <i>Global Change Biology</i> , 2020, 26, e6-e7.	9.5	12
25	The handbook for standardized field and laboratory measurements in terrestrial climate change experiments and observational studies (ClimEx). <i>Methods in Ecology and Evolution</i> , 2020, 11, 22-37.	5.2	68
26	Tree growth influenced by warming winter climate and summer moisture availability in northern temperate forests. <i>Global Change Biology</i> , 2020, 26, 2505-2518.	9.5	101
27	Lowest drought sensitivity and decreasing growth synchrony towards the dry distribution margin of European beech. <i>Journal of Biogeography</i> , 2020, 47, 1910-1921.	3.0	40
28	From Understanding to Sustainable Use of Peatlands: The WETSCAPES Approach. <i>Soil Systems</i> , 2020, 4, 14.	2.6	45
29	Invader presence disrupts the stabilizing effect of species richness in plant community recovery after drought. <i>Global Change Biology</i> , 2020, 26, 3539-3551.	9.5	20
30	Wetland buffer zones for nitrogen and phosphorus retention: Impacts of soil type, hydrology and vegetation. <i>Science of the Total Environment</i> , 2020, 727, 138709.	8.0	89
31	SoilTemp: A global database of near-surface temperature. <i>Global Change Biology</i> , 2020, 26, 6616-6629.	9.5	122
32	Differential Thermal Analysis: A Fast Alternative to Measurements. <i>Methods in Molecular Biology</i> , 2020, 2156, 23-31.	0.9	3
33	Soils from cold and snowy temperate deciduous forests release more nitrogen and phosphorus after soil freeze-thaw cycles than soils from warmer, snow-poor conditions. <i>Biogeosciences</i> , 2020, 17, 4103-4117.	3.3	15
34	Global change effects on plant communities are magnified by time and the number of global change factors imposed. <i>Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America</i> , 2019, 116, 17867-17873.	7.1	141
35	Winter warming is ecologically more relevant than summer warming in a cool-temperate grassland. <i>Scientific Reports</i> , 2019, 9, 14632.	3.3	36
36	Patterns and drivers in spring and autumn phenology differ above- and belowground in four ecosystems under the same macroclimatic conditions. <i>Plant and Soil</i> , 2019, 445, 217-229.	3.7	9

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37	Phenotypic plasticity closely linked to climate at origin and resulting in increased mortality under warming and frost stress in a common grass. <i>Ecology and Evolution</i> , 2019, 9, 1344-1352.	1.9	17
38	The Ecological Importance of Winter in Temperate, Boreal, and Arctic Ecosystems in Times of Climate Change. <i>Progress in Botany Fortschritte Der Botanik</i> , 2019, , 377-399.	0.3	10
39	Forest understory vegetation is more related to soil than to climate towards the cold distribution margin of European beech. <i>Journal of Vegetation Science</i> , 2019, 30, 746-755.	2.2	19
40	Increased Soil Frost Versus Summer Drought as Drivers of Plant Biomass Responses to Reduced Precipitation: Results from a Globally Coordinated Field Experiment. <i>Ecosystems</i> , 2018, 21, 1432-1444.	3.4	18
41	Phenological Sensitivity of Early and Late Flowering Species Under Seasonal Warming and Altered Precipitation in a Seminatural Temperate Grassland Ecosystem. <i>Ecosystems</i> , 2018, 21, 1306-1320.	3.4	15
42	Mean annual precipitation predicts primary production resistance and resilience to extreme drought. <i>Science of the Total Environment</i> , 2018, 636, 360-366.	8.0	109
43	Intraspecific variation in response to magnitude and frequency of freeze-thaw cycles in a temperate grass. <i>AoB PLANTS</i> , 2018, 10, plx068.	2.3	5
44	Autumnal warming does not change root phenology in two contrasting vegetation types of subarctic tundra. <i>Plant and Soil</i> , 2018, 424, 145-156.	3.7	18
45	Positive sportâ€“biosphere interactions? â€” Cross-country skiing delays spring phenology of meadow vegetation. <i>Basic and Applied Ecology</i> , 2018, 27, 30-40.	2.7	6
46	Temporal photoperiod sensitivity and forcing requirements for budburst in temperate tree seedlings. <i>Agricultural and Forest Meteorology</i> , 2018, 248, 82-90.	4.8	25
47	Winter warming effects on tundra shrub performance are speciesâ€“specific and dependent on spring conditions. <i>Journal of Ecology</i> , 2018, 106, 599-612.	4.0	32
48	Short-term carbon dynamics in a temperate grassland and heathland ecosystem exposed to 104 days of drought followed by irrigation. <i>Isotopes in Environmental and Health Studies</i> , 2018, 54, 41-62.	1.0	7
49	Patterns and drivers of biodiversityâ€“stability relationships under climate extremes. <i>Journal of Ecology</i> , 2018, 106, 890-902.	4.0	83
50	Winter matters: Sensitivity to winter climate and cold events increases towards the cold distribution margin of European beech (<i>Fagus sylvatica</i> L.). <i>Journal of Biogeography</i> , 2018, 45, 2779-2790.	3.0	37
51	Climatically controlled reproduction drives interannual growth variability in a temperate tree species. <i>Ecology Letters</i> , 2018, 21, 1833-1844.	6.4	92
52	To replicate, or not to replicate â€“ that is the question: how to tackle nonlinear responses in ecological experiments. <i>Ecology Letters</i> , 2018, 21, 1629-1638.	6.4	146
53	Multiple facets of biodiversity drive the diversityâ€“stability relationship. <i>Nature Ecology and Evolution</i> , 2018, 2, 1579-1587.	7.8	296
54	Key ecological research questions for Central European forests. <i>Basic and Applied Ecology</i> , 2018, 32, 3-25.	2.7	71

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55	Effects of extreme drought on specific leaf area of grassland species: A meta-analysis of experimental studies in temperate and sub-Mediterranean systems. <i>Global Change Biology</i> , 2017, 23, 2473-2481.	9.5	165
56	Trait variation in response to varying winter temperatures, diversity patterns and signatures of selection along the latitudinal distribution of the widespread grassland plant <i>Arrhenatherum elatius</i> . <i>Ecology and Evolution</i> , 2017, 7, 3268-3280.	1.9	16
57	Plant community composition affects the species biogeochemical niche. <i>Ecosphere</i> , 2017, 8, e01801.	2.2	42
58	Importance of Seasonality for the Response of a Mesic Temperate Grassland to Increased Precipitation Variability and Warming. <i>Ecosystems</i> , 2017, 20, 1454-1467.	3.4	29
59	Low resistance but high resilience in growth of a major deciduous forest tree (<i>Fagus sylvatica</i> L.) in response to late spring frost in southern Germany. <i>Trees - Structure and Function</i> , 2017, 31, 743-751.	1.9	47
60	Drought inhibits synergistic interactions of native and exotic litter mixtures during decomposition in temperate grasslands. <i>Plant and Soil</i> , 2017, 415, 257-268.	3.7	13
61	Grassland experiments under climatic extremes: Reproductive fitness versus biomass. <i>Environmental and Experimental Botany</i> , 2017, 144, 68-75.	4.2	16
62	Asynchrony among local communities stabilises ecosystem function of metacommunities. <i>Ecology Letters</i> , 2017, 20, 1534-1545.	6.4	136
63	Species richness effects on grassland recovery from drought depend on community productivity in a multisite experiment. <i>Ecology Letters</i> , 2017, 20, 1405-1413.	6.4	82
64	Drought Effects in Climate Change Manipulation Experiments: Quantifying the Influence of Ambient Weather Conditions and Rain-out Shelter Artifacts. <i>Ecosystems</i> , 2017, 20, 301-315.	3.4	41
65	Desert Vegetation Forty Years after an Oil Spill. <i>Journal of Environmental Quality</i> , 2017, 46, 568-575.	2.0	18
66	Distribution ranges and spring phenology explain late frost sensitivity in 170 woody plants from the Northern Hemisphere. <i>Global Ecology and Biogeography</i> , 2016, 25, 1061-1071.	5.8	51
67	The hidden season: growing season is 50% longer below than above ground along an arctic elevation gradient. <i>New Phytologist</i> , 2016, 209, 978-986.	7.3	100
68	Effects of extreme weather events and legume presence on mycorrhization of <i>Plantago lanceolata</i> and <i>Holcus lanatus</i> in the field. <i>Plant Biology</i> , 2016, 18, 262-270.	3.8	17
69	On the influence of provenance to soil quality enhanced stress reaction of young beech trees to summer drought. <i>Ecology and Evolution</i> , 2016, 6, 8276-8290.	1.9	8
70	Ecotype-specific improvement of nitrogen status in European grasses after drought combined with rewetting. <i>Acta Oecologica</i> , 2016, 77, 118-127.	1.1	3
71	Plant diversity effects on grassland productivity are robust to both nutrient enrichment and drought. <i>Philosophical Transactions of the Royal Society B: Biological Sciences</i> , 2016, 371, 20150277.	4.0	169
72	Short-term climate change manipulation effects do not scale up to long-term legacies: effects of an absent snow cover on boreal forest plants. <i>Journal of Ecology</i> , 2016, 104, 1638-1648.	4.0	57

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73	How plot shape and spatial arrangement affect plant species richness counts: implications for sampling design and rarefaction analyses. <i>Journal of Vegetation Science</i> , 2016, 27, 692-703.	2.2	38
74	Plant responses to climatic extremes: withinâ€species variation equals amongâ€species variation. <i>Global Change Biology</i> , 2016, 22, 449-464.	9.5	54
75	Plant community composition is a crucial factor for heath performance under precipitation extremes. <i>Journal of Vegetation Science</i> , 2015, 26, 975-984.	2.2	15
76	A Comparison of Genetic Diversity and Phenotypic Plasticity among European Beech (<i>Fagus sylvatica</i>) Overlock 10 Tf 50 62 Manipulation. <i>International Journal of Plant Sciences</i> , 2015, 176, 232-244.	1.3	32
77	Nitrogen leaching is enhanced after a winter warm spell but mainly controlled by vegetation composition in temperate zone mesocosms. <i>Plant and Soil</i> , 2015, 396, 85-96.	3.7	6
78	Warming differentially influences the effects of drought on stoichiometry and metabolomics in shoots and roots. <i>New Phytologist</i> , 2015, 207, 591-603.	7.3	109
79	Global Change Experiments: Challenges and Opportunities. <i>BioScience</i> , 2015, 65, 922-931.	4.9	93
80	Biodiversity increases the resistance of ecosystem productivity to climate extremes. <i>Nature</i> , 2015, 526, 574-577.	27.8	1,032
81	Cold tolerance of tree species is related to the climate of their native ranges. <i>Journal of Biogeography</i> , 2015, 42, 156-166.	3.0	62
82	Shifts in the elemental composition of plants during a very severe drought. <i>Environmental and Experimental Botany</i> , 2015, 111, 63-73.	4.2	50
83	Interactions among ecosystem services across Europe: Bagplots and cumulative correlation coefficients reveal synergies, trade-offs, and regional patterns. <i>Ecological Indicators</i> , 2015, 49, 46-52.	6.3	132
84	Increased winter soil temperature variability enhances nitrogen cycling and soil biotic activity in temperate heathland and grassland mesocosms. <i>Biogeosciences</i> , 2014, 11, 7051-7060.	3.3	17
85	Extreme weather events and plantâ€plant interactions: shifts between competition and facilitation among grassland species in the face of drought and heavy rainfall. <i>Ecological Research</i> , 2014, 29, 991-1001.	1.5	90
86	Local adaptations to frost in marginal and central populations of the dominant forest tree <i>Fagus sylvatica</i> as affected by temperature and extreme drought in common garden experiments. <i>Ecology and Evolution</i> , 2014, 4, 594-605.	1.9	97
87	Climatic extremes lead to species-specific legume facilitation in an experimental temperate grassland. <i>Plant and Soil</i> , 2014, 379, 161-175.	3.7	30
88	Different reactions of central and marginal provenances of <i>Fagus sylvatica</i> to experimental drought. <i>European Journal of Forest Research</i> , 2014, 133, 247-260.	2.5	74
89	Relative effects of temperature vs. photoperiod on growth and cold acclimation of northern and southern ecotypes of the grass <i>Arrhenatherum elatius</i> . <i>Environmental and Experimental Botany</i> , 2014, 106, 189-196.	4.2	19
90	Beyond realism in climate change experiments: gradient approaches identify thresholds and tipping points. <i>Ecology Letters</i> , 2014, 17, 125.	6.4	71

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91	Winter warming pulses differently affect plant performance in temperate heathland and grassland communities. <i>Ecological Research</i> , 2014, 29, 561-570.	1.5	21
92	Recurrent Mild Drought Events Increase Resistance Toward Extreme Drought Stress. <i>Ecosystems</i> , 2014, 17, 1068-1081.	3.4	89
93	Water stress due to increased intra-annual precipitation variability reduced forage yield but raised forage quality of a temperate grassland. <i>Agriculture, Ecosystems and Environment</i> , 2014, 186, 11-22.	5.3	93
94	Opposite metabolic responses of shoots and roots to drought. <i>Scientific Reports</i> , 2014, 4, 6829.	3.3	170
95	Common Garden Experiments to Characterize Cold Acclimation Responses in Plants from Different Climatic Regions. <i>Methods in Molecular Biology</i> , 2014, 1166, 65-78.	0.9	5
96	A transplantation experiment along climatic gradients suggests limitations of experimental warming manipulations. <i>Climate Research</i> , 2014, 60, 63-71.	1.1	2
97	Absence of soil frost affects plant-soil interactions in temperate grasslands. <i>Plant and Soil</i> , 2013, 371, 559-572.	3.7	17
98	Recurring weather extremes alter the flowering phenology of two common temperate shrubs. <i>International Journal of Biometeorology</i> , 2013, 57, 579-588.	3.0	38
99	Intraspecific variation buffers projected climate change impacts on <i>Pinus contorta</i> . <i>Ecology and Evolution</i> , 2013, 3, 437-449.	1.9	97
100	Ecological stress memory and cross stress tolerance in plants in the face of climate extremes. <i>Environmental and Experimental Botany</i> , 2013, 94, 3-8.	4.2	283
101	Combined effects of multifactor climate change and land-use on decomposition in temperate grassland. <i>Soil Biology and Biochemistry</i> , 2013, 60, 10-18.	8.8	63
102	Soil moisture change caused by experimental extreme summer drought is similar to natural interannual variation in a loamy sand in Central Europe. <i>Journal of Plant Nutrition and Soil Science</i> , 2013, 176, 27-34.	1.9	18
103	Snow removal reduces annual cellulose decomposition in a riparian boreal forest. <i>Canadian Journal of Soil Science</i> , 2013, 93, 427-433.	1.2	38
104	Complexity in Climate Change Manipulation Experiments. <i>BioScience</i> , 2013, 63, 763-767.	4.9	56
105	Winter climate controls soil carbon dynamics during summer in boreal forests. <i>Environmental Research Letters</i> , 2013, 8, 024017.	5.2	38
106	Winter Climate Change and Ecological Implications in Temperate Systems. , 2013, , 29-40.		3
107	A continental comparison indicates long-term effects of forest management on understory diversity in coniferous forests¹This article is one of a selection of papers from the 7th International Conference on Disturbance Dynamics in Boreal Forests.. <i>Canadian Journal of Forest Research</i> , 2012, 42, 1239-1252.	1.7	10
108	Drought responses of <i>Arrhenatherum elatius</i> grown in plant assemblages of varying species richness. <i>Acta Oecologica</i> , 2012, 39, 11-17.	1.1	9

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109	Uniform drought and warming responses in <i>Pinus nigra</i> provenances despite specific overall performances. <i>Forest Ecology and Management</i> , 2012, 270, 200-208.	3.2	41
110	Low-temperature threshold for egg survival of a post-diapause and non-diapause European aedine strain, <i>Aedes albopictus</i> (Diptera: Culicidae). <i>Parasites and Vectors</i> , 2012, 5, 100.	2.5	133
111	Short-term impacts of soil freeze-thaw cycles on roots and root-associated fungi of <i>Holcus lanatus</i> and <i>Calluna vulgaris</i> . <i>Plant and Soil</i> , 2012, 353, 19-31.	3.7	64
112	Late frost sensitivity of juvenile <i>Fagus sylvatica</i> L. differs between southern Germany and Bulgaria and depends on preceding air temperature. <i>European Journal of Forest Research</i> , 2012, 131, 717-725.	2.5	76
113	Increased rainfall variability reduces biomass and forage quality of temperate grassland largely independent of mowing frequency. <i>Agriculture, Ecosystems and Environment</i> , 2012, 148, 1-10.	5.3	69
114	Cold hardiness of <i>Pinus nigra</i> Arnold as influenced by geographic origin, warming, and extreme summer drought. <i>Environmental and Experimental Botany</i> , 2012, 78, 99-108.	4.2	79
115	Geographic origin and past climatic experience influence the response to late spring frost in four common grass species in central Europe. <i>Ecography</i> , 2012, 35, 268-275.	4.5	54
116	Absence of snow cover reduces understory plant cover and alters plant community composition in boreal forests. <i>Oecologia</i> , 2012, 168, 577-587.	2.0	91
117	Winter warming pulses affect the development of planted temperate grassland and dwarf-shrub heath communities. <i>Plant Ecology and Diversity</i> , 2011, 4, 13-21.	2.4	24
118	Vanishing winters in Germany: soil frost dynamics and snow cover trends, and ecological implications. <i>Climate Research</i> , 2011, 46, 269-276.	1.1	101
119	Stochastic trajectories of succession initiated by extreme climatic events. <i>Ecology Letters</i> , 2011, 14, 758-764.	6.4	114
120	Ecotypes of European grass species respond differently to warming and extreme drought. <i>Journal of Ecology</i> , 2011, 99, 703-713.	4.0	110
121	Climate extremes initiate ecosystem-regulating functions while maintaining productivity. <i>Journal of Ecology</i> , 2011, 99, 689-702.	4.0	243
122	Assisted Colonization: A Question of Focal Units and Recipient Localities. <i>Restoration Ecology</i> , 2011, 19, 433-440.	2.9	84
123	Evidence for genetic differentiation and divergent selection in an autotetraploid forage grass (<i>Arrhenatherum elatius</i>). <i>Theoretical and Applied Genetics</i> , 2010, 120, 1151-1162.	3.6	34
124	Effects of soil freeze-thaw cycles differ between experimental plant communities. <i>Basic and Applied Ecology</i> , 2010, 11, 65-75.	2.7	69
125	Potential consequences of climate warming for tropical plant species in high mountains of southern Ethiopia. <i>Diversity and Distributions</i> , 2010, 16, 593-605.	4.1	30
126	Winter climate change: a critical factor for temperate vegetation performance. <i>Ecology</i> , 2010, 91, 1939-1948.	3.2	283

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127	Vegetation pattern divergence between dry and wet season in a semiarid savanna – Spatio-temporal dynamics of plant diversity in northwest Namibia. <i>Journal of Arid Environments</i> , 2010, 74, 1516-1524.	2.4	16
128	Beyond gradual warming: extreme weather events alter flower phenology of European grassland and heath species. <i>Global Change Biology</i> , 2009, 15, 837-849.	9.5	190
129	Slow understory redevelopment after clearcutting in high mountain forests. <i>Biodiversity and Conservation</i> , 2008, 17, 2339-2355.	2.6	15
130	Soil biotic processes remain remarkably stable after 100-year extreme weather events in experimental grassland and heath. <i>Plant and Soil</i> , 2008, 308, 175-188.	3.7	77
131	Effects of Extreme Weather Events on Plant Productivity and Tissue Die-Back are Modified by Community Composition. <i>Ecosystems</i> , 2008, 11, 752-763.	3.4	132
132	Invasibility of grassland and heath communities exposed to extreme weather events – additive effects of diversity resistance and fluctuating physical environment. <i>Oikos</i> , 2008, 117, 1542-1554.	2.7	54
133	Recurrent soil freeze–thaw cycles enhance grassland productivity. <i>New Phytologist</i> , 2008, 177, 938-945.	7.3	100
134	A single drought event of 100-year recurrence enhances subsequent carbon uptake and changes carbon allocation in experimental grassland communities. <i>Journal of Plant Nutrition and Soil Science</i> , 2008, 171, 681-689.	1.9	37
135	Potentials of Natural Tree Regeneration after Clearcutting in Subalpine Forests. <i>Western Journal of Applied Forestry</i> , 2008, 23, 46-52.	0.5	6
136	A new generation of climate-change experiments: events, not trends. <i>Frontiers in Ecology and the Environment</i> , 2007, 5, 365-374.	4.0	931
137	Upward shift of alpine plants increases floristic similarity of mountain summits. <i>Journal of Vegetation Science</i> , 2007, 18, 711-718.	2.2	89
138	A new generation of climate-change experiments: events, not trends. , 2007, 5, 365.		1
139	A new generation of climate-change experiments: events, not trends. , 2007, 5, 365.		3
140	Upward shift of alpine plants increases floristic similarity of mountain summits. <i>Journal of Vegetation Science</i> , 2007, 18, 711.	2.2	1
141	Rewetting prolongs root growing season in minerotrophic peatlands and mitigates negative drought effects. <i>Journal of Applied Ecology</i> , 0, , .	4.0	6