## Gail Carson

## List of Publications by Year in descending order

Source: https://exaly.com/author-pdf/1648256/publications.pdf

Version: 2024-02-01

all docs

37 6,417 21 34 g-index

48 48 48 13810

times ranked

citing authors

docs citations

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
1	Risk factors for post-COVID-19 condition in previously hospitalised children using the ISARIC Global follow-up protocol: a prospective cohort study. European Respiratory Journal, 2022, 59, 2101341.	6.7	216
2	Prospective validation of the 4C prognostic models for adults hospitalised with COVID-19 using the ISARIC WHO Clinical Characterisation Protocol. Thorax, 2022, 77, 606-615.	5.6	24
3	Prevalence and risk factors of post-COVID-19 condition in adults and children at 6 and 12 months after hospital discharge: a prospective, cohort study in Moscow (StopCOVID). BMC Medicine, 2022, 20, .	5.5	48
4	Prevalence of Asymptomatic SARS-CoV-2 Infection. Annals of Internal Medicine, 2021, 174, 283-284.	3.9	5
5	What is the recovery rate and risk of long-term consequences following a diagnosis of COVID-19? A harmonised, global longitudinal observational study protocol. BMJ Open, 2021, 11, e043887.	1.9	51
6	Research priorities for Long Covid: refined through an international multi-stakeholder forum. BMC Medicine, 2021, 19, 84.	5 <b>.</b> 5	45
7	Risk of adverse outcomes in patients with underlying respiratory conditions admitted to hospital with COVID-19: a national, multicentre prospective cohort study using the ISARIC WHO Clinical Characterisation Protocol UK. Lancet Respiratory Medicine,the, 2021, 9, 699-711.	10.7	122
8	Development and validation of the ISARIC 4C Deterioration model for adults hospitalised with COVID-19: a prospective cohort study. Lancet Respiratory Medicine, the, 2021, 9, 349-359.	10.7	161
9	Long COVID: tackling a multifaceted condition requires a multidisciplinary approach. Lancet Infectious Diseases, The, 2021, 21, 601-602.	9.1	66
10	Evaluating clinical characteristics studies produced early in the Covid-19 pandemic: A systematic review. PLoS ONE, 2021, 16, e0251250.	2.5	6
11	COVID-19 symptoms at hospital admission vary with age and sex: results from the ISARIC prospective multinational observational study. Infection, 2021, 49, 889-905.	4.7	62
12	Characterisation of in-hospital complications associated with COVID-19 using the ISARIC WHO Clinical Characterisation Protocol UK: a prospective, multicentre cohort study. Lancet, The, 2021, 398, 223-237.	13.7	110
13	Incidence and risk factors for persistent symptoms in adults previously hospitalized for COVIDâ€19. Clinical and Experimental Allergy, 2021, 51, 1107-1120.	2.9	116
14	Long Covid in adults discharged from UK hospitals after Covid-19: A prospective, multicentre cohort study using the ISARIC WHO Clinical Characterisation Protocol. Lancet Regional Health - Europe, The, 2021, 8, 100186.	5 <b>.</b> 6	191
15	Characterising long COVID: a living systematic review. BMJ Global Health, 2021, 6, e005427.	4.7	523
16	Ten months of temporal variation in the clinical journey of hospitalised patients with COVID-19: An observational cohort. ELife, 2021, 10, .	6.0	9
17	Clinical characteristics of children and young people admitted to hospital with covid-19 in United Kingdom: prospective multicentre observational cohort study. BMJ, The, 2020, 370, m3249.	6.0	478
18	Risk stratification of patients admitted to hospital with covid-19 using the ISARIC WHO Clinical Characterisation Protocol: development and validation of the 4C Mortality Score. BMJ, The, 2020, 370, m3339.	6.0	779

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19	Global outbreak research: harmony not hegemony. Lancet Infectious Diseases, The, 2020, 20, 770-772.	9.1	40
20	Addressing challenges for clinical research responses to emerging epidemics and pandemics: a scoping review. BMC Medicine, 2020, 18, 190.	<b>5.</b> 5	30
21	A living mapping review for COVID-19 funded research projects: nine-month update. Wellcome Open Research, 2020, 5, 209.	1.8	14
22	What are the long-term symptoms and complications of COVID-19: a protocol for a living systematic review. F1000Research, 2020, 9, 1455.	1.6	5
23	Features of 20 133 UK patients in hospital with covid-19 using the ISARIC WHO Clinical Characterisation Protocol: prospective observational cohort study. BMJ, The, 2020, 369, m1985.	6.0	2,474
24	An evidence-based framework for priority clinical research questions for COVID-19. Journal of Global Health, 2020, 10, 011001.	2.7	11
25	Advancing preparedness for clinical research during infectious disease epidemics. ERJ Open Research, 2019, 5, 00227-2018.	2.6	11
26	A systematic review of clinical guidelines on the management of acute, community-acquired CNS infections. BMC Medicine, 2019, 17, 170.	5 <b>.</b> 5	21
27	"If I have a cancer, it is not my fault I am a refugee†A qualitative study with expert stakeholders on cancer care management for Syrian refugees in Jordan. PLoS ONE, 2019, 14, e0222496.	2.5	19
28	Clinical research networks and assessing pandemic severity. The Lancet Global Health, 2019, 7, e33.	6.3	1
29	Regulatory and Operational Complexities of Conducting a Clinical Treatment Trial During an Ebola Virus Disease Epidemic. Clinical Infectious Diseases, 2018, 66, 1454-1457.	5.8	15
30	Influenza and other emerging respiratory viruses. Medicine, 2017, 45, 781-787.	0.4	5
31	Progress in promoting data sharing in public health emergencies. Bulletin of the World Health Organization, 2017, 95, 243-243.	3.3	26
32	Experimental Treatment of Ebola Virus Disease with TKM-130803: A Single-Arm Phase 2 Clinical Trial. PLoS Medicine, 2016, 13, e1001997.	8.4	142
33	Experimental Treatment of Ebola Virus Disease with Brincidofovir. PLoS ONE, 2016, 11, e0162199.	2.5	78
34	Zika: structuring the European research response. ERJ Open Research, 2016, 2, 00025-2016.	2.6	0
35	Open source clinical science for emerging infections. Lancet Infectious Diseases, The, 2014, 14, 8-9.	9.1	82
36	Ethnicity and Outcomes from COVID-19: The ISARIC CCP-UK Prospective Observational Cohort Study of Hospitalised Patients. SSRN Electronic Journal, $0$ , , .	0.4	56

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37	Non-vector transmission of flaviviruses, with implications for the Zika virus. Bulletin of the World Health Organization, 0, , .	3.3	5