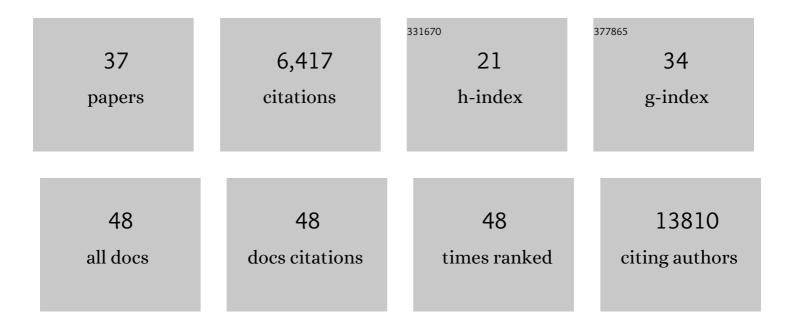
Gail Carson

List of Publications by Year in descending order

Source: https://exaly.com/author-pdf/1648256/publications.pdf Version: 2024-02-01



#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
1	Features of 20 133 UK patients in hospital with covid-19 using the ISARIC WHO Clinical Characterisation Protocol: prospective observational cohort study. BMJ, The, 2020, 369, m1985.	6.0	2,474
2	Risk stratification of patients admitted to hospital with covid-19 using the ISARIC WHO Clinical Characterisation Protocol: development and validation of the 4C Mortality Score. BMJ, The, 2020, 370, m3339.	6.0	779
3	Characterising long COVID: a living systematic review. BMJ Global Health, 2021, 6, e005427.	4.7	523
4	Clinical characteristics of children and young people admitted to hospital with covid-19 in United Kingdom: prospective multicentre observational cohort study. BMJ, The, 2020, 370, m3249.	6.0	478
5	Risk factors for post-COVID-19 condition in previously hospitalised children using the ISARIC Global follow-up protocol: a prospective cohort study. European Respiratory Journal, 2022, 59, 2101341.	6.7	216
6	Long Covid in adults discharged from UK hospitals after Covid-19: A prospective, multicentre cohort study using the ISARIC WHO Clinical Characterisation Protocol. Lancet Regional Health - Europe, The, 2021, 8, 100186.	5.6	191
7	Development and validation of the ISARIC 4C Deterioration model for adults hospitalised with COVID-19: a prospective cohort study. Lancet Respiratory Medicine,the, 2021, 9, 349-359.	10.7	161
8	Experimental Treatment of Ebola Virus Disease with TKM-130803: A Single-Arm Phase 2 Clinical Trial. PLoS Medicine, 2016, 13, e1001997.	8.4	142
9	Risk of adverse outcomes in patients with underlying respiratory conditions admitted to hospital with COVID-19: a national, multicentre prospective cohort study using the ISARIC WHO Clinical Characterisation Protocol UK. Lancet Respiratory Medicine,the, 2021, 9, 699-711.	10.7	122
10	Incidence and risk factors for persistent symptoms in adults previously hospitalized for COVIDâ€19. Clinical and Experimental Allergy, 2021, 51, 1107-1120.	2.9	116
11	Characterisation of in-hospital complications associated with COVID-19 using the ISARIC WHO Clinical Characterisation Protocol UK: a prospective, multicentre cohort study. Lancet, The, 2021, 398, 223-237.	13.7	110
12	Open source clinical science for emerging infections. Lancet Infectious Diseases, The, 2014, 14, 8-9.	9.1	82
13	Experimental Treatment of Ebola Virus Disease with Brincidofovir. PLoS ONE, 2016, 11, e0162199.	2.5	78
14	Long COVID: tackling a multifaceted condition requires a multidisciplinary approach. Lancet Infectious Diseases, The, 2021, 21, 601-602.	9.1	66
15	COVID-19 symptoms at hospital admission vary with age and sex: results from the ISARIC prospective multinational observational study. Infection, 2021, 49, 889-905.	4.7	62
16	Ethnicity and Outcomes from COVID-19: The ISARIC CCP-UK Prospective Observational Cohort Study of Hospitalised Patients. SSRN Electronic Journal, 0, , .	0.4	56
17	What is the recovery rate and risk of long-term consequences following a diagnosis of COVID-19? A harmonised, global longitudinal observational study protocol. BMJ Open, 2021, 11, e043887.	1.9	51
18	Prevalence and risk factors of post-COVID-19 condition in adults and children at 6 and 12 months after hospital discharge: a prospective, cohort study in Moscow (StopCOVID). BMC Medicine, 2022, 20, .	5.5	48

GAIL CARSON

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
19	Research priorities for Long Covid: refined through an international multi-stakeholder forum. BMC Medicine, 2021, 19, 84.	5.5	45
20	Global outbreak research: harmony not hegemony. Lancet Infectious Diseases, The, 2020, 20, 770-772.	9.1	40
21	Addressing challenges for clinical research responses to emerging epidemics and pandemics: a scoping review. BMC Medicine, 2020, 18, 190.	5.5	30
22	Progress in promoting data sharing in public health emergencies. Bulletin of the World Health Organization, 2017, 95, 243-243.	3.3	26
23	Prospective validation of the 4C prognostic models for adults hospitalised with COVID-19 using the ISARIC WHO Clinical Characterisation Protocol. Thorax, 2022, 77, 606-615.	5.6	24
24	A systematic review of clinical guidelines on the management of acute, community-acquired CNS infections. BMC Medicine, 2019, 17, 170.	5.5	21
25	"If I have a cancer, it is not my fault I am a refugee†A qualitative study with expert stakeholders on cancer care management for Syrian refugees in Jordan. PLoS ONE, 2019, 14, e0222496.	2.5	19
26	Regulatory and Operational Complexities of Conducting a Clinical Treatment Trial During an Ebola Virus Disease Epidemic. Clinical Infectious Diseases, 2018, 66, 1454-1457.	5.8	15
27	A living mapping review for COVID-19 funded research projects: nine-month update. Wellcome Open Research, 2020, 5, 209.	1.8	14
28	Advancing preparedness for clinical research during infectious disease epidemics. ERJ Open Research, 2019, 5, 00227-2018.	2.6	11
29	An evidence-based framework for priority clinical research questions for COVID-19. Journal of Global Health, 2020, 10, 011001.	2.7	11
30	Ten months of temporal variation in the clinical journey of hospitalised patients with COVID-19: An observational cohort. ELife, 2021, 10, .	6.0	9
31	Evaluating clinical characteristics studies produced early in the Covid-19 pandemic: A systematic review. PLoS ONE, 2021, 16, e0251250.	2.5	6
32	Influenza and other emerging respiratory viruses. Medicine, 2017, 45, 781-787.	0.4	5
33	Prevalence of Asymptomatic SARS-CoV-2 Infection. Annals of Internal Medicine, 2021, 174, 283-284.	3.9	5
34	What are the long-term symptoms and complications of COVID-19: a protocol for a living systematic review. F1000Research, 2020, 9, 1455.	1.6	5
35	Non-vector transmission of flaviviruses, with implications for the Zika virus. Bulletin of the World Health Organization, 0, , .	3.3	5
36	Clinical research networks and assessing pandemic severity. The Lancet Global Health, 2019, 7, e33.	6.3	1

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
37	Zika: structuring the European research response. ERJ Open Research, 2016, 2, 00025-2016.	2.6	Ο