

Guy Fagherazzi

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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Version: 2024-02-01

269
papers

13,543
citations

16411

64
h-index

33814

99
g-index

300
all docs

300
docs citations

300
times ranked

21252
citing authors

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
1	Differences in the prospective association between individual plasma phospholipid saturated fatty acids and incident type 2 diabetes: the EPIC-InterAct case-cohort study. <i>Lancet Diabetes and Endocrinology</i> , 2014, 2, 810-818.	5.5	431
2	Dietary polyphenol intake in Europe: the European Prospective Investigation into Cancer and Nutrition (EPIC) study. <i>European Journal of Nutrition</i> , 2016, 55, 1359-1375.	1.8	313
3	Is concordance with World Cancer Research Fund/American Institute for Cancer Research guidelines for cancer prevention related to subsequent risk of cancer? Results from the EPIC study. <i>American Journal of Clinical Nutrition</i> , 2012, 96, 150-163.	2.2	285
4	Digital Health Strategies to Fight COVID-19 Worldwide: Challenges, Recommendations, and a Call for Papers. <i>Journal of Medical Internet Research</i> , 2020, 22, e19284.	2.1	285
5	Physical activity and all-cause mortality across levels of overall and abdominal adiposity in European men and women: the European Prospective Investigation into Cancer and Nutrition Study (EPIC). <i>American Journal of Clinical Nutrition</i> , 2015, 101, 613-621.	2.2	284
6	Fruit and vegetable intake and type 2 diabetes: EPIC-InterAct prospective study and meta-analysis. <i>European Journal of Clinical Nutrition</i> , 2012, 66, 1082-1092.	1.3	228
7	Physical Activity and Mortality in Individuals With Diabetes Mellitus. <i>Archives of Internal Medicine</i> , 2012, 172, 1285.	4.3	226
8	The link between family history and risk of type 2 diabetes is not explained by anthropometric, lifestyle or genetic risk factors: the EPIC-InterAct study. <i>Diabetologia</i> , 2013, 56, 60-69.	2.9	224
9	Consumption of sweet beverages and type 2 diabetes incidence in European adults: results from EPIC-InterAct. <i>Diabetologia</i> , 2013, 56, 1520-1530.	2.9	212
10	Consumption of artificially and sugar-sweetened beverages and incident type 2 diabetes in the Etude Epidémiologique auprès des femmes de la Mutuelle Générale de l'Éducation Nationale "European Prospective Investigation into Cancer and Nutrition cohort. <i>American Journal of Clinical Nutrition</i> , 2013, 97, 517-523.	2.2	212
11	Age at Menopause, Reproductive Life Span, and Type 2 Diabetes Risk. <i>Diabetes Care</i> , 2013, 36, 1012-1019.	4.3	186
12	Gene-Lifestyle Interaction and Type 2 Diabetes: The EPIC InterAct Case-Cohort Study. <i>PLoS Medicine</i> , 2014, 11, e1001647.	3.9	180
13	Association Between Soft Drink Consumption and Mortality in 10 European Countries. <i>JAMA Internal Medicine</i> , 2019, 179, 1479.	2.6	169
14	Coffee Drinking and Mortality in 10 European Countries. <i>Annals of Internal Medicine</i> , 2017, 167, 236-247.	2.0	168
15	Smoking as a major risk factor for cervical cancer and pre-cancer: Results from the EPIC cohort. <i>International Journal of Cancer</i> , 2014, 135, 453-466.	2.3	161
16	Abdominal obesity, weight gain during adulthood and risk of liver and biliary tract cancer in a European cohort. <i>International Journal of Cancer</i> , 2013, 132, 645-657.	2.3	158
17	Common Genetic Variants Highlight the Role of Insulin Resistance and Body Fat Distribution in Type 2 Diabetes, Independent of Obesity. <i>Diabetes</i> , 2014, 63, 4378-4387.	0.3	153
18	Adherence to the World Cancer Research Fund/American Institute for Cancer Research guidelines and risk of death in Europe: results from the European Prospective Investigation into Nutrition and Cancer cohort study. <i>American Journal of Clinical Nutrition</i> , 2013, 97, 1107-1120.	2.2	150

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19	Association of Plasma Phospholipid n-3 and n-6 Polyunsaturated Fatty Acids with Type 2 Diabetes: The EPIC-InterAct Case-Cohort Study. PLoS Medicine, 2016, 13, e1002094.	3.9	150
20	Serum B Vitamin Levels and Risk of Lung Cancer. JAMA - Journal of the American Medical Association, 2010, 303, 2377.	3.8	147
21	Dietary Protein Intake and Incidence of Type 2 Diabetes in Europe: The EPIC-InterAct Case-Cohort Study. Diabetes Care, 2014, 37, 1854-1862.	4.3	141
22	Socioeconomic position, lifestyle habits and biomarkers of epigenetic aging: a multi-cohort analysis. Aging, 2019, 11, 2045-2070.	1.4	137
23	Non-invasive risk scores for prediction of type 2 diabetes (EPIC-InterAct): a validation of existing models. Lancet Diabetes and Endocrinology, 2014, 2, 19-29.	5.5	132
24	Association between dietary meat consumption and incident type 2 diabetes: the EPIC-InterAct study. Diabetologia, 2013, 56, 47-59.	2.9	129
25	Dietary acid load and risk of type 2 diabetes: the E3N-EPIC cohort study. Diabetologia, 2014, 57, 313-320.	2.9	119
26	Polyphenol metabolome in human urine and its association with intake of polyphenol-rich foods across European countries. American Journal of Clinical Nutrition, 2015, 102, 905-913.	2.2	118
27	Genome-wide Association Analysis in Humans Links Nucleotide Metabolism to Leukocyte Telomere Length. American Journal of Human Genetics, 2020, 106, 389-404.	2.6	118
28	The association of pattern of lifetime alcohol use and cause of death in the European Prospective Investigation into Cancer and Nutrition (EPIC) study. International Journal of Epidemiology, 2013, 42, 1772-1790.	0.9	117
29	Dietary Intakes of Individual Flavanols and Flavonols Are Inversely Associated with Incident Type 2 Diabetes in European Populations. Journal of Nutrition, 2014, 144, 335-343.	1.3	115
30	Serum 25(OH) Vitamin D and Risk of Breast Cancer: A Nested Case-Control Study from the French E3N Cohort. Cancer Epidemiology Biomarkers and Prevention, 2010, 19, 2341-2350.	1.1	114
31	Differences in dietary intakes, food sources and determinants of total flavonoids between Mediterranean and non-Mediterranean countries participating in the European Prospective Investigation into Cancer and Nutrition (EPIC) study. British Journal of Nutrition, 2013, 109, 1498-1507.	1.2	114
32	Diabetes mellitus, insulin treatment, diabetes duration, and risk of biliary tract cancer and hepatocellular carcinoma in a European cohort. Annals of Oncology, 2013, 24, 2449-2455.	0.6	114
33	Dietary intakes and food sources of phytoestrogens in the European Prospective Investigation into Cancer and Nutrition (EPIC) 24-hour dietary recall cohort. European Journal of Clinical Nutrition, 2012, 66, 932-941.	1.3	113
34	Digital diabetes: Perspectives for diabetes prevention, management and research. Diabetes and Metabolism, 2019, 45, 322-329.	1.4	109
35	Estimation of the intake of anthocyanidins and their food sources in the European Prospective Investigation into Cancer and Nutrition (EPIC) study. British Journal of Nutrition, 2011, 106, 1090-1099.	1.2	108
36	The Association Between Dietary Flavonoid and Lignan Intakes and Incident Type 2 Diabetes in European Populations. Diabetes Care, 2013, 36, 3961-3970.	4.3	108

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37	Healthy lifestyle index and risk of gastric adenocarcinoma in the EPIC cohort study. <i>International Journal of Cancer</i> , 2015, 137, 598-606.	2.3	104
38	Consumption of Meat, Fish, Dairy Products, and Eggs and Risk of Ischemic Heart Disease. <i>Circulation</i> , 2019, 139, 2835-2845.	1.6	103
39	Glycemic index, glycemic load, dietary carbohydrate, and dietary fiber intake and risk of liver and biliary tract cancers in Western Europeans. <i>Annals of Oncology</i> , 2013, 24, 543-553.	0.6	98
40	A Mendelian Randomization Study of Circulating Uric Acid and Type 2 Diabetes. <i>Diabetes</i> , 2015, 64, 3028-3036.	0.3	98
41	Adiposity, hormone replacement therapy use and breast cancer risk by age and hormone receptor status: a large prospective cohort study. <i>Breast Cancer Research</i> , 2012, 14, R76.	2.2	94
42	Dietary intakes and food sources of phenolic acids in the European Prospective Investigation into Cancer and Nutrition (EPIC) study. <i>British Journal of Nutrition</i> , 2013, 110, 1500-1511.	1.2	92
43	Dietary Fat Intake and Development of Specific Breast Cancer Subtypes. <i>Journal of the National Cancer Institute</i> , 2014, 106, .	3.0	92
44	Intake estimation of total and individual flavan-3-ols, proanthocyanidins and theaflavins, their food sources and determinants in the European Prospective Investigation into Cancer and Nutrition (EPIC) study. <i>British Journal of Nutrition</i> , 2012, 108, 1095-1108.	1.2	90
45	Diabetes mellitus, glycated haemoglobin and C-peptide levels in relation to pancreatic cancer risk: a study within the European Prospective Investigation into Cancer and Nutrition (EPIC) cohort. <i>Diabetologia</i> , 2011, 54, 3037-3046.	2.9	85
46	Dietary flavonoid and lignan intake and gastric adenocarcinoma risk in the European Prospective Investigation into Cancer and Nutrition (EPIC) study. <i>American Journal of Clinical Nutrition</i> , 2012, 96, 1398-1408.	2.2	81
47	Lifetime alcohol use and overall and cause-specific mortality in the European Prospective Investigation into Cancer and nutrition (EPIC) study. <i>BMJ Open</i> , 2014, 4, e005245-e005245.	0.8	81
48	Diet and risk of diabetic retinopathy: a systematic review. <i>European Journal of Epidemiology</i> , 2018, 33, 141-156.	2.5	81
49	General and abdominal obesity and risk of esophageal and gastric adenocarcinoma in the European Prospective Investigation into Cancer and Nutrition. <i>International Journal of Cancer</i> , 2015, 137, 646-657.	2.3	79
50	Dietary fiber intake and risk of hormonal receptor-defined breast cancer in the European Prospective Investigation into Cancer and Nutrition study. <i>American Journal of Clinical Nutrition</i> , 2013, 97, 344-353.	2.2	76
51	Body Mass Index, Diabetes, and Mortality in French Women. <i>Epidemiology</i> , 2014, 25, 10-14.	1.2	76
52	Adherence to predefined dietary patterns and incident type 2 diabetes in European populations: EPIC-InterAct Study. <i>Diabetologia</i> , 2014, 57, 321-333.	2.9	75
53	ABO and Rhesus blood groups and risk of type 2 diabetes: evidence from the large E3N cohort study. <i>Diabetologia</i> , 2015, 58, 519-522.	2.9	75
54	Coffee, tea and decaffeinated coffee in relation to hepatocellular carcinoma in a European population: Multicentre, prospective cohort study. <i>International Journal of Cancer</i> , 2015, 136, 1899-1908.	2.3	75

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55	Association of plasma biomarkers of fruit and vegetable intake with incident type 2 diabetes: EPIC-InterAct case-cohort study in eight European countries. <i>BMJ, The</i> , 2020, 370, m2194.	3.0	75
56	Diet Quality Scores and Prediction of All-Cause, Cardiovascular and Cancer Mortality in a Pan-European Cohort Study. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2016, 11, e0159025.	1.1	75
57	The association of education with body mass index and waist circumference in the EPIC-PANACEA study. <i>BMC Public Health</i> , 2011, 11, 169.	1.2	72
58	Consumption of fish and meats and risk of hepatocellular carcinoma: the European Prospective Investigation into Cancer and Nutrition (EPIC). <i>Annals of Oncology</i> , 2013, 24, 2166-2173.	0.6	72
59	Differential effects of coffee on the risk of type 2 diabetes according to meal consumption in a French cohort of women: the E3N/EPIC cohort study. <i>American Journal of Clinical Nutrition</i> , 2010, 91, 1002-1012.	2.2	71
60	The prospective association between total and type of fish intake and type 2 diabetes in 8 European countries: EPIC-InterAct Study. <i>American Journal of Clinical Nutrition</i> , 2012, 95, 1445-1453.	2.2	71
61	Voice for Health: The Use of Vocal Biomarkers from Research to Clinical Practice. <i>Digital Biomarkers</i> , 2021, 5, 78-88.	2.2	71
62	Prediagnostic selenium status and hepatobiliary cancer risk in the European Prospective Investigation into Cancer and Nutrition cohort. <i>American Journal of Clinical Nutrition</i> , 2016, 104, 406-414.	2.2	70
63	Urinary excretions of 34 dietary polyphenols and their associations with lifestyle factors in the EPIC cohort study. <i>Scientific Reports</i> , 2016, 6, 26905.	1.6	69
64	Physical activity reduces the risk of incident type 2 diabetes in general and in abdominally lean and obese men and women: the EPIC-InterAct Study. <i>Diabetologia</i> , 2012, 55, 1944-1952.	2.9	68
65	Socioeconomic inequalities and type 2 diabetes complications: A systematic review. <i>Diabetes and Metabolism</i> , 2020, 46, 89-99.	1.4	68
66	Plasma Vitamin C and Type 2 Diabetes: Genome-Wide Association Study and Mendelian Randomization Analysis in European Populations. <i>Diabetes Care</i> , 2021, 44, 98-106.	4.3	68
67	Plasma Alkylresorcinols, Biomarkers of Whole-Grain Wheat and Rye Intake, and Incidence of Colorectal Cancer. <i>Journal of the National Cancer Institute</i> , 2014, 106, djt352.	3.0	67
68	Circulating Biomarkers of Tryptophan and the Kynurenine Pathway and Lung Cancer Risk. <i>Cancer Epidemiology Biomarkers and Prevention</i> , 2014, 23, 461-468.	1.1	66
69	Dietary flavonoid, lignan and antioxidant capacity and risk of hepatocellular carcinoma in the European prospective investigation into cancer and nutrition study. <i>International Journal of Cancer</i> , 2013, 133, 2429-2443.	2.3	65
70	Association of Multiple Biomarkers of Iron Metabolism and Type 2 Diabetes: The EPIC-InterAct Study. <i>Diabetes Care</i> , 2016, 39, 572-581.	4.3	65
71	Dietary antioxidant capacity and risk of type 2 diabetes in the large prospective E3N-EPIC cohort. <i>Diabetologia</i> , 2018, 61, 308-316.	2.9	65
72	Flavonoid intake and incident hypertension in women. <i>American Journal of Clinical Nutrition</i> , 2016, 103, 1091-1098.	2.2	63

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73	Height, age at menarche and risk of hormone receptor-positive and -negative breast cancer: A cohort study. <i>International Journal of Cancer</i> , 2013, 132, 2619-2629.	2.3	62
74	Processed and unprocessed red meat consumption and hypertension in women , ,. <i>American Journal of Clinical Nutrition</i> , 2014, 100, 948-952.	2.2	61
75	A combination of plasma phospholipid fatty acids and its association with incidence of type 2 diabetes: The EPIC-InterAct case-cohort study. <i>PLoS Medicine</i> , 2017, 14, e1002409.	3.9	61
76	Joint Effects of Dietary Vitamin D and Sun Exposure on Breast Cancer Risk: Results from the French E3N Cohort. <i>Cancer Epidemiology Biomarkers and Prevention</i> , 2011, 20, 187-198.	1.1	60
77	Weight change in middle adulthood and breast cancer risk in the EPIC-PANACEA study. <i>International Journal of Cancer</i> , 2014, 135, 2887-2899.	2.3	60
78	Genetic Polymorphisms in 15q25 and 19q13 Loci, Cotinine Levels, and Risk of Lung Cancer in EPIC. <i>Cancer Epidemiology Biomarkers and Prevention</i> , 2011, 20, 2250-2261.	1.1	59
79	Tea Consumption and Incidence of Type 2 Diabetes in Europe: The EPIC-InterAct Case-Cohort Study. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2012, 7, e36910.	1.1	59
80	Diabetes and onset of natural menopause: results from the European Prospective Investigation into Cancer and Nutrition. <i>Human Reproduction</i> , 2015, 30, 1491-1498.	0.4	59
81	Dietary inflammatory index and type 2 diabetes risk in a prospective cohort of 70,991 women followed for 20 years: the mediating role of BMI. <i>Diabetologia</i> , 2019, 62, 2222-2232.	2.9	59
82	Meal patterns across ten European countries – results from the European Prospective Investigation into Cancer and Nutrition (EPIC) calibration study. <i>Public Health Nutrition</i> , 2016, 19, 2769-2780.	1.1	58
83	Nut intake and 5-year changes in body weight and obesity risk in adults: results from the EPIC-PANACEA study. <i>European Journal of Nutrition</i> , 2018, 57, 2399-2408.	1.8	58
84	Smoking and Long-Term Risk of Type 2 Diabetes: The EPIC-InterAct Study in European Populations. <i>Diabetes Care</i> , 2014, 37, 3164-3171.	4.3	57
85	Coffee and tea consumption and the risk of ovarian cancer: a prospective cohort study and updated meta-analysis. <i>American Journal of Clinical Nutrition</i> , 2012, 95, 1172-1181.	2.2	56
86	C-reactive protein and postmenopausal breast cancer risk: results from the E3N cohort study. <i>Cancer Causes and Control</i> , 2014, 25, 533-539.	0.8	54
87	Deep Digital Phenotyping and Digital Twins for Precision Health: Time to Dig Deeper. <i>Journal of Medical Internet Research</i> , 2020, 22, e16770.	2.1	53
88	Dietary flavonoid and lignan intake and breast cancer risk according to menopause and hormone receptor status in the European Prospective Investigation into Cancer and Nutrition (EPIC) Study. <i>Breast Cancer Research and Treatment</i> , 2013, 139, 163-176.	1.1	52
89	Eating out, weight and weight gain. A cross-sectional and prospective analysis in the context of the EPIC-PANACEA study. <i>International Journal of Obesity</i> , 2011, 35, 416-426.	1.6	51
90	Body shape throughout life and the risk for breast cancer at adulthood in the French E3N cohort. <i>European Journal of Cancer Prevention</i> , 2013, 22, 29-37.	0.6	50

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91	Flavonoid and lignan intake in relation to bladder cancer risk in the European Prospective Investigation into Cancer and Nutrition (EPIC) study. <i>British Journal of Cancer</i> , 2014, 111, 1870-1880.	2.9	50
92	Inflammatory potential of the diet and risk of gastric cancer in the European Prospective Investigation into Cancer and Nutrition (EPIC) study. <i>American Journal of Clinical Nutrition</i> , 2018, 107, 607-616.	2.2	50
93	Processed and Unprocessed Red Meat Consumption and Incident Type 2 Diabetes Among French Women. <i>Diabetes Care</i> , 2012, 35, 128-130.	4.3	49
94	Ethanol intake and the risk of pancreatic cancer in the European prospective investigation into cancer and nutrition (EPIC). <i>Cancer Causes and Control</i> , 2009, 20, 785-794.	0.8	48
95	Hip circumference is associated with the risk of premenopausal ER ⁺ /PR ⁺ breast cancer. <i>International Journal of Obesity</i> , 2012, 36, 431-439.	1.6	48
96	Consumption of soft drinks and juices and risk of liver and biliary tract cancers in a European cohort. <i>European Journal of Nutrition</i> , 2016, 55, 7-20.	1.8	48
97	Association between Five Lifestyle Habits and Cancer Risk: Results from the E3N Cohort. <i>Cancer Prevention Research</i> , 2014, 7, 516-525.	0.7	47
98	Association between plasma phospholipid saturated fatty acids and metabolic markers of lipid, hepatic, inflammation and glycaemic pathways in eight European countries: a cross-sectional analysis in the EPIC-InterAct study. <i>BMC Medicine</i> , 2017, 15, 203.	2.3	47
99	Interaction between genes and macronutrient intake on the risk of developing type 2 diabetes: systematic review and findings from European Prospective Investigation into Cancer (EPIC)-InterAct. <i>American Journal of Clinical Nutrition</i> , 2017, 106, 263-275.	2.2	46
100	Nonlinear associations between dietary exposures to perfluorooctanoic acid (PFOA) or perfluorooctane sulfonate (PFOS) and type 2 diabetes risk in women: Findings from the E3N cohort study. <i>International Journal of Hygiene and Environmental Health</i> , 2018, 221, 1054-1060.	2.1	46
101	Subtypes of fruit and vegetables, variety in consumption and risk of colon and rectal cancer in the European Prospective Investigation into Cancer and Nutrition. <i>International Journal of Cancer</i> , 2015, 137, 2705-2714.	2.3	45
102	Coffee and tea consumption and risk of pre- and postmenopausal breast cancer in the European Prospective Investigation into Cancer and Nutrition (EPIC) cohort study. <i>Breast Cancer Research</i> , 2015, 17, 15.	2.2	45
103	Dietary antioxidant capacity and all-cause and cause-specific mortality in the E3N/EPIC cohort study. <i>European Journal of Nutrition</i> , 2017, 56, 1233-1243.	1.8	45
104	The association between circulating 25-hydroxyvitamin D metabolites and type 2 diabetes in European populations: A meta-analysis and Mendelian randomisation analysis. <i>PLoS Medicine</i> , 2020, 17, e1003394.	3.9	45
105	Prospective seroepidemiologic study on the role of Human Papillomavirus and other infections in cervical carcinogenesis: Evidence from the EPIC cohort. <i>International Journal of Cancer</i> , 2014, 135, 440-452.	2.3	44
106	An epidemiological model for prediction of endometrial cancer risk in Europe. <i>European Journal of Epidemiology</i> , 2016, 31, 51-60.	2.5	43
107	Investigation of Dietary Factors and Endometrial Cancer Risk Using a Nutrient-wide Association Study Approach in the EPIC and Nurses' Health Study (NHS) and NHSII. <i>Cancer Epidemiology Biomarkers and Prevention</i> , 2015, 24, 466-471.	1.1	42
108	No association between coffee, tea or caffeine consumption and breast cancer risk in a prospective cohort study. <i>Public Health Nutrition</i> , 2011, 14, 1315-1320.	1.1	40

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109	Associations Between Migraine and Type 2 Diabetes in Women. <i>JAMA Neurology</i> , 2019, 76, 257.	4.5	39
110	Detection of COVID-19 from voice, cough and breathing patterns: Dataset and preliminary results. <i>Computers in Biology and Medicine</i> , 2021, 138, 104944.	3.9	39
111	Tea and coffee consumption and risk of esophageal cancer: The European prospective investigation into cancer and nutrition study. <i>International Journal of Cancer</i> , 2014, 135, 1470-1479.	2.3	38
112	Dietary fat, fat subtypes and hepatocellular carcinoma in a large European cohort. <i>International Journal of Cancer</i> , 2015, 137, 2715-2728.	2.3	38
113	Prospective association of liver function biomarkers with development of hepatobiliary cancers. <i>Cancer Epidemiology</i> , 2016, 40, 179-187.	0.8	38
114	Alcohol Consumption and Survival after a Breast Cancer Diagnosis: A Literature-Based Meta-analysis and Collaborative Analysis of Data for 29,239 Cases. <i>Cancer Epidemiology Biomarkers and Prevention</i> , 2014, 23, 934-945.	1.1	37
115	Proportion of premenopausal and postmenopausal breast cancers attributable to known risk factors: Estimates from the E3N-EPIC cohort. <i>International Journal of Cancer</i> , 2016, 138, 2415-2427.	2.3	37
116	Adherence to the Mediterranean diet and risk of bladder cancer in the EPIC cohort study. <i>International Journal of Cancer</i> , 2014, 134, 2504-2511.	2.3	36
117	Childhood and Adult Secondhand Smoke and Type 2 Diabetes in Women. <i>Diabetes Care</i> , 2013, 36, 2720-2725.	4.3	35
118	Coffee and tea consumption, genotype-based <i>CYP1A2</i> and <i>NAT2</i> activity and colorectal cancer risk-Results from the EPIC cohort study. <i>International Journal of Cancer</i> , 2014, 135, 401-412.	2.3	35
119	High dietary total antioxidant capacity is associated with a reduced risk of hypertension in French women. <i>Nutrition Journal</i> , 2019, 18, 31.	1.5	35
120	Replacement of Red and Processed Meat With Other Food Sources of Protein and the Risk of Type 2 Diabetes in European Populations: The EPIC-InterAct Study. <i>Diabetes Care</i> , 2020, 43, 2660-2667.	4.3	35
121	Anthropometry, Silhouette Trajectory, and Risk of Breast Cancer in Mexican Women. <i>American Journal of Preventive Medicine</i> , 2014, 46, S52-S64.	1.6	34
122	Associations between serum lipids and breast cancer incidence and survival in the E3N prospective cohort study. <i>Cancer Causes and Control</i> , 2017, 28, 77-88.	0.8	34
123	Weight change later in life and colon and rectal cancer risk in participants in the EPIC-PANACEA study. <i>American Journal of Clinical Nutrition</i> , 2014, 99, 139-147.	2.2	33
124	Consumption of fatty foods and incident type 2 diabetes in populations from eight European countries. <i>European Journal of Clinical Nutrition</i> , 2015, 69, 455-461.	1.3	33
125	Dietary intake of advanced glycation end products (AGEs) and changes in body weight in European adults. <i>European Journal of Nutrition</i> , 2020, 59, 2893-2904.	1.8	33
126	Egg and cholesterol intake and incident type 2 diabetes among French women. <i>British Journal of Nutrition</i> , 2015, 114, 1667-1673.	1.2	32

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127	Alcohol consumption and the risk of renal cancers in the European prospective investigation into cancer and nutrition (EPIC). <i>International Journal of Cancer</i> , 2015, 137, 1953-1966.	2.3	32
128	Activation of hepatic estrogen receptor- α increases energy expenditure by stimulating the production of fibroblast growth factor 21 in female mice. <i>Molecular Metabolism</i> , 2019, 22, 62-70.	3.0	32
129	Serum cholesterol level, use of a cholesterol-lowering drug, and breast cancer: results from the prospective E3N cohort. <i>European Journal of Cancer Prevention</i> , 2010, 19, 120-125.	0.6	31
130	Alcohol consumption and breast cancer risk subtypes in the E3N-EPIC cohort. <i>European Journal of Cancer Prevention</i> , 2015, 24, 209-214.	0.6	31
131	Sweet-beverage consumption and risk of pancreatic cancer in the European Prospective Investigation into Cancer and Nutrition (EPIC). <i>American Journal of Clinical Nutrition</i> , 2016, 104, 760-768.	2.2	31
132	Comparison of prognostic models to predict the occurrence of colorectal cancer in asymptomatic individuals: a systematic literature review and external validation in the EPIC and UK Biobank prospective cohort studies. <i>Gut</i> , 2019, 68, 672-683.	6.1	31
133	Smoking, Secondhand Smoke, and Cotinine Levels in a Subset of EPIC Cohort. <i>Cancer Epidemiology Biomarkers and Prevention</i> , 2011, 20, 869-875.	1.1	30
134	Dietary Intake of Vitamin D and Calcium and Breast Cancer Risk in the European Prospective Investigation into Cancer and Nutrition. <i>Nutrition and Cancer</i> , 2013, 65, 178-187.	0.9	30
135	Chronic Consumption of Artificial Sweetener in Packets or Tablets and Type 2 Diabetes Risk: Evidence from the E3N-European Prospective Investigation into Cancer and Nutrition Study. <i>Annals of Nutrition and Metabolism</i> , 2017, 70, 51-58.	1.0	30
136	Dietary exposure to brominated flame retardants and risk of type 2 diabetes in the French E3N cohort. <i>Environment International</i> , 2019, 123, 54-60.	4.8	30
137	Predicted basal metabolic rate and cancer risk in the European Prospective Investigation into Cancer and Nutrition. <i>International Journal of Cancer</i> , 2020, 147, 648-661.	2.3	30
138	Nutrient-wide association study of 92 foods and nutrients and breast cancer risk. <i>Breast Cancer Research</i> , 2020, 22, 5.	2.2	30
139	The Use of Social Media for Health Research Purposes: Scoping Review. <i>Journal of Medical Internet Research</i> , 2021, 23, e25736.	2.1	30
140	Dietary Flavonoid Intake and Esophageal Cancer Risk in the European Prospective Investigation into Cancer and Nutrition Cohort. <i>American Journal of Epidemiology</i> , 2013, 178, 570-581.	1.6	29
141	Plasma alkylresorcinol concentrations, biomarkers of whole-grain wheat and rye intake, in the European Prospective Investigation into Cancer and Nutrition (EPIC) cohort. <i>British Journal of Nutrition</i> , 2014, 111, 1881-1890.	1.2	29
142	Dietary Folate Intake and Breast Cancer Risk: European Prospective Investigation Into Cancer and Nutrition. <i>Journal of the National Cancer Institute</i> , 2014, 107, dju367-dju367.	3.0	29
143	Dairy Product Intake and Risk of Type 2 Diabetes in EPIC-InterAct: A Mendelian Randomization Study. <i>Diabetes Care</i> , 2019, 42, 568-575.	4.3	29
144	Rethinking the Use of Mobile Apps for Dietary Assessment in Medical Research. <i>Journal of Medical Internet Research</i> , 2020, 22, e15619.	2.1	29

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145	Body iron status and gastric cancer risk in the <scp>EURGAST</scp> study. International Journal of Cancer, 2015, 137, 2904-2914.	2.3	28
146	Combined Impact of Lifestyle Factors on Prospective Change in Body Weight and Waist Circumference in Participants of the EPIC-PANACEA Study. PLoS ONE, 2012, 7, e50712.	1.1	27
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