Marianna Virtanen

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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210 papers 13,997 citations

63 h-index 23514 111 g-index

212 all docs 212 docs citations

212 times ranked 13079 citing authors

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
1	Job strain as a risk factor for coronary heart disease: a collaborative meta-analysis of individual participant data. Lancet, The, 2012, 380, 1491-1497.	6.3	786
2	Work stress in the etiology of coronary heart diseaseâ€"a meta-analysis. Scandinavian Journal of Work, Environment and Health, 2006, 32, 431-442.	1.7	698
3	Temporary employment and health: a review. International Journal of Epidemiology, 2005, 34, 610-622.	0.9	620
4	Long working hours and risk of coronary heart disease and stroke: a systematic review and meta-analysis of published and unpublished data for 603â€^838 individuals. Lancet, The, 2015, 386, 1739-1746.	6.3	529
5	Workplace bullying and the risk of cardiovascular disease and depression. Occupational and Environmental Medicine, 2003, 60, 779-783.	1.3	439
6	Overweight, obesity, and risk of cardiometabolic multimorbidity: pooled analysis of individual-level data for 120â€^813 adults from 16 cohort studies from the USA and Europe. Lancet Public Health, The, 2017, 2, e277-e285.	4.7	375
7	Association between socioeconomic status and the development of mental and physical health conditions in adulthood: a multi-cohort study. Lancet Public Health, The, 2020, 5, e140-e149.	4.7	332
8	Job strain as a risk factor for clinical depression: systematic review and meta-analysis with additional individual participant data. Psychological Medicine, 2017, 47, 1342-1356.	2.7	314
9	Contribution of risk factors to excess mortality in isolated and lonely individuals: an analysis of data from the UK Biobank cohort study. Lancet Public Health, The, 2017, 2, e260-e266.	4.7	256
10	Organisational downsizing, sickness absence, and mortality: 10-town prospective cohort study. BMJ: British Medical Journal, 2004, 328, 555.	2.4	251
11	Obesity and loss of disease-free years owing to major non-communicable diseases: a multicohort study. Lancet Public Health, The, 2018, 3, e490-e497.	4.7	241
12	Long Working Hours and Sleep Disturbances: The Whitehall II Prospective Cohort Study. Sleep, 2009, 32, 737-745.	0.6	238
13	Long Working Hours and Coronary Heart Disease: A Systematic Review and Meta-Analysis. American Journal of Epidemiology, 2012, 176, 586-596.	1.6	230
14	Long working hours and symptoms of anxiety and depression: a 5-year follow-up of the Whitehall II study. Psychological Medicine, 2011, 41, 2485-2494.	2.7	205
15	Job Strain as a Risk Factor for Leisure-Time Physical Inactivity: An Individual-Participant Meta-Analysis of Up to 170,000 Men and Women: The IPD-Work Consortium. American Journal of Epidemiology, 2012, 176, 1078-1089.	1.6	198
16	Long working hours, socioeconomic status, and the risk of incident type 2 diabetes: a meta-analysis of published and unpublished data from 222â€^120 individuals. Lancet Diabetes and Endocrinology,the, 2015, 3, 27-34.	5.5	197
17	Social isolation and loneliness as risk factors for myocardial infarction, stroke and mortality: UK Biobank cohort study of 479 054 men and women. Heart, 2018, 104, 1536-1542.	1.2	194
18	Psychosocial work characteristics and incidence of newly diagnosed depression: a prospective cohort study of three different models. Social Science and Medicine, 2005, 61, 111-122.	1.8	192

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19	Effort-reward imbalance, procedural injustice and relational injustice as psychosocial predictors of health: complementary or redundant models?. Occupational and Environmental Medicine, 2007, 64, 659-665.	1.3	184
20	Perceived job insecurity as a risk factor for incident coronary heart disease: systematic review and meta-analysis. BMJ, The, 2013, 347, f4746-f4746.	3.0	181
21	Temporary Employment and Risk of Overall and Cause-specific Mortality. American Journal of Epidemiology, 2003, 158, 663-668.	1.6	175
22	Physical inactivity, cardiometabolic disease, and risk of dementia: an individual-participant meta-analysis. BMJ: British Medical Journal, 2019, 365, l1495.	2.4	168
23	Antidepressant Medication Use, Weight Gain, and Risk of Type 2 Diabetes. Diabetes Care, 2010, 33, 2611-2616.	4.3	165
24	Socioeconomic Position, Co-Occurrence of Behavior-Related Risk Factors, and Coronary Heart Disease: the Finnish Public Sector Study. American Journal of Public Health, 2007, 97, 874-879.	1.5	153
25	Long working hours and alcohol use: systematic review and meta-analysis of published studies and unpublished individual participant data. BMJ, The, 2015, 350, g7772-g7772.	3.0	152
26	From insecure to secure employment: changes in work, health, health related behaviours, and sickness absence. Occupational and Environmental Medicine, 2003, 60, 948-953.	1.3	148
27	Social capital at work as a predictor of employee health: Multilevel evidence from work units in Finland. Social Science and Medicine, 2008, 66, 637-649.	1.8	141
28	Association of Healthy Lifestyle With Years Lived Without Major Chronic Diseases. JAMA Internal Medicine, 2020, 180, 760.	2.6	140
29	Overtime work and incident coronary heart disease: the Whitehall II prospective cohort study. European Heart Journal, 2010, 31, 1737-1744.	1.0	136
30	Overtime Work as a Predictor of Major Depressive Episode: A 5-Year Follow-Up of the Whitehall II Study. PLoS ONE, 2012, 7, e30719.	1.1	136
31	Long working hours and depressive symptoms: systematic review and meta-analysis of published studies and unpublished individual participant data. Scandinavian Journal of Work, Environment and Health, 2018, 44, 239-250.	1.7	135
32	Job strain in relation to body mass index: pooled analysis of 160 000 adults from 13 cohort studies. Journal of Internal Medicine, 2012, 272, 65-73.	2.7	132
33	Occupational burnout and medically certified sickness absence: A population-based study of Finnish employees. Journal of Psychosomatic Research, 2008, 64, 185-193.	1.2	130
34	Self-Report as an Indicator of Incident Disease. Annals of Epidemiology, 2010, 20, 547-554.	0.9	130
35	Association between organizational inequity and incidence of psychiatric disorders in female employees. Psychological Medicine, 2003, 33, 319-326.	2.7	127
36	Work stress, mental health and antidepressant medication findings from the Health 2000 Study. Journal of Affective Disorders, 2007, 98, 189-197.	2.0	120

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37	Sickness absence as a risk factor for job termination, unemployment, and disability pension among temporary and permanent employees. Occupational and Environmental Medicine, 2006, 63, 212-217.	1.3	116
38	Job Strain and Psychologic Distress. American Journal of Preventive Medicine, 2007, 33, 182-187.	1.6	109
39	Long Working Hours and Cognitive Function: The Whitehall II Study. American Journal of Epidemiology, 2008, 169, 596-605.	1.6	109
40	Sleep Disturbances as a Predictor of Cause-Specific Work Disability and Delayed Return to Work. Sleep, 2010, 33, 1323-1331.	0.6	105
41	Prospective study of workplace social capital and depression: are vertical and horizontal components equally important?. Journal of Epidemiology and Community Health, 2010, 64, 684-689.	2.0	104
42	Job Strain and Tobacco Smoking: An Individual-Participant Data Meta-Analysis of 166 130 Adults in 15 European Studies. PLoS ONE, 2012, 7, e35463.	1.1	102
43	Work stress and risk of death in men and women with and without cardiometabolic disease: a multicohort study. Lancet Diabetes and Endocrinology, the, 2018, 6, 705-713.	5.5	100
44	Job Strain and the Risk of Stroke. Stroke, 2015, 46, 557-559.	1.0	97
45	Job strain as a predictor of disability pension: the Finnish Public Sector Study. Journal of Epidemiology and Community Health, 2009, 63, 24-30.	2.0	96
46	Common mental disorders and subsequent work disability: A population-based Health 2000 Study. Journal of Affective Disorders, 2011, 134, 365-372.	2.0	96
47	Job Strain and Alcohol Intake: A Collaborative Meta-Analysis of Individual-Participant Data from 140 000 Men and Women. PLoS ONE, 2012, 7, e40101.	1.1	93
48	Psychosocial factors at work, long work hours, and obesity: a systematic review. Scandinavian Journal of Work, Environment and Health, 2013, 39, 241-258.	1.7	93
49	Lifestyle factors and risk of sickness absence from work: a multicohort study. Lancet Public Health, The, 2018, 3, e545-e554.	4.7	88
50	Using Additional Information on Working Hours to Predict Coronary Heart Disease. Annals of Internal Medicine, 2011, 154, 457.	2.0	79
51	Contingent employment, health and sickness absence. Scandinavian Journal of Work, Environment and Health, 2001, 27, 365-372.	1.7	79
52	Work Hours, Work Stress, and Collaboration Among Ward Staff in Relation to Risk of Hospital-Associated Infection Among Patients. Medical Care, 2009, 47, 310-318.	1.1	78
53	Overcrowding in Hospital Wards as a Predictor of Antidepressant Treatment Among Hospital Staff. American Journal of Psychiatry, 2008, 165, 1482-1486.	4.0	77
54	Socio-economic differences in long-term psychiatric work disability: prospective cohort study of onset, recovery and recurrence. Occupational and Environmental Medicine, 2011, 68, 791-798.	1.3	76

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55	Long working hours as a risk factor for atrial fibrillation: a multi-cohort study. European Heart Journal, 2017, 38, 2621-2628.	1.0	76
56	Extending Employment beyond the Pensionable Age: A Cohort Study of the Influence of Chronic Diseases, Health Risk Factors, and Working Conditions. PLoS ONE, 2014, 9, e88695.	1.1	73
57	Quantifying Neighbourhood Socioeconomic Effects in Clustering of Behaviour-Related Risk Factors: A Multilevel Analysis. PLoS ONE, 2012, 7, e32937.	1.1	71
58	Job strain and the risk of disability pension due to musculoskeletal disorders, depression or coronary heart disease: a prospective cohort study of 69â€^842 employees. Occupational and Environmental Medicine, 2012, 69, 574-581.	1.3	70
59	Patient Aggression and the Wellbeing of Nurses: A Cross-Sectional Survey Study in Psychiatric and Non-Psychiatric Settings. International Journal of Environmental Research and Public Health, 2017, 14, 1245.	1.2	69
60	Chronic workplace stress and insufficient physical activity: a cohort study. Occupational and Environmental Medicine, 2013, 70, 3-8.	1.3	68
61	Prognostic factors for return to work after depression-related work disability: A systematic review and meta-analysis. Journal of Psychiatric Research, 2017, 95, 28-36.	1.5	68
62	Employee control over working times and risk of cause-specific disability pension: the Finnish Public Sector Study. Occupational and Environmental Medicine, 2010, 67, 479-485.	1.3	67
63	Long Working Hours and Risk of Cardiovascular Disease. Current Cardiology Reports, 2018, 20, 123.	1.3	67
64	Employment status, mental disorders and service use in the working age population. Scandinavian Journal of Work, Environment and Health, 2007, 33, 29-36.	1.7	64
65	Association of Contractual and Subjective Job Insecurity With Sickness Presenteeism Among Public Sector Employees. Journal of Occupational and Environmental Medicine, 2010, 52, 830-835.	0.9	58
66	Overcrowding in psychiatric wards and physical assaults on staff: data-linked longitudinal study. British Journal of Psychiatry, 2011, 198, 149-155.	1.7	57
67	Depression-Related Work Disability: Socioeconomic Inequalities in Onset, Duration and Recurrence. PLoS ONE, 2013, 8, e79855.	1.1	55
68	Disparity in occupational training and career planning between contingent and permanent employees. European Journal of Work and Organizational Psychology, 2003, 12, 19-36.	2.2	54
69	Psychosocial Work Environment as a Risk Factor for Absence With a Psychiatric Diagnosis: An Instrumental-Variables Analysis. American Journal of Epidemiology, 2010, 172, 167-172.	1.6	54
70	Temporary employment and antidepressant medication: A register linkage study. Journal of Psychiatric Research, 2008, 42, 221-229.	1.5	52
71	Selection from fixed term to permanent employment: prospective study on health, job satisfaction, and behavioural risks. Journal of Epidemiology and Community Health, 2002, 56, 693-699.	2.0	51
72	Obesity and Occupational Injury: A Prospective Cohort Study of 69,515 Public Sector Employees. PLoS ONE, 2013, 8, e77178.	1.1	50

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73	Job strain and risk of obesity: systematic review and meta-analysis of cohort studies. International Journal of Obesity, 2015, 39, 1597-1600.	1.6	50
74	Contribution of non-work and work-related risk factors to the association between income and mental disorders in a working population: the Health 2000 Study. Occupational and Environmental Medicine, 2008, 65, 171-178.	1.3	49
75	Socioeconomic position, psychosocial work environment and cerebrovascular disease among women: the Finnish public sector study. International Journal of Epidemiology, 2009, 38, 1265-1271.	0.9	48
76	Living alone and antidepressant medication use: a prospective study in a working-age population. BMC Public Health, 2012, 12, 236.	1.2	48
77	Fast-food outlets and grocery stores near school and adolescents' eating habits and overweight in Finland. European Journal of Public Health, 2015, 25, 650-655.	0.1	48
78	Staff reports of psychosocial climate at school and adolescents' health, truancy and health education in Finland. European Journal of Public Health, 2009, 19, 554-560.	0.1	47
79	Job insecurity and risk of diabetes: a meta-analysis of individual participant data. Cmaj, 2016, 188, E447-E455.	0.9	47
80	Psychological Distress and Incidence of Type 2 Diabetes in High-Risk and Low-Risk Populations: The Whitehall II Cohort Study. Diabetes Care, 2014, 37, 2091-2097.	4.3	45
81	General Health Questionnaire (GHQ-12), Beck Depression Inventory (BDI-6), and Mental Health Index (MHI-5): psychometric and predictive properties in a Finnish population-based sample. Psychiatry Research, 2020, 289, 112973.	1.7	45
82	Increased sickness absence in diabetic employees: what is the role of co-morbid conditions?. Diabetic Medicine, 2007, 24, 1043-1048.	1.2	44
83	Mental health and hostility as predictors of temporary employment: Evidence from two prospective studies. Social Science and Medicine, 2005, 61, 2084-2095.	1.8	43
84	Occupational class and working beyond the retirement age: a cohort study. Scandinavian Journal of Work, Environment and Health, 2017, 43, 426-435.	1.7	43
85	Association of Long-Term Diet Quality with Hippocampal Volume: Longitudinal Cohort Study. American Journal of Medicine, 2018, 131, 1372-1381.e4.	0.6	42
86	Average household income, crime, and smoking behaviour in a local area: The Finnish 10-Town study. Social Science and Medicine, 2007, 64, 1904-1913.	1.8	41
87	Socio-economic position and mental disorders in a working-age Finnish population: the health 2000 study. European Journal of Public Health, 2012, 22, 327-332.	0.1	38
88	Local economy and sickness absence: prospective cohort study. Journal of Epidemiology and Community Health, 2005, 59, 973-978.	2.0	35
89	Psychosocial work environment and hospital admissions due to mental disorders: A 15-year prospective study of industrial employees. Journal of Affective Disorders, 2010, 124, 118-125.	2.0	35
90	School environment as predictor of teacher sick leave: data-linked prospective cohort study. BMC Public Health, 2012, 12, 770.	1,2	32

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91	Justice at the Workplace: A Review. Cambridge Quarterly of Healthcare Ethics, 2018, 27, 306-315.	0.5	31
92	Change in Job Strain as a Predictor of Change in Insomnia Symptoms: Analyzing Observational Data as a Non-randomized Pseudo-Trial. Sleep, 2017, 40, .	0.6	30
93	Interventions in Relation to Occupational Burnout: The Population-Based Health 2000 Study. Journal of Occupational and Environmental Medicine, 2007, 49, 943-952.	0.9	29
94	Onset of impaired sleep as a predictor of change in health-related behaviours; analysing observational data as a series of non-randomized pseudo-trials. International Journal of Epidemiology, 2015, 44, 1027-1037.	0.9	29
95	Long working hours and change in body weight: analysis of individual-participant data from 19 cohort studies. International Journal of Obesity, 2020, 44, 1368-1375.	1.6	29
96	Metabolic Syndrome and Symptom Resolution in Depression. Journal of Clinical Psychiatry, 2017, 78, e1-e7.	1.1	29
97	Trajectories of risky drinking around the time of statutory retirement: a longitudinal latent class analysis. Addiction, 2017, 112, 1163-1170.	1.7	28
98	Childhood adversity, adult socioeconomic status and risk of work disability: a prospective cohort study. Occupational and Environmental Medicine, 2017, 74, 659-666.	1.3	27
99	Co-occurrence of depressive, anxiety, and somatic symptoms: trajectories from adolescence to midlife using group-based joint trajectory analysis. BMC Psychiatry, 2019, 19, 236.	1.1	27
100	The level of cognitive function and recognition of emotions in older adults. PLoS ONE, 2017, 12, e0185513.	1.1	27
101	Neighbourhood socioeconomic status, health and working conditions of school teachers. Journal of Epidemiology and Community Health, 2007, 61, 326-330.	2.0	26
102	Socioeconomic and Psychosocial Adversity in Midlife and Depressive Symptoms Post Retirement: A 21-year Follow-up of the Whitehall II Study. American Journal of Geriatric Psychiatry, 2015, 23, 99-109.e1.	0.6	26
103	Work disability following major organisational change: the Whitehall II study. Journal of Epidemiology and Community Health, 2010, 64, 461-464.	2.0	25
104	Outcome of stable angina in a working population: the burden of sickness absence. European Journal of Cardiovascular Prevention and Rehabilitation, 2007, 14, 373-379.	3.1	24
105	Workâ€Related Violence, Lifestyle, and Health Among Special Education Teachers Working in Finnish Basic Education. Journal of School Health, 2012, 82, 336-343.	0.8	24
106	Do predictors of return to work and recurrence of work disability due to mental disorders vary by age? A cohort study. Scandinavian Journal of Public Health, 2017, 45, 178-184.	1.2	24
107	School Neighborhood Disadvantage as a Predictor of Long-Term Sick Leave Among Teachers: Prospective Cohort Study. American Journal of Epidemiology, 2010, 171, 785-792.	1.6	23
108	The joint contribution of cardiovascular disease and socioeconomic status to disability retirement: A register linkage study. International Journal of Cardiology, 2017, 230, 222-227.	0.8	22

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109	Organisational justice and cognitive function in middle-aged employees: the Whitehall II study. Journal of Epidemiology and Community Health, 2012, 66, 552-556.	2.0	21
110	Saved by the bell: does working too much increase the likelihood of depression? Expert Review of Neurotherapeutics, 2012, 12, 497-499.	1.4	21
111	THE ROLE OF PSYCHIATRIC, CARDIOMETABOLIC, AND MUSCULOSKELETAL COMORBIDITY IN THE RECURRENCE OF DEPRESSION-RELATED WORK DISABILITY. Depression and Anxiety, 2014, 31, 796-803.	2.0	21
112	Organizational Justice and Collaboration Among Nurses as Correlates of Violent Assaults by Patients in Psychiatric Care. Psychiatric Services, 2017, 68, 490-496.	1.1	21
113	Long working hours and risk of 50 health conditions and mortality outcomes: a multicohort study in four European countries. Lancet Regional Health - Europe, The, 2021, 11, 100212.	3.0	21
114	Patient Overcrowding in Hospital Wards as a Predictor of Diagnosis-Specific Mental Disorders Among Staff. Journal of Clinical Psychiatry, 2010, 71, 1308-1312.	1.1	21
115	Differential Associations of Job Control Components With Mortality: A Cohort Study, 1986–2005. American Journal of Epidemiology, 2012, 175, 609-619.	1.6	20
116	Characteristics of Social Networks and Mortality Risk: Evidence From 2 Prospective Cohort Studies. American Journal of Epidemiology, 2018, 187, 746-753.	1.6	20
117	Contribution of parental and school personnel smoking to health risk behaviours among Finnish adolescents. BMC Public Health, 2009, 9, 382.	1.2	19
118	Health- and work-related predictors of work disability among employees with a cardiometabolic disease â€" A cohort study. Journal of Psychosomatic Research, 2016, 82, 41-47.	1.2	19
119	Trajectories of self-rated health before and after retirement: evidence from two cohort studies. Occupational and Environmental Medicine, 2020, 77, 70-76.	1.3	19
120	Students' school satisfaction as predictor of teachers' sickness absence: a prospective cohort study. European Journal of Public Health, 2012, 22, 215-219.	0.1	18
121	Decreased work ability associated to indoor air problems – An intervention (RCT) to promote health behavior. NeuroToxicology, 2015, 49, 59-67.	1.4	18
122	Work disability before and after a major cardiovascular event: a ten-year study using nationwide medical and insurance registers. Scientific Reports, 2017, 7, 1142.	1.6	18
123	Long working hours and cancer risk: a multi-cohort study. British Journal of Cancer, 2016, 114, 813-818.	2.9	17
124	Work Stress and Satisfaction with Leadership Among Nurses Encountering Patient Aggression in Psychiatric Care: A Cross-Sectional Survey Study. Administration and Policy in Mental Health and Mental Health Services Research, 2019, 46, 368-379.	1.2	17
125	Health risk behaviors and morbidity among hospital staff \hat{a} comparison across hospital ward medical specialties in a study of 21 Finnish hospitals. Scandinavian Journal of Work, Environment and Health, 2012, 38, 228-237.	1.7	17
126	Organizational Justice in Primary-Care Health Centers and Glycemic Control in Patients With Type 2 Diabetes. Medical Care, 2012, 50, 831-835.	1.1	16

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127	Components of job control and mortality: the Finnish Public Sector Study. Occupational and Environmental Medicine, 2014, 71, 536-542.	1.3	16
128	Interleukin-6 as a predictor of symptom resolution in psychological distress: a cohort study. Psychological Medicine, 2015, 45, 2137-2144.	2.7	16
129	Unfavorable and favorable changes in modifiable risk factors and incidence of coronary heart disease: The Whitehall II cohort study. International Journal of Cardiology, 2018, 269, 7-12.	0.8	16
130	Sickness absence diagnoses among abstainers, lowâ€risk drinkers and atâ€risk drinkers: consideration of the Uâ€shaped association between alcohol use and sickness absence in four cohort studies. Addiction, 2018, 113, 1633-1642.	1.7	16
131	Network structure of depression symptomology in participants with and without depressive disorder: the population-based Health 2000–2011 study. Social Psychiatry and Psychiatric Epidemiology, 2020, 55, 1273-1282.	1.6	16
132	Association of social isolation, loneliness and genetic risk with incidence of dementia: UK Biobank Cohort Study. BMJ Open, 2022, 12, e053936.	0.8	16
133	Association between alexithymia and substance use: A systematic review and metaâ€analysis. Scandinavian Journal of Psychology, 2022, 63, 427-438.	0.8	16
134	Does inflammation provide a link between psychosocial work characteristics and diabetes? Analysis of the role of interleukin-6 and C-reactive protein in the Whitehall II cohort study. Brain, Behavior, and Immunity, 2019, 78, 153-160.	2.0	15
135	Psychosocial working conditions and depressive disorder: disentangling effects of job control from socioeconomic status using a life-course approach. Social Psychiatry and Psychiatric Epidemiology, 2020, 55, 217-228.	1.6	15
136	Sickness absence among Finnish special and general education teachers. Occupational Medicine, 2011, 61, 465-471.	0.8	14
137	Association of the Availability of Beer, Wine, and Liquor Outlets with Beverage†pecific Alcohol Consumption: A Cohort Study. Alcoholism: Clinical and Experimental Research, 2014, 38, 1086-1093.	1.4	14
138	Work Disability among Employees with Diabetes: Latent Class Analysis of Risk Factors in Three Prospective Cohort Studies. PLoS ONE, 2015, 10, e0143184.	1.1	14
139	Trends of Diagnosis-Specific Work Disability After Newly Diagnosed Diabetes: A 4-Year Nationwide Prospective Cohort Study. Diabetes Care, 2015, 38, 1883-1890.	4.3	14
140	Alcohol use and sickness absence due to all causes and mental- or musculoskeletal disorders: a nationally representative study. BMC Public Health, 2018, 18, 152.	1.2	14
141	Personality, disabilityâ€free life years, and life expectancy: Individual participant metaâ€analysis of 131,195 individuals from 10 cohort studies. Journal of Personality, 2020, 88, 596-605.	1.8	14
142	Social network ties before and after retirement: a cohort study. European Journal of Ageing, 2021, 18, 503-512.	1,2	14
143	Association of pupil vandalism, bullying and truancy with teachers' absence due to illness: A multilevel analysis. Journal of School Psychology, 2012, 50, 347-361.	1.5	13
144	Work-related violence and depressive disorder among 955,573 employees followed for 6.99 million person-years. The Danish Work Life Course Cohort study. Journal of Affective Disorders, 2021, 288, 136-144.	2.0	13

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145	The Contribution of Neighborhood Socioeconomic Disadvantage to Depressive Symptoms Over the Course of Adult Life: A 32-Year Prospective Cohort Study. American Journal of Epidemiology, 2020, 189, 679-689.	1.6	12
146	Lifestyleâ€related risk factors and trajectories of work disability over 5Âyears in employees with diabetes: findings from two prospective cohort studies. Diabetic Medicine, 2015, 32, 1335-1341.	1.2	11
147	Psychosocial factors associated with work disability in men and women with diabetes: a pooled analysis of three occupational cohort studies. Diabetic Medicine, 2016, 33, 208-217.	1.2	11
148	Determinants of long-term unemployment in early adulthood: A Finnish birth cohort study. SSM - Population Health, 2019, 8, 100410.	1.3	11
149	The WHO/ILO report on long working hours and ischaemic heart disease – Conclusions are not supported by the evidence. Environment International, 2020, 144, 106048.	4.8	11
150	Multiple adverse childhood experiences and asthma onset in adulthood: Role of adulthood risk factors as mediators. Journal of Psychosomatic Research, 2021, 143, 110388.	1.2	11
151	Psychological Distress During the Retirement Transition and the Role of Psychosocial Working Conditions and Social Living Environment. Journals of Gerontology - Series B Psychological Sciences and Social Sciences, 2022, 77, 135-148.	2.4	11
152	Job insecurity and risk of coronary heart disease: Mediation analyses of health behaviors, sleep problems, physiological and psychological factors. Psychoneuroendocrinology, 2020, 118, 104706.	1.3	11
153	Work-related stress and well-being in association with epigenetic age acceleration: A Northern Finland Birth Cohort 1966 Study. Aging, 2022, 14, 1128-1156.	1.4	11
154	The health effects of major organisational changes. Occupational and Environmental Medicine, 2013, 70, 677-678.	1.3	10
155	Comparison of the level of allostatic load between patients with major depression and the general population. Journal of Psychosomatic Research, 2021, 143, 110389.	1.2	10
156	Sickness absence due to common mental disorders in young employees in Sweden: are there differences in occupational class and employment sector?. Social Psychiatry and Psychiatric Epidemiology, 2022, 57, 1097-1106.	1.6	10
157	Neurodevelopmental disorders among young adults and the risk of sickness absence and disability pension: a nationwide register linkage study. Scandinavian Journal of Work, Environment and Health, 2020, 46, 410-416.	1.7	10
158	Job strain and supervisor support in primary care health centres and glycaemic control among patients with type 2 diabetes: a cross-sectional study. BMJ Open, 2013, 3, e002297.	0.8	8
159	Vertical and Horizontal Trust at Work as Predictors of Retirement Intentions: The Finnish Public Sector Study. PLoS ONE, 2014, 9, e106956.	1.1	8
160	Socioeconomic gradient in work disability in diabetes: evidence from three occupational cohorts. Journal of Epidemiology and Community Health, 2016, 70, 125-131.	2.0	8
161	Job Demands and Job Control as Predictors of Depressive Symptoms: Moderating Effects of Negative Childhood Socioemotional Experiences. Stress and Health, 2016, 32, 383-394.	1.4	8
162	Self-Rated Health of the Temporary Employees in a Nordic Welfare State. Journal of Occupational and Environmental Medicine, 2018, 60, e106-e111.	0.9	8

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163	The effect of smoking cessation on work disability risk: a longitudinal study analysing observational data as non-randomized nested pseudo-trials. International Journal of Epidemiology, 2019, 48, 415-422.	0.9	8
164	School neighbourhood socio-economic status and teachers' work commitment in Finland: longitudinal survey with register linkage. Teachers and Teaching: Theory and Practice, 2015, 21, 131-149.	0.9	7
165	Pathways from parental mental disorders to offspring's work disability due to depressive or anxiety disorders in early adulthoodâ€"The 1987 Finnish Birth Cohort. Depression and Anxiety, 2019, 36, 305-312.	2.0	7
166	Employment and earnings trajectories before and after sickness absence due to major depressive disorder: a nationwide case–control study. Occupational and Environmental Medicine, 2021, 78, 173-178.	1.3	7
167	Patterns of working hour characteristics and risk of sickness absence among shift-working hospital employees: a data-mining cohort study. Scandinavian Journal of Work, Environment and Health, 2021, 47, 395-403.	1.7	7
168	Effect of a multidisciplinary rehabilitation programme on perceived health among employees at increased risk of incapacity for work: a controlled study. Clinical Rehabilitation, 2012, 26, 513-522.	1.0	6
169	Trait Anxiety Levels Before and After Antidepressant Treatment. Journal of Clinical Psychopharmacology, 2013, 33, 371-377.	0.7	6
170	Does transfer of work from a public sector organisation to a commercial enterprise without staff reductions increase risk of long-term sickness absence among the staff? A cohort study of laboratory and radiology employees: TableÂ1. Occupational and Environmental Medicine, 2013, 70, 585-587.	1.3	6
171	Predictors of employment in young adults with psychiatric work disability. Microbial Biotechnology, 2019, 13, 1083-1089.	0.9	6
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173	Psychological distress and sickness absence: Within- versus between-individual analysis. Journal of Affective Disorders, 2020, 264, 333-339.	2.0	6
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