

Corinne Joffre

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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57
papers

2,693
citations

172457

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h-index

214800

47
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57
all docs

57
docs citations

57
times ranked

3443
citing authors

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
1	Anti-Inflammatory Effects of Omega-3 Fatty Acids in the Brain: Physiological Mechanisms and Relevance to Pharmacology. <i>Pharmacological Reviews</i> , 2018, 70, 12-38.	16.0	285
2	Short-Term Long Chain Omega3 Diet Protects from Neuroinflammatory Processes and Memory Impairment in Aged Mice. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2012, 7, e36861.	2.5	168
3	Microglia in neuronal plasticity: Influence of stress. <i>Neuropharmacology</i> , 2015, 96, 19-28.	4.1	122
4	Nutritional n-3 PUFAs deficiency during perinatal periods alters brain innate immune system and neuronal plasticity-associated genes. <i>Brain, Behavior, and Immunity</i> , 2014, 41, 22-31.	4.1	119
5	Inflammation early in life is a vulnerability factor for emotional behavior at adolescence and for lipopolysaccharide-induced spatial memory and neurogenesis alteration at adulthood. <i>Journal of Neuroinflammation</i> , 2014, 11, 155.	7.2	103
6	Lipid and fatty acid profile of the retina, retinal pigment epithelium/choroid, and the lacrimal gland, and associations with adipose tissue fatty acids in human subjects. <i>Experimental Eye Research</i> , 2008, 87, 521-528.	2.6	99
7	Nutritional n-3 polyunsaturated fatty acids deficiency alters cannabinoid receptor signaling pathway in the brain and associated anxiety-like behavior in mice. <i>Journal of Physiology and Biochemistry</i> , 2012, 68, 671-681.	3.0	94
8	Long term adequate n-3 polyunsaturated fatty acid diet protects from depressive-like behavior but not from working memory disruption and brain cytokine expression in aged mice. <i>Brain, Behavior, and Immunity</i> , 2012, 26, 721-731.	4.1	91
9	Cholesterol-24S-hydroxylase (CYP46A1) Is Specifically Expressed in Neurons of the Neural Retina. <i>Current Eye Research</i> , 2007, 32, 361-366.	1.5	90
10	Neuroinflammation in Autism: Plausible Role of Maternal Inflammation, Dietary Omega 3, and Microbiota. <i>Neural Plasticity</i> , 2016, 2016, 1-15.	2.2	88
11	Docosahexaenoic acid-containing choline phospholipid modulates LPS-induced neuroinflammation in vivo and in microglia in vitro. <i>Journal of Neuroinflammation</i> , 2017, 14, 170.	7.2	87
12	N-3 Polyunsaturated Fatty Acids and the Resolution of Neuroinflammation. <i>Frontiers in Pharmacology</i> , 2019, 10, 1022.	3.5	87
13	Dietary n-3 PUFAs Deficiency Increases Vulnerability to Inflammation-Induced Spatial Memory Impairment. <i>Neuropsychopharmacology</i> , 2015, 40, 2774-2787.	5.4	79
14	Transgenic Increase in n-3/n-6 Fatty Acid Ratio Protects Against Cognitive Deficits Induced by an Immune Challenge through Decrease of Neuroinflammation. <i>Neuropsychopharmacology</i> , 2015, 40, 525-536.	5.4	74
15	Oxysterols Induced Inflammation and Oxidation in Primary Porcine Retinal Pigment Epithelial Cells. <i>Current Eye Research</i> , 2007, 32, 271-280.	1.5	68
16	Modulation of brain PUFA content in different experimental models of mice. <i>Prostaglandins Leukotrienes and Essential Fatty Acids</i> , 2016, 114, 1-10.	2.2	67
17	Oxyphytosterols are present in plasma of healthy human subjects. <i>British Journal of Nutrition</i> , 2004, 91, 101-106.	2.3	66
18	Dietary supplementation of omega-3 fatty acids rescues fragile X phenotypes in Fmr1-Ko mice. <i>Psychoneuroendocrinology</i> , 2014, 49, 119-129.	2.7	60

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19	Perinatal high-fat diet increases hippocampal vulnerability to the adverse effects of subsequent high-fat feeding. <i>Psychoneuroendocrinology</i> , 2015, 53, 82-93.	2.7	54
20	A dietary combination of omega-3 and omega-6 polyunsaturated fatty acids is more efficient than single supplementations in the prevention of retinal damage induced by elevation of intraocular pressure in rats. <i>Graefe's Archive for Clinical and Experimental Ophthalmology</i> , 2009, 247, 1191-1203.	1.9	52
21	Red blood cell plasmalogens and docosahexaenoic acid are independently reduced in primary open-angle glaucoma. <i>Experimental Eye Research</i> , 2009, 89, 840-853.	2.6	50
22	Primary Open-Angle Glaucoma: Association with Cholesterol 24S-Hydroxylase (CYP46A1) Gene Polymorphism and Plasma 24-Hydroxycholesterol Levels. , 2009, 50, 5712.		49
23	ApoB100,LDLR ^{−/−} Mice Exhibit Reduced Electroretinographic Response and Cholesteryl Esters Deposits in the Retina. , 2008, 49, 1307.		47
24	Amplification of mGlu ₅ -Endocannabinoid Signaling Rescues Behavioral and Synaptic Deficits in a Mouse Model of Adolescent and Adult Dietary Polyunsaturated Fatty Acid Imbalance. <i>Journal of Neuroscience</i> , 2017, 37, 6851-6868.	3.6	46
25	Brain eicosapentaenoic acid metabolism as a lead for novel therapeutics in major depression. <i>Brain, Behavior, and Immunity</i> , 2020, 85, 21-28.	4.1	45
26	Efficacy of a 2-month dietary supplementation with polyunsaturated fatty acids in dry eye induced by scopolamine in a rat model. <i>Graefe's Archive for Clinical and Experimental Ophthalmology</i> , 2009, 247, 1039-1050.	1.9	44
27	Nutrition for the Eye: Different Susceptibility of the Retina and the Lacrimal Gland to Dietary Omega-6 and Omega-3 Polyunsaturated Fatty Acid Incorporation. <i>Ophthalmic Research</i> , 2009, 41, 216-224.	1.9	44
28	Time course of ocular surface and lacrimal gland changes in a new scopolamine-induced dry eye model. <i>Graefe's Archive for Clinical and Experimental Ophthalmology</i> , 2008, 246, 857-867.	1.9	42
29	Chronic Supplementation with a Mix of <i>Salvia officinalis</i> and <i>Salvia lavandulaefolia</i> Improves Morris Water Maze Learning in Normal Adult C57Bl/6j Mice. <i>Nutrients</i> , 2020, 12, 1777.	4.1	38
30	Maternal n-3 polyunsaturated fatty acid dietary supply modulates microglia lipid content in the offspring. <i>Prostaglandins Leukotrienes and Essential Fatty Acids</i> , 2018, 133, 1-7.	2.2	36
31	Maternal high-fat diet and early life stress differentially modulate spine density and dendritic morphology in the medial prefrontal cortex of juvenile and adult rats. <i>Brain Structure and Function</i> , 2018, 223, 883-895.	2.3	35
32	n-3 Polyunsaturated Fatty Acids and Their Derivates Reduce Neuroinflammation during Aging. <i>Nutrients</i> , 2020, 12, 647.	4.1	34
33	Plasmalogens in the retina: In situ hybridization of dihydroxyacetone phosphate acyltransferase (DHAP-AT) – the first enzyme involved in their biosynthesis – and comparative study of retinal and retinal pigment epithelial lipid composition. <i>Experimental Eye Research</i> , 2007, 84, 143-151.	2.6	31
34	Dietary n-3 and n-6 PUFA Enhance DHA Incorporation in Retinal Phospholipids Without Affecting PGE ₁ and PGE ₂ Levels. <i>Lipids</i> , 2009, 44, 465-470.	1.7	23
35	Beneficial Effects of Myocardial Postconditioning are Associated With Reduced Oxidative Stress in a Senescent Mouse Model. <i>Transplantation</i> , 2008, 85, 1802-1808.	1.0	22
36	Differential effect of maternal diet supplementation with α -Linolenic acid or n-3 long-chain polyunsaturated fatty acids on glial cell phosphatidylethanolamine and phosphatidylserine fatty acid profile in neonate rat brains. <i>Nutrition and Metabolism</i> , 2010, 7, 2.	3.0	18

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37	Activation of a Caspase-3-Independent Mode of Cell Death Associated with Lysosomal Destabilization in Cultured Human Retinal Pigment Epithelial Cells (ARPE-19) Exposed to 7 β -Hydroxycholesterol. <i>Current Eye Research</i> , 2008, 33, 769-781.	1.5	17
38	Reduction of acute mild stress corticosterone response and changes in stress-responsive gene expression in male Balb/c mice after repeated administration of a <i>Rhodiola rosea</i> L. root extract. <i>Food Science and Nutrition</i> , 2019, 7, 3827-3841.	3.4	14
39	Fish Hydrolysate Supplementation Containing n-3 Long Chain Polyunsaturated Fatty Acids and Peptides Prevents LPS-Induced Neuroinflammation. <i>Nutrients</i> , 2021, 13, 824.	4.1	14
40	N-3 polyunsaturated fatty acid and neuroinflammation in aging and Alzheimer's disease. <i>Nutrition and Aging</i> (Amsterdam, Netherlands), 2015, 3, 33-47.	0.3	13
41	Polyunsaturated Fatty Acid Metabolism in the Brain and Brain Cells. , 0, , .		13
42	The retina is more susceptible than the brain and the liver to the incorporation of trans isomers of DHA in rats consuming trans isomers of alpha-linolenic acid. <i>Reproduction, Nutrition, Development</i> , 2006, 46, 515-525.	1.9	12
43	n-3 PUFA deficiency disrupts oligodendrocyte maturation and myelin integrity during brain development. <i>Glia</i> , 2022, 70, 50-70.	4.9	12
44	Supplementation with low molecular weight peptides from fish protein hydrolysate reduces acute mild stress-induced corticosterone secretion and modulates stress responsive gene expression in mice. <i>Journal of Functional Foods</i> , 2021, 76, 104292.	3.4	10
45	No consequences of dietary n-3 polyunsaturated fatty acid deficiency on the severity of scopolamine-induced dry eye. <i>Graefe's Archive for Clinical and Experimental Ophthalmology</i> , 2011, 249, 547-557.	1.9	9
46	Rapeseed oil fortified with micronutrients improves cognitive alterations associated with metabolic syndrome. <i>Brain, Behavior, and Immunity</i> , 2020, 84, 23-35.	4.1	7
47	Polyunsaturated fatty acids induce modification in the lipid composition and the prostaglandin production of the conjunctival epithelium cells. <i>Graefe's Archive for Clinical and Experimental Ophthalmology</i> , 2012, 250, 211-222.	1.9	5
48	Dietary Long-Chain n-3 Polyunsaturated Fatty Acid Supplementation Alters Electrophysiological Properties in the Nucleus Accumbens and Emotional Behavior in Na ⁺ and Chronically Stressed Mice. <i>International Journal of Molecular Sciences</i> , 2022, 23, 6650.	4.1	4
49	Neuroinflammation and aging: influence of dietary n-3 polyunsaturated fatty acid. <i>Oleagineux Corps Gras Lipides</i> , 2011, 18, 301-306.	0.2	2
50	Dietary Fish Hydrolysate Improves Memory Performance Through Microglial Signature Remodeling During Aging. <i>Frontiers in Nutrition</i> , 2021, 8, 750292.	3.7	2
51	Dietary N-3 Polyunsaturated Fatty Acids and Dry Eye. , 2014, , 177-187.		1
52	The Interest of Adding Micronutrients to Docosahexaenoic Acid Supplementation to Prevent Age-Related Cognitive Decline. , 2018, 08, .		1
53	A dietary combination of omega-3 and omega-6 polyunsaturated fatty acids is more efficient than single supplementations in the prevention of retinal damage induced by elevation of intraocular pressure in rats. <i>Graefe's Archive for Clinical and Experimental Ophthalmology</i> , 2010, 248, 605-606.	1.9	0
54	Role of n-3 PUFAs in inflammation via resolvin biosynthesis. <i>OCL - Oilseeds and Fats, Crops and Lipids</i> , 2016, 23, D104.	1.4	0

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
55	Antiinflammatory Properties of Dietary n-3 Polyunsaturated Fatty Acids Protect Against Cognitive Decline in Aging and Neurodegenerative Diseases. , 2018, , 367-384.		0
56	n-3 Long-Chain PUFA-Containing Phospholipids and Neuroprotection. , 2019, , 249-265.		0
57	N-3 Polyunsaturated Fatty Acid and Neuroinflammation in Aging: Role in Cognition. AAPS Advances in the Pharmaceutical Sciences Series, 2014, , 91-112.	0.6	0