

Helen Jones

List of Publications by Year in descending order

Source: <https://exaly.com/author-pdf/1572481/publications.pdf>

Version: 2024-02-01

50
papers

2,028
citations

318942

23
h-index

274796

44
g-index

50
all docs

50
docs citations

50
times ranked

2932
citing authors

| # | ARTICLE | IF | CITATIONS |
|----|---|-----|-----------|
| 1 | Clinical exercise provision in the UK: comparison of staff job titles, roles and qualifications across five specialised exercise services. <i>BMJ Open Sport and Exercise Medicine</i> , 2022, 8, e001152. | 1.4 | 5 |
| 2 | High-Intensity Interval Training in Polycystic Ovary Syndrome. <i>Medicine and Science in Sports and Exercise</i> , 2022, Publish Ahead of Print, . | 0.2 | 3 |
| 3 | Cool-Water Immersion Reduces Post-Exercise Quadriceps Femoris Muscle Perfusion more than Cold-Water Immersion. <i>Medicine and Science in Sports and Exercise</i> , 2022, Publish Ahead of Print, . | 0.2 | 1 |
| 4 | Cardiovascular Health Does Not Change Following High-Intensity Interval Training in Women with Polycystic Ovary Syndrome. <i>Journal of Clinical Medicine</i> , 2022, 11, 1626. | 1.0 | 0 |
| 5 | The impact of age, sex, cardio-respiratory fitness, and cardiovascular disease risk on dynamic cerebral autoregulation and baroreflex sensitivity. <i>European Journal of Applied Physiology</i> , 2022, 122, 1531-1541. | 1.2 | 5 |
| 6 | Charter to establish clinical exercise physiology as a recognised allied health profession in the UK: a call to action. <i>BMJ Open Sport and Exercise Medicine</i> , 2021, 7, e001158. | 1.4 | 14 |
| 7 | Can exercise training enhance the repeated remote ischaemic preconditioning stimulus on peripheral and cerebrovascular function in high-risk individuals?. <i>European Journal of Applied Physiology</i> , 2021, 121, 1167-1178. | 1.2 | 4 |
| 8 | Mobile Health Biometrics to Enhance Exercise and Physical Activity Adherence in Type 2 Diabetes (MOTIVATE-T2D): protocol for a feasibility randomised controlled trial. <i>BMJ Open</i> , 2021, 11, e052563. | 0.8 | 6 |
| 9 | Cerebral and peripheral vascular differences between pre- and postmenopausal women. <i>Menopause</i> , 2020, 27, 170-182. | 0.8 | 14 |
| 10 | Ischemic Preconditioning Improves Microvascular Endothelial Function in Remote Vasculature by Enhanced Prostacyclin Production. <i>Journal of the American Heart Association</i> , 2020, 9, e016017. | 1.6 | 25 |
| 11 | The impact of acute remote ischaemic preconditioning on cerebrovascular function. <i>European Journal of Applied Physiology</i> , 2020, 120, 603-612. | 1.2 | 12 |
| 12 | Improving reproductive function in women with polycystic ovary syndrome with high-intensity interval training (IMPROV-IT): study protocol for a two-centre, three-armed randomised controlled trial. <i>BMJ Open</i> , 2020, 10, e034733. | 0.8 | 10 |
| 13 | Effects of Acute Exercise on Cutaneous Thermal Sensation. <i>International Journal of Environmental Research and Public Health</i> , 2020, 17, 2491. | 1.2 | 1 |
| 14 | Is core temperature the trigger of a menopausal hot flush?. <i>Menopause</i> , 2019, 26, 1016-1023. | 0.8 | 8 |
| 15 | Enhancing Sports Performance Through Ischemic Preconditioning. , 2019, , 213-222. | | 5 |
| 16 | Seven-day remote ischaemic preconditioning improves endothelial function in patients with type 2 diabetes mellitus: a randomised pilot study. <i>European Journal of Endocrinology</i> , 2019, 181, 659-669. | 1.9 | 12 |
| 17 | Is There an Optimal Ischemic-Preconditioning Dose to Improve Cycling Performance?. <i>International Journal of Sports Physiology and Performance</i> , 2018, 13, 274-282. | 1.1 | 36 |
| 18 | Association of Exercise Preconditioning With Immediate Cardioprotection. <i>JAMA Cardiology</i> , 2018, 3, 169. | 3.0 | 81 |

| # | ARTICLE | IF | CITATIONS |
|----|---|-----|-----------|
| 19 | Conduit Artery Diameter During Exercise Is Enhanced After Local, but Not Remote, Ischemic Preconditioning. <i>Frontiers in Physiology</i> , 2018, 9, 435. | 1.3 | 14 |
| 20 | In Reply:. <i>Menopause</i> , 2017, 24, 118-120. | 0.8 | 0 |
| 21 | Exercise training reduces the acute physiological severity of postmenopausal hot flushes. <i>Journal of Physiology</i> , 2016, 594, 657-667. | 1.3 | 23 |
| 22 | Repeated ischaemic preconditioning: a novel therapeutic intervention and potential underlying mechanisms. <i>Experimental Physiology</i> , 2016, 101, 677-692. | 0.9 | 30 |
| 23 | Impact of eight weeks of repeated ischaemic preconditioning on brachial artery and cutaneous microcirculatory function in healthy males. <i>European Journal of Preventive Cardiology</i> , 2015, 22, 1083-1087. | 0.8 | 59 |
| 24 | Endothelial dysfunction in hyperandrogenic polycystic ovary syndrome is not explained by either obesity or ectopic fat deposition. <i>Clinical Science</i> , 2014, 126, 67-74. | 1.8 | 32 |
| 25 | Blood pressure regulation VII. The "morning surge" in blood pressure: measurement issues and clinical significance. <i>European Journal of Applied Physiology</i> , 2014, 114, 521-529. | 1.2 | 10 |
| 26 | Seven-Day Remote Ischemic Preconditioning Improves Local and Systemic Endothelial Function and Microcirculation in Healthy Humans. <i>American Journal of Hypertension</i> , 2014, 27, 918-925. | 1.0 | 110 |
| 27 | Relationship Between Cerebral Blood Flow and Blood Pressure in Long-Term Heart Transplant Recipients. <i>Hypertension</i> , 2014, 64, 1314-1320. | 1.3 | 35 |
| 28 | Exercise training and artery function in humans: nonresponse and its relationship to cardiovascular risk factors. <i>Journal of Applied Physiology</i> , 2014, 117, 345-352. | 1.2 | 67 |
| 29 | Initial orthostatic hypotension and cerebral blood flow regulation: effect of β_1 -adrenoreceptor activity. <i>American Journal of Physiology - Regulatory Integrative and Comparative Physiology</i> , 2013, 304, R147-R154. | 0.9 | 21 |
| 30 | Endothelial function measured using flow-mediated dilation in polycystic ovary syndrome: a meta-analysis of the observational studies. <i>Clinical Endocrinology</i> , 2013, 78, 438-446. | 1.2 | 102 |
| 31 | Exercise training improves cutaneous microvascular function in nonalcoholic fatty liver disease. <i>American Journal of Physiology - Endocrinology and Metabolism</i> , 2013, 305, E50-E58. | 1.8 | 54 |
| 32 | Exercise Training in Polycystic Ovarian Syndrome Enhances Flow-Mediated Dilation in the Absence of Changes in Fatness. <i>Medicine and Science in Sports and Exercise</i> , 2013, 45, 2234-2242. | 0.2 | 38 |
| 33 | Diurnal Variation in Vascular Function: Role of Sleep. <i>Chronobiology International</i> , 2012, 29, 271-277. | 0.9 | 23 |
| 34 | The Effect of Time-of-Day and Sympathetic β_1 -Blockade on Orthostatic Tolerance. <i>Chronobiology International</i> , 2012, 29, 882-890. | 0.9 | 7 |
| 35 | Neuromechanical Features of the Cardiac Baroreflex After Exercise. <i>Hypertension</i> , 2011, 57, 927-933. | 1.3 | 25 |
| 36 | Flow-Mediated Dilation and Cardiovascular Event Prediction. <i>Hypertension</i> , 2011, 57, 363-369. | 1.3 | 430 |

| # | ARTICLE | IF | CITATIONS |
|----|---|-----|-----------|
| 37 | Î±1-Adrenoreceptor activity does not explain lower morning endothelial-dependent, flow-mediated dilation in humans. <i>American Journal of Physiology - Regulatory Integrative and Comparative Physiology</i> , 2011, 300, R1437-R1442. | 0.9 | 15 |
| 38 | Circadian variation in the circulatory responses to exercise: relevance to the morning peaks in strokes and cardiac events. <i>European Journal of Applied Physiology</i> , 2010, 108, 15-29. | 1.2 | 48 |
| 39 | Intermittent exercise abolishes the diurnal variation in endothelial-dependent flow-mediated dilation in humans. <i>American Journal of Physiology - Regulatory Integrative and Comparative Physiology</i> , 2010, 298, R427-R432. | 0.9 | 63 |
| 40 | Postâ€Exercise Blood Pressure Reduction Is Greater Following Intermittent Than Continuous Exercise and Is Influenced Less by Diurnal Variation. <i>Chronobiology International</i> , 2009, 26, 293-306. | 0.9 | 47 |
| 41 | Prior Exercise Lowers Blood Pressure During Simulated Night-Work With Different Meal Schedules. <i>American Journal of Hypertension</i> , 2009, 22, 835-841. | 1.0 | 12 |
| 42 | Is the ratio of flow-mediated dilation and shear rate a statistically sound approach to normalization in cross-sectional studies on endothelial function?. <i>Journal of Applied Physiology</i> , 2009, 107, 1893-1899. | 1.2 | 91 |
| 43 | 24-Hour Variation in the Reactivity of Rate-Pressure-Product to Everyday Physical Activity in Patients Attending a Hypertension Clinic. <i>Chronobiology International</i> , 2009, 26, 958-973. | 0.9 | 27 |
| 44 | Timing of Exercise Within the Waking Period Does Not Alter Blood Pressure During Subsequent Nocturnal Sleep in Normotensive Individuals. <i>Journal of Exercise Science and Fitness</i> , 2009, 7, S42-S50. | 0.8 | 2 |
| 45 | Evidence for a Greater Elevation in Vascular Shear Stress after Morning Exercise. <i>Medicine and Science in Sports and Exercise</i> , 2009, 41, 1188-1193. | 0.2 | 20 |
| 46 | The acute post-exercise response of blood pressure varies with time of day. <i>European Journal of Applied Physiology</i> , 2008, 104, 481-489. | 1.2 | 68 |
| 47 | Changes in vascular and cardiac function after prolonged strenuous exercise in humans. <i>Journal of Applied Physiology</i> , 2008, 105, 1562-1568. | 1.2 | 104 |
| 48 | Effects of Time of Day on Postâ€Exercise Blood Pressure: Circadian or Sleepâ€Related Influences?. <i>Chronobiology International</i> , 2008, 25, 987-998. | 0.9 | 47 |
| 49 | Is the magnitude of acute post-exercise hypotension mediated by exercise intensity or total work done?. <i>European Journal of Applied Physiology</i> , 2007, 102, 33-40. | 1.2 | 87 |
| 50 | Reactivity of Ambulatory Blood Pressure to Physical Activity Varies With Time of Day. <i>Hypertension</i> , 2006, 47, 778-784. | 1.3 | 75 |