

Philippe Verduyn

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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Version: 2024-02-01

51
papers

4,573
citations

257357

24
h-index

206029

48
g-index

53
all docs

53
docs citations

53
times ranked

4164
citing authors

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
1	Facebook Use Predicts Declines in Subjective Well-Being in Young Adults. PLoS ONE, 2013, 8, e69841.	1.1	960
2	Passive Facebook usage undermines affective well-being: Experimental and longitudinal evidence.. Journal of Experimental Psychology: General, 2015, 144, 480-488.	1.5	629
3	Do Social Network Sites Enhance or Undermine Subjective Well-Being? A Critical Review. Social Issues and Policy Review, 2017, 11, 274-302.	3.7	591
4	The regulation of negative and positive affect in daily life.. Emotion, 2013, 13, 926-939.	1.5	331
5	Predicting the duration of emotional experience: Two experience sampling studies.. Emotion, 2009, 9, 83-91.	1.5	220
6	Social Media and Well-Being: Pitfalls, Progress, and Next Steps. Trends in Cognitive Sciences, 2021, 25, 55-66.	4.0	160
7	Emotion dynamics. Current Opinion in Psychology, 2017, 17, 22-26.	2.5	153
8	Social comparison on social networking sites. Current Opinion in Psychology, 2020, 36, 32-37.	2.5	150
9	The relation between event processing and the duration of emotional experience.. Emotion, 2011, 11, 20-28.	1.5	128
10	Which emotions last longest and why: The role of event importance and rumination. Motivation and Emotion, 2015, 39, 119-127.	0.8	97
11	The relationship between self-distancing and the duration of negative and positive emotional experiences in daily life.. Emotion, 2012, 12, 1248-1263.	1.5	95
12	Looking at Emotion Regulation Through the Window of Emotion Dynamics. Psychological Inquiry, 2015, 26, 72-79.	0.4	90
13	Determinants of Emotion Duration and Underlying Psychological and Neural Mechanisms. Emotion Review, 2015, 7, 330-335.	2.1	86
14	When perceptions defy reality: The relationships between depression and actual and perceived Facebook social support. Journal of Affective Disorders, 2016, 200, 37-44.	2.0	79
15	Intensity profiles of emotional experience over time. Cognition and Emotion, 2009, 23, 1427-1443.	1.2	57
16	The relationship between extraversion, neuroticism and aspects of trait affect. Personality and Individual Differences, 2012, 52, 664-669.	1.6	56
17	The temporal deployment of emotion regulation strategies during negative emotional episodes.. Emotion, 2017, 17, 450-458.	1.5	52
18	Registered Replication Report: Dijksterhuis and van Knippenberg (1998). Perspectives on Psychological Science, 2018, 13, 268-294.	5.2	46

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
19	Interference resolution moderates the impact of rumination and reappraisal on affective experiences in daily life. <i>Cognition and Emotion</i> , 2013, 27, 492-501.	1.2	45
20	Intensity and Duration of Negative Emotions: Comparing the Role of Appraisals and Regulation Strategies. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2014, 9, e92410.	1.1	43
21	Do Social Networking Sites Influence Well-Being? The Extended Active-Passive Model. <i>Current Directions in Psychological Science</i> , 2022, 31, 62-68.	2.8	43
22	The impact of social network sites on mental health: distinguishing active from passive use. <i>World Psychiatry</i> , 2021, 20, 133-134.	4.8	38
23	When do smartphones displace face-to-face interactions and what to do about it?. <i>Computers in Human Behavior</i> , 2021, 114, 106550.	5.1	34
24	Being present: Focusing on the present predicts improvements in life satisfaction but not happiness.. <i>Emotion</i> , 2017, 17, 1047-1051.	1.5	30
25	Does counting emotion words on online social networks provide a window into people's subjective experience of emotion? A case study on Facebook.. <i>Emotion</i> , 2019, 19, 97-107.	1.5	29
26	The neural basis of emotions varies over time: different regions go with onset- and offset-bound processes underlying emotion intensity. <i>Social Cognitive and Affective Neuroscience</i> , 2017, 12, 1261-1271.	1.5	28
27	To share, or not to share? Examining the emotional consequences of social sharing in the case of anger and sadness.. <i>Emotion</i> , 2014, 14, 1062-1071.	1.5	27
28	Determinants of the shape of emotion intensity profiles. <i>Cognition and Emotion</i> , 2012, 26, 1486-1495.	1.2	26
29	A new approach for modeling generalization gradients: a case for hierarchical models. <i>Frontiers in Psychology</i> , 2015, 6, 652.	1.1	23
30	Variability in anger intensity profiles: Structure and predictive basis. <i>Cognition and Emotion</i> , 2015, 29, 168-177.	1.2	22
31	Does Distanced Self-Talk Facilitate Emotion Regulation Across a Range of Emotionally Intense Experiences?. <i>Clinical Psychological Science</i> , 2021, 9, 68-78.	2.4	22
32	The Relation between Appraised Mismatch and the Duration of Negative Emotions: Evidence for Universality. <i>European Journal of Personality</i> , 2013, 27, 481-494.	1.9	19
33	More than one strategy: A closer examination of the relationship between deep acting and key employee outcomes.. <i>Journal of Occupational Health Psychology</i> , 2020, 25, 32-45.	2.3	19
34	The relation between social sharing and the duration of emotional experience. <i>Cognition and Emotion</i> , 2013, 27, 1023-1041.	1.2	16
35	Two dimensions of problematic smartphone use mediate the relationship between fear of missing out and emotional well-being. <i>Cyberpsychology</i> , 2020, 14, .	0.7	16
36	The relation between rumination and temporal features of emotion intensity. <i>Cognition and Emotion</i> , 2018, 32, 259-274.	1.2	15

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
37	Don't know responses to cognitive and affective risk perception measures: Exploring prevalence and socio-demographic moderators. <i>British Journal of Health Psychology</i> , 2018, 23, 407-419.	1.9	12
38	Humiliated fury is not universal: the co-occurrence of anger and shame in the United States and Japan. <i>Cognition and Emotion</i> , 2018, 32, 1317-1328.	1.2	12
39	The impact of self-distancing on emotion explosiveness and accumulation: An fMRI study. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2018, 13, e0206889.	1.1	11
40	Depression severity moderates the relation between self-distancing and features of emotion unfolding. <i>Personality and Individual Differences</i> , 2018, 123, 119-124.	1.6	10
41	Inflexibly sustained negative affect and rumination independently link default mode network efficiency to subclinical depressive symptoms. <i>Journal of Affective Disorders</i> , 2021, 293, 347-354.	2.0	10
42	The Relationship Between Arousal and the Remembered Duration of Positive Events. <i>Applied Cognitive Psychology</i> , 2013, 27, 493-496.	0.9	8
43	KSC-N: Clustering of Hierarchical Time Profile Data. <i>Psychometrika</i> , 2016, 81, 411-433.	1.2	8
44	Measuring the duration of emotional experience: the influence of actual duration and response format. <i>Quality and Quantity</i> , 2013, 47, 2557-2567.	2.0	7
45	Different Aspects of the Neural Response to Socio-Emotional Events Are Related to Instability and Inertia of Emotional Experience in Daily Life: An fMRI-ESM Study. <i>Frontiers in Human Neuroscience</i> , 2018, 12, 501.	1.0	6
46	Mood congruency effects are mediated by shifts in salience and central executive network efficiency. <i>Social Cognitive and Affective Neuroscience</i> , 2019, 14, 987-995.	1.5	4
47	Emotion Duration. , 2021, , 3-18.		3
48	Two dimensions of problematic smartphone use mediate the relationship between fear of missing out and emotional well-being. <i>Cyberpsychology</i> , 2020, 14, .	0.7	1
49	Sadness. , 2016, , 1-4.		1
50	LES MÃ%DIAS SOCIAUX ET LE BONHEURÂ: LE CAS DE FACEBOOK. <i>Revue QuÃ©bÃ©coise De Psychologie</i> , 2017, 38, 167-182.	0.0	0
51	Sadness. , 2020, , 4537-4540.		0