

Caravaca Ballester

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|-------------------|-------------------------|----------------|-----------------|
| 95 papers | 4,747 citations | 40 h-index | 67 g-index |
| 97 ext. papers | 5,196 ext. citations | 5.5 avg, IF | 5.34 L-index |

| # | Paper | IF | Citations |
|----|---|-----|-----------|
| 95 | Induction of antioxidant enzymes is involved in the greater effectiveness of a PGPR versus AM fungi with respect to increasing the tolerance of lettuce to severe salt stress. <i>Environmental and Experimental Botany</i> , 2009 , 65, 245-252 | 5.9 | 273 |
| 94 | Plant-growth-promoting rhizobacteria and arbuscular mycorrhizal fungi modify alleviation biochemical mechanisms in water-stressed plants. <i>Functional Plant Biology</i> , 2008 , 35, 141-151 | 2.7 | 250 |
| 93 | Agricultural use of digestate for horticultural crop production and improvement of soil properties. <i>European Journal of Agronomy</i> , 2012 , 43, 119-128 | 5 | 178 |
| 92 | Soil microbial biomass and activity under different agricultural management systems in a semiarid Mediterranean agroecosystem. <i>Soil and Tillage Research</i> , 2010 , 109, 110-115 | 6.5 | 168 |
| 91 | Land use in relation to soil chemical and biochemical properties in a semiarid Mediterranean environment. <i>Soil and Tillage Research</i> , 2002 , 68, 23-30 | 6.5 | 155 |
| 90 | No-tillage, crop residue additions, and legume cover cropping effects on soil quality characteristics under maize in Patzcuaro watershed (Mexico). <i>Soil and Tillage Research</i> , 2003 , 72, 65-73 | 6.5 | 129 |
| 89 | Soil structural stability and erosion rates influenced by agricultural management practices in a semi-arid Mediterranean agro-ecosystem. <i>Soil Use and Management</i> , 2012 , 28, 571-579 | 3.1 | 123 |
| 88 | Changes in soil enzyme activity, fertility, aggregation and C sequestration mediated by conservation tillage practices and water regime in a maize field. <i>Applied Soil Ecology</i> , 2005 , 30, 11-20 | 5 | 118 |
| 87 | Contribution of <i>Pseudomonas mendocina</i> and <i>Glomus intraradices</i> to aggregate stabilization and promotion of biological fertility in rhizosphere soil of lettuce plants under field conditions. <i>Soil Use and Management</i> , 2006 , 22, 298-304 | 3.1 | 118 |
| 86 | Establishment of shrub species in a degraded semiarid site after inoculation with native or allochthonous arbuscular mycorrhizal fungi. <i>Applied Soil Ecology</i> , 2003 , 22, 103-111 | 5 | 118 |
| 85 | Interactions between a plant growth-promoting rhizobacterium, an AM fungus and a phosphate-solubilising fungus in the rhizosphere of <i>Lactuca sativa</i> . <i>Applied Soil Ecology</i> , 2007 , 35, 480-487 | 5 | 115 |
| 84 | Soil enzyme activities suggest advantages of conservation tillage practices in sorghum cultivation under subtropical conditions. <i>Geoderma</i> , 2005 , 129, 178-185 | 6.7 | 114 |
| 83 | An AM fungus and a PGPR intensify the adverse effects of salinity on the stability of rhizosphere soil aggregates of <i>Lactuca sativa</i> . <i>Soil Biology and Biochemistry</i> , 2010 , 42, 429-434 | 7.5 | 112 |
| 82 | Antioxidant enzyme activities in shoots from three mycorrhizal shrub species afforested in a degraded semi-arid soil. <i>Physiologia Plantarum</i> , 2003 , 118, 562-570 | 4.6 | 106 |
| 81 | Improvement of rhizosphere aggregate stability of afforested semiarid plant species subjected to mycorrhizal inoculation and compost addition. <i>Geoderma</i> , 2002 , 108, 133-144 | 6.7 | 100 |
| 80 | Use of microbiological indicators for evaluating success in soil restoration after revegetation of a mining area under subtropical conditions. <i>Applied Soil Ecology</i> , 2005 , 30, 3-10 | 5 | 99 |
| 79 | Plant type mediates rhizospheric microbial activities and soil aggregation in a semiarid Mediterranean salt marsh. <i>Geoderma</i> , 2005 , 124, 375-382 | 6.7 | 98 |

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|----|---|-----|----|
| 78 | Assessing the effectiveness of mycorrhizal inoculation and soil compost addition for enhancing reafforestation with <i>Olea europaea</i> subsp. <i>sylvestris</i> through changes in soil biological and physical parameters. <i>Applied Soil Ecology</i> , 2002 , 20, 107-118 | 5 | 90 |
| 77 | Re-establishment of <i>Retama sphaerocarpa</i> as a target species for reclamation of soil physical and biological properties in a semi-arid Mediterranean area. <i>Forest Ecology and Management</i> , 2003 , 182, 49-58 | 3.9 | 88 |
| 76 | Aggregate stability changes after organic amendment and mycorrhizal inoculation in the afforestation of a semiarid site with <i>Pinus halepensis</i> . <i>Applied Soil Ecology</i> , 2002 , 19, 199-208 | 5 | 86 |
| 75 | Organic matter, nutrient contents and cation exchange capacity in fine fractions from semiarid calcareous soils. <i>Geoderma</i> , 1999 , 93, 161-176 | 6.7 | 77 |
| 74 | Differential modulation of host plant $\delta^{13}\text{C}$ and $\delta^{18}\text{O}$ by native and nonnative arbuscular mycorrhizal fungi in a semiarid environment. <i>New Phytologist</i> , 2006 , 169, 379-87 | 9.8 | 72 |
| 73 | The application of an organic amendment modifies the arbuscular mycorrhizal fungal communities colonizing native seedlings grown in a heavy-metal-polluted soil. <i>Soil Biology and Biochemistry</i> , 2011 , 43, 1498-1508 | 7.5 | 64 |
| 72 | Soil sustainability indicators following conservation tillage practices under subtropical maize and bean crops. <i>Soil and Tillage Research</i> , 2007 , 93, 273-282 | 6.5 | 64 |
| 71 | Differential response of $\delta^{13}\text{C}$ and water use efficiency to arbuscular mycorrhizal infection in two aridland woody plant species. <i>Oecologia</i> , 2003 , 135, 510-5 | 2.9 | 64 |
| 70 | Poultry manure and banana waste are effective biofertilizer carriers for promoting plant growth and soil sustainability in banana crops. <i>Soil Biology and Biochemistry</i> , 2008 , 40, 3092-3095 | 7.5 | 62 |
| 69 | Aggregate stability and carbon characteristics of particle-size fractions in cultivated and forested soils of semiarid Spain. <i>Soil and Tillage Research</i> , 2004 , 78, 83-90 | 6.5 | 62 |
| 68 | Involvement of antioxidant enzyme and nitrate reductase activities during water stress and recovery of mycorrhizal <i>Myrtus communis</i> and <i>Phillyrea angustifolia</i> plants. <i>Plant Science</i> , 2005 , 169, 191-197 | 5.3 | 61 |
| 67 | Survival of inocula and native AM fungi species associated with shrubs in a degraded Mediterranean ecosystem. <i>Soil Biology and Biochemistry</i> , 2005 , 37, 227-233 | 7.5 | 58 |
| 66 | Increased diversity of arbuscular mycorrhizal fungi in a long-term field experiment via application of organic amendments to a semiarid degraded soil. <i>Applied and Environmental Microbiology</i> , 2009 , 75, 4254-63 | 4.8 | 51 |
| 65 | Effect of drought on the stability of rhizosphere soil aggregates of <i>Lactuca sativa</i> grown in a degraded soil inoculated with PGPR and AM fungi. <i>Applied Soil Ecology</i> , 2009 , 42, 160-165 | 5 | 51 |
| 64 | Assessing changes in physical and biological properties in a soil contaminated by oil sludges under semiarid Mediterranean conditions. <i>Geoderma</i> , 2003 , 117, 53-61 | 6.7 | 48 |
| 63 | Comparing the effectiveness of mycorrhizal inoculation and amendment with sugar beet, rock phosphate and <i>Aspergillus niger</i> to enhance field performance of the leguminous shrub <i>Dorycnium pentaphyllum</i> L.. <i>Applied Soil Ecology</i> , 2004 , 25, 169-180 | 5 | 48 |
| 62 | Changes in rhizosphere microbial activity mediated by native or allochthonous AM fungi in the reafforestation of a Mediterranean degraded environment. <i>Biology and Fertility of Soils</i> , 2005 , 41, 59-68 | 6.1 | 46 |
| 61 | Application of composted urban residue enhanced the performance of afforested shrub species in a degraded semiarid land. <i>Bioresource Technology</i> , 2003 , 90, 65-70 | 11 | 45 |

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| 60 | Establishment of two ectomycorrhizal shrub species in a semiarid site after in situ amendment with sugar beet, rock phosphate, and <i>Aspergillus niger</i> . <i>Microbial Ecology</i> , 2005 , 49, 73-82 | 4.4 | 44 |
| 59 | Arbuscular mycorrhizal fungi inoculation mediated changes in rhizosphere bacterial community structure while promoting revegetation in a semiarid ecosystem. <i>Science of the Total Environment</i> , 2017 , 584-585, 838-848 | 10.2 | 42 |
| 58 | The combination of compost addition and arbuscular mycorrhizal inoculation produced positive and synergistic effects on the phytomanagement of a semiarid mine tailing. <i>Science of the Total Environment</i> , 2015 , 514, 42-8 | 10.2 | 42 |
| 57 | Soil aggregate stability and organic matter in clay and fine silt fractions in urban refuse-amended semiarid soils. <i>Soil Science Society of America Journal</i> , 2001 , 65, 1235-1238 | 2.5 | 41 |
| 56 | Differential effects of <i>Pseudomonas mendocina</i> and <i>Glomus intraradices</i> on lettuce plants physiological response and aquaporin PIP2 gene expression under elevated atmospheric CO ₂ and drought. <i>Microbial Ecology</i> , 2009 , 58, 942-51 | 4.4 | 40 |
| 55 | Estimation by PLFA of microbial community structure associated with the rhizosphere of <i>Lygeum spartum</i> and <i>Piptatherum miliaceum</i> growing in semiarid mine tailings. <i>Microbial Ecology</i> , 2010 , 60, 265-274 | 7.1 | 40 |
| 54 | Superoxide dismutase and total peroxidase activities in relation to drought recovery performance of mycorrhizal shrub seedlings grown in an amended semiarid soil. <i>Journal of Plant Physiology</i> , 2008 , 165, 715-22 | 3.6 | 39 |
| 53 | Organic Fertilization in Traditional Mediterranean Grapevine Orchards Mediates Changes in Soil Microbial Community Structure and Enhances Soil Fertility. <i>Land Degradation and Development</i> , 2016 , 27, 1622-1628 | 4.4 | 39 |
| 52 | Synergistic influence of an arbuscular mycorrhizal fungus and organic amendment on <i>Pistacia lentiscus</i> L. seedlings afforested in a degraded semiarid soil. <i>Soil Biology and Biochemistry</i> , 2002 , 34, 1139-1145 | 7.5 | 37 |
| 51 | Improvement of soil characteristics and growth of <i>Dorycnium pentaphyllum</i> by amendment with agrowastes and inoculation with AM fungi and/or the yeast <i>Yarrowia lipolytica</i> . <i>Chemosphere</i> , 2004 , 56, 449-56 | 8.4 | 35 |
| 50 | Elevated CO ₂ increases the effect of an arbuscular mycorrhizal fungus and a plant-growth-promoting rhizobacterium on structural stability of a semiarid agricultural soil under drought conditions. <i>Soil Biology and Biochemistry</i> , 2009 , 41, 1710-1716 | 7.5 | 34 |
| 49 | Formation of stable aggregates in rhizosphere soil of <i>Juniperus oxycedrus</i> : Effect of AM fungi and organic amendments. <i>Applied Soil Ecology</i> , 2006 , 33, 30-38 | 5 | 34 |
| 48 | Inoculation with arbuscular mycorrhizal fungi and addition of composted olive-mill waste enhance plant establishment and soil properties in the regeneration of a heavy metal-polluted environment. <i>Environmental Science and Pollution Research</i> , 2014 , 21, 7403-12 | 5.1 | 33 |
| 47 | Effects of water stress, organic amendment and mycorrhizal inoculation on soil microbial community structure and activity during the establishment of two heavy metal-tolerant native plant species. <i>Microbial Ecology</i> , 2012 , 63, 794-803 | 4.4 | 33 |
| 46 | Striking alterations in the soil bacterial community structure and functioning of the biological N cycle induced by <i>Pennisetum setaceum</i> invasion in a semiarid environment. <i>Soil Biology and Biochemistry</i> , 2017 , 109, 176-187 | 7.5 | 32 |
| 45 | Photosynthetic and Transpiration Rates of <i>Olea europaea</i> subsp. <i>sylvestris</i> and <i>Rhamnus lycioides</i> as Affected by Water Deficit and Mycorrhiza. <i>Biologia Plantarum</i> , 2003 , 46, 637-639 | 2.1 | 32 |
| 44 | Effect of Arbuscular Mycorrhizae and Induced Drought Stress on Antioxidant Enzyme and Nitrate Reductase Activities in <i>Juniperus oxycedrus</i> L. Grown in a Composted Sewage Sludge-amended Semi-arid Soil. <i>Plant and Soil</i> , 2006 , 279, 209-218 | 4.2 | 29 |
| 43 | Effects of elevated CO ₂ , water stress, and inoculation with <i>Glomus intraradices</i> or <i>Pseudomonas mendocina</i> on lettuce dry matter and rhizosphere microbial and functional diversity under growth chamber conditions. <i>Journal of Soils and Sediments</i> , 2010 , 10, 1585-1597 | 3.4 | 25 |

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| 42 | Stability of desiccated rhizosphere soil aggregates of mycorrhizal <i>Juniperus oxycedrus</i> grown in a desertified soil amended with a composted organic residue. <i>Soil Biology and Biochemistry</i> , 2006 , 38, 2722-2730 ²⁵ | 7.5 | 25 |
| 41 | Microbial processes in the rhizosphere soil of a heavy metals-contaminated Mediterranean salt marsh: a facilitating role of AM fungi. <i>Chemosphere</i> , 2006 , 64, 104-11 | 8.4 | 25 |
| 40 | Effect of Mycorrhizal Inoculation on Nutrient Acquisition, Gas Exchange, and Nitrate Reductase Activity of Two Mediterranean-Autochthonous Shrub Species Under Drought Stress. <i>Journal of Plant Nutrition</i> , 2004 , 27, 57-74 | 2.3 | 25 |
| 39 | Alteration in rhizosphere soil properties of afforested <i>Rhamnus lycioides</i> seedlings in short-term response to mycorrhizal inoculation with <i>Glomus intraradices</i> and organic amendment. <i>Environmental Management</i> , 2003 , 31, 412-20 | 3.1 | 24 |
| 38 | Unraveling the role of hyphal networks from arbuscular mycorrhizal fungi in aggregate stabilization of semiarid soils with different textures and carbonate contents. <i>Plant and Soil</i> , 2017 , 410, 273-281 | 4.2 | 23 |
| 37 | Medium-term effects of mycorrhizal inoculation and composted municipal waste addition on the establishment of two Mediterranean shrub species under semiarid field conditions. <i>Agriculture, Ecosystems and Environment</i> , 2003 , 97, 95-105 | 5.7 | 22 |
| 36 | Comparative effects of native filamentous and arbuscular mycorrhizal fungi in the establishment of an autochthonous, leguminous shrub growing in a metal-contaminated soil. <i>Science of the Total Environment</i> , 2011 , 409, 1205-9 | 10.2 | 21 |
| 35 | A microcosm approach to assessing the effects of earthworm inoculation and oat cover cropping on CO ₂ fluxes and biological properties in an amended semiarid soil. <i>Chemosphere</i> , 2005 , 59, 1625-31 | 8.4 | 21 |
| 34 | Effects of mycorrhizal inoculation of shrubs from Mediterranean ecosystems and composted residue application on transplant performance and mycorrhizal developments in a desertified soil. <i>Biology and Fertility of Soils</i> , 2002 , 36, 170-175 | 6.1 | 21 |
| 33 | Effect of <i>Eisenia foetida</i> earthworms on mineralization kinetics, microbial biomass, enzyme activities, respiration and labile C fractions of three soils treated with a composted organic residue. <i>Biology and Fertility of Soils</i> , 2003 , 38, 45-51 | 6.1 | 21 |
| 32 | Suitability of the microbial community composition and function in a semiarid mine soil for assessing phytomanagement practices based on mycorrhizal inoculation and amendment addition. <i>Journal of Environmental Management</i> , 2016 , 169, 236-46 | 7.9 | 20 |
| 31 | The Role of Relict Vegetation in Maintaining Physical, Chemical, and Biological Properties in an Abandoned Stipa -Grass Agroecosystem. <i>Arid Land Research and Management</i> , 2003 , 17, 103-111 | 1.8 | 19 |
| 30 | Microbial activities and arbuscular mycorrhizal fungi colonization in the rhizosphere of the salt marsh plant <i>Inula crithmoides</i> L. along a spatial salinity gradient. <i>Wetlands</i> , 2005 , 25, 350-355 | 1.7 | 19 |
| 29 | Advantages of inoculation with immobilized rhizobacteria versus amendment with olive-mill waste in the afforestation of a semiarid area with <i>Pinus halepensis</i> Mill. <i>Ecological Engineering</i> , 2014 , 73, 1-8 | 3.9 | 18 |
| 28 | Changes in biological activity of a degraded Mediterranean soil after using microbially-treated dry olive cake as a biosolid amendment and arbuscular mycorrhizal fungi. <i>European Journal of Soil Biology</i> , 2008 , 44, 347-354 | 2.9 | 18 |
| 27 | Establishment of <i>Retama sphaerocarpa</i> L. seedlings on a degraded semiarid soil as influenced by mycorrhizal inoculation and sewage-sludge amendment. <i>Journal of Plant Nutrition and Soil Science</i> , 2004 , 167, 637-644 | 2.3 | 18 |
| 26 | Use of Nitrate Reductase Activity for Assessing Effectiveness of Mycorrhizal Symbiosis in <i>Dorycnium pentaphyllum</i> Under Induced Water Deficit. <i>Communications in Soil Science and Plant Analysis</i> , 2003 , 34, 2291-2302 | 1.5 | 18 |
| 25 | Selection of Plant Species/Organic Amendment Combinations to Assure Plant Establishment and Soil Microbial Function Recovery in the Phytostabilization of a Metal-Contaminated Soil. <i>Water, Air, and Soil Pollution</i> , 2014 , 225, 1 | 2.6 | 17 |

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| 24 | Changes in physical and biological soil quality indicators in a tropical crop system (Havana, Cuba) in response to different agroecological management practices. <i>Environmental Management</i> , 2003 , 32, 639-45 | 3.1 | 17 |
| 23 | Prolonged irrigation with municipal wastewater promotes a persistent and active soil microbial community in a semiarid agroecosystem. <i>Agricultural Water Management</i> , 2015 , 149, 115-122 | 5.9 | 15 |
| 22 | Improvements in soil quality and performance of mycorrhizal <i>Cistus albidus</i> L. seedlings resulting from addition of microbially treated sugar beet residue to a degraded semiarid Mediterranean soil. <i>Soil Use and Management</i> , 2003 , 19, 277-283 | 3.1 | 15 |
| 21 | Arbuscular mycorrhizal fungi and their associated microbial community modulated by Collembola grazers in host plant free substrate. <i>Soil Biology and Biochemistry</i> , 2014 , 69, 25-33 | 7.5 | 14 |
| 20 | Synergists and antagonists in the rhizosphere modulate microbial communities and growth of <i>Quercus robur</i> L.. <i>Soil Biology and Biochemistry</i> , 2015 , 82, 65-73 | 7.5 | 14 |
| 19 | AM fungi inoculation and addition of microbially-treated dry olive cake-enhanced afforestation of a desertified Mediterranean site. <i>Land Degradation and Development</i> , 2004 , 15, 153-161 | 4.4 | 14 |
| 18 | Nutrient acquisition and nitrate reductase activity of mycorrhizal <i>Retama sphaerocarpa</i> L. seedlings afforested in an amended semiarid soil under two water regimes. <i>Soil Use and Management</i> , 2005 , 21, 10-16 | 3.1 | 13 |
| 17 | Assessment of the potential role of <i>Streptomyces</i> strains in the revegetation of semiarid sites: the relative incidence of strain origin and plantation site on plant performance and soil quality indicators. <i>Biology and Fertility of Soils</i> , 2016 , 52, 53-64 | 6.1 | 12 |
| 16 | Spatial Shifts in Soil Microbial Activity and Degradation of Pasture Cover Caused by Prolonged Exposure to Cement Dust. <i>Land Degradation and Development</i> , 2017 , 28, 1329-1335 | 4.4 | 11 |
| 15 | The invader <i>Carpobrotus edulis</i> promotes a specific rhizosphere microbiome across globally distributed coastal ecosystems. <i>Science of the Total Environment</i> , 2020 , 719, 137347 | 10.2 | 11 |
| 14 | Impact of DOM from composted "alperujo" on soil structure, AM fungi, microbial activity and growth of <i>Medicago sativa</i> . <i>Waste Management</i> , 2008 , 28, 1423-31 | 8.6 | 11 |
| 13 | Arbuscular mycorrhizal fungal assemblages in biological crusts from a Neotropical savanna are not related to the dominant perennial <i>Trachypogon</i> . <i>Science of the Total Environment</i> , 2017 , 575, 1203-1210 | 10.2 | 10 |
| 12 | Addition of microbially-treated sugar beet residue and a native bacterium increases structural stability in heavy metal-contaminated Mediterranean soils. <i>Science of the Total Environment</i> , 2009 , 407, 5448-54 | 10.2 | 9 |
| 11 | Soil acidity determines the effectiveness of an organic amendment and a native bacterium for increasing soil stabilisation in semiarid mine tailings. <i>Chemosphere</i> , 2009 , 74, 239-44 | 8.4 | 9 |
| 10 | Drug action of ritodrine on the sarcoplasmic reticulum Ca(2+)-ATPase from skeletal muscle. <i>Archives of Biochemistry and Biophysics</i> , 1995 , 318, 97-104 | 4.1 | 9 |
| 9 | Interaction between AM fungi and a liquid organic amendment with respect to enhancement of the performance of the leguminous shrub <i>Retama sphaerocarpa</i> . <i>Biology and Fertility of Soils</i> , 2006 , 43, 30-38 | 6.1 | 7 |
| 8 | The unspecificity of the relationships between the invasive <i>Pennisetum setaceum</i> and mycorrhizal fungi may provide advantages during its establishment at semiarid Mediterranean sites. <i>Science of the Total Environment</i> , 2018 , 630, 1464-1471 | 10.2 | 6 |
| 7 | Invasive <i>Nicotiana glauca</i> shifts the soil microbial community composition and functioning of harsh and disturbed semiarid Mediterranean environments. <i>Biological Invasions</i> , 2020 , 22, 2923-2940 | 2.7 | 3 |

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|---|--|------|---|
| 6 | The invasion of semiarid Mediterranean sites by <i>Nicotiana glauca</i> mediates temporary changes in mycorrhizal associations and a permanent decrease in rhizosphere activity. <i>Plant and Soil</i> , 2020 , 450, 217-229 | 4.2 | 3 |
| 5 | Growth and nitrate reductase activity in <i>Juniperus oxycedrus</i> subjected to organic amendments and inoculation with arbuscular mycorrhizae. <i>Journal of Plant Nutrition and Soil Science</i> , 2006 , 169, 501-503 | 3.3 | 2 |
| 4 | Improvements in soil quality and performance of mycorrhizal <i>Cistus albidus</i> L. seedlings resulting from addition of microbially treated sugar beet residue to a degraded semiarid Mediterranean soil. <i>Soil Use and Management</i> , 2006 , 19, 277-283 | 3.1 | 2 |
| 3 | Nutrient acquisition and nitrate reductase activity of mycorrhizal <i>Retama sphaerocarpa</i> L. seedlings afforested in an amended semiarid soil under two water regimes. <i>Soil Use and Management</i> , 2006 , 21, 10-16 | 3.1 | 1 |
| 2 | Salvage logging alters microbial community structure and functioning after a wildfire in a Mediterranean forest. <i>Applied Soil Ecology</i> , 2021 , 168, 104130 | 5 | 1 |
| 1 | Elevated functional versatility of the soil microbial community associated with the invader <i>Carpobrotus edulis</i> across a broad geographical scale.. <i>Science of the Total Environment</i> , 2021 , 813, 152627 | 10.2 | 0 |