

# Tonima Tasnim Ananna

## List of Publications by Year in descending order

Source: <https://exaly.com/author-pdf/1538376/publications.pdf>

Version: 2024-02-01

12  
papers

319  
citations

840776

11  
h-index

1199594

12  
g-index

12  
all docs

12  
docs citations

12  
times ranked

371  
citing authors

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
1	The Accretion History of AGNs. I. Supermassive Black Hole Population Synthesis Model. <i>Astrophysical Journal</i> , 2019, 871, 240.	4.5	92
2	BAT AGN Spectroscopic Survey. XX. Molecular Gas in Nearby Hard-X-Ray-selected AGN Galaxies. <i>Astrophysical Journal</i> , Supplement Series, 2021, 252, 29.	7.7	52
3	SDSS-IV eBOSS Spectroscopy of X-Ray and WISE AGNs in Stripe 82X: Overview of the Demographics of X-Ray- and Mid-infrared-selected Active Galactic Nuclei. <i>Astrophysical Journal</i> , 2019, 876, 50.	4.5	32
4	BASS. XXI. The Data Release 2 Overview. <i>Astrophysical Journal</i> , Supplement Series, 2022, 261, 1.	7.7	26
5	BASS. XXX. Distribution Functions of DR2 Eddington Ratios, Black Hole Masses, and X-Ray Luminosities. <i>Astrophysical Journal</i> , Supplement Series, 2022, 261, 9.	7.7	22
6	Compton-thick AGN in the NuSTAR Era VI: The Observed Compton-thick Fraction in the Local Universe. <i>Astrophysical Journal</i> , 2021, 922, 252.	4.5	19
7	A Large Population of Luminous Active Galactic Nuclei Lacking X-Ray Detections: Evidence for Heavy Obscuration?. <i>Astrophysical Journal</i> , 2021, 908, 185.	4.5	16
8	Accretion History of AGNs. II. Constraints on AGN Spectral Parameters Using the Cosmic X-Ray Background. <i>Astrophysical Journal</i> , 2020, 889, 17.	4.5	16
9	The Accretion History of AGN: A Newly Defined Population of Cold Quasars. <i>Astrophysical Journal</i> , 2020, 900, 5.	4.5	14
10	The Clustering of X-Ray Luminous Quasars. <i>Astrophysical Journal</i> , 2020, 891, 41.	4.5	12
11	Accretion History of AGNs. III. Radiative Efficiency and AGN Contribution to Reionization. <i>Astrophysical Journal</i> , 2020, 903, 85.	4.5	11
12	Dying of the Light: An X-Ray Fading Cold Quasar at $z \approx 0.405$ . <i>Astrophysical Journal</i> , 2020, 903, 106.	4.5	7