

# Alexandre Barbosa Reis

## List of Publications by Year in descending order

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120  
papers

3,735  
citations

109321

35  
h-index

155660

55  
g-index

124  
all docs

124  
docs citations

124  
times ranked

3033  
citing authors

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
1	Parasite density and impaired biochemical/hematological status are associated with severe clinical aspects of canine visceral leishmaniasis. <i>Research in Veterinary Science</i> , 2006, 81, 68-75.	1.9	159
2	Systemic and compartmentalized immune response in canine visceral leishmaniasis. <i>Veterinary Immunology and Immunopathology</i> , 2009, 128, 87-95.	1.2	156
3	Isotype patterns of immunoglobulins: Hallmarks for clinical status and tissue parasite density in Brazilian dogs naturally infected by <i>Leishmania (Leishmania) chagasi</i> . <i>Veterinary Immunology and Immunopathology</i> , 2006, 112, 102-116.	1.2	141
4	Effective immunotherapy against canine visceral leishmaniasis with the FML-vaccine. <i>Vaccine</i> , 2004, 22, 2234-2243.	3.8	121
5	Prevalence and Factors Associated with <i>Leishmania infantum</i> Infection of Dogs from an Urban Area of Brazil as Identified by Molecular Methods. <i>PLoS Neglected Tropical Diseases</i> , 2011, 5, e1291.	3.0	118
6	Recent advances and new strategies on leishmaniasis treatment. <i>Applied Microbiology and Biotechnology</i> , 2020, 104, 8965-8977.	3.6	107
7	Comparison of serological assays for the diagnosis of canine visceral leishmaniasis in animals presenting different clinical manifestations. <i>Veterinary Parasitology</i> , 2007, 146, 235-241.	1.8	104
8	Immunity to <i>Leishmania</i> and the rational search for vaccines against canine leishmaniasis. <i>Trends in Parasitology</i> , 2010, 26, 341-349.	3.3	101
9	Immunotherapy and Immunochemotherapy in Visceral Leishmaniasis: Promising Treatments for this Neglected Disease. <i>Frontiers in Immunology</i> , 2014, 5, 272.	4.8	73
10	Use of PCR-RFLP to identify <i>Leishmania</i> species in naturally-infected dogs. <i>Veterinary Parasitology</i> , 2006, 140, 231-238.	1.8	70
11	Immunogenicity of a killed <i>Leishmania</i> vaccine with saponin adjuvant in dogs. <i>Vaccine</i> , 2007, 25, 7674-7686.	3.8	69
12	Immunogenicity in dogs of three recombinant antigens (TSA, LeIF and LmST11) potential vaccine candidates for canine visceral leishmaniasis. <i>Veterinary Research</i> , 2005, 36, 827-838.	3.0	67
13	Evaluation of enzyme-linked immunosorbent assay using crude <i>Leishmania</i> and recombinant antigens as a diagnostic marker for canine visceral leishmaniasis. <i>Memorias Do Instituto Oswaldo Cruz</i> , 2005, 100, 197-203.	1.6	67
14	Comparative genomics of canine-isolated <i>Leishmania (Leishmania) amazonensis</i> from an endemic focus of visceral leishmaniasis in Governador Valadares, southeastern Brazil. <i>Scientific Reports</i> , 2017, 7, 40804.	3.3	65
15	Histopathological and immunohistochemical investigations of the hepatic compartment associated with parasitism and serum biochemical changes in canine visceral leishmaniasis. <i>Research in Veterinary Science</i> , 2008, 84, 269-277.	1.9	61
16	Evaluation of Change in Canine Diagnosis Protocol Adopted by the Visceral Leishmaniasis Control Program in Brazil and a New Proposal for Diagnosis. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2014, 9, e91009.	2.5	59
17	Peptide Vaccines for Leishmaniasis. <i>Frontiers in Immunology</i> , 2018, 9, 1043.	4.8	59
18	Phase I and II open clinical trials of a vaccine against <i>Leishmania chagasi</i> Infections in dogs. <i>Memorias Do Instituto Oswaldo Cruz</i> , 1996, 91, 695-697.	1.6	59

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19	Histopathology, parasite density and cell phenotypes of the popliteal lymph node in canine visceral leishmaniasis. <i>Veterinary Immunology and Immunopathology</i> , 2008, 121, 23-33.	1.2	58
20	Development of a label-free immunosensor based on surface plasmon resonance technique for the detection of anti- <i>Leishmania infantum</i> antibodies in canine serum. <i>Biosensors and Bioelectronics</i> , 2013, 46, 22-29.	10.1	58
21	Parasite Burden in Hamsters Infected with Two Different Strains of <i>Leishmania (Leishmania) infantum</i> : $\omega$ -Leishman Donovan Units versus Real-Time PCR. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2012, 7, e47907.	2.5	57
22	Novel Recombinant Multi-epitope Proteins for the Diagnosis of Asymptomatic <i>Leishmania infantum</i> -Infected Dogs. <i>PLoS Neglected Tropical Diseases</i> , 2015, 9, e3429.	3.0	57
23	Cell Recruitment and Cytokines in Skin Mice Sensitized with the Vaccine Adjuvants: Saponin, Incomplete Freund's Adjuvant, and Monophosphoryl Lipid A. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2012, 7, e40745.	2.5	51
24	Prognostic Factors and Scoring System for Death from Visceral Leishmaniasis: An Historical Cohort Study in Brazil. <i>PLoS Neglected Tropical Diseases</i> , 2014, 8, e3374.	3.0	50
25	A killed <i>Leishmania</i> vaccine with sand fly saliva extract and saponin adjuvant displays immunogenicity in dogs. <i>Vaccine</i> , 2008, 26, 623-638.	3.8	48
26	Molecular diagnosis of canine visceral leishmaniasis: A comparative study of three methods using skin and spleen from dogs with natural <i>Leishmania infantum</i> infection. <i>Veterinary Parasitology</i> , 2013, 197, 498-503.	1.8	47
27	Cytokine and transcription factor profiles in the skin of dogs naturally infected by <i>Leishmania (Leishmania) chagasi</i> presenting distinct cutaneous parasite density and clinical status. <i>Veterinary Parasitology</i> , 2011, 177, 39-49.	1.8	46
28	Clinical Forms of Canine Visceral Leishmaniasis in Naturally <i>Leishmania infantum</i> -Infected Dogs and Related Myelogram and Hemogram Changes. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2013, 8, e82947.	2.5	46
29	Immunological profile of resistance and susceptibility in naturally infected dogs by <i>Leishmania infantum</i> . <i>Veterinary Parasitology</i> , 2014, 205, 472-482.	1.8	43
30	Label-free electrochemical impedance immunosensor based on modified screen-printed gold electrodes for the diagnosis of canine visceral leishmaniasis. <i>Talanta</i> , 2019, 195, 327-332.	5.5	42
31	Performance of LBSap Vaccine after Intradermal Challenge with <i>L. infantum</i> and Saliva of <i>Lu. longipalpis</i> : Immunogenicity and Parasitological Evaluation. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2012, 7, e49780.	2.5	41
32	Establishment of a microplate assay for flow cytometric assessment and its use for the evaluation of age-related phenotypic changes in canine whole blood leukocytes. <i>Veterinary Immunology and Immunopathology</i> , 2005, 103, 173-185.	1.2	39
33	Higher Expression of CCL2, CCL4, CCL5, CCL21, and CXCL8 Chemokines in the Skin Associated with Parasite Density in Canine Visceral Leishmaniasis. <i>PLoS Neglected Tropical Diseases</i> , 2012, 6, e1566.	3.0	39
34	Clinical, hematological and biochemical alterations in hamster ( <i>Mesocricetus auratus</i> ) experimentally infected with <i>Leishmania infantum</i> through different routes of inoculation. <i>Parasites and Vectors</i> , 2016, 9, 181.	2.5	38
35	Canine visceral leishmaniasis: Performance of a rapid diagnostic test (Kalazar Detect <sup>®</sup> ) in dogs with and without signs of the disease. <i>Acta Tropica</i> , 2008, 107, 205-207.	2.0	37
36	A Vaccine Therapy for Canine Visceral Leishmaniasis Promoted Significant Improvement of Clinical and Immune Status with Reduction in Parasite Burden. <i>Frontiers in Immunology</i> , 2017, 8, 217.	4.8	37

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37	Antigenicity of a whole parasite vaccine as promising candidate against canine leishmaniasis. <i>Research in Veterinary Science</i> , 2008, 85, 106-112.	1.9	36
38	Relationship of Leishmania-specific IgG levels and IgG avidity with parasite density and clinical signs in canine leishmaniasis. <i>Veterinary Parasitology</i> , 2010, 169, 248-257.	1.8	36
39	A randomized double-blind placebo-controlled trial to evaluate the immunogenicity of a candidate vaccine against American tegumentary leishmaniasis. <i>Acta Tropica</i> , 2001, 80, 251-260.	2.0	35
40	T-cell-derived cytokines, nitric oxide production by peripheral blood monocytes and seric anti-Leishmania ( <i>Leishmania</i> ) <i>chagasi</i> IgG subclass patterns following immunization against canine visceral leishmaniasis using Leishvaccine and Leishmune®. <i>Vaccine</i> , 2009, 27, 1008-1017.	3.8	34
41	Risk Factors for Seroconversion by <i>Leishmania infantum</i> in a Cohort of Dogs from an Endemic Area of Brazil. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2013, 8, e71833.	2.5	34
42	TcI, TcII and TcVI <i>Trypanosoma cruzi</i> samples from Chagas disease patients with distinct clinical forms and critical analysis of in vitro and in vivo behavior, response to treatment and infection evolution in murine model. <i>Acta Tropica</i> , 2017, 167, 108-120.	2.0	33
43	Influence of Clinical Status and Parasite Load on Erythropoiesis and Leucopoiesis in Dogs Naturally Infected with <i>Leishmania (Leishmania) chagasi</i> . <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2011, 6, e18873.	2.5	32
44	Despite Leishvaccine and Leishmune® trigger distinct immune profiles, their ability to activate phagocytes and CD8+ T-cells support their high-quality immunogenic potential against canine visceral leishmaniasis. <i>Vaccine</i> , 2008, 26, 2211-2224.	3.8	31
45	Antibodies from dogs with canine visceral leishmaniasis recognise two proteins from the saliva of <i>Lutzomyia longipalpis</i> . <i>Parasitology Research</i> , 2006, 100, 449-454.	1.6	30
46	Clinical value of anti- <i>Leishmania (Leishmania) chagasi</i> IgG titers detected by flow cytometry to distinguish infected from vaccinated dogs. <i>Veterinary Immunology and Immunopathology</i> , 2007, 116, 85-97.	1.2	30
47	The TcI and TcII <i>Trypanosoma cruzi</i> experimental infections induce distinct immune responses and cardiac fibrosis in dogs. <i>Memorias Do Instituto Oswaldo Cruz</i> , 2014, 109, 1005-1013.	1.6	28
48	Severe airport sanitarian control could slow down the spreading of COVID-19 pandemics in Brazil. <i>PeerJ</i> , 2020, 8, e9446.	2.0	28
49	Canine visceral leishmaniasis: Incidence and risk factors for infection in a cohort study in Brazil. <i>Veterinary Parasitology</i> , 2013, 197, 411-417.	1.8	27
50	Canine visceral leishmaniasis biomarkers and their employment in vaccines. <i>Veterinary Parasitology</i> , 2019, 271, 87-97.	1.8	27
51	Profile of anti- <i>Leishmania</i> antibodies related to clinical picture in canine visceral leishmaniasis. <i>Research in Veterinary Science</i> , 2012, 93, 705-709.	1.9	25
52	An assessment on epitope prediction methods for protozoa genomes. <i>BMC Bioinformatics</i> , 2012, 13, 309.	2.6	24
53	Impedimetric immunosensor for rapid and simultaneous detection of chagas and visceral leishmaniasis for point of care diagnosis. <i>Biosensors and Bioelectronics</i> , 2020, 169, 112573.	10.1	24
54	Immunological changes in canine peripheral blood leukocytes triggered by immunization with first or second generation vaccines against canine visceral leishmaniasis. <i>Veterinary Immunology and Immunopathology</i> , 2011, 141, 64-75.	1.2	23

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55	Effectiveness of deltamethrin-impregnated dog collars on the incidence of canine infection by <i>Leishmania infantum</i> : A large scale intervention study in an endemic area in Brazil. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2018, 13, e0208613.	2.5	23
56	Immunoinformatics Features Linked to <i>Leishmania</i> Vaccine Development: Data Integration of Experimental and In Silico Studies. <i>International Journal of Molecular Sciences</i> , 2017, 18, 371.	4.1	22
57	Recent advances and new strategies in <i>Leishmaniasis</i> diagnosis. <i>Applied Microbiology and Biotechnology</i> , 2020, 104, 8105-8116.	3.6	22
58	Cytokine and nitric oxide patterns in dogs immunized with LBSap vaccine, before and after experimental challenge with <i>Leishmania chagasi</i> plus saliva of <i>Lutzomyia longipalpis</i> . <i>Veterinary Parasitology</i> , 2013, 198, 371-381.	1.8	21
59	LBSapSal-vaccinated dogs exhibit increased circulating T-lymphocyte subsets (CD4+ and CD8+) as well as a reduction of parasitism after challenge with <i>Leishmania infantum</i> plus salivary gland of <i>Lutzomyia longipalpis</i> . <i>Parasites and Vectors</i> , 2014, 7, 61.	2.5	21
60	Risk profile for <i>Leishmania</i> infection in dogs coming from an area of visceral leishmaniasis reemergence. <i>Preventive Veterinary Medicine</i> , 2018, 150, 1-7.	1.9	21
61	Chimeric Vaccines Designed by Immunoinformatics-Activated Polyfunctional and Memory T Cells That Trigger Protection against Experimental Visceral <i>Leishmaniasis</i> . <i>Vaccines</i> , 2020, 8, 252.	4.4	21
62	Differential impact of metacyclic and blood trypomastigotes on parasitological, serological and phenotypic features triggered during acute <i>Trypanosoma cruzi</i> infection in dogs. <i>Acta Tropica</i> , 2007, 101, 120-129.	2.0	20
63	Serological screening confirms the re-emergence of canine leishmaniosis in urban and rural areas in Governador Valadares, Vale do Rio Doce, Minas Gerais, Brazil. <i>Parasitology Research</i> , 2007, 100, 233-239.	1.6	20
64	Shotgun proteomics to unravel the complexity of the <i>Leishmania infantum</i> exoproteome and the relative abundance of its constituents. <i>Molecular and Biochemical Parasitology</i> , 2014, 195, 43-53.	1.1	19
65	Advances in flow cytometric serology for canine visceral leishmaniasis: Diagnostic applications when distinct clinical forms, vaccination and other canine pathogens become a challenge. <i>Veterinary Immunology and Immunopathology</i> , 2009, 128, 79-86.	1.2	18
66	Worldwide COVID-19 spreading explained: traveling numbers as a primary driver for the pandemic. <i>Anais Da Academia Brasileira De Ciencias</i> , 2020, 92, e20201139.	0.8	18
67	Analysis using canine peripheral blood for establishing in vitro conditions for monocyte differentiation into macrophages for <i>Leishmania chagasi</i> infection and T-cell subset purification. <i>Veterinary Parasitology</i> , 2013, 198, 62-71.	1.8	17
68	Multicomponent LBSap vaccine displays immunological and parasitological profiles similar to those of Leish-Tec <sup>®</sup> and Leishmune <sup>®</sup> vaccines against visceral leishmaniasis. <i>Parasites and Vectors</i> , 2016, 9, 472.	2.5	17
69	Mixed Formulation of Conventional and Pegylated Meglumine Antimoniate-Containing Liposomes Reduces Inflammatory Process and Parasite Burden in <i>Leishmania infantum</i> -Infected BALB/c Mice. <i>Antimicrobial Agents and Chemotherapy</i> , 2017, 61, .	3.2	17
70	Neutrophil properties in healthy and <i>Leishmania infantum</i> -naturally infected dogs. <i>Scientific Reports</i> , 2019, 9, 6247.	3.3	17
71	Qualitative and quantitative immunohistochemical evaluation of iNOS expression in the spleen of dogs naturally infected with <i>Leishmania chagasi</i> . <i>Parasitology Research</i> , 2011, 108, 1397-1403.	1.6	16
72	Different Infective Forms Trigger Distinct Immune Response in Experimental Chagas Disease. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2012, 7, e32912.	2.5	16

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73	Development of a Fluorescent Based Immunosensor for the Serodiagnosis of Canine Leishmaniasis Combining Immunomagnetic Separation and Flow Cytometry. <i>PLoS Neglected Tropical Diseases</i> , 2013, 7, e2371.	3.0	16
74	Dogs infected with the blood trypomastigote form of <i>Trypanosoma cruzi</i> display an increase expression of cytokines and chemokines plus an intense cardiac parasitism during acute infection. <i>Molecular Immunology</i> , 2014, 58, 92-97.	2.2	16
75	Performance of recombinant chimeric proteins in the serological diagnosis of <i>Trypanosoma cruzi</i> infection in dogs. <i>PLoS Neglected Tropical Diseases</i> , 2019, 13, e0007545.	3.0	16
76	An antigenic domain within a catalytically active <i>Leishmania infantum</i> nucleoside triphosphate diphosphohydrolase (NTPDase 1) is a target of inhibitory antibodies. <i>Parasitology International</i> , 2013, 62, 44-52.	1.3	15
77	A multicentric evaluation of the recombinant <i>Leishmania infantum</i> antigen-based immunochromatographic assay for the serodiagnosis of canine visceral leishmaniasis. <i>Parasites and Vectors</i> , 2014, 7, 136.	2.5	15
78	Synthetic Peptides Elicit Strong Cellular Immunity in Visceral Leishmaniasis Natural Reservoir and Contribute to Long-Lasting Polyfunctional T-Cells in BALB/c Mice. <i>Vaccines</i> , 2019, 7, 162.	4.4	15
79	Multi-antigen print immunoassay (MAPIA)-based evaluation of novel recombinant <i>Leishmania infantum</i> antigens for the serodiagnosis of canine visceral leishmaniasis. <i>Parasites and Vectors</i> , 2015, 8, 45.	2.5	13
80	Impact of dose and surface features on plasmatic and liver concentrations of biodegradable polymeric nanocapsules. <i>European Journal of Pharmaceutical Sciences</i> , 2017, 105, 19-32.	4.0	13
81	Kinetics of cell migration to the dermis and hypodermis in dogs vaccinated with antigenic compounds of <i>Leishmania braziliensis</i> plus saponin. <i>Vaccine</i> , 2008, 26, 3922-3931.	3.8	12
82	Dogs immunized with LBSap vaccine displayed high levels of IL-12 and IL-10 cytokines and CCL4, CCL5 and CXCL8 chemokines in the dermis. <i>Molecular Immunology</i> , 2013, 56, 540-548.	2.2	12
83	Evaluation of a Prototype Flow Cytometry Test for Serodiagnosis of Canine Visceral Leishmaniasis. <i>Vaccine Journal</i> , 2013, 20, 1792-1798.	3.1	12
84	Cellular immunophenotypic profile in the splenic compartment during canine visceral leishmaniasis. <i>Veterinary Immunology and Immunopathology</i> , 2014, 157, 190-196.	1.2	12
85	Genomic evidence of SARS-CoV-2 reinfection case with the emerging B.1.2 variant in Brazil. <i>Journal of Infection</i> , 2021, 83, 237-279.	3.3	12
86	<i>Trypanosoma cruzi</i> : Serum levels of nitric oxide and expression of inducible nitric oxide synthase in myocardium and spleen of dogs in the acute stage of infection with metacyclic or blood trypomastigotes. <i>Experimental Parasitology</i> , 2009, 121, 76-82.	1.2	11
87	Histological study of cell migration in the dermis of hamsters after immunisation with two different vaccines against visceral leishmaniasis. <i>Veterinary Immunology and Immunopathology</i> , 2009, 128, 418-424.	1.2	11
88	A chimeric vaccine combined with adjuvant system induces immunogenicity and protection against visceral leishmaniasis in BALB/c mice. <i>Vaccine</i> , 2021, 39, 2755-2763.	3.8	11
89	Impact of LbSapSal Vaccine in Canine Immunological and Parasitological Features before and after <i>Leishmania chagasi</i> -Challenge. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2016, 11, e0161169.	2.5	9
90	Autochthonous canine visceral leishmaniasis in a non-endemic area: Bom Sucesso, Minas Gerais State, Brazil. <i>Cadernos De Saude Publica</i> , 2008, 24, 281-286.	1.0	8

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91	Canine visceral leishmaniasis follow-up: a new anti-IgG serological test more sensitive than ITS-1 conventional PCR. <i>Veterinary Parasitology</i> , 2017, 248, 62-67.	1.8	8
92	Effect of the preservative and temperature conditions on the stability of <i>Leishmania infantum</i> promastigotes antigens applied in a flow cytometry diagnostic method for canine visceral leishmaniasis. <i>Diagnostic Microbiology and Infectious Disease</i> , 2013, 76, 470-476.	1.8	7
93	Genetic homogeneity among <i>Leishmania (Leishmania) infantum</i> isolates from dog and human samples in Belo Horizonte Metropolitan Area (BHMA), Minas Gerais, Brazil. <i>Parasites and Vectors</i> , 2015, 8, 226.	2.5	7
94	Setting the proportion of CD4+ and CD8+ T-cells co-cultured with canine macrophages infected with <i>Leishmania chagasi</i> . <i>Veterinary Parasitology</i> , 2015, 211, 124-132.	1.8	7
95	Phase I and II Clinical Trial Comparing the LBSap, Leishmune <sup>®</sup> , and Leish-Tec <sup>®</sup> Vaccines against Canine Visceral Leishmaniasis. <i>Vaccines</i> , 2020, 8, 690.	4.4	7
96	From Spanish Flu to Syndemic COVID-19: long-standing sanitarian vulnerability of Manaus, warnings from the Brazilian rainforest gateway. <i>Anais Da Academia Brasileira De Ciencias</i> , 2021, 93, e20210431.	0.8	7
97	First description of autochthonous canine visceral leishmaniasis in the metropolitan region of Vitória, State of Espírito Santo, Brazil. <i>Revista Da Sociedade Brasileira De Medicina Tropical</i> , 2012, 45, 754-756.	0.9	6
98	Comparative analysis of real-time PCR assays in the detection of canine visceral leishmaniasis. <i>Parasitology Research</i> , 2018, 117, 3341-3346.	1.6	6
99	Multiplex flow cytometry serology to diagnosis of canine visceral leishmaniasis. <i>Applied Microbiology and Biotechnology</i> , 2019, 103, 8179-8190.	3.6	6
100	IL-10 receptor blockade controls the in vitro infectivity of <i>Leishmania infantum</i> and promotes a Th1 activation in PBMC of dogs with visceral leishmaniasis. <i>Molecular Immunology</i> , 2021, 137, 20-27.	2.2	6
101	Logistics Workers Are a Key Factor for SARS-CoV-2 Spread in Brazilian Small Towns: Case-Control Study. <i>JMIR Public Health and Surveillance</i> , 2021, 7, e30406.	2.6	6
102	Targeted Immunology for Prevention and Cure of VL. <i>Frontiers in Immunology</i> , 2014, 5, 660.	4.8	5
103	Association between mast cells, tissue remodeling and parasite burden in the skin of dogs with visceral leishmaniasis. <i>Veterinary Parasitology</i> , 2017, 243, 260-266.	1.8	5
104	Effect on cellular recruitment and the innate immune response by combining saponin, monophosphoryl lipid-A and Incomplete Freund's Adjuvant with <i>Leishmania (Viannia) braziliensis</i> antigens for a vaccine formulation. <i>Vaccine</i> , 2019, 37, 7269-7279.	3.8	5
105	Liver infusion tryptose (LIT): the best choice for growth, viability, and infectivity of <i>Leishmania infantum</i> parasites. <i>Parasitology Research</i> , 2020, 119, 4185-4195.	1.6	5
106	Establishment of monoclonal antibodies to evaluate the cellular immunity in a hamster model of <i>L. infantum</i> infection. <i>Parasite Immunology</i> , 2021, 43, e12823.	1.5	4
107	Immunochemotherapy for visceral leishmaniasis: combinatorial action of Miltefosine plus LBSapMPL vaccine improves adaptive Th1 immune response with control of splenic parasitism in experimental hamster model. <i>Parasitology</i> , 2022, 149, 371-379.	1.5	4
108	Successive Pandemic Waves with Different Virulent Strains and the Effects of Vaccination for SARS-CoV-2. <i>Vaccines</i> , 2022, 10, 343.	4.4	4

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109	Host-Parasite Interactions in Chagas Disease: Genetically Unidentical Isolates of a Single Trypanosoma cruzi Strain Identified In Vitro via LSSP-PCR. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2015, 10, e0137788.	2.5	3
110	Repositioning of Tamoxifen in Surface-Modified Nanocapsules as a Promising Oral Treatment for Visceral Leishmaniasis. <i>Pharmaceutics</i> , 2021, 13, 1061.	4.5	3
111	Comparative evaluation of meglumine antimoniate encapsulated in a mixture of conventional and PEGylated liposomes and immunotherapy using an anti-canine IL-10 receptor-blocking monoclonal antibody on canine visceral leishmaniasis. <i>Molecular Immunology</i> , 2022, 141, 70-78.	2.2	3
112	Leishmania (Viannia) braziliensis: Immunoblotting analysis for the detection of IgG subclasses in the diagnosis of symptomatic and asymptomatic dogs. <i>Veterinary Parasitology</i> , 2010, 173, 143-146.	1.8	2
113	Leishmania infantum nucleoside triphosphate diphosphohydrolase 1 (NTPDase 1) B-domain: Antibody antiproliferative effect on the promastigotes and IgG subclass responses in canine visceral leishmaniasis. <i>Veterinary Parasitology</i> , 2019, 271, 38-44.	1.8	2
114	Laboratorial algorithm for serological diagnosis of visceral leishmaniasis using rK39-ICT, DAT-LPC and FC-Simplex IgG1. <i>Journal of Immunological Methods</i> , 2020, 480, 112765.	1.4	2
115	Heterologous vaccine therapy associated with half course of Miltefosine promote activation of the proinflammatory response with control of splenic parasitism in a hamster model of visceral leishmaniasis. <i>Current Research in Immunology</i> , 2021, 2, 194-201.	2.8	2
116	In vitro Infectivity of Strains Isolated From Dogs Naturally Infected With Leishmania infantum Present a Distinct Pathogenic Profile in Hamsters. <i>Frontiers in Medicine</i> , 2020, 7, 496.	2.6	1
117	Down regulation of IL-10 and TGF- $\beta$ 1 mRNA expression associated with reduced inflammatory process correlates with control of parasitism in the liver after treating L. infantum infected dogs with the LBMPL vaccine therapy. <i>Cytokine</i> , 2022, 153, 155838.	3.2	1
118	Kinetics of Phenotypic and Functional Changes in Mouse Models of Sponge Implants: Rational Selection to Optimize Protocols for Specific Biomolecules Screening Purposes. <i>Frontiers in Bioengineering and Biotechnology</i> , 2020, 8, 538203.	4.1	0
119	Heading back into the perfect storm: increasing risks for disease emergence in Brazil?. <i>Revista Da Sociedade Brasileira De Medicina Tropical</i> , 0, 55, .	0.9	0
120	Influence of climatic variables on the number of cases of visceral leishmaniasis in an endemic urban area. <i>Journal of Global Health Economics and Policy</i> , 0, 2, .	1.0	0