## Roberto Gilli

## List of Publications by Year in descending order

Source: https://exaly.com/author-pdf/1495633/publications.pdf

Version: 2024-02-01

140 papers 13,338 citations

<sup>26630</sup>
56
h-index

20961 115 g-index

142 all docs  $\begin{array}{c} 142 \\ \text{docs citations} \end{array}$ 

times ranked

142

5021 citing authors

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
1	Local supermassive black holes, relics of active galactic nuclei and the X-ray background. Monthly Notices of the Royal Astronomical Society, 2004, 351, 169-185.	4.4	1,233
2	The synthesis of the cosmic X-ray background in the Chandra and XMM-Newton era. Astronomy and Astrophysics, 2007, 463, 79-96.	5.1	703
3	Chandra Deep Field South: The 1 Ms Catalog. Astrophysical Journal, Supplement Series, 2002, 139, 369-410.	7.7	501
4	THE CHANDRA DEEP FIELD-SOUTH SURVEY: 4 Ms SOURCE CATALOGS. Astrophysical Journal, Supplement Series, 2011, 195, 10.	7.7	488
5	First Results from the Xâ€Ray and Optical Survey of theChandraDeep Field South. Astrophysical Journal, 2001, 551, 624-634.	4.5	410
6	THE <i>CHANDRA</i> COSMOS SURVEY. I. OVERVIEW AND POINT SOURCE CATALOG. Astrophysical Journal, Supplement Series, 2009, 184, 158-171.	7.7	361
7	Resolving the mid-infrared cores of local Seyferts. Astronomy and Astrophysics, 2009, 502, 457-472.	5.1	322
8	Bolometric luminosities and Eddington ratios of X-ray selected active galactic nuclei in the <i>XMM</i> -COSMOS survey. Monthly Notices of the Royal Astronomical Society, 2012, 425, 623-640.	4.4	315
9	The X-ray to optical-UV luminosity ratio of X-ray selected type 1 AGN in XMM-COSMOS. Astronomy and Astrophysics, 2010, 512, A34.	5.1	306
10	PHOTOMETRIC REDSHIFT AND CLASSIFICATION FOR THE <i>XMM</i> -COSMOS SOURCES. Astrophysical Journal, 2009, 690, 1250-1263.	<b>4.</b> 5	292
11	The Chandra Deep Field–South: The 1 Million Second Exposure. Astrophysical Journal, 2002, 566, 667-674.	4.5	289
12	Multiwavelength Study of Massive Galaxies at <i>&gt;z</i> àꀉâ^¼â€‰2. II. Widespread Comptonâ€thick Active Gal Nuclei and the Concurrent Growth of Black Holes and Bulges. Astrophysical Journal, 2007, 670, 173-189.	lactic 4.5	289
13	ON THE COSMIC EVOLUTION OF THE SCALING RELATIONS BETWEEN BLACK HOLES AND THEIR HOST GALAXIES: BROAD-LINE ACTIVE GALACTIC NUCLEI IN THE zCOSMOS SURVEY. Astrophysical Journal, 2010, 708, 137-157.	4.5	276
14	THE <i>XMM-NEWTON</i> WIDE-FIELD SURVEY IN THE COSMOS FIELD (XMM-COSMOS): DEMOGRAPHY AND MULTIWAVELENGTH PROPERTIES OF OBSCURED AND UNOBSCURED LUMINOUS ACTIVE GALACTIC NUCLEI. Astrophysical Journal, 2010, 716, 348-369.	4.5	266
15	The <i>XMMâ€Newton</i> Wideâ€Field Survey in the COSMOS Field. I. Survey Description. Astrophysical Journal, Supplement Series, 2007, 172, 29-37.	7.7	263
16	The <i>Chandra</i> Deep Field–South Survey: 2 Ms Source Catalogs. Astrophysical Journal, Supplement Series, 2008, 179, 19-36.	7.7	250
17	The incidence of obscuration in active galactic nuclei. Monthly Notices of the Royal Astronomical Society, 2014, 437, 3550-3567.	4.4	245
18	The XMM- <i>Newton</i> Âwide-field survey in the COSMOS field. Astronomy and Astrophysics, 2009, 497, 635-648.	5.1	230

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
19	DISSECTING PHOTOMETRIC REDSHIFT FOR ACTIVE GALACTIC NUCLEUS USING <i>XMM </i> AND <i>CHANDRA </i> COSMOS SAMPLES. Astrophysical Journal, 2011, 742, 61.	4.5	205
20	THE <i>CHANDRA</i> COSMOS SURVEY. III. OPTICAL AND INFRARED IDENTIFICATION OF X-RAY POINT SOURCES. Astrophysical Journal, Supplement Series, 2012, 201, 30.	7.7	200
21	A Classic Type 2 QSO. Astrophysical Journal, 2002, 571, 218-225.	4.5	199
22	ONGOING AND CO-EVOLVING STAR FORMATION IN zCOSMOS GALAXIES HOSTING ACTIVE GALACTIC NUCLEI. Astrophysical Journal, 2009, 696, 396-410.	4.5	197
23	CHASING HIGHLY OBSCURED QSOs IN THE COSMOS FIELD. Astrophysical Journal, 2009, 693, 447-462.	4.5	191
24	THE 4 Ms <i>CHANDRA</i> DEEP FIELD-SOUTH NUMBER COUNTS APPORTIONED BY SOURCE CLASS: PERVASIVE ACTIVE GALACTIC NUCLEI AND THE ASCENT OF NORMAL GALAXIES. Astrophysical Journal, 2012, 752, 46.	4.5	173
25	THE IMPACT OF GALAXY INTERACTIONS ON ACTIVE GALACTIC NUCLEUS ACTIVITY IN zCOSMOS. Astrophysical Journal, 2011, 743, 2.	4.5	148
26	The <i>XMM</i> ― <i>Newton</i> Wideâ€Field Survey in the COSMOS Field. III. Optical Identification and Multiwavelength Properties of a Large Sample of Xâ€Ray–Selected Sources. Astrophysical Journal, Supplement Series, 2007, 172, 353-367.	7.7	147
27	Tracing the Largeâ€Scale Structure in theChandraDeep Field South. Astrophysical Journal, 2003, 592, 721-727.	4.5	136
28	The <i>XMMâ€Newton</i> Wideâ€Field Survey in the COSMOS Field. II. Xâ€Ray Data and the log <i>N</i> â S Relations. Astrophysical Journal, Supplement Series, 2007, 172, 341-352.	€log 7.7	136
29	The Evolution of AGN Host Galaxies: From Blue to Red and the Influence of Largeâ€Scale Structures. Astrophysical Journal, 2008, 675, 1025-1040.	4.5	136
30	RADIO LOUD AGNs ARE MERGERS. Astrophysical Journal, 2015, 806, 147.	4.5	127
31	THE EXTENDED <i>CHANDRA</i> DEEP FIELD-SOUTH SURVEY: OPTICAL SPECTROSCOPY OF FAINT X-RAY SOURCES WITH THE VLT AND KECK. Astrophysical Journal, Supplement Series, 2010, 191, 124-142.	7.7	123
32	Elusive active galactic nuclei. Monthly Notices of the Royal Astronomical Society, 2003, 344, L59-L64.	4.4	121
33	The <i>XMM</i> Deep survey in the CDF-S. Astronomy and Astrophysics, 2011, 526, L9.	5.1	119
34	THE <i>XMM-NEWTON</i> WIDE FIELD SURVEY IN THE COSMOS FIELD: REDSHIFT EVOLUTION OF AGN BIAS AND SUBDOMINANT ROLE OF MERGERS IN TRIGGERING MODERATE-LUMINOSITY AGNs AT REDSHIFTS UP TO 2.2. Astrophysical Journal, 2011, 736, 99.	4.5	118
35	THE OBSCURED FRACTION OF ACTIVE GALACTIC NUCLEI IN THE < i > XMM < /i > -COSMOS SURVEY: A SPECTRAL ENERGY DISTRIBUTION PERSPECTIVE. Astrophysical Journal, 2013, 777, 86.	4.5	118
36	GOODS- <i>Herschel</i> : radio-excess signature of hidden AGN activity in distant star-forming galaxies. Astronomy and Astrophysics, 2013, 549, A59.	5.1	110

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
37	A RUNAWAY BLACK HOLE IN COSMOS: GRAVITATIONAL WAVE OR SLINGSHOT RECOIL?. Astrophysical Journal, 2010, 717, 209-222.	4.5	101
38	Photometric Redshift of Xâ€Ray Sources in the Chandra Deep Field–South. Astrophysical Journal, Supplement Series, 2004, 155, 73-87.	7.7	96
39	GOODS- <i>Herschel</i> : ultra-deep <i>XMM-Newton</i> observations reveal AGN/star-formation connection. Astronomy and Astrophysics, 2012, 546, A58.	5.1	94
40	The spatial clustering of X-ray selected AGN in the XMM-COSMOS field. Astronomy and Astrophysics, 2009, 494, 33-48.	5.1	90
41	The <i>XMMâ€Newton</i> Wideâ€Field Survey in the COSMOS Field. IV. Xâ€Ray Spectral Properties of Active Galactic Nuclei. Astrophysical Journal, Supplement Series, 2007, 172, 368-382.	7.7	89
42	DETAILED SHAPE AND EVOLUTIONARY BEHAVIOR OF THE X-RAY LUMINOSITY FUNCTION OF ACTIVE GALACTIC NUCLEI. Astrophysical Journal, 2015, 804, 104.	4.5	86
43	The Xâ€Ray–derived Cosmological Star Formation History and the Galaxy Xâ€Ray Luminosity Functions in the Chandra Deep Fields North and South. Astrophysical Journal, 2004, 607, 721-738.	4.5	77
44	The hard X-ray luminosity function of high-redshift $(3\hat{A}_{c}^{2}\hat{A}_{c}^{2}\hat{A}_{c}^{2})$ active galactic nuclei. Monthly Notices of the Royal Astronomical Society, 2014, 445, 3557-3574.	4.4	77
45	Compton thick AGN in the XMM-COSMOS survey. Astronomy and Astrophysics, 2015, 573, A137.	5.1	77
46	Black hole accretion and host galaxies of obscured quasars in XMM-COSMOS. Astronomy and Astrophysics, 2011, 535, A80.	5.1	76
47	THE POPULATION OF HIGH-REDSHIFT ACTIVE GALACTIC NUCLEI IN THE <i>CHANDRA </i> COSMOS SURVEY. Astrophysical Journal, 2011, 741, 91.	4.5	76
48	High precision X-ray log <i>N</i> – log <i>S</i> distributions: implications for the obscured AGN population. Astronomy and Astrophysics, 2008, 492, 51-69.	5.1	72
49	The X-ray to [Ne V]3426 flux ratio: discovering heavily obscured AGN in the distant Universe. Astronomy and Astrophysics, 2010, 519, A92.	5.1	71
50	The Chandra COSMOS Legacy Survey: Energy Spectrum of the Cosmic X-Ray Background and Constraints on Undetected Populations. Astrophysical Journal, 2017, 837, 19.	4.5	71
51	SPECTRAL ENERGY DISTRIBUTIONS OF TYPE 1 ACTIVE GALACTIC NUCLEI IN THE COSMOS SURVEY. I. THE <i>XMM</i> -COSMOS SAMPLE. Astrophysical Journal, 2012, 759, 6.	4.5	67
52	OCCUPATION OF X-RAY-SELECTED GALAXY GROUPS BY X-RAY ACTIVE GALACTIC NUCLEI. Astrophysical Journal, 2012, 758, 47.	4.5	63
53	ALMA reveals a warm and compact starburst around a heavily obscured supermassive black hole at <i>z</i> = 4.75. Astronomy and Astrophysics, 2014, 562, A67.	5.1	63
54	<i>CHANDRA</i> OBSERVATIONS OF 3C RADIO SOURCES WITH <i>z</i> < 0.3: NUCLEI, DIFFUSE EMISSION, JETS, AND HOTSPOTS. Astrophysical Journal, 2010, 714, 589-604.	4.5	61

#	Article	IF	Citations
55	Primordial environment of super massive black holes: large-scale galaxy overdensities around $\langle i \rangle z \langle  i \rangle \hat{A} \sim 6$ quasars with LBT. Astronomy and Astrophysics, 2014, 568, A1.	5.1	57
56	The XMM deep survey in the CDF-S. Astronomy and Astrophysics, 2013, 555, A43.	5.1	56
57	The Chandra-COSMOS survey – IV. X-ray spectra of the bright sample. Monthly Notices of the Royal Astronomical Society, 2013, 431, 978-996.	4.4	55
58	X-UDS: The <i>Chandra</i> Legacy Survey of the UKIDSS Ultra Deep Survey Field. Astrophysical Journal, Supplement Series, 2018, 236, 48.	7.7	55
59	The bolometric output and host-galaxy properties of obscured AGN in the XMM-COSMOS survey. Astronomy and Astrophysics, 2011, 534, A110.	5.1	54
60	The XMM deep survey in the CDF-S. Astronomy and Astrophysics, 2013, 555, A42.	5.1	54
61	X-RAY SPECTRAL CONSTRAINTS FOR (i>z < /i> â% 2 MASSIVE GALAXIES: THE IDENTIFICATION OF REFLECTION-DOMINATED ACTIVE GALACTIC NUCLEI. Astrophysical Journal, 2011, 738, 44.	4.5	53
62	<i>CHANDRA</i> HIGH-RESOLUTION OBSERVATIONS OF CID-42, A CANDIDATE RECOILING SUPERMASSIVE BLACK HOLE. Astrophysical Journal, 2012, 752, 49.	4.5	53
63	A COMPTON-THICK ACTIVE GALACTIC NUCLEUS AT <i>z</i> â^1/4 5 IN THE 4 Ms CHANDRA DEEP FIELD SOUTH. Astrophysical Journal Letters, 2011, 730, L28.	8.3	52
64	<i>CHANDRA</i> OBSERVATIONS OF 3C RADIO SOURCES WITH <i>z</i> < 0.3. II. COMPLETING THE SNAPSHOT SURVEY. Astrophysical Journal, Supplement Series, 2012, 203, 31.	7.7	52
65	The dust content of QSO hosts at high redshift. Monthly Notices of the Royal Astronomical Society, 2014, 438, 2765-2783.	4.4	52
66	X-Ray Spectral Analyses of AGNs from the 7Ms Chandra Deep Field-South Survey: The Distribution, Variability, and Evolutions of AGN Obscuration. Astrophysical Journal, Supplement Series, 2017, 232, 8.	7.7	52
67	ACTIVE GALACTIC NUCLEUS X-RAY VARIABILITY IN THE <i>XMM</i> -COSMOS SURVEY. Astrophysical Journal, 2014, 781, 105.	4.5	51
68	The <i>XMMâ€Newton</i> Wideâ€Field Survey in the COSMOS Field. V. Angular Clustering of the Xâ€Ray Point Sources. Astrophysical Journal, Supplement Series, 2007, 172, 396-405.	7.7	49
69	TRACKING DOWN THE SOURCE POPULATION RESPONSIBLE FOR THE UNRESOLVED COSMIC 6–8ÂkeV BACKGROUND. Astrophysical Journal, 2012, 758, 129.	4.5	49
70	Black hole accretion preferentially occurs in gas-rich galaxies*. Monthly Notices of the Royal Astronomical Society, 2014, 441, 1059-1065.	4.4	49
71	CLUSTERING OF MODERATE LUMINOSITY X-RAY-SELECTED TYPE 1 AND TYPE 2 AGNS AT <i>Z</i> â^¼ 3. Astrophysical Journal, 2014, 796, 4.	4.5	48
72	Mass without radiation: Heavily obscured AGNs, the X-ray background, and the black hole mass density. Astronomy and Astrophysics, 2015, 574, L10.	5.1	46

#	Article	IF	Citations
73	The XMM deep survey in the CDF-S. Astronomy and Astrophysics, 2012, 546, A84.	5.1	45
74	The nature of the unresolved extragalactic cosmic soft X-ray background. Monthly Notices of the Royal Astronomical Society, 2012, 427, 651-663.	4.4	44
75	Obscured AGN at <i>&gt;z</i> àꀉ~ 1 from the zCOSMOS-Bright Survey. Astronomy and Astrophysics, 2013, 55 A29.	56 5.1	44
76	<i>SUZAKU</i> OBSERVATIONS OF HARD X-RAY-SELECTED SEYFERT 2 GALAXIES. Astrophysical Journal, 2010, 717, 787-794.	4.5	42
77	Spectrum of the unresolved cosmic X-ray background: what is unresolved 50Âyears after its discovery. Astronomy and Astrophysics, 2012, 548, A87.	5.1	41
78	24 Micron Properties of Xâ€Ray–selected Active Galactic Nuclei. Astrophysical Journal, Supplement Series, 2004, 154, 160-165.	7.7	38
79	The high-redshift (z > 3) active galactic nucleus population in the 4-Ms Chandra Deep Field-South. Monthly Notices of the Royal Astronomical Society, 2013, 428, 354-369.	4.4	37
80	REVEALING A POPULATION OF HEAVILY OBSCURED ACTIVE GALACTIC NUCLEI AT <i>z</i> accionaction of the company of the	4.5	36
81	FeÂK emission from active galaxies in the COSMOS field. Astronomy and Astrophysics, 2012, 537, A86.	5.1	35
82	EXTENDED X-RAY EMISSION IN RADIO GALAXIES: THE PECULIAR CASE OF 3C 305. Astrophysical Journal, 2009, 692, L123-L126.	4.5	34
83	The spatial clustering of mid-IRÂselected star forming galaxies atÂ <i>z</i> àꀉ~ 1 in the GOODS fields. Astronomy and Astrophysics, 2007, 475, 83-99.	5.1	33
84	The Iron Line Background. Astrophysical Journal, 2005, 621, L5-L8.	4.5	30
85	A Large Population of Obscured AGN in Disguise as Low-luminosity AGN in Chandra Deep Field South. Astrophysical Journal, 2020, 897, 160.	4.5	30
86	What Do theHubble Space TelescopeandChandraTell Us about the Jet and the Nuclear Region of the Radio Galaxy 3C 270?. Astrophysical Journal, 2003, 582, 645-653.	4.5	29
87	On the <i>L</i> <sub>x</sub> – <i>L</i> <sub>6 <i>μ</i>m</sub> ratio as a diagnostic for Compton-thick AGN. Astronomy and Astrophysics, 2011, 534, A23.	5.1	29
88	NuSTAR J033202–2746.8: DIRECT CONSTRAINTS ON THE COMPTON REFLECTION IN A HEAVILY OBSCURED QUASAR AT z â‰^ 2. Astrophysical Journal, 2014, 786, 16.	4.5	29
89	Warm-hot intergalactic medium in the Sculptor supercluster. Monthly Notices of the Royal Astronomical Society, 2005, 357, 929-936.	4.4	28
90	The Nuclear Spectral Energy Distribution of NGC 6251: A BL Lacertae Object in the Center of an FR I Radio Galaxy. Astrophysical Journal, 2003, 597, 166-174.	4.5	27

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
91	The most obscured AGN in the COSMOS field. Astronomy and Astrophysics, 2015, 578, A120.	5.1	26
92	The XMM deep survey in the CDF-S. Astronomy and Astrophysics, 2015, 583, A141.	5.1	25
93	Mock catalogs for the extragalactic X-ray sky: Simulating AGN surveys with ATHENA and with the AXIS probe. Astronomy and Astrophysics, 2020, 642, A184.	5.1	25
94	Discovery of a galaxy overdensity around a powerful, heavily obscured FRII radio galaxy at <i>z</i> = 1.7: star formation promoted by large-scale AGN feedback?. Astronomy and Astrophysics, 2019, 632, A26.	5.1	24
95	Hubble Space Telescopelmaging in the Chandra Deep Field–South. I. Multiple Active Galactic Nucleus Populations. Astrophysical Journal, 2001, 560, 127-138.	4.5	23
96	The X-ray background and the deep X-ray surveys. Advances in Space Research, 2004, 34, 2470-2477.	2.6	23
97	Low Radiative Efficiency Accretion at Work in Active Galactic Nuclei: The Nuclear Spectral Energy Distribution of NGC 4565. Astrophysical Journal, 2006, 651, 728-734.	4.5	23
98	X-ray observations of highly obscured <i>i;,</i> <sub>9.7<i><math>\hat{l}/4</math></i><m< sub=""><math>\hat{A}</math>&gt;<math>\hat{A}</math>1<math>\hat{A}</math>sources: an efficient method for selecting Compton-thick AGN?. Astronomy and Astrophysics, 2011, 531, A116.</m<></sub>	5.1	23
99	Piercing through Highly Obscured and Compton-thick AGNs in the Chandra Deep Fields. I. X-Ray Spectral and Long-term Variability Analyses. Astrophysical Journal, 2019, 877, 5.	4.5	23
100	Hubble Space Telescopelmaging in the Chandra Deep Field–South. II. WFPC2 Observations of an Xâ€Ray Flux–limited Sample from the 1 Million Second Chandra Catalog. Astrophysical Journal, 2002, 567, 657-671.	4.5	22
101	X-ray observation of ULAS J1120+0641, the most distant quasar at <i>z</i> = 7.08. Astronomy and Astrophysics, 2014, 563, A46.	5.1	21
102	Compton-thick AGN in the NuSTAR Era VI: The Observed Compton-thick Fraction in the Local Universe. Astrophysical Journal, 2021, 922, 252.	4.5	19
103	The space density of Compton-thick AGN at <i>z</i> â%^0.8 in the zCOSMOS-Bright Survey. Astronomy and Astrophysics, 2014, 571, A34.	5.1	18
104	NuSTAR Measurement of Coronal Temperature in Two Luminous, High-redshift Quasars. Astrophysical Journal Letters, 2019, 875, L20.	8.3	18
105	A [ITAL]Chandra[/ITAL] Minisurvey of X-Ray–weak Quasars. Astrophysical Journal, 2003, 587, L9-L13.	4.5	18
106	The <i>XMM-Newton</i> survey in the H-ATLAS field. Astronomy and Astrophysics, 2015, 577, A121.	5.1	17
107	Analysis of X-ray spectral variability and black hole mass determination of the NLS1 galaxy Mrk 766. Astronomy and Astrophysics, 2014, 562, A44.	5.1	17
108	Discovery of Compton-thick quasars in the Sloan Digital Sky Survey. Monthly Notices of the Royal Astronomical Society, 2010, , .	4.4	16

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
109	The XMM-SERVS Survey: XMM-Newton Point-source Catalogs for the W-CDF-S and ELAIS-S1 Fields. Astrophysical Journal, Supplement Series, 2021, 256, 21.	7.7	16
110	The Contribution of Quasars to the Far-Infrared Background. Astrophysical Journal, 2002, 566, L67-L70.	4.5	15
111	The spatial distribution of X-ray selected AGN in the <i>Chandra</i> deep fields: a theoretical perspective. Monthly Notices of the Royal Astronomical Society, 2009, 396, 1404-1414.	4.4	15
112	Ultraluminous X-ray sources out to $<$ i> $>$ z $<$ /i> $>$ 0.3 in the COSMOS field. Astronomy and Astrophysics, 2010, 514, A85.	5.1	15
113	X-Ray Properties of AGN in Brightest Cluster Galaxies. I. A Systematic Study of the Chandra Archive in the 0.2Â<ÂzÂ<Â0.3 and 0.55Â<ÂzÂ<Â0.75 Redshift Range. Astrophysical Journal, 2018, 859, 65.	4.5	15
114	The XMM Deep survey in the CDF-S. Astronomy and Astrophysics, 2013, 555, A79.	5.1	15
115	Broadband Spectral Energy Distributions of SDSS-selected Quasars and of Their Host Galaxies: Intense Activity at the Onset of AGN Feedback. Astrophysical Journal, 2019, 871, 136.	4.5	14
116	A Puzzling X-Ray Source Found in the Chandra Deep Field-South. Astrophysical Journal, 2003, 590, L87-L90.	4.5	13
117	Compton Thick AGN in the <i>Suzaku</i> Era. Progress of Theoretical Physics Supplement, 2007, 169, 274-277.	0.1	12
118	X-Ray Redshifts for Obscured AGN: A Case Study in the J1030 Deep Field. Astrophysical Journal, 2021, 906, 90.	4.5	12
119	X-ray properties of radio-selected star forming galaxies in the <i>Chandra</i> -COSMOS survey. Astronomy and Astrophysics, 2012, 542, A16.	5.1	11
120	The XMM deep survey in the CDFS. Astronomy and Astrophysics, 2020, 639, A51.	5.1	11
121	<i>Chandra</i> COSMOS Legacy Survey: Clustering dependence of Type 2 active galactic nuclei on host galaxy properties. Astronomy and Astrophysics, 2019, 632, A88.	5.1	9
122	Constraining the thermal history of the warm-hot intergalactic medium. Astronomy and Astrophysics, 2005, 434, 801-809.	5.1	8
123	XEUS: the physics of the hot evolving universe. Experimental Astronomy, 2009, 23, 139-168.	3.7	8
124	Exponentially growing bubbles around early supermassive black holes. Astronomy and Astrophysics, 2017, 603, A69.	5.1	8
125	Rolling down from the 30 keV peak: Modelling the Hard X-Ray and Î <sup>3</sup> -Ray Backgrounds. Experimental Astronomy, 2006, 20, 41-47.	3.7	7
126	The XMM deep survey in the CDF-S. Astronomy and Astrophysics, 2015, 574, A144.	5.1	7

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
127	Lower-luminosity Obscured AGN Host Galaxies Are Not Predominantly in Major-merging Systems at Cosmic Noon. Astrophysical Journal, 2021, 919, 129.	4.5	7
128	The properties of the X-ray corona in the distant ( $z= 3.91$ ) quasar APM 08279+5255. Astronomy and Astrophysics, 2022, 662, A98.	5.1	6
129	Wide Field X-ray Telescope: a moderate class mission. Proceedings of SPIE, 2010, , .	0.8	5
130	The Cosmic Reality Check. Scientific American, 2002, 286, 60-67.	1.0	2
131	The evolution of obscured accretion. , 2010, , .		2
132	Extended X-ray emission in radio galaxies: 3C 305. , 2010, , .		1
133	The Wide Field X-ray Telescope Mission—A Digital Sky Survey in X-rays. , 2010, , .		1
134	Relativistic Iron Lines at High Redshifts. , 2007, , 202-206.		1
135	The Infrared View of Luminous X-ray Selected Type 2 Quasars, and Coeval Nuclear Activity and Star Formation at z = 2. , 2009, , .		0
136	Resolved Mid-Infrared Imaging of AGN: An Isotropic Measure of Intrinsic Power. Proceedings of the International Astronomical Union, 2009, 5, 108-108.	0.0	0
137	Resolved mid-infrared imaging of AGN: an isotropic measure of intrinsic power. , 2010, , .		0
138	The Chandra 3C Snapshot Survey for Sources with z $<$ 0.3. , 2010, , .		0
139	Redshift Spikes in the Chandra Deep Field South. , 2004, , 287-290.		0
140	Rolling down from the 30 keV peak: Modelling the hard X-ray and $\hat{I}^3$ -ray backgrounds. , 2006, , 41-47.		0