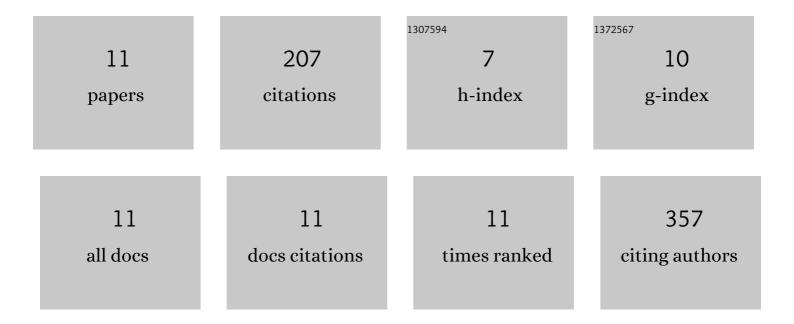
## Gregory Jg Simpson

List of Publications by Year in descending order

Source: https://exaly.com/author-pdf/1480282/publications.pdf Version: 2024-02-01



#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
1	Perceptions and Practices of Dog Ownership and Rabies Control at a Human–Wildlife–Domestic Animal Interface in South Africa. Anthrozoos, 2021, 34, 281-302.	1.4	2
2	Brucellosis in wildlife in Africa: a systematic review and meta-analysis. Scientific Reports, 2021, 11, 5960.	3.3	20
3	Research priorities for control of zoonoses in South Africa. Transactions of the Royal Society of Tropical Medicine and Hygiene, 2021, 115, 538-550.	1.8	5
4	Sero-Epidemiological Study of Selected Zoonotic and Abortifacient Pathogens in Cattle at a Wildlife-Livestock Interface in South Africa. Vector-Borne and Zoonotic Diseases, 2020, 20, 258-267.	1.5	17
5	Prevalence of Selected Zoonotic Diseases and Risk Factors at a Human-Wildlife-Livestock Interface in Mpumalanga Province, South Africa. Vector-Borne and Zoonotic Diseases, 2018, 18, 303-310.	1.5	38
6	Documenting the absence of brucellosis in cattle, goats and dogs in a "One Health―interface in the Mnisi community, Limpopo, South Africa. Tropical Animal Health and Production, 2018, 50, 903-906.	1.4	8
7	Immunological response to <i>Brucella abortus<i> strain 19 vaccination of cattle in a communal area in South Africa. Journal of the South African Veterinary Association, 2018, 89, e1-e7.</i></i>	0.6	11
8	Rabies vaccine is associated with decreased all-cause mortality in dogs. Vaccine, 2017, 35, 3844-3849.	3.8	22
9	Census and vaccination coverage of owned dog populations in four resource-limited rural communities, Mpumalanga province, South Africa. Journal of the South African Veterinary Association, 2017, 88, e1-e7.	0.6	5
10	One Health profile of a community at the wildlife-domestic animal interface, Mpumalanga, South Africa. Preventive Veterinary Medicine, 2016, 130, 119-128.	1.9	19
11	Population Dynamics of Owned, Free-Roaming Dogs: Implications for Rabies Control. PLoS Neglected Tropical Diseases, 2015, 9, e0004177.	3.0	60