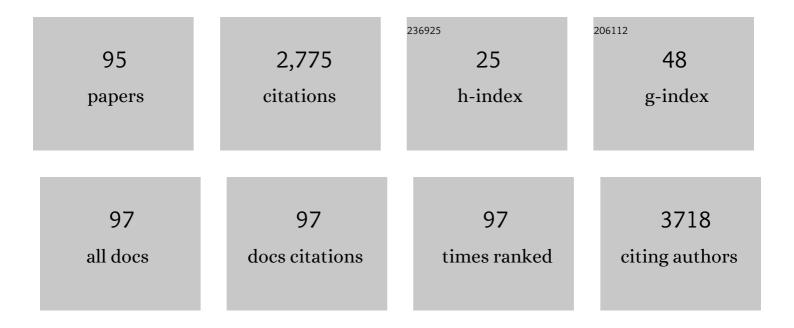
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List of Publications by Year in descending order

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#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
1	The state of hypertension care in 44 low-income and middle-income countries: a cross-sectional study of nationally representative individual-level data from 1·1 million adults. Lancet, The, 2019, 394, 652-662.	13.7	319
2	Health system performance for people with diabetes in 28 low- and middle-income countries: A cross-sectional study of nationally representative surveys. PLoS Medicine, 2019, 16, e1002751.	8.4	179
3	The Epidemiology of Hypertension in Uganda: Findings from the National Non-Communicable Diseases Risk Factor Survey. PLoS ONE, 2015, 10, e0138991.	2.5	148
4	Obesity and type 2 diabetes in sub-Saharan Africans – Is the burden in today's Africa similar to African migrants in Europe? The RODAM study. BMC Medicine, 2016, 14, 166.	5.5	132
5	Diabetes diagnosis and care in sub-Saharan Africa: pooled analysis of individual data from 12 countries. Lancet Diabetes and Endocrinology,the, 2016, 4, 903-912.	11.4	108
6	The state of diabetes treatment coverage in 55 low-income and middle-income countries: a cross-sectional study of nationally representative, individual-level data in 680 102 adults. The Lancet Healthy Longevity, 2021, 2, e340-e351.	4.6	108
7	Prevalence and correlates of diabetes mellitus in Uganda: a populationâ€based national survey. Tropical Medicine and International Health, 2016, 21, 405-416.	2.3	107
8	EADSG Guidelines: Insulin Therapy in Diabetes. Diabetes Therapy, 2018, 9, 449-492.	2.5	103
9	Rationale and cross-sectional study design of the Research on Obesity and type 2 Diabetes among African Migrants: the RODAM study. BMJ Open, 2015, 4, e004877.	1.9	94
10	Diabetes Prevalence and Its Relationship With Education, Wealth, and BMI in 29 Low- and Middle-Income Countries. Diabetes Care, 2020, 43, 767-775.	8.6	86
11	Further experience in treating patients with hepatocellular carcinoma in Uganda. Cancer, 1980, 46, 2717-2722.	4.1	80
12	Food consumption, nutrient intake, and dietary patterns in Ghanaian migrants in Europe and their compatriots in Ghana. Food and Nutrition Research, 2017, 61, 1341809.	2.6	78
13	Body-mass index and diabetes risk in 57 low-income and middle-income countries: a cross-sectional study of nationally representative, individual-level data in 685â€^616 adults. Lancet, The, 2021, 398, 238-248.	13.7	77
14	Alcohol use among adults in Uganda: findings from the countrywide non-communicable diseases risk factor cross-sectional survey. Global Health Action, 2016, 9, 31302.	1.9	71
15	Epigenome-wide association study in whole blood on type 2 diabetes among sub-Saharan African individuals: findings from the RODAM study. International Journal of Epidemiology, 2019, 48, 58-70.	1.9	62
16	EADSG Guidelines: Insulin Storage and Optimisation of Injection Technique in Diabetes Management. Diabetes Therapy, 2019, 10, 341-366.	2.5	56
17	An epigenome-wide association study in whole blood of measures of adiposity among Ghanaians: the RODAM study. Clinical Epigenetics, 2017, 9, 103.	4.1	55
18	Consensus recommendations on sulfonylurea and sulfonylurea combinations in the management of Type 2 diabetes mellitus – International Task Force. Indian Journal of Endocrinology and Metabolism, 2018, 22, 132.	0.4	49

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19	Variations in hypertension awareness, treatment, and control among Ghanaian migrants living in Amsterdam, Berlin, London, and nonmigrant Ghanaians living in rural and urban Ghana – the RODAM study. Journal of Hypertension, 2018, 36, 169-177.	0.5	47
20	Use of statins for the prevention of cardiovascular disease in 41 low-income and middle-income countries: a cross-sectional study of nationally representative, individual-level data. The Lancet Global Health, 2022, 10, e369-e379.	6.3	41
21	Physical Activity Levels Among Adults in Uganda: Findings From a Countrywide Cross-Sectional Survey. Journal of Physical Activity and Health, 2016, 13, 938-945.	2.0	36
22	Cardiovascular disease risk prediction in sub-Saharan African populations — Comparative analysis of risk algorithms in the RODAM study. International Journal of Cardiology, 2018, 254, 310-315.	1.7	34
23	Burden of cumulative risk factors associated with non-communicable diseases among adults in Uganda: evidence from a national baseline survey. International Journal for Equity in Health, 2016, 15, 195.	3.5	30
24	Chronic kidney disease burden among African migrants in three European countries and in urban and rural Ghana: the RODAM cross-sectional study. Nephrology Dialysis Transplantation, 2018, 33, 1812-1822.	0.7	30
25	Low consumption of fruits and vegetables among adults in Uganda: findings from a countrywide cross-sectional survey. Archives of Public Health, 2019, 77, 4.	2.4	30
26	Cardiovascular disease risk profile and management practices in 45 low-income and middle-income countries: A cross-sectional study of nationally representative individual-level survey data. PLoS Medicine, 2021, 18, e1003485.	8.4	27
27	Migration and Cardiovascular Disease Risk Among Ghanaian Populations in Europe:. Circulation: Cardiovascular Quality and Outcomes, 2017, 10, .	2.2	26
28	Microvascular and macrovascular complications in type 2 diabetes Ghanaian residents in Ghana and Europe: The RODAM study. Journal of Diabetes and Its Complications, 2019, 33, 572-578.	2.3	25
29	Prevalence of hyperglycaemia first detected during pregnancy and subsequent obstetric outcomes at St. Francis Hospital Nsambya. BMC Research Notes, 2017, 10, 174.	1.4	23
30	Peripheral insulin resistance rather than beta cell dysfunction accounts for geographical differences in impaired fasting blood glucose among sub-Saharan African individuals: findings from the RODAM study. Diabetologia, 2017, 60, 854-864.	6.3	22
31	Prevalence and correlates of abdominal obesity among adults in Uganda: findings from a national cross-sectional, population based survey 2014. BMC Obesity, 2018, 5, 40.	3.1	22
32	COVID-19 and type 1 diabetes: Challenges and actions. Diabetes Research and Clinical Practice, 2020, 166, 108275.	2.8	22
33	Innovative ways of studying the effect of migration on obesity and diabetes beyond the common designs: lessons from the RODAM study. Annals of the New York Academy of Sciences, 2017, 1391, 54-70.	3.8	21
34	Perceived discrimination and stressful life events are associated with cardiovascular risk score in migrant and non-migrant populations: The RODAM study. International Journal of Cardiology, 2019, 286, 169-174.	1.7	21
35	Prevalence and determinants of type 2 diabetes among lean African migrants and non-migrants: the RODAM study. Journal of Global Health, 2019, 9, 020426.	2.7	20
36	Smoking prevalence differs by location of residence among Ghanaians in Africa and Europe: The RODAM study. PLoS ONE, 2017, 12, e0177291.	2.5	19

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37	Expert Opinion: Patient Selection for Premixed Insulin Formulations in Diabetes Care. Diabetes Therapy, 2018, 9, 2185-2199.	2.5	19
38	Ideal cardiovascular health among Ghanaian populations in three European countries and rural and urban Ghana: the RODAM study. Internal and Emergency Medicine, 2018, 13, 845-856.	2.0	19
39	Prevalence and sex-specific patterns of metabolic syndrome in rural Uganda. BMJ Nutrition, Prevention and Health, 2020, 3, 11-17.	3.7	18
40	Sociodemographic inequities associated with participation in leisure-time physical activity in sub-Saharan Africa: an individual participant data meta-analysis. BMC Public Health, 2020, 20, 927.	2.9	16
41	Dietary Patterns Are Associated with Predicted 10-Year Risk of Cardiovascular Disease Among Ghanaian Populations: the Research on Obesity and Diabetes in African Migrants (RODAM) Study. Journal of Nutrition, 2019, 149, 755-769.	2.9	15
42	Healthcare delivery for paediatric and adolescent diabetes in low resource settings: Type 1 diabetes clinics in Uganda. Global Public Health, 2019, 14, 1869-1883.	2.0	15
43	Diabetes in sub-Saharan Africa: let us not forget type 1. Lancet Diabetes and Endocrinology,the, 2017, 5, 575-577.	11.4	14
44	Association between country preparedness indicators and quality clinical care for cardiovascular disease risk factors in 44 lower- and middle-income countries: A multicountry analysis of survey data. PLoS Medicine, 2020, 17, e1003268.	8.4	14
45	The prevalence of metabolic syndrome among Ghanaian migrants and their homeland counterparts: the Research on Obesity and type 2 Diabetes among African Migrants (RODAM) study. European Journal of Public Health, 2019, 29, 906-913.	0.3	13
46	Variation in the Proportion of Adults in Need of Blood Pressure–Lowering Medications by Hypertension Care Guideline in Low- and Middle-Income Countries. Circulation, 2021, 143, 991-1001.	1.6	13
47	Differential associations between psychosocial stress and obesity among Ghanaians in Europe and in Ghana: findings from the RODAM study. Social Psychiatry and Psychiatric Epidemiology, 2020, 55, 45-56.	3.1	10
48	Alcohol consumption, hypertension and obesity: Relationship patterns along different age groups in Uganda. Preventive Medicine Reports, 2020, 19, 101141.	1.8	10
49	Early-life factors are associated with waist circumference and type 2 diabetes among Ghanaian adults: The RODAM Study. Scientific Reports, 2019, 9, 10848.	3.3	9
50	Permanent neonatal diabetes mellitus - a case report of a rare cause of diabetes mellitus in East Africa African Health Sciences, 2016, 15, 1339.	0.7	8
51	Diabetes Treatment as "Homework― Health Education and Behavior, 2016, 43, 100S-111S.	2.5	8
52	Euthymia in Diabetes: Clinical Evidence and Practice-Based Opinion from an International Expert Group. Diabetes Therapy, 2019, 10, 791-804.	2.5	8
53	Dyslipidaemia among Ghanaian migrants in three European countries and their compatriots in rural and urban Ghana: The RODAM study. Atherosclerosis, 2019, 284, 83-91.	0.8	8
54	Higher prevalence of peripheral arterial disease in Ghana compared to Ghanaian migrants in Europe: The RODAM study. International Journal of Cardiology, 2020, 305, 127-134.	1.7	8

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55	Physical Inactivity among Ghanaians in Ghana and Ghanaian Migrants in Europe. Medicine and Science in Sports and Exercise, 2020, 52, 2152-2161.	0.4	8
56	Gastric inhibitory polypeptide, dietary-induced thermogenesis, and obesity. Canadian Journal of Physiology and Pharmacology, 1987, 65, 1242-1247.	1.4	7
57	A Comparison of Cardiometabolic Risk Factors in Households in Rural Uganda With and Without a Resident With Type 2 Diabetes, 2012–2013. Preventing Chronic Disease, 2015, 12, E44.	3.4	7
58	Type 2 diabetes mellitus management among Ghanaian migrants resident in three European countries and their compatriots in rural and urban Ghana – The RODAM study. Diabetes Research and Clinical Practice, 2018, 136, 32-38.	2.8	7
59	Psychosocial factors and hypertension prevalence among Ghanaians in Ghana and Ghanaian migrants in Europe: The RODAM study. Health Psychology Open, 2019, 6, 205510291988575.	1.4	7
60	Anthropometric indices and their cut-off points in relation to type 2 diabetes among Ghanaian migrants and non-migrants: The RODAM study. Diabetes Research and Clinical Practice, 2021, 173, 108687.	2.8	7
61	Accessing diabetes care in rural Uganda: Economic and social resources. Global Public Health, 2017, 12, 892-908.	2.0	6
62	Household and familial resemblance in risk factors for type 2 diabetes and related cardiometabolic diseases in rural Uganda: a cross-sectional community sample. BMJ Open, 2017, 7, e015214.	1.9	6
63	BE-SMART (Basal Early Strategies to Maximize HbA1c Reduction with Oral Therapy): Expert Opinion. Diabetes Therapy, 2019, 10, 1189-1204.	2.5	6
64	Is social support associated with hypertension control among Ghanaian migrants in Europe and non-migrants in Ghana? The RODAM study. Internal and Emergency Medicine, 2019, 14, 957-966.	2.0	6
65	Data Resource Profile: The Global Health and Population Project on Access to Care for Cardiometabolic Diseases (HPACC). International Journal of Epidemiology, 2022, 51, e337-e349.	1.9	6
66	Glucocrinology of Modern Sulfonylureas: Clinical Evidence and Practice-Based Opinion from an International Expert Group. Diabetes Therapy, 2019, 10, 1577-1593.	2.5	5
67	Autoantibodies and HLA class II DR-DQ genotypes in Ugandan children and adolescents with type 1 diabetes mellitus. International Journal of Diabetes in Developing Countries, 2019, 39, 39-46.	0.8	5
68	DNA methylation as the link between migration and theÂmajor noncommunicable diseases: the RODAM study. Epigenomics, 2021, 13, 653-666.	2.1	5
69	Diabetes management and treatment approaches outside of North America and West Europe in 2006 and 2015. Acta Diabetologica, 2019, 56, 889-897.	2.5	4
70	Psychosocial stressors among Ghanaians in rural and urban Ghana and Ghanaian migrants in Europe. Journal of Health Psychology, 2022, 27, 674-685.	2.3	4
71	African Cuisine-Centered Insulin Therapy: Expert Opinion on the Management of Hyperglycaemia in Adult Patients with Type 2 Diabetes Mellitus. Diabetes Therapy, 2021, 12, 37-54.	2.5	4
72	Metabolic-associated Fatty Liver Disease as Assessed by the Fatty Liver Index Among Migrant and Non-migrant Ghanaian Populations. Journal of Clinical and Translational Hepatology, 2021, 000, 000-000.	1.4	4

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73	Genome-wide DNA methylation analysis on C-reactive protein among Ghanaians suggests molecular links to the emerging risk of cardiovascular diseases. Npj Genomic Medicine, 2021, 6, 46.	3.8	4
74	Targeting Hypertension Screening in Low―and Middleâ€Income Countries: A Crossâ€Sectional Analysis of 1.2AMillion Adults in 56 Countries. Journal of the American Heart Association, 2021, 10, e021063.	3.7	4
75	Multimorbidity Among Migrant and Non-Migrant Ghanaians: The RODAM Study. International Journal of Public Health, 2021, 66, 1604056.	2.3	4
76	Cross-sectional study of association between socioeconomic indicators and chronic kidney disease in rural–urban Ghana: the RODAM study. BMJ Open, 2019, 9, e022610.	1.9	3
77	Early-life exposures and cardiovascular disease risk among Ghanaian migrant and home populations: the RODAM study. Journal of Developmental Origins of Health and Disease, 2020, 11, 250-263.	1.4	3
78	C-reactive protein and hypertension among Ghanaian migrants and their homeland counterparts: the Research on Obesity and Diabetes among African Migrants study. Journal of Hypertension, 2022, 40, 283-291.	0.5	3
79	Reduced Rank Regression-Derived Dietary Patterns Related to the Fatty Liver Index and Associations with Type 2 Diabetes Mellitus among Ghanaian Populations under Transition: The RODAM Study. Nutrients, 2021, 13, 3679.	4.1	3
80	The Magnitude and Directions of the Associations between Early Life Factors and Metabolic Syndrome Differ across Geographical Locations among Migrant and Non-Migrant Ghanaians—The RODAM Study. International Journal of Environmental Research and Public Health, 2021, 18, 11996.	2.6	3
81	Association between Practising Religion and Cardiovascular Disease Risk among Ghanaian Non-Migrants and Migrants in Europe: The RODAM Study. International Journal of Environmental Research and Public Health, 2021, 18, 2451.	2.6	2
82	Serum potassium concentration and its association with hypertension among Ghanaian migrants and non-migrants: The RODAM study. Atherosclerosis, 2022, 342, 36-43.	0.8	2
83	Hypertension determinants among Ghanaians differ according to location of residence: RODAM study. Journal of Hypertension, 2022, 40, 1010-1018.	0.5	2
84	Inverse Association between Iron Deficiency and Glycated Hemoglobin Levels in Ghanaian Adults—the RODAM Study. Journal of Nutrition, 2020, 150, 1899-1908.	2.9	1
85	Food intake and cardiometabolic risk factors in rural Uganda. Archives of Public Health, 2021, 79, 24.	2.4	1
86	Effect of a nurse-led lifestyle choice and coaching intervention on systolic blood pressure among type 2 diabetic patients with a high atherosclerotic cardiovascular risk: study protocol for a cluster-randomized trial. Trials, 2021, 22, 133.	1.6	1
87	Markers of Oxidative Stress and Inflammation in only Diabetic and Obese Ghanaian Populations: The RODAM Study. The Open Diabetes Journal, 2019, 9, 8-15.	0.4	1
88	Carbohydrate-dense snacks are a key feature of the nutrition transition among Ghanaian adults – findings from the RODAM study. Food and Nutrition Research, 2021, 65, .	2.6	0
89	Health service delivery for type 1 diabetes during the lockdown in Uganda following the coronavirus disease 2019 pandemic. Healthcare in Low-resource Settings, 2021, 9, .	0.1	0

