

David M J S Bowman

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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Version: 2024-02-01

385
papers

24,216
citations

15001

68
h-index

12940

136
g-index

404
all docs

404
docs citations

404
times ranked

22436
citing authors

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
1	Global increase in wildfire risk due to climate-driven declines in fuel moisture. <i>Global Change Biology</i> , 2022, 28, 1544-1559.	4.2	80
2	Dynamics and predicted distribution of an irrupting "sleeper" population: fallow deer in Tasmania. <i>Biological Invasions</i> , 2022, 24, 1131-1147.	1.2	11
3	Using permanent forest plots to evaluate the resilience to fire of Tasmania's tall wet eucalypt forests. <i>Forest Ecology and Management</i> , 2022, 505, 119922.	1.4	9
4	Analysis of seasonal and interannual river flows affecting whitewater rafting on the Franklin River in the Tasmanian Wilderness World Heritage Area. <i>Journal of Outdoor Recreation and Tourism</i> , 2022, 37, 100481.	1.3	1
5	Disruption of cultural burning promotes shrub encroachment and unprecedented wildfires. <i>Frontiers in Ecology and the Environment</i> , 2022, 20, 292-300.	1.9	46
6	Bushfires in Tasmania, Australia: An Introduction. <i>Fire</i> , 2022, 5, 33.	1.2	1
7	Reply to: Logging elevated the probability of high-severity fire in the 2019-20 Australian forest fires. <i>Nature Ecology and Evolution</i> , 2022, 6, 536-539.	3.4	4
8	Carbon dioxide and particulate emissions from the 2013 Tasmanian firestorm: implications for Australian carbon accounting. <i>Carbon Balance and Management</i> , 2022, 17, .	1.4	2
9	Population collapse of a Gondwanan conifer follows the loss of Indigenous fire regimes in a northern Australian savanna. <i>Scientific Reports</i> , 2022, 12, .	1.6	7
10	Australian forests, megafires and the risk of dwindling carbon stocks. <i>Plant, Cell and Environment</i> , 2021, 44, 347-355.	2.8	49
11	Unprecedented health costs of smoke-related PM2.5 from the 2019-20 Australian megafires. <i>Nature Sustainability</i> , 2021, 4, 42-47.	11.5	127
12	The 2016 Tasmanian Wilderness Fires: Fire Regime Shifts and Climate Change in a Gondwanan Biogeographic Refugium. <i>Ecological Studies</i> , 2021, , 133-153.	0.4	7
13	Lack of reliable post-fire recovery mechanisms makes the iconic Tasmanian conifer. <i>Australian Journal of Botany</i> , 2021, 69, 162-173.	0.3	4
14	Combating ecosystem collapse from the tropics to the Antarctic. <i>Global Change Biology</i> , 2021, 27, 1692-1703.	4.2	128
15	Indigenous Fire-Managed Landscapes in Southeast Australia during the Holocene—New Insights from the Furneaux Group Islands, Bass Strait. <i>Fire</i> , 2021, 4, 17.	1.2	11
16	Environmental Hazards and Behavior Change: User Perspectives on the Usability and Effectiveness of the AirRater Smartphone App. <i>International Journal of Environmental Research and Public Health</i> , 2021, 18, 3591.	1.2	10
17	River Flows Are a Reliable Index of Forest Fire Risk in the Temperate Tasmanian Wilderness World Heritage Area, Australia. <i>Fire</i> , 2021, 4, 22.	1.2	5
18	Bioclimatic drivers of fire severity across the Australian geographical range of giant <i>Eucalyptus</i> forests. <i>Journal of Ecology</i> , 2021, 109, 2514-2536.	1.9	11

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19	The severity and extent of the Australia 2019â€“20 Eucalyptus forest fires are not the legacy of forest management. <i>Nature Ecology and Evolution</i> , 2021, 5, 1003-1010.	3.4	48
20	Demographic Effects of Severe Fire in Montane Shrubland on Tasmaniaâ€™s Central Plateau. <i>Fire</i> , 2021, 4, 32.	1.2	7
21	Manage fire regimes, not fires. <i>Nature Geoscience</i> , 2021, 14, 455-457.	5.4	44
22	Smoke health costs and the calculus for wildfires fuel management: a modelling study. <i>Lancet Planetary Health</i> , The, 2021, 5, e608-e619.	5.1	19
23	Characterising non-linear associations between airborne pollen counts and respiratory symptoms from the AirRater smartphone app in Tasmania, Australia: A case time series approach. <i>Environmental Research</i> , 2021, 200, 111484.	3.7	22
24	AusTraits, a curated plant trait database for the Australian flora. <i>Scientific Data</i> , 2021, 8, 254.	2.4	73
25	Fire risk and severity decline with stand development in Tasmanian giant Eucalyptus forest. <i>Forest Ecology and Management</i> , 2021, 502, 119724.	1.4	24
26	Conflagrations and the Wisdom of Aboriginal Sacred Knowledge. <i>Fire</i> , 2021, 4, 88.	1.2	1
27	Fire, herbivores and the management of temperate <i>Eucalyptus</i> savanna in Tasmania: Introducing the Beaufront fire â€™ mammalian herbivore field experiment. <i>Ecological Management and Restoration</i> , 2021, 22, 140-151.	0.7	3
28	What Do the Australian Black Summer Fires Signify for the Global Fire Crisis?. <i>Fire</i> , 2021, 4, 97.	1.2	45
29	A decade of restoring a temperate woodland: Lessons learned and future directions. <i>Ecological Management and Restoration</i> , 2021, 22, 164-174.	0.7	4
30	Carbon isotope analysis shows introduced bovines have broader dietary range than the largest native herbivores in an Australian tropical savanna. <i>Austral Ecology</i> , 2020, 45, 109-121.	0.7	10
31	Can smartphone data identify the local environmental drivers of respiratory disease?. <i>Environmental Research</i> , 2020, 182, 109118.	3.7	25
32	Ocean Beach, Tasmania: A swell-dominated shoreline reaches climate-induced recession tipping point?. <i>Marine Geology</i> , 2020, 419, 106081.	0.9	9
33	TRY plant trait database â€™ enhanced coverage and open access. <i>Global Change Biology</i> , 2020, 26, 119-188.	4.2	1,038
34	Using Digital Technology to Protect Health in Prolonged Poor Air Quality Episodes: A Case Study of the AirRater App during the Australian 2019â€“20 Fires. <i>Fire</i> , 2020, 3, 40.	1.2	22
35	Vegetation fires in the Anthropocene. <i>Nature Reviews Earth & Environment</i> , 2020, 1, 500-515.	12.2	419
36	Health Impacts of Ambient Biomass Smoke in Tasmania, Australia. <i>International Journal of Environmental Research and Public Health</i> , 2020, 17, 3264.	1.2	26

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37	Variation in <i>Eucalyptus delegatensis</i> post-fire recovery strategies: The Tasmanian subspecies is a resprouter whereas the mainland Australian subspecies is an obligate seeder. <i>Forest Ecology and Management</i> , 2020, 473, 118292.	1.4	9
38	Evolution of a pyrocumulonimbus event associated with an extreme wildfire in Tasmania, Australia. <i>Natural Hazards and Earth System Sciences</i> , 2020, 20, 1497-1511.	1.5	14
39	Classification of Post-Fire Responses of Woody Plants to include Pyrophobic Communities. <i>Fire</i> , 2020, 3, 15.	1.2	13
40	Unprecedented smoke-related health burden associated with the 2019-20 bushfires in eastern Australia. <i>Medical Journal of Australia</i> , 2020, 213, 282-283.	0.8	198
41	Multi-decadal stability of woody cover in a mesic eucalypt savanna in the Australian monsoon tropics. <i>Austral Ecology</i> , 2020, 45, 621-635.	0.7	4
42	Population collapse and retreat to fire refugia of the Tasmanian endemic conifer <i>Athrotaxis selaginoides</i> following the transition from Aboriginal to European fire management. <i>Global Change Biology</i> , 2020, 26, 3108-3121.	4.2	10
43	Exceedances of national air quality standards for particulate matter in Western Australia: sources and health-related impacts. <i>Medical Journal of Australia</i> , 2020, 213, 280-281.	0.8	8
44	Exploring the key drivers of forest flammability in wet eucalypt forests using expert-derived conceptual models. <i>Landscape Ecology</i> , 2020, 35, 1775-1798.	1.9	27
45	Using a natural experiment to foresee the fate of boreal carbon stores. <i>Global Change Biology</i> , 2020, 26, 6028-6031.	4.2	2
46	Distribution and abundance of large herbivores in a northern Australian tropical savanna: A multi-scale approach. <i>Austral Ecology</i> , 2020, 45, 529-547.	0.7	12
47	Climate Change, Wildfires, Heatwaves and Health Impacts in Australia. , 2020, , 99-116.		24
48	Wildfires: Australia needs national monitoring agency. <i>Nature</i> , 2020, 584, 188-191.	13.7	78
49	Soil moisture thresholds for combustion of organic soils in western Tasmania. <i>International Journal of Wildland Fire</i> , 2020, 29, 637.	1.0	15
50	Small mammal diversity is higher in infrequently compared with frequently burnt rainforest-savanna mosaics in the north Kimberley, Australia. <i>Wildlife Research</i> , 2020, , .	0.7	6
51	Human environmental drivers and impacts of the globally extreme 2017 Chilean fires. <i>Ambio</i> , 2019, 48, 350-362.	2.8	114
52	Is Anthropogenic Pyrodiversity Invisible in Paleofire Records?. <i>Fire</i> , 2019, 2, 42.	1.2	21
53	Fire caused demographic attrition of the Tasmanian palaeoendemic conifer <i>Athrotaxis cupressoides</i> . <i>Austral Ecology</i> , 2019, 44, 1322-1339.	0.7	17
54	Mapping Tasmania's cultural landscapes: Using habitat suitability modelling of archaeological sites as a landscape history tool. <i>Journal of Biogeography</i> , 2019, 46, 2570-2582.	1.4	16

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55	Diversity helps fight wildfires. <i>Nature</i> , 2019, 571, 478-478.	13.7	7
56	The legacy of pasture improvement causes recruitment failure in grassy eucalypt woodland conservation reserves in the Midlands of Tasmania. <i>Australian Journal of Botany</i> , 2019, 67, 558.	0.3	3
57	Turnover of southern cypresses in the post-Gondwanan world: extinction, transoceanic dispersal, adaptation and rediversification. <i>New Phytologist</i> , 2019, 221, 2308-2319.	3.5	21
58	Biomass consumption by surface fires across Earth's most fire prone continent. <i>Global Change Biology</i> , 2019, 25, 254-268.	4.2	39
59	Predicting the minimum height of forest fire smoke within the atmosphere using machine learning and data from the CALIPSO satellite. <i>Remote Sensing of Environment</i> , 2018, 206, 98-106.	4.6	50
60	The changing role of fire in conifer-dominated temperate rainforest through the last 14,000 years. <i>Quaternary Science Reviews</i> , 2018, 182, 37-47.	1.4	20
61	Differential demographic filtering by surface fires: How fuel type and fuel load affect sapling mortality of an obligate seeder savanna tree. <i>Journal of Ecology</i> , 2018, 106, 1010-1022.	1.9	10
62	Geographic Patterns of Fire Severity Following an Extreme Eucalyptus Forest Fire in Southern Australia: 2013 Forcett-Dunalley Fire. <i>Fire</i> , 2018, 1, 40.	1.2	35
63	Using Digital Surface Models from UAS Imagery of Fire Damaged Sphagnum Peatlands for Monitoring and Hydrological Restoration. <i>Drones</i> , 2018, 2, 45.	2.7	11
64	Do Mixed Fire Regimes Shape Plant Flammability and Post-Fire Recovery Strategies?. <i>Fire</i> , 2018, 1, 39.	1.2	22
65	Extensible Database of Validated Biomass Smoke Events for Health Research. <i>Fire</i> , 2018, 1, 50.	1.2	3
66	Centennial-scale trends in the Southern Annular Mode revealed by hemisphere-wide fire and hydroclimatic trends over the past 2400 years. <i>Geology</i> , 2018, 46, 363-366.	2.0	15
67	Can Air Quality Management Drive Sustainable Fuels Management at the Temperate Wildland-Urban Interface?. <i>Fire</i> , 2018, 1, 27.	1.2	12
68	Can trophic rewilding reduce the impact of fire in a more flammable world?. <i>Philosophical Transactions of the Royal Society B: Biological Sciences</i> , 2018, 373, 20170443.	1.8	45
69	Biomimicry can help humans to coexist sustainably with fire. <i>Nature Ecology and Evolution</i> , 2018, 2, 1827-1829.	3.4	18
70	Using smartphone technology to reduce health impacts from atmospheric environmental hazards. <i>Environmental Research Letters</i> , 2018, 13, 044019.	2.2	40
71	Pleistocene divergence of two disjunct conifers in the eastern Australian temperate zone. <i>Biological Journal of the Linnean Society</i> , 2018, , .	0.7	3
72	Climate Change Amplifications of Climate-Fire Teleconnections in the Southern Hemisphere. <i>Geophysical Research Letters</i> , 2018, 45, 5071-5081.	1.5	53

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73	Biological responses to the press and pulse of climate trends and extreme events. <i>Nature Climate Change</i> , 2018, 8, 579-587.	8.1	330
74	Wildfire science is at a loss for comprehensive data. <i>Nature</i> , 2018, 560, 7-7.	13.7	25
75	Introducing Fire: A Transdisciplinary Journal to Advance Understanding and Management of Landscape Fires from Local to Global Scales in the Past, Present, and Future. <i>Fire</i> , 2018, 1, 2.	1.2	3
76	Conceptualizing Ecological Flammability: An Experimental Test of Three Frameworks Using Various Types and Loads of Surface Fuels. <i>Fire</i> , 2018, 1, 14.	1.2	17
77	Comparing the height and area of wild and prescribed fire particle plumes in south-east Australia using weather radar. <i>International Journal of Wildland Fire</i> , 2018, 27, 525.	1.0	13
78	Simulating the effectiveness of prescribed burning at altering wildfire behaviour in Tasmania, Australia. <i>International Journal of Wildland Fire</i> , 2018, 27, 15.	1.0	28
79	Demographic vulnerability of an extreme xerophyte in arid Australia. <i>Australian Journal of Botany</i> , 2018, 66, 26.	0.3	4
80	Effect of experimental fire on seedlings of Australian and Gondwanan trees species from a Tasmanian montane vegetation mosaic. <i>Australian Journal of Botany</i> , 2018, 66, 511.	0.3	7
81	Aboriginal impacts on fire and vegetation on a Tasmanian island. <i>Journal of Biogeography</i> , 2017, 44, 1319-1330.	1.4	20
82	Human exposure and sensitivity to globally extreme wildfire events. <i>Nature Ecology and Evolution</i> , 2017, 1, 58.	3.4	359
83	Water, land, fire, and forest: Multi-scale determinants of rainforests in the Australian monsoon tropics. <i>Ecology and Evolution</i> , 2017, 7, 1592-1604.	0.8	19
84	When will the jungle burn?. <i>Nature Climate Change</i> , 2017, 7, 390-391.	8.1	4
85	Air quality policy and fire management responses addressing smoke from wildland fires in the United States and Australia. <i>International Journal of Wildland Fire</i> , 2017, 26, 347.	1.0	17
86	High post-fire mortality of resprouting woody plants in Tasmanian Mediterranean-type vegetation. <i>International Journal of Wildland Fire</i> , 2017, 26, 532.	1.0	22
87	Fire is a major driver of patterns of genetic diversity in two co-occurring Tasmanian palaeoendemic conifers. <i>Journal of Biogeography</i> , 2017, 44, 1254-1267.	1.4	12
88	Renewal ecology: conservation for the Anthropocene. <i>Restoration Ecology</i> , 2017, 25, 674-680.	1.4	41
89	Soil or fire: what causes treeless sedgeland in Tasmanian wet forests?. <i>Plant and Soil</i> , 2017, 420, 1-18.	1.8	31
90	Substrate controls growth rates of the woody pioneer <i>Leptospermum lanigerum</i> colonizing montane grasslands in northern Tasmania. <i>Austral Ecology</i> , 2017, 42, 9-19.	0.7	9

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91	Fire and cattle disturbance affects vegetation structure and rain forest expansion into savanna in the Australian monsoon tropics. <i>Journal of Biogeography</i> , 2017, 44, 2331-2342.	1.4	17
92	Does inherent flammability of grass and litter fuels contribute to continental patterns of landscape fire activity?. <i>Journal of Biogeography</i> , 2017, 44, 1225-1238.	1.4	38
93	Vegetation, fire and soil feedbacks of dynamic boundaries between rainforest, savanna and grassland. <i>Austral Ecology</i> , 2017, 42, 154-164.	0.7	12
94	Collaborative Research on the Ecology and Management of the "Wulo" Monsoon Rainforest in Wunambal Gaambera Country, North Kimberley, Australia. <i>Land</i> , 2017, 6, 68.	1.2	17
95	Impact of high-severity fire in a Tasmanian dry eucalypt forest. <i>Australian Journal of Botany</i> , 2016, 64, 193.	0.3	40
96	A transdisciplinary approach to understanding the health effects of wildfire and prescribed fire smoke regimes. <i>Environmental Research Letters</i> , 2016, 11, 125009.	2.2	84
97	Climate seasonality limits leaf carbon assimilation and wood productivity in tropical forests. <i>Biogeosciences</i> , 2016, 13, 2537-2562.	1.3	108
98	Response: A commentary on "Eucalyptus obliqua seedling growth in organic vs. mineral soil horizons". <i>Frontiers in Plant Science</i> , 2016, 7, 52.	1.7	1
99	Wildfire risk as a socioecological pathology. <i>Frontiers in Ecology and the Environment</i> , 2016, 14, 276-284.	1.9	164
100	Measurement of inter- and intra-annual variability of landscape fire activity at a continental scale: the Australian case. <i>Environmental Research Letters</i> , 2016, 11, 035003.	2.2	49
101	A systematic review of the impacts and management of introduced deer (family Cervidae) in Australia. <i>Wildlife Research</i> , 2016, 43, 515.	0.7	100
102	The Science of Firescapes: Achieving Fire-Resilient Communities. <i>BioScience</i> , 2016, 66, 130-146.	2.2	157
103	Pyrodiversity is the coupling of biodiversity and fire regimes in food webs. <i>Philosophical Transactions of the Royal Society B: Biological Sciences</i> , 2016, 371, 20150169.	1.8	125
104	The pyrohealth transition: how combustion emissions have shaped health through human history. <i>Philosophical Transactions of the Royal Society B: Biological Sciences</i> , 2016, 371, 20150173.	1.8	16
105	Global combustion: the connection between fossil fuel and biomass burning emissions (1997-2010). <i>Philosophical Transactions of the Royal Society B: Biological Sciences</i> , 2016, 371, 20150177.	1.8	12
106	Pattern, prediction and parsimony in continental-scale synthesis of pyromes: a reply to Gosper et al. <i>Journal of Biogeography</i> , 2016, 43, 636-638.	1.4	0
107	Pyrodiversity: why managing fire in food webs is relevant to restoration ecology. <i>Restoration Ecology</i> , 2016, 24, 848-853.	1.4	22
108	Regional and seasonal variation in airborne grass pollen levels between cities of Australia and New Zealand. <i>Aerobiologia</i> , 2016, 32, 289-302.	0.7	34

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109	Fire regime and vegetation change in the transition from Aboriginal to European land management in a Tasmanian eucalypt savanna. <i>Australian Journal of Botany</i> , 2016, 64, 427.	0.3	20
110	Cause and effects of a megafire in sedge-heathland in the Tasmanian temperate wilderness. <i>Australian Journal of Botany</i> , 2016, 64, 513.	0.3	22
111	Climateâ€“vegetationâ€“fire interactions and feedbacks: trivial detail or major barrier to projecting the future of the Earth system?. <i>Wiley Interdisciplinary Reviews: Climate Change</i> , 2016, 7, 910-931.	3.6	76
112	Gondwanan conifer clones imperilled by bushfire. <i>Scientific Reports</i> , 2016, 6, 33930.	1.6	9
113	Future changes in climatic water balance determine potential for transformational shifts in Australian fire regimes. <i>Environmental Research Letters</i> , 2016, 11, 065002.	2.2	43
114	The relative importance of intrinsic and extrinsic factors in the decline of obligate seeder forests. <i>Global Ecology and Biogeography</i> , 2016, 25, 1166-1172.	2.7	54
115	Human-Imposed, Fine-Grained Patch Burning Explains the Population Stability of a Fire-Sensitive Conifer in a Frequently Burnt Northern Australia Savanna. <i>Ecosystems</i> , 2016, 19, 896-909.	1.6	18
116	Transient hybridization, not homoploid hybrid speciation, between ancient and deeply divergent conifers. <i>American Journal of Botany</i> , 2016, 103, 246-259.	0.8	16
117	Post-fire resprouting strategies of rainforest and savanna saplings along the rainforestâ€“savanna boundary in the Australian monsoon tropics. <i>Plant Ecology</i> , 2016, 217, 711-724.	0.7	19
118	Local and global pyrogeographic evidence that indigenous fire management creates pyrodiversity. <i>Ecology and Evolution</i> , 2015, 5, 1908-1918.	0.8	116
119	Differences in grass pollen allergen exposure across Australia. <i>Australian and New Zealand Journal of Public Health</i> , 2015, 39, 51-55.	0.8	42
120	Evaluating carbon storage in restoration plantings in the Tasmanian Midlands, a highly modified agricultural landscape. <i>Rangeland Journal</i> , 2015, 37, 477.	0.4	11
121	Modeling vegetation mosaics in sub-alpine Tasmania under various fire regimes. <i>Modeling Earth Systems and Environment</i> , 2015, 1, 1.	1.9	17
122	Aerial sowing stopped the loss of alpine ash (<i>Eucalyptus delegatensis</i>) forests burnt by three short-interval fires in the Alpine National Park, Victoria, Australia. <i>Forest Ecology and Management</i> , 2015, 342, 39-48.	1.4	49
123	<i>Eucalyptus obliqua</i> seedling growth in organic vs. mineral soil horizons. <i>Frontiers in Plant Science</i> , 2015, 6, 97.	1.7	12
124	Effect of landscape fires on the demography of the endangered New Caledonian conifer <i>Callitris sulcata</i> . <i>Biological Conservation</i> , 2015, 191, 130-138.	1.9	7
125	Trajectory of change in land cover and carbon stocks following European settlement in Tasmania, Australia. <i>Anthropocene</i> , 2015, 9, 33-40.	1.6	9
126	Climate-induced variations in global wildfire danger from 1979 to 2013. <i>Nature Communications</i> , 2015, 6, 7537.	5.8	1,224

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127	What is the relevance of pyrogeography to the Anthropocene?. <i>Infrastructure Asset Management</i> , 2015, 2, 73-76.	1.2	11
128	Feedbacks and landscape-level vegetation dynamics. <i>Trends in Ecology and Evolution</i> , 2015, 30, 255-260.	4.2	77
129	Aboriginal myth meets DNA analysis. <i>Nature</i> , 2015, 520, 33-33.	13.7	13
130	High-throughput linkage mapping of Australian white cypress pine (<i>Callitris glaucophylla</i>) and map transferability to related species. <i>Tree Genetics and Genomes</i> , 2015, 11, 1.	0.6	70
131	Interval squeeze: altered fire regimes and demographic responses interact to threaten woody species persistence as climate changes. <i>Frontiers in Ecology and the Environment</i> , 2015, 13, 265-272.	1.9	352
132	Effects of high-severity fire drove the population collapse of the subalpine Tasmanian endemic conifer <i>Athrotaxis cupressoides</i> . <i>Global Change Biology</i> , 2015, 21, 445-458.	4.2	65
133	Macroecology of Australian Tall Eucalypt Forests: Baseline Data from a Continental-Scale Permanent Plot Network. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2015, 10, e0137811.	1.1	35
134	Phosphorus limits <i>Eucalyptus grandis</i> seedling growth in an unburnt rain forest soil. <i>Frontiers in Plant Science</i> , 2014, 5, 527.	1.7	30
135	Across a macro-ecological gradient forest competition is strongest at the most productive sites. <i>Frontiers in Plant Science</i> , 2014, 5, 260.	1.7	28
136	Have plants evolved to self-immolate?. <i>Frontiers in Plant Science</i> , 2014, 5, 590.	1.7	58
137	A grass-fire cycle eliminates an obligate-seeding tree in a tropical savanna. <i>Ecology and Evolution</i> , 2014, 4, 4185-4194.	0.8	51
138	Letting giants be – rethinking active fire management of old-growth eucalypt forest in the Australian tropics. <i>Journal of Applied Ecology</i> , 2014, 51, 555-559.	1.9	8
139	Abrupt fire regime change may cause landscape-wide loss of mature obligate seeder forests. <i>Global Change Biology</i> , 2014, 20, 1008-1015.	4.2	178
140	Bushfire Smoke: An Exemplar of Coupled Human and Natural Systems. <i>Geographical Research</i> , 2014, 52, 45-54.	0.9	20
141	Projecting canopy cover change in Tasmanian eucalypt forests using dynamically downscaled regional climate models. <i>Regional Environmental Change</i> , 2014, 14, 1373-1386.	1.4	17
142	Genetic evidence for paternal inheritance of the chloroplast in four Australian <i>Callitris</i> species (<i>Cupressaceae</i>). <i>Journal of Forest Research</i> , 2014, 19, 244-248.	0.7	11
143	Cattle grazing does not reduce fire severity in eucalypt forests and woodlands of the Australian Alps. <i>Austral Ecology</i> , 2014, 39, 462-468.	0.7	15
144	Savanna Vegetation-Fire-Climate Relationships Differ Among Continents. <i>Science</i> , 2014, 343, 548-552.	6.0	500

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145	Big eucalypts grow more slowly in a warm climate: evidence of an interaction between tree size and temperature. <i>Global Change Biology</i> , 2014, 20, 2793-2799.	4.2	46
146	A warmer world will reduce tree growth in evergreen broadleaf forests: evidence from Australian temperate and subtropical eucalypt forests. <i>Global Ecology and Biogeography</i> , 2014, 23, 925-934.	2.7	66
147	Using a rainforest-flame forest mosaic to test the hypothesis that leaf and litter fuel flammability is under natural selection. <i>Oecologia</i> , 2014, 176, 1123-1133.	0.9	30
148	Bushfires, Human Health Economics, and Pyrogeography. <i>Geographical Research</i> , 2014, 52, 340-343.	0.9	8
149	Aborigine-managed forest, savanna and grassland: biome switching in montane eastern Australia. <i>Journal of Biogeography</i> , 2014, 41, 1492-1505.	1.4	25
150	The legacy of mid-Holocene fire on a Tasmanian montane landscape. <i>Journal of Biogeography</i> , 2014, 41, 476-488.	1.4	61
151	Pyrogeographic models, feedbacks and the future of global fire regimes. <i>Global Ecology and Biogeography</i> , 2014, 23, 821-824.	2.7	51
152	Pyrogeography, historical ecology, and the human dimensions of fire regimes. <i>Journal of Biogeography</i> , 2014, 41, 833-836.	1.4	47
153	Predicting the future range and abundance of fallow deer in Tasmania, Australia. <i>Wildlife Research</i> , 2014, 41, 633.	0.7	16
154	The Macroecology of Airborne Pollen in Australian and New Zealand Urban Areas. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2014, 9, e97925.	1.1	58
155	USING SPATIO - TEMPORAL MODELLING AS A DECISION SUPPORT TOOL FOR MANAGEMENT OF A NATIVE PEST HERBIVORE. <i>Applied Ecology and Environmental Research</i> , 2014, 12, 163-178.	0.2	1
156	Genetic structure of introduced swamp buffalo subpopulations in tropical Australia. <i>Austral Ecology</i> , 2013, 38, 46-56.	0.7	2
157	A conceptual framework for predicting temperate ecosystem sensitivity to human impacts on fire regimes. <i>Global Ecology and Biogeography</i> , 2013, 22, 900-912.	2.7	128
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