

Omar Triana

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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87

papers

2,815

citations

236925

25

h-index

214800

47

g-index

100

all docs

100

docs citations

100

times ranked

3902

citing authors

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
1	Expansive and Diverse Phenotypic Landscape of Field <i>Aedes aegypti</i> (Diptera: Culicidae) Larvae with Differential Susceptibility to Temephos: Beyond Metabolic Detoxification. <i>Journal of Medical Entomology</i> , 2022, 59, 192-212.	1.8	3
2	Acute Pediatric Chagas Disease in Antioquia, Colombia: A Geographic Location of Suspected Oral Transmission. <i>Microorganisms</i> , 2022, 10, 8.	3.6	2
3	Differential Hatching, Development, Oviposition, and Longevity Patterns among Colombian Aedes aegypti Populations. <i>Insects</i> , 2022, 13, 536.	2.2	2
4	Distribution and natural infection status of synanthropic triatomines (Hemiptera: Reduviidae), vectors of <i>Trypanosoma cruzi</i> , reveals new epidemiological scenarios for chagas disease in the Highlands of Colombia. <i>PLoS Neglected Tropical Diseases</i> , 2021, 15, e0009574.	3.0	5
5	Molecular surveillance of <i>Trypanosoma</i> spp. reveals different clinical and epidemiological characteristics associated with the infection in three creole cattle breeds from Colombia. <i>Preventive Veterinary Medicine</i> , 2021, 193, 105414.	1.9	2
6	Updated geographical distribution and natural infection of <i>Panstrongylus geniculatus</i> (Latreille, 1811) in Antioquia department, Colombia. <i>Parasite Epidemiology and Control</i> , 2021, 15, e00226.	1.8	2
7	Population structure and ancestry prediction of Aedes aegypti (Diptera: Culicidae) supports a single African origin of Colombian populations. <i>Memorias Do Instituto Oswaldo Cruz</i> , 2021, 116, e200441.	1.6	1
8	Molecular surveillance of resistance to pyrethroids insecticides in Colombian Aedes aegypti populations. <i>PLoS Neglected Tropical Diseases</i> , 2021, 15, e0010001.	3.0	14
9	Epidemiological and clinical characteristics of <i>Trypanosoma cruzi</i> infection in dogs (<i>Canis lupus</i>) Tj ETQq1 1 0.784314 rgBT /Overlock 10 2020, 182, 105093.	1.9	6
10	Trypanosoma cruzi infection in domestic and synanthropic mammals such as potential risk of sylvatic transmission in a rural area from north of Antioquia, Colombia. <i>Parasite Epidemiology and Control</i> , 2020, 11, e00171.	1.8	7
11	The Midgut Microbiota of Colombian Aedes aegypti Populations with Different Levels of Resistance to the Insecticide Lambda-cyhalothrin. <i>Insects</i> , 2020, 11, 584.	2.2	27
12	Eco-epidemiological study reveals the importance of <i>Triatoma dimidiata</i> in the <i>Trypanosoma cruzi</i> transmission, in a municipality certified without transmission by <i>Rhodnius prolixus</i> in Colombia. <i>Acta Tropica</i> , 2020, 209, 105550.	2.0	9
13	INFECCIÓN NATURAL POR <i>Trypanosoma cruzi</i> (TRYPANOSOMATIDAE) EN TRIATOMINOS INTRADOMESTICOS DEL DEPARTAMENTO DE GUAINÁA. <i>Acta Biologica Colombiana</i> , 2020, 26, 127-130.	0.4	1
14	Transmisión vertical de virus dengue en Aedes spp. (Diptera: Culicidae) en Medellín, Colombia. <i>Revista Colombiana De Entomología</i> , 2020, 46, e6973.	0.4	2
15	Susceptibility to Insecticides and Natural Infection in Aedes aegypti: An Initiative to Improve the Mosquito Control Actions in Boyacá, Colombia. <i>Annals of Global Health</i> , 2020, 86, 94.	2.0	2
16	Evaluation of an alternative indirect-ELISA test using in vitro-propagated <i>Trypanosoma brucei brucei</i> whole cell lysate as antigen for the detection of anti- <i>Trypanosoma evansi</i> IgG in Colombian livestock. <i>Preventive Veterinary Medicine</i> , 2019, 169, 104712.	1.9	6
17	Encapsulation of proteins from <i>Leishmania panamensis</i> into PLGA particles by a single emulsion-solvent evaporation method. <i>Journal of Microbiological Methods</i> , 2019, 162, 1-7.	1.6	32
18	Vector competence analysis of two Aedes aegypti lineages from Bello, Colombia, reveals that they are affected similarly by dengue-2 virus infection. <i>Archives of Virology</i> , 2019, 164, 149-158.	2.1	1

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19	Metal complex derivatives of bis(pyrazol-1-yl)methane ligands: synthesis, characterization and anti- <i>Trypanosoma cruzi</i> activity. <i>Transition Metal Chemistry</i> , 2019, 44, 135-144.	1.4	12
20	Mitochondrial genomics of human pathogenic parasite <i>Leishmania</i> (<i>Viannia</i>) <i>panamensis</i> . <i>PeerJ</i> , 2019, 7, e7235.	2.0	13
21	Estimation of DENV-2 Transmission as a Function of Site-Specific Entomological Parameters from Three Cities in Colombia. <i>Annals of Global Health</i> , 2019, 85, .	2.0	3
22	Activity inÂvitro and inÂvivo against <i>Trypanosoma cruzi</i> of a furofuran lignan isolated from <i>Piper</i> <i>jericoense</i> . <i>Experimental Parasitology</i> , 2018, 189, 34-42.	1.2	18
23	DNA barcoding for identifying synanthropic flesh flies (Diptera, Sarcophagidae) of Colombia. <i>Acta Tropica</i> , 2018, 182, 291-297.	2.0	15
24	Estimating Effects of Temperature on Dengue Transmission in Colombian Cities. <i>Annals of Global Health</i> , 2018, 83, 509.	2.0	25
25	Spatial-temporal and phylogeographic characterization of <i>Trypanosoma</i> spp. in cattle (<i>Bos taurus</i>) and buffaloes (<i>Bubalus bubalis</i>) reveals transmission dynamics of these parasites in Colombia. <i>Veterinary Parasitology</i> , 2018, 249, 30-42.	1.8	23
26	Genomic Analysis of Colombian <i>Leishmania panamensis</i> strains with different level of virulence. <i>Scientific Reports</i> , 2018, 8, 17336.	3.3	25
27	Genetic, host and environmental factors associated with a high prevalence of <i>Anaplasma marginale</i> . <i>Ticks and Tick-borne Diseases</i> , 2018, 9, 1286-1295.	2.7	18
28	A Point Mutation V419L in the Sodium Channel Gene from Natural Populations of <i>Aedes aegypti</i> Is Involved in Resistance to Î»-Cyhalothrin in Colombia. <i>Insects</i> , 2018, 9, 23.	2.2	42
29	Transcriptome and Functional Genomics Reveal the Participation of Adenine Phosphoribosyltransferase in <i>Trypanosoma cruzi</i> Resistance to Benznidazole. <i>Journal of Cellular Biochemistry</i> , 2017, 118, 1936-1945.	2.6	22
30	Molecular diagnosis and phylogeographic analysis of <i>Trypanosoma evansi</i> in dogs (<i>Canis lupus</i>) Tj ETQq0 0 0 rgBT /Overlock 10 Tf 50 30 Medicine, 2017, 139, 82-89.	1.9	15
31	Molecular and serological detection of <i>Trypanosoma cruzi</i> in dogs (<i>Canis lupus familiaris</i>) suggests potential transmission risk in areas of recent acute Chagas disease outbreaks in Colombia. <i>Preventive Veterinary Medicine</i> , 2017, 141, 1-6.	1.9	22
32	Parasitological and molecular surveys reveal high rates of infection with vector-borne pathogens and clinical anemia signs associated with infection in cattle from two important livestock areas in Colombia. <i>Ticks and Tick-borne Diseases</i> , 2017, 8, 290-299.	2.7	28
33	Prostaglandin F2Î± synthase in <i>Trypanosoma cruzi</i> plays critical roles in oxidative stress and susceptibility to benznidazole. <i>Royal Society Open Science</i> , 2017, 4, 170773.	2.4	21
34	Aldoâ€keto reductase and alcohol dehydrogenase contribute to benznidazole natural resistance in <i>Trypanosoma cruzi</i> . <i>Molecular Microbiology</i> , 2017, 106, 704-718.	2.5	14
35	Virological surveillance of <i>Aedes (Stegomyia) aegypti</i> and <i>Aedes (Stegomyia) albopictus</i> as support for decision making for dengue control in MedellÃn. <i>Biomedica</i> , 2017, 37, 155.	0.7	17
36	<i>Aedes albopictus</i> (Skuse, 1894) infected with the American-Asian genotype of dengue type 2 virus in MedellÃn suggests its possible role as vector of dengue fever in Colombia. <i>Biomedica</i> , 2017, 37, 135.	0.7	13

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37	Curvas de fusión de regiones genómicas específicas: una herramienta prometedora para el diagnóstico y tipificación de las especies causantes de la leishmaniasis cutánea en Colombia. <i>Biomedica</i> , 2017, 37, 538.	0.7	2
38	Synthesis, crystal structure, catalytic and anti- <i>Trypanosoma cruzi</i> activity of a new chromium(III) complex containing bis(3,5-dimethylpyrazol-1-yl)methane. <i>Journal of Molecular Structure</i> , 2017, 1146, 365-372.	3.6	14
39	Infection Rates by Dengue Virus in Mosquitoes and the Influence of Temperature May Be Related to Different Endemicity Patterns in Three Colombian Cities. <i>International Journal of Environmental Research and Public Health</i> , 2016, 13, 734.	2.6	31
40	Population differentiation of the Chagas disease vector <i>Triatoma maculata</i> (Erichson, 1848) from Colombia and Venezuela. <i>Journal of Vector Ecology</i> , 2016, 41, 72-79.	1.0	14
41	The nuclear elongation factor-1 \pm gene: a promising marker for phylogenetic studies of Triatominae (Hemiptera: Reduviidae). <i>Infection, Genetics and Evolution</i> , 2016, 43, 274-280.	2.3	6
42	Circulation of Tc la discrete type unit <i>Trypanosoma cruzi</i> in Yucatan Mexico. <i>Journal of Parasitic Diseases</i> , 2016, 40, 550-554.	1.0	10
43	Multilocus analysis indicates that <i>Trypanosoma cruzi</i> I genetic substructure associated with sylvatic and domestic cycles is not an attribute conserved throughout Colombia. <i>Infection, Genetics and Evolution</i> , 2016, 38, 35-43.	2.3	5
44	Eco-epidemiological study of an endemic Chagas disease region in northern Colombia reveals the importance of <i>Triatoma maculata</i> (Hemiptera: Reduviidae), dogs and <i>Didelphis marsupialis</i> in <i>Trypanosoma cruzi</i> maintenance. <i>Parasites and Vectors</i> , 2015, 8, 482.	2.5	60
45	Spatio-Temporal Distribution of <i>Aedes aegypti</i> (Diptera: Culicidae) Mitochondrial Lineages in Cities with Distinct Dengue Incidence Rates Suggests Complex Population Dynamics of the Dengue Vector in Colombia. <i>PLoS Neglected Tropical Diseases</i> , 2015, 9, e0003553.	3.0	30
46	Genetic, Cytogenetic and Morphological Trends in the Evolution of the Rhodnius (Triatominae: Tj ETQq0 0 0 rgBT /Overlock 10 Tf 50 38	2.5	44
47	Molecular Evidence of Demographic Expansion of the Chagas Disease Vector <i>Triatoma dimidiata</i> (Hemiptera, Reduviidae, Triatominae) in Colombia. <i>PLoS Neglected Tropical Diseases</i> , 2014, 8, e2734.	3.0	25
48	<i>Trypanosoma cruzi</i> transmission in a Colombian Caribbean region suggests that secondary vectors play an important epidemiological role. <i>Parasites and Vectors</i> , 2014, 7, 381.	2.5	29
49	Cytotoxic, mutagenic and genotoxic evaluation of crude extracts and fractions from <i>Piper jenitcoense</i> with trypanocidal action. <i>Acta Tropica</i> , 2014, 131, 92-97.	2.0	12
50	Specific primers design based on the superoxide dismutase b gene for <i>Trypanosoma cruzi</i> as a screening tool: Validation method using strains from Colombia classified according to their discrete typing unit. <i>Asian Pacific Journal of Tropical Medicine</i> , 2014, 7, 854-859.	0.8	4
51	Eco-Epidemiology of Chagas Disease in an Endemic Area of Colombia: Risk Factor Estimation, <i>Trypanosoma cruzi</i> Characterization and Identification of Blood-Meal Sources in Bugs. <i>American Journal of Tropical Medicine and Hygiene</i> , 2014, 91, 1116-1124.	1.4	13
52	Genotyping of <i>Trypanosoma cruzi</i> in a hyper-endemic area of Colombia reveals an overlap among domestic and sylvatic cycles of Chagas disease. <i>Parasites and Vectors</i> , 2014, 7, 108.	2.5	29
53	Eco-geographical differentiation among Colombian populations of the Chagas disease vector <i>Triatoma dimidiata</i> (Hemiptera: Reduviidae). <i>Infection, Genetics and Evolution</i> , 2013, 20, 352-361.	2.3	29
54	Benznidazole-Resistance in <i>Trypanosoma cruzi</i> Is a Readily Acquired Trait That Can Arise Independently in a Single Population. <i>Journal of Infectious Diseases</i> , 2012, 206, 220-228.	4.0	115

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55	High-Resolution Melting (HRM) of the Cytochrome B Gene: A Powerful Approach to Identify Blood-Meal Sources in Chagas Disease Vectors. <i>PLoS Neglected Tropical Diseases</i> , 2012, 6, e1530.	3.0	47
56	Morphometric and molecular evidence of intraspecific biogeographical differentiation of <i>Rhodnius pallescens</i> (HEMIPTERA: REDUVIIDAE: RHODNIINI) from Colombia and Panama. <i>Infection, Genetics and Evolution</i> , 2012, 12, 1975-1983.	2.3	18
57	Sensibilidad al benzonidazol de cepas de <i>Trypanosoma cruzi</i> sugiere la circulaciÃ³n de cepas naturalmente resistentes en Colombia. <i>Biomedica</i> , 2012, 32, .	0.7	9
58	Reconstructing Native American population history. <i>Nature</i> , 2012, 488, 370-374.	27.8	699
59	Sequence analysis of the spliced-leader intergenic region (SL-IR) and random amplified polymorphic DNA (RAPD) of <i>Trypanosoma rangeli</i> strains isolated from <i>Rhodnius ecuadoriensis</i> , <i>R. colombiensis</i> , <i>R. pallescens</i> and <i>R. prolixus</i> suggests a degree of co-evolution between parasites and vectors. <i>Acta Tropica</i> , 2011, 120, 59-66.	2.0	21
60	Mitochondrial dysfunction in <i>Trypanosoma cruzi</i> : the role of <i>Serratia marcescens</i> prodigiosin in the alternative treatment of Chagas disease. <i>Parasites and Vectors</i> , 2011, 4, 66.	2.5	61
61	Gene expression study using real-time PCR identifies an NTR gene as a major marker of resistance to benznidazole in <i>Trypanosoma cruzi</i> . <i>Parasites and Vectors</i> , 2011, 4, 169.	2.5	24
62	Transcriptomic analyses of the avirulent protozoan parasite <i>Trypanosoma rangeli</i> . <i>Molecular and Biochemical Parasitology</i> , 2010, 174, 18-25.	1.1	32
63	<i>Trypanosoma cruzi</i> I genotypes in different geographical regions and transmission cycles based on a microsatellite motif of the intergenic spacer of spliced-leader genes. <i>International Journal for Parasitology</i> , 2010, 40, 1599-1607.	3.1	143
64	DistribuciÃ³n geogrÃ¡fica y ecoepidemiologÃa de la fauna de triatomos (Reduviidae: Triatominae) en la Isla Margarita del departamento de BolÃ¡var, Colombia. <i>Biomedica</i> , 2010, 30, 382.	0.7	23
65	DiferenciaciÃ³n genÃ©tica de tres poblaciones colombianas de <i>Triatoma dimidiata</i> (Latreille, 1811) mediante anÃ¡lisis molecular del gen mitocondrial ND4. <i>Biomedica</i> , 2010, 30, 207.	0.7	22
66	Differentiation of <i>Trypanosoma cruzi</i> and <i>Trypanosoma rangeli</i> of Colombia using minicircle hybridization tests. <i>Diagnostic Microbiology and Infectious Disease</i> , 2010, 68, 265-270.	1.8	11
67	Quantification of the genetic change in the transition of <i>Rhodnius pallescens</i> Barber, 1932 (Hemiptera: Reduviidae). <i>Tj ETQql 1.0.784314 rgBT /Cve</i>		
68	<i>Trypanosoma cruzi</i> : Biological characterization of lineages I and II supports the predominance of lineage I in Colombia. <i>Experimental Parasitology</i> , 2009, 121, 83-91.	1.2	46
69	Geographical clustering of <i>Trypanosoma cruzi</i> I groups from Colombia revealed by low-stringency single specific primer-PCR of the intergenic regions of spliced-leader genes. <i>Parasitology Research</i> , 2009, 104, 399-410.	1.6	19
70	Incrimination of <i>Eratyrus cuspidatus</i> (Stål) in the transmission of Chagasâ€™ disease by molecular epidemiology analysis of <i>Trypanosoma cruzi</i> isolates from a geographically restricted area in the north of Colombia. <i>Acta Tropica</i> , 2009, 111, 237-242.	2.0	14
71	Transmission Dynamics of <i>Trypanosoma cruzi</i> Determined by Low-Stringency Single Primer Polymerase Chain Reaction and Southern Blot Analyses in Four Indigenous Communities of the Sierra Nevada de Santa Marta, Colombia. <i>American Journal of Tropical Medicine and Hygiene</i> , 2009, 81, 396-403.	1.4	18
72	Transmission dynamics of <i>Trypanosoma cruzi</i> determined by low-stringency single primer polymerase chain reaction and southern blot analyses in four indigenous communities of the Sierra Nevada de Santa Marta, Colombia. <i>American Journal of Tropical Medicine and Hygiene</i> , 2009, 81, 396-403.	1.4	10

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73	Identification and characterization of two novel lysozymes from <i>Rhodnius prolixus</i> , a vector of Chagas disease. <i>Journal of Insect Physiology</i> , 2008, 54, 593-603.	2.0	65
74	Biological characterization of <i>Trypanosoma cruzi</i> stocks from domestic and sylvatic vectors in Sierra Nevada of Santa Marta, Colombia. <i>Acta Tropica</i> , 2008, 108, 26-34.	2.0	41
75	Chromosome variability in the Chagas disease vector <i>Rhodnius pallescens</i> (Hemiptera, Reduviidae). <i>Tj ETQq1 1 0.784314 rgBT_{1.6} 21 Overlock</i>		
76	ProtozoaDB: dynamic visualization and exploration of protozoan genomes. <i>Nucleic Acids Research</i> , 2007, 36, D547-D552.	14.5	17
77	Análisis de polimorfismos en los genes tripanotígeno reductasa y cruzipantena en cepas colombianas de <i>Trypanosoma cruzi</i> . <i>Biomedica</i> , 2007, 27, 50.	0.7	7
78	Seroprevalencia de la enfermedad de Chagas y factores de riesgo asociados en una población de Morroa, Sucre. <i>Biomedica</i> , 2007, 27, 130.	0.7	10
79	Caracterización biológica y genética de dos clones pertenecientes a los grupos I y II de <i>Trypanosoma cruzi</i> de Colombia. <i>Biomedica</i> , 2007, 27, 64.	0.7	21
80	Identifying four <i>Trypanosoma cruzi</i> I isolate haplotypes from different geographic regions in Colombia. <i>Infection, Genetics and Evolution</i> , 2007, 7, 535-539.	2.3	127
81	Interacción tripanosoma-vector-vertebrado y su relación con la sistemática y la epidemiología de la tripanosomiasis americana. <i>Biomedica</i> , 2007, 27, 110.	0.7	19
82	High variability of Colombian <i>Trypanosoma cruzi</i> lineage I stocks as revealed by low-stringency single primer-PCR minicircle signatures. <i>Acta Tropica</i> , 2006, 100, 110-118.	2.0	35
83	<i>Trypanosoma cruzi</i> : Variability of stocks from Colombia determined by molecular karyotype and minicircle Southern blot analysis. <i>Experimental Parasitology</i> , 2006, 113, 62-66.	1.2	33
84	Molecular characterisation of <i>Trypanosoma rangeli</i> strains isolated from <i>Rhodnius ecuadoriensis</i> in Peru, <i>R. colombiensis</i> in Colombia and <i>R. pallescens</i> in Panama, supports a co-evolutionary association between parasites and vectors. <i>Infection, Genetics and Evolution</i> , 2005, 5, 123-129.	2.3	45
85	Análisis por LSSP-PCR de la variabilidad genética de <i>Trypanosoma cruzi</i> en sangre y órganos de ratones.. <i>Biomedica</i> , 2005, 25, 76.	0.7	18
86	Parity between kinetoplast DNA and mini-exon gene sequences supports either clonal evolution or speciation in <i>Trypanosoma rangeli</i> strains isolated from <i>Rhodnius colombiensis</i> , <i>R. pallescens</i> and <i>R. prolixus</i> in Colombia. <i>Infection, Genetics and Evolution</i> , 2003, 3, 39-45.	2.3	48
87	Chromatin and histones from <i>Giardia lamblia</i> : A new puzzle in primitive eukaryotes. <i>Journal of Cellular Biochemistry</i> , 2001, 82, 573-582.	2.6	12