

Stephan A Grupp

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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Version: 2024-02-01

229
papers

33,408
citations

20817

60
h-index

4117

175
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230
all docs

230
docs citations

230
times ranked

22566
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#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
1	Chimeric Antigen Receptor T Cells for Sustained Remissions in Leukemia. <i>New England Journal of Medicine</i> , 2014, 371, 1507-1517.	27.0	4,444
2	Tisagenlecleucel in Children and Young Adults with B-Cell Lymphoblastic Leukemia. <i>New England Journal of Medicine</i> , 2018, 378, 439-448.	27.0	3,680
3	Chimeric Antigen Receptor–Modified T Cells for Acute Lymphoid Leukemia. <i>New England Journal of Medicine</i> , 2013, 368, 1509-1518.	27.0	3,021
4	Current concepts in the diagnosis and management of cytokine release syndrome. <i>Blood</i> , 2014, 124, 188-195.	1.4	2,080
5	T Cells with Chimeric Antigen Receptors Have Potent Antitumor Effects and Can Establish Memory in Patients with Advanced Leukemia. <i>Science Translational Medicine</i> , 2011, 3, 95ra73.	12.4	2,006
6	ASTCT Consensus Grading for Cytokine Release Syndrome and Neurologic Toxicity Associated with Immune Effector Cells. <i>Biology of Blood and Marrow Transplantation</i> , 2019, 25, 625-638.	2.0	1,741
7	Chimeric antigen receptor T cells persist and induce sustained remissions in relapsed refractory chronic lymphocytic leukemia. <i>Science Translational Medicine</i> , 2015, 7, 303ra139.	12.4	1,402
8	Convergence of Acquired Mutations and Alternative Splicing of <i>CD19</i> Enables Resistance to CART-19 Immunotherapy. <i>Cancer Discovery</i> , 2015, 5, 1282-1295.	9.4	997
9	Chimeric Receptors Containing CD137 Signal Transduction Domains Mediate Enhanced Survival of T Cells and Increased Antileukemic Efficacy In Vivo. <i>Molecular Therapy</i> , 2009, 17, 1453-1464.	8.2	988
10	Identification of Predictive Biomarkers for Cytokine Release Syndrome after Chimeric Antigen Receptor T-cell Therapy for Acute Lymphoblastic Leukemia. <i>Cancer Discovery</i> , 2016, 6, 664-679.	9.4	811
11	Managing Cytokine Release Syndrome Associated With Novel T Cell-Engaging Therapies. <i>Cancer Journal (Sudbury, Mass)</i> , 2014, 20, 119-122.	2.0	624
12	CD19-targeted chimeric antigen receptor T-cell therapy for acute lymphoblastic leukemia. <i>Blood</i> , 2015, 125, 4017-4023.	1.4	598
13	Induction of resistance to chimeric antigen receptor T cell therapy by transduction of a single leukemic B cell. <i>Nature Medicine</i> , 2018, 24, 1499-1503.	30.7	459
14	Genetic mechanisms of target antigen loss in CAR19 therapy of acute lymphoblastic leukemia. <i>Nature Medicine</i> , 2018, 24, 1504-1506.	30.7	393
15	Cytokine Release Syndrome After Chimeric Antigen Receptor T Cell Therapy for Acute Lymphoblastic Leukemia. <i>Critical Care Medicine</i> , 2017, 45, e124-e131.	0.9	357
16	Multisystem inflammatory syndrome in children and COVID-19 are distinct presentations of SARS–CoV-2. <i>Journal of Clinical Investigation</i> , 2020, 130, 5967-5975.	8.2	319
17	Antitumor Activity Associated with Prolonged Persistence of Adoptively Transferred NY-ESO-1 c259T Cells in Synovial Sarcoma. <i>Cancer Discovery</i> , 2018, 8, 944-957.	9.4	313
18	Grading of cytokine release syndrome associated with the CAR T cell therapy tisagenlecleucel. <i>Journal of Hematology and Oncology</i> , 2018, 11, 35.	17.0	302

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19	Cellular kinetics of CTL019 in relapsed/refractory B-cell acute lymphoblastic leukemia and chronic lymphocytic leukemia. <i>Blood</i> , 2017, 130, 2317-2325.	1.4	273
20	Real-world evidence of tisagenlecleucel for pediatric acute lymphoblastic leukemia and non-Hodgkin lymphoma. <i>Blood Advances</i> , 2020, 4, 5414-5424.	5.2	263
21	Phase 3 trial of defibrotide for the treatment of severe veno-occlusive disease and multi-organ failure. <i>Blood</i> , 2016, 127, 1656-1665.	1.4	255
22	Early memory phenotypes drive T cell proliferation in patients with pediatric malignancies. <i>Science Translational Medicine</i> , 2016, 8, 320ra3.	12.4	224
23	Effect of Tandem Autologous Stem Cell Transplant vs Single Transplant on Event-Free Survival in Patients With High-Risk Neuroblastoma. <i>JAMA - Journal of the American Medical Association</i> , 2019, 322, 746.	7.4	220
24	High-Affinity GD2-Specific CAR T Cells Induce Fatal Encephalitis in a Preclinical Neuroblastoma Model. <i>Cancer Immunology Research</i> , 2018, 6, 36-46.	3.4	192
25	Efficacy of JAK/STAT pathway inhibition in murine xenograft models of early T-cell precursor (ETP) acute lymphoblastic leukemia. <i>Blood</i> , 2015, 125, 1759-1767.	1.4	189
26	Reducing <i>Ex Vivo</i> Culture Improves the Antileukemic Activity of Chimeric Antigen Receptor (CAR) T Cells. <i>Cancer Immunology Research</i> , 2018, 6, 1100-1109.	3.4	189
27	Impaired Death Receptor Signaling in Leukemia Causes Antigen-Independent Resistance by Inducing CAR T-cell Dysfunction. <i>Cancer Discovery</i> , 2020, 10, 552-567.	9.4	184
28	Chimeric antigen receptor (CAR) T therapies for the treatment of hematologic malignancies: clinical perspective and significance. , 2018, 6, 137.		182
29	Tacrolimus/sirolimus vs tacrolimus/methotrexate as GVHD prophylaxis after matched, related donor allogeneic HCT. <i>Blood</i> , 2014, 124, 1372-1377.	1.4	178
30	IgH-V(D)J NGS-MRD measurement pre- and early post-allotransplant defines very low- and very high-risk ALL patients. <i>Blood</i> , 2015, 125, 3501-3508.	1.4	177
31	Preclinical efficacy of daratumumab in T-cell acute lymphoblastic leukemia. <i>Blood</i> , 2018, 131, 995-999.	1.4	170
32	Clinical Pharmacology of Tisagenlecleucel in B-cell Acute Lymphoblastic Leukemia. <i>Clinical Cancer Research</i> , 2018, 24, 6175-6184.	7.0	170
33	Naïve T-cell Deficits at Diagnosis and after Chemotherapy Impair Cell Therapy Potential in Pediatric Cancers. <i>Cancer Discovery</i> , 2019, 9, 492-499.	9.4	167
34	Sirolimus is effective in relapsed/refractory autoimmune cytopenias: results of a prospective multi-institutional trial. <i>Blood</i> , 2016, 127, 17-28.	1.4	165
35	Optimizing Chimeric Antigen Receptor T-Cell Therapy for Adults With Acute Lymphoblastic Leukemia. <i>Journal of Clinical Oncology</i> , 2020, 38, 415-422.	1.6	162
36	Measuring IL-6 and sIL-6R in serum from patients treated with tocilizumab and/or siltuximab following CAR T cell therapy. <i>Journal of Immunological Methods</i> , 2016, 434, 1-8.	1.4	150

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37	Chimeric Antigen Receptorâ€œ and TCR-Modified T Cells Enter Main Street and Wall Street. <i>Journal of Immunology</i> , 2015, 195, 755-761.	0.8	147
38	CAR T-cell therapy is effective for CD19-dim B-lymphoblastic leukemia but is impacted by prior blinatumomab therapy. <i>Blood Advances</i> , 2019, 3, 3539-3549.	5.2	145
39	Potent efficacy of combined PI3K/mTOR and JAK or ABL inhibition in murine xenograft models of Ph-like acute lymphoblastic leukemia. <i>Blood</i> , 2017, 129, 177-187.	1.4	138
40	Society for Immunotherapy of Cancer (SITC) clinical practice guideline on immune effector cell-related adverse events. , 2020, 8, e001511.		138
41	Monocyte lineageâ€œ derived IL-6 does not affect chimeric antigen receptor T-cell function. <i>Cytotherapy</i> , 2017, 19, 867-880.	0.7	116
42	Eradication of B-ALL using chimeric antigen receptorâ€œ expressing T cells targeting the TSLPR oncoprotein. <i>Blood</i> , 2015, 126, 629-639.	1.4	110
43	Risk-Adapted Preemptive Tocilizumab to Prevent Severe Cytokine Release Syndrome After CTL019 for Pediatric B-Cell Acute Lymphoblastic Leukemia: A Prospective Clinical Trial. <i>Journal of Clinical Oncology</i> , 2021, 39, 920-930.	1.6	110
44	Checkpoint Inhibitors Augment CD19-Directed Chimeric Antigen Receptor (CAR) T Cell Therapy in Relapsed B-Cell Acute Lymphoblastic Leukemia. <i>Blood</i> , 2018, 132, 556-556.	1.4	106
45	Systemic and local immunity following adoptive transfer of NY-ESO-1 SPEAR T cells in synovial sarcoma. , 2019, 7, 276.		101
46	Sustained remissions with CD19-specific chimeric antigen receptor (CAR)-modified T cells in children with relapsed/refractory ALL. <i>Journal of Clinical Oncology</i> , 2016, 34, 3011-3011.	1.6	98
47	Final results from a defibrotide treatmentâ€œIND study for patients with hepatic venoâ€œocclusive disease/sinusoidal obstruction syndrome. <i>British Journal of Haematology</i> , 2018, 181, 816-827.	2.5	95
48	Humanized CD19-Targeted Chimeric Antigen Receptor (CAR) T Cells in CAR-Naive and CAR-Exposed Children and Young Adults With Relapsed or Refractory Acute Lymphoblastic Leukemia. <i>Journal of Clinical Oncology</i> , 2021, 39, 3044-3055.	1.6	94
49	Toxicity management after chimeric antigen receptor T cell therapy: one size does not fit 'ALL'. <i>Nature Reviews Clinical Oncology</i> , 2018, 15, 218-218.	27.6	93
50	Blinatumomab Nonresponse and High-Disease Burden Are Associated With Inferior Outcomes After CD19-CAR for B-ALL. <i>Journal of Clinical Oncology</i> , 2022, 40, 932-944.	1.6	93
51	Relation of clinical culture method to T-cell memory status and efficacy in xenograft models of adoptive immunotherapy. <i>Cytotherapy</i> , 2014, 16, 619-630.	0.7	90
52	Antigen-independent activation enhances the efficacy of 4-1BB-costimulated CD22 CAR T cells. <i>Nature Medicine</i> , 2021, 27, 842-850.	30.7	88
53	Clinical utilization of Chimeric Antigen Receptor T-cells (CAR-T) in B-cell acute lymphoblastic leukemia (ALL)â€œ an expert opinion from the European Society for Blood and Marrow Transplantation (EBMT) and the American Society for Blood and Marrow Transplantation (ASBMT). <i>Bone Marrow Transplantation</i> , 2019, 54, 1868-1880.	2.4	86
54	Clinical Utilization of Chimeric Antigen Receptor T Cells in B Cell Acute Lymphoblastic Leukemia: An Expert Opinion from the European Society for Blood and Marrow Transplantation and the American Society for Transplantation and Cellular Therapy. <i>Biology of Blood and Marrow Transplantation</i> , 2019, 25, e76-e85.	2.0	85

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55	Integrative Bulk and Single-Cell Profiling of Premanufacture T-cell Populations Reveals Factors Mediating Long-Term Persistence of CAR T-cell Therapy. <i>Cancer Discovery</i> , 2021, 11, 2186-2199.	9.4	85
56	Tisagenlecleucel Model-Based Cellular Kinetic Analysis of Chimeric Antigen Receptor T Cells. <i>CPT: Pharmacometrics and Systems Pharmacology</i> , 2019, 8, 285-295.	2.5	83
57	Neurotoxicity after CTL019 in a pediatric and young adult cohort. <i>Annals of Neurology</i> , 2018, 84, 537-546.	5.3	82
58	Purification of mRNA Encoding Chimeric Antigen Receptor Is Critical for Generation of a Robust T-Cell Response. <i>Human Gene Therapy</i> , 2019, 30, 168-178.	2.7	81
59	More precisely defining risk peri-HCT in pediatric ALL: pre- vs post-MRD measures, serial positivity, and risk modeling. <i>Blood Advances</i> , 2019, 3, 3393-3405.	5.2	81
60	The effect of pembrolizumab in combination with CD19-targeted chimeric antigen receptor (CAR) T cells in relapsed acute lymphoblastic leukemia (ALL). <i>Journal of Clinical Oncology</i> , 2017, 35, 103-103.	1.6	80
61	Repeated loss of target surface antigen after immunotherapy in primary mediastinal large B cell lymphoma. <i>American Journal of Hematology</i> , 2017, 92, E11-E13.	4.1	78
62	CD19-targeting CAR T cell immunotherapy outcomes correlate with genomic modification by vector integration. <i>Journal of Clinical Investigation</i> , 2019, 130, 673-685.	8.2	78
63	Next-Generation Sequencing of Minimal Residual Disease for Predicting Relapse after Tisagenlecleucel in Children and Young Adults with Acute Lymphoblastic Leukemia. <i>Blood Cancer Discovery</i> , 2022, 3, 66-81.	5.0	70
64	Patient-reported quality of life after tisagenlecleucel infusion in children and young adults with relapsed or refractory B-cell acute lymphoblastic leukaemia: a global, single-arm, phase 2 trial. <i>Lancet Oncology</i> , 2019, 20, 1710-1718.	10.7	65
65	The MAGIC algorithm probability is a validated response biomarker of treatment of acute graft-versus-host disease. <i>Blood Advances</i> , 2019, 3, 4034-4042.	5.2	63
66	Single-cell antigen-specific landscape of CAR T infusion product identifies determinants of CD19-positive relapse in patients with ALL. <i>Science Advances</i> , 2022, 8, .	10.3	63
67	Nature of Tumor Control by Permanently and Transiently Modified GD2 Chimeric Antigen Receptor T Cells in Xenograft Models of Neuroblastoma. <i>Cancer Immunology Research</i> , 2014, 2, 1059-1070.	3.4	62
68	TNF-Receptor Inhibitor Therapy for the Treatment of Children with Idiopathic Pneumonia Syndrome. A Joint Pediatric Blood and Marrow Transplant Consortium and Children's Oncology Group Study (ASCT0521). <i>Biology of Blood and Marrow Transplantation</i> , 2015, 21, 67-73.	2.0	62
69	Retention of CD19 intron 2 contributes to CART-19 resistance in leukemias with subclonal frameshift mutations in CD19. <i>Leukemia</i> , 2020, 34, 1202-1207.	7.2	61
70	CAR T Cell Therapy in Acute Lymphoblastic Leukemia and Potential for Chronic Lymphocytic Leukemia. <i>Current Treatment Options in Oncology</i> , 2016, 17, 28.	3.0	60
71	Chimeric antigen receptor T-cell therapy for ALL. <i>Hematology American Society of Hematology Education Program</i> , 2014, 2014, 559-564.	2.5	58
72	Nonviral RNA chimeric antigen receptor-modified T cells in patients with Hodgkin lymphoma. <i>Blood</i> , 2018, 132, 1022-1026.	1.4	58

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73	Efficacy and Safety of CTL019 in the First US Phase II Multicenter Trial in Pediatric Relapsed/Refractory Acute Lymphoblastic Leukemia: Results of an Interim Analysis. <i>Blood</i> , 2016, 128, 2801-2801.	1.4	58
74	CD19-targeted chimeric antigen receptor T-cell therapy for CNS relapsed or refractory acute lymphocytic leukaemia: a post-hoc analysis of pooled data from five clinical trials. <i>Lancet Haematology</i> , 2021, 8, e711-e722.	4.6	57
75	Chimeric Antigen Receptor T Cell Therapy During the COVID-19 Pandemic. <i>Biology of Blood and Marrow Transplantation</i> , 2020, 26, 1239-1246.	2.0	56
76	CD19 Alterations Emerging after CD19-Directed Immunotherapy Cause Retention of the Misfolded Protein in the Endoplasmic Reticulum. <i>Molecular and Cellular Biology</i> , 2018, 38, .	2.3	55
77	Noninvasive bioluminescent imaging of primary patient acute lymphoblastic leukemia: a strategy for preclinical modeling. <i>Blood</i> , 2011, 118, e112-e117.	1.4	49
78	Defibrotide for Patients with Hepatic Venous Occlusive Disease/Sinusoidal Obstruction Syndrome: Interim Results from a Treatment IND Study. <i>Biology of Blood and Marrow Transplantation</i> , 2017, 23, 997-1004.	2.0	47
79	CAR-T cells: Early successes in blood cancer and challenges in solid tumors. <i>Acta Pharmaceutica Sinica B</i> , 2021, 11, 1129-1147.	12.0	47
80	Use of G-CSF in Matched Sibling Donor Pediatric Allogeneic Transplantation: A Consensus Statement from the Children's Oncology Group (COG) Transplant Discipline Committee and Pediatric Blood and Marrow Transplant Consortium (PBMTTC) Executive Committee. <i>Pediatric Blood and Cancer</i> , 2006, 46, 414-421.	1.5	46
81	Cytosine base editing enables quadruple-edited allogeneic CART cells for T-ALL. <i>Blood</i> , 2022, 140, 619-629.	1.4	45
82	Efficient Trafficking of Chimeric Antigen Receptor (CAR)-Modified T Cells to CSF and Induction of Durable CNS Remissions in Children with CNS/Combined Relapsed/Refractory ALL. <i>Blood</i> , 2015, 126, 3769-3769.	1.4	40
83	Adoptive Transfer of Autologous T Cells Improves T-cell Repertoire Diversity and Long-term B-cell Function in Pediatric Patients with Neuroblastoma. <i>Clinical Cancer Research</i> , 2012, 18, 6732-6741.	7.0	39
84	Impact of high-risk cytogenetics on outcomes for children and young adults receiving CD19-directed CAR-T-cell therapy. <i>Blood</i> , 2022, 139, 2173-2185.	1.4	39
85	CD34 selection as a stem cell purging strategy for neuroblastoma: Preclinical and clinical studies. <i>Medical and Pediatric Oncology</i> , 2000, 35, 677-682.	1.0	38
86	Randomized, Phase II Dose Optimization Study of Chimeric Antigen Receptor Modified T Cells Directed Against CD19 (CTL019) in Patients with Relapsed, Refractory CLL. <i>Blood</i> , 2014, 124, 1982-1982.	1.4	38
87	Rapid-sequence tandem transplant for children with high-risk neuroblastoma. <i>Medical and Pediatric Oncology</i> , 2000, 35, 696-700.	1.0	37
88	T cells targeting NY-ESO-1 demonstrate efficacy against disseminated neuroblastoma. <i>Oncology</i> , 2016, 5, e1040216.	4.6	37
89	Beyond the storm: subacute toxicities and late effects in children receiving CAR T cells. <i>Nature Reviews Clinical Oncology</i> , 2021, 18, 363-378.	27.6	37
90	Refractory Cytokine Release Syndrome in Recipients of Chimeric Antigen Receptor (CAR) T Cells. <i>Blood</i> , 2014, 124, 2296-2296.	1.4	37

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91	Prospective Evaluation of Radiation Dose Escalation in Patients With High-Risk Neuroblastoma and Gross Residual Disease After Surgery: A Report From the Children's Oncology Group ANBL0532 Study. <i>Journal of Clinical Oncology</i> , 2020, 38, 2741-2752.	1.6	36
92	Single agent and synergistic combinatorial efficacy of first-in-class small molecule imipridone ONC201 in hematological malignancies. <i>Cell Cycle</i> , 2018, 17, 468-478.	2.6	34
93	Safety and Efficacy of CTX001 in Patients with Transfusion-Dependent β -Thalassemia and Sickle Cell Disease: Early Results from the Climb THAL-111 and Climb SCD-121 Studies of Autologous CRISPR-CAS9-Modified CD34+ Hematopoietic Stem and Progenitor Cells. <i>Blood</i> , 2020, 136, 3-4.	1.4	34
94	Optimizing chimeric antigen receptor (CAR) T cell therapy for adult patients with relapsed or refractory (r/r) acute lymphoblastic leukemia (ALL).. <i>Journal of Clinical Oncology</i> , 2016, 34, 7002-7002.	1.6	32
95	Targeting the PI3K/AKT/mTOR Signaling Axis in Children with Hematologic Malignancies. <i>Paediatric Drugs</i> , 2012, 14, 299-316.	3.1	31
96	Single-cell multiomics dissection of basal and antigen-specific activation states of CD19-targeted CAR T cells. , 2021, 9, e002328.		31
97	A phase III randomized clinical trial (RCT) of tandem myeloablative autologous stem cell transplant (ASCT) using peripheral blood stem cell (PBSC) as consolidation therapy for high-risk neuroblastoma (HR-NB): A Children's Oncology Group (COG) study.. <i>Journal of Clinical Oncology</i> , 2016, 34, LBA3-LBA3.	1.6	31
98	Diagnostic biomarkers to differentiate sepsis from cytokine release syndrome in critically ill children. <i>Blood Advances</i> , 2020, 4, 5174-5183.	5.2	30
99	Subcutaneous immunoglobulin replacement following CD19-specific chimeric antigen receptor T cell therapy for B cell acute lymphoblastic leukemia in pediatric patients. <i>Pediatric Blood and Cancer</i> , 2020, 67, e28092.	1.5	29
100	Practical guidelines for monitoring and management of coagulopathy following tisagenlecleucel CAR T-cell therapy. <i>Blood Advances</i> , 2021, 5, 593-601.	5.2	28
101	Disease burden and conditioning regimens in ASCT1221, a randomized phase II trial in children with juvenile myelomonocytic leukemia: A Children's Oncology Group study. <i>Pediatric Blood and Cancer</i> , 2018, 65, e27034.	1.5	26
102	Absolute lymphocyte count proliferation kinetics after CAR T-cell infusion impact response and relapse. <i>Blood Advances</i> , 2021, 5, 2128-2136.	5.2	26
103	Beginning the CAR T cell therapy revolution in the US and EU. <i>Current Research in Translational Medicine</i> , 2018, 66, 62-64.	1.8	24
104	CAR T cell viability release testing and clinical outcomes: is there a lower limit?. <i>Blood</i> , 2019, 134, 1873-1875.	1.4	24
105	Pooled safety analysis of tisagenlecleucel in children and young adults with B cell acute lymphoblastic leukemia. , 2021, 9, e002287.		24
106	Interleukin 6 Is Not Made By Chimeric Antigen Receptor T Cells and Does Not Impact Their Function. <i>Blood</i> , 2016, 128, 654-654.	1.4	23
107	Potential Role of IFN γ Inhibition in Refractory Cytokine Release Syndrome Associated with CAR T-cell Therapy. <i>Blood Cancer Discovery</i> , 2022, 3, 90-94.	5.0	23
108	Adoptive Cellular Therapy. <i>Current Topics in Microbiology and Immunology</i> , 2010, 344, 149-172.	1.1	22

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109	Long-Term Functional Persistence, B Cell Aplasia and Anti-Leukemia Efficacy In Refractory B Cell Malignancies Following T Cell Immunotherapy Using CAR-Redirected T Cells Targeting CD19. <i>Blood</i> , 2013, 122, 163-163.	1.4	22
110	Efficacy and Safety of Humanized Chimeric Antigen Receptor (CAR)-Modified T Cells Targeting CD19 in Children with Relapsed/Refractory ALL. <i>Blood</i> , 2015, 126, 683-683.	1.4	22
111	Randomized, phase II dose optimization study of chimeric antigen receptor (CAR) modified T cells directed against CD19 in patients (pts) with relapsed, refractory (R/R) CLL. <i>Journal of Clinical Oncology</i> , 2016, 34, 3009-3009.	1.6	22
112	Will allogeneic CAR T cells for CD19+ malignancies take autologous CAR T cells "off the shelf"™?. <i>Nature Reviews Clinical Oncology</i> , 2021, 18, 195-196.	27.6	21
113	Tisagenlecleucel in pediatric and young adult patients with Down syndrome-associated relapsed/refractory acute lymphoblastic leukemia. <i>Leukemia</i> , 2022, 36, 1508-1515.	7.2	21
114	Neuroblastoma: Issues in Transplantation. <i>Biology of Blood and Marrow Transplantation</i> , 2012, 18, S92-S100.	2.0	20
115	Open label, non-randomized, multi-cohort pilot study of genetically engineered NY-ESO-1 specific NY-ESO-1^{c259}t in HLA-A2⁺ patients with synovial sarcoma (NCT01343043).. <i>Journal of Clinical Oncology</i> , 2017, 35, 3000-3000.	1.6	20
116	Inhibition of tumor growth in a human neuroblastoma xenograft model with TNP-470. <i>Medical and Pediatric Oncology</i> , 2000, 35, 673-676.	1.0	19
117	Collection, storage, and infusion of stem cells in children with high-risk neuroblastoma: Saving for a rainy day. <i>Pediatric Blood and Cancer</i> , 2006, 46, 719-722.	1.5	19
118	Cytokine Release Syndrome after Haploidentical Stem Cell Transplantation. <i>Biology of Blood and Marrow Transplantation</i> , 2016, 22, 1736-1737.	2.0	19
119	Tisagenlecleucel for the treatment of B-cell acute lymphoblastic leukemia. <i>Expert Review of Anticancer Therapy</i> , 2018, 18, 959-971.	2.4	19
120	Tacrolimus/Sirolimus Vs. Tacrolimus/Methotrexate for Graft-Vs.-Host Disease Prophylaxis After HLA-Matched, Related Donor Hematopoietic Stem Cell Transplantation: Results of Blood and Marrow Transplant Clinical Trials Network Trial 0402. <i>Blood</i> , 2012, 120, 739-739.	1.4	19
121	False-positive results with select HIV-1 NAT methods following lentivirus-based tisagenlecleucel therapy. <i>Blood</i> , 2018, 131, 2596-2598.	1.4	18
122	Dissecting the Tumor "Immune Landscape in Chimeric Antigen Receptor T-cell Therapy: Key Challenges and Opportunities for a Systems Immunology Approach. <i>Clinical Cancer Research</i> , 2020, 26, 3505-3513.	7.0	18
123	Veno-occlusive disease after high-dose busulfan "melphalan in neuroblastoma. <i>Bone Marrow Transplantation</i> , 2020, 55, 531-537.	2.4	17
124	A safety and feasibility trial of ¹³¹I "MIBG in newly diagnosed high-risk neuroblastoma: A Children's Oncology Group study. <i>Pediatric Blood and Cancer</i> , 2021, 68, e29117.	1.5	17
125	T Cells Engineered With a Chimeric Antigen Receptor (CAR) Targeting CD19 (CTL019) Produce Significant In Vivo Proliferation, Complete Responses and Long-Term Persistence Without Gvhd In Children and Adults With Relapsed, Refractory ALL. <i>Blood</i> , 2013, 122, 67-67.	1.4	17
126	Efficacy of humanized CD19-targeted chimeric antigen receptor (CAR)-modified T cells in children with relapsed ALL. <i>Journal of Clinical Oncology</i> , 2016, 34, 3007-3007.	1.6	17

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127	A phase III randomized clinical trial (RCT) of tandem myeloablative autologous stem cell transplant (ASCT) using peripheral blood stem cell (PBSC) as consolidation therapy for high-risk neuroblastoma (HR-NB): A Children's Oncology Group (COG) study.. Journal of Clinical Oncology, 2016, 34, LBA3-LBA3.	1.6	17
128	Comprehensive Serum Proteome Profiling of Cytokine Release Syndrome and Immune Effector Cell-Associated Neurotoxicity Syndrome Patients with B-Cell ALL Receiving CAR T19. Clinical Cancer Research, 2022, 28, 3804-3813.	7.0	17
129	Cars in Leukemia: Relapse with Antigen-Negative Leukemia Originating from a Single B Cell Expressing the Leukemia-Targeting CAR. Blood, 2016, 128, 281-281.	1.4	16
130	Effect of chimeric antigen receptor-modified T (CAR-T) cells on responses in children with non-CNS extramedullary relapse of CD19+ acute lymphoblastic leukemia (ALL).. Journal of Clinical Oncology, 2017, 35, 10507-10507.	1.6	16
131	Advances in T-cell therapy for ALL. Best Practice and Research in Clinical Haematology, 2014, 27, 222-228.	1.7	15
132	CD19-targeted chimeric antigen receptor (CAR) T cells in CNS relapsed acute lymphoblastic leukemia (ALL).. Journal of Clinical Oncology, 2020, 38, 10511-10511.	1.6	15
133	In Vivo Control of Acute Lymphoblastic Leukemia by Immunostimulatory CpG Oligonucleotides.. Blood, 2006, 108, 1868-1868.	1.4	15
134	Children's Oncology Group's 2013 blueprint for research: Stem cell transplantation. Pediatric Blood and Cancer, 2013, 60, 1044-1047.	1.5	14
135	Chimeric Antigen Receptor Modified T Cells Directed Against CD19 (CTL019 cells) Have Long-Term Persistence and Induce Durable Responses In Relapsed, Refractory CLL. Blood, 2013, 122, 4162-4162.	1.4	14
136	T Cells Engineered with a Chimeric Antigen Receptor (CAR) Targeting CD19 (CTL019) Have Long Term Persistence and Induce Durable Remissions in Children with Relapsed, Refractory ALL. Blood, 2014, 124, 380-380.	1.4	14
137	Roadblocks to success for RNA CARs in solid tumors. OncoImmunology, 2014, 3, e962974.	4.6	13
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