

Steven E Reis

List of Publications by Year in Descending Order

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The third column is the impact factor (IF) of the journal, and the fourth column is the number of citations of the article.

169 papers	11,861 citations	51 h-index	106 g-index
182 ext. papers	13,317 ext. citations	4.7 avg, IF	5.44 L-index

#	Paper	IF	Citations
169	Anemia and Long-term cardiovascular outcomes in women with suspected ischemia [The Women's Ischemia Syndrome Evaluation (WISE). <i>American Heart Journal Plus</i> , 2021 , 10, 100059		
168	Analysis of the Plasma Metabolome after Trauma, Novel Circulating Sphingolipid Signatures, and In-Hospital Outcomes. <i>Journal of the American College of Surgeons</i> , 2021 , 232, 276-287.e1	4.4	6
167	Usefulness of the American Heart Association's Ideal Cardiovascular Health Measure to Predict Long-term Major Adverse Cardiovascular Events (From the Heart SCORE Study). <i>American Journal of Cardiology</i> , 2021 , 138, 20-25	3	7
166	Risk factors for heart failure in women with ischemia and no obstructive coronary artery disease. <i>American Heart Journal Plus</i> , 2021 , 8, 100035		
165	Identifying Vulnerable Plaque in Rheumatoid Arthritis Using Novel Microbubble Contrast-Enhanced Carotid Ultrasonography and Serum Biomarkers. <i>Journal of Diagnostic Medical Sonography</i> , 2020 , 36, 300-310	0.4	
164	Not typical angina and mortality in women with obstructive coronary artery disease: Results from the Women's Ischemic Syndrome Evaluation study (WISE). <i>IJC Heart and Vasculature</i> , 2020 , 27, 100502	2.4	4
163	Noninvasive sublingual microvascular imaging reveals sex-specific reduction in glycocalyx barrier properties in patients with coronary artery disease. <i>Physiological Reports</i> , 2020 , 8, e14351	2.6	9
162	Association between cumulative social risk, particulate matter environmental pollutant exposure, and cardiovascular disease risk. <i>BMC Cardiovascular Disorders</i> , 2020 , 20, 76	2.3	2
161	Effect of vitamin D3 supplementation on vascular and metabolic health of vitamin D-deficient overweight and obese children: a randomized clinical trial. <i>American Journal of Clinical Nutrition</i> , 2020 , 111, 757-768	7	18
160	Lactation and Maternal Subclinical Atherosclerosis Among Women With and Without a History of Hypertensive Disorders of Pregnancy. <i>Journal of Women's Health</i> , 2020 , 29, 789-798	3	6
159	Predicted Versus Observed Major Adverse Cardiac Event Risk in Women With Evidence of Ischemia and No Obstructive Coronary Artery Disease: A Report From WISE (Women's Ischemia Syndrome Evaluation). <i>Journal of the American Heart Association</i> , 2020 , 9, e013234	6	6
158	Wide QRS Tachycardia in a Man With a Medical History of Atrial Fibrillation. <i>JAMA Internal Medicine</i> , 2019 , 179, 567-569	11.5	3
157	Impact of Abnormal Coronary Reactivity on Long-Term Clinical Outcomes in Women. <i>Journal of the American College of Cardiology</i> , 2019 , 73, 684-693	15.1	88
156	Additional Questions Regarding Wide QRS Tachycardia and Atrial Fibrillation-Reply. <i>JAMA Internal Medicine</i> , 2019 , 179, 1731-1732	11.5	
155	Association of obstructive sleep apnea with microvascular endothelial dysfunction and subclinical coronary artery disease in a community-based population. <i>Vascular Medicine</i> , 2018 , 23, 331-339	3.3	24
154	Particulate Matter Air Pollution and Racial Differences in Cardiovascular Disease Risk. <i>Arteriosclerosis, Thrombosis, and Vascular Biology</i> , 2018 , 38, 935-942	9.4	36
153	Ideal Cardiovascular Health Metrics in Couples: A Community-Based Study. <i>Journal of the American Heart Association</i> , 2018 , 7,	6	7

152	IC-P-210: COMPARISON OF IN VIVO [F-18]AV-1451 OFF-TARGET RETENTION IN AFRICAN-AMERICANS AND CAUCASIANS 2018 , 14, P173-P173		
151	Weight cycling and cardiovascular outcome in women with suspected ischemia: A report from the NHLBI-sponsored WISE Study. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2018 , 13, e0207223	3.7	1
150	P1-429: COMPARISON OF IN VIVO [F-18]AV-1451 OFF-TARGET RETENTION IN AFRICAN AMERICANS AND CAUCASIANS 2018 , 14, P473-P473		
149	Accrual to Clinical Trials (ACT): A Clinical and Translational Science Award Consortium Network. <i>JAMIA Open</i> , 2018 , 1, 147-152	2.9	46
148	Association between ideal cardiovascular health and markers of subclinical cardiovascular disease. <i>Clinical Cardiology</i> , 2018 , 41, 1593-1599	3.3	17
147	Migraine Headache and Long-Term Cardiovascular Outcomes: An Extended Follow-Up of the Women's Ischemia Syndrome Evaluation. <i>American Journal of Medicine</i> , 2017 , 130, 738-743	2.4	24
146	Association of remote ischemic peri-conditioning with reduced incidence of clinical heart failure after primary percutaneous coronary intervention. <i>Cardiovascular Revascularization Medicine</i> , 2017 , 18, 105-109	1.6	8
145	Variants on chromosome 4q21 near PKD2 and SIBLINGs are associated with dental caries. <i>Journal of Human Genetics</i> , 2017 , 62, 491-496	4.3	8
144	Cardiorespiratory Fitness Is Associated with Gait Changes among Firefighters after a Live Burn Training Evolution. <i>Safety and Health at Work</i> , 2017 , 8, 183-188	4	4
143	Menopausal symptoms and cardiovascular disease mortality in the Women's Ischemia Syndrome Evaluation (WISE). <i>Menopause</i> , 2017 , 24, 126-132	2.5	36
142	The Pitt Innovation Challenge (PInCh): Driving Innovation in Translational Research Through an Incentive-Based, Problem-Focused Competition. <i>Academic Medicine</i> , 2017 , 92, 671-675	3.9	2
141	Inflammatory biomarkers as predictors of heart failure in women without obstructive coronary artery disease: A report from the NHLBI-sponsored Women's Ischemia Syndrome Evaluation (WISE). <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2017 , 12, e0177684	3.7	32
140	Sudden Cardiac Death in Women With Suspected Ischemic Heart Disease, Preserved Ejection Fraction, and No Obstructive Coronary Artery Disease: A Report From the Women's Ischemia Syndrome Evaluation Study. <i>Journal of the American Heart Association</i> , 2017 , 6,	6	13
139	Differences in Hospital Risk-standardized Mortality Rates for Acute Myocardial Infarction When Assessed Using Transferred and Nontransferred Patients. <i>Medical Care</i> , 2017 , 55, 476-482	3.1	10
138	Association of cumulative social risk with mortality and adverse cardiovascular disease outcomes. <i>BMC Cardiovascular Disorders</i> , 2017 , 17, 110	2.3	12
137	Cardiovascular Disease and 10-Year Mortality in Postmenopausal Women with Clinical Features of Polycystic Ovary Syndrome. <i>Journal of Women's Health</i> , 2016 , 25, 875-81	3	46
136	Renal Protection Using Remote Ischemic Peri-Conditioning During Inter-Facility Helicopter Transport of Patients With ST-Segment Elevation Myocardial Infarction: A Retrospective Study. <i>Journal of Interventional Cardiology</i> , 2016 , 29, 603-611	1.8	7
135	Effect of Two Work-to-Rest Ratios on Cardiovascular, Thermal, and Perceptual Responses During Fire Suppression and Recovery. <i>Prehospital Emergency Care</i> , 2016 , 20, 681-687	2.8	12

134	Pilot Study Examining the Effects of Atropine on Performance during Uncompensable Heat Stress. <i>Prehospital Emergency Care</i> , 2016 , 20, 283-91	2.8	1
133	Endothelial Dysfunction and Racial Disparities in Mortality and Adverse Cardiovascular Disease Outcomes. <i>Clinical Cardiology</i> , 2016 , 39, 338-44	3.3	12
132	Effects of Low-Dose Aspirin Therapy on Thermoregulation in Firefighters. <i>Safety and Health at Work</i> , 2015 , 6, 256-62	4	1
131	Impact of race and obesity on arterial endothelial dysfunction associated with sleep apnea: Results from the Heart SCORE study. <i>International Journal of Cardiology</i> , 2015 , 201, 476-8	3.2	5
130	Assessing Longitudinal Invariance of the Center for Epidemiologic Studies-Depression Scale Among Middle-Aged and Older Adults. <i>Journal of Nursing Measurement</i> , 2015 , 23, 302-14	0.5	5
129	Electrocardiographic Responses During Fire Suppression and Recovery Among Experienced Firefighters. <i>Journal of Occupational and Environmental Medicine</i> , 2015 , 57, 938-42	2	18
128	African Genetic Ancestry is Associated with Sleep Depth in Older African Americans. <i>Sleep</i> , 2015 , 38, 1185-93	1.1	26
127	Effect of aspirin on acute changes in peripheral arterial stiffness and endothelial function following exertional heat stress in firefighters: The factorial group results of the Enhanced Firefighter Rehab Trial. <i>Vascular Medicine</i> , 2015 , 20, 230-6	3.3	2
126	The effects of ice slurry ingestion before exertion in Wildland firefighting gear. <i>Prehospital Emergency Care</i> , 2015 , 19, 241-6	2.8	17
125	Effects of enamel matrix genes on dental caries are moderated by fluoride exposures. <i>Human Genetics</i> , 2015 , 134, 159-67	6.3	27
124	Comparison of long-term safety and efficacy outcomes after drug-eluting and bare-metal stent use across racial groups: Insights from NHLBI Dynamic Registry. <i>International Journal of Cardiology</i> , 2015 , 184, 79-85	3.2	7
123	Relation of obstructive sleep apnea to coronary artery calcium in non-obese versus obese men and women aged 45-75 years. <i>American Journal of Cardiology</i> , 2014 , 114, 1690-4	3	21
122	Traditional and nontraditional cardiovascular risk factors in comorbid insomnia and sleep apnea. <i>Sleep</i> , 2014 , 37, 593-600	1.1	23
121	A randomized controlled trial of aspirin and exertional heat stress activation of platelets in firefighters during exertion in thermal protective clothing. <i>Prehospital Emergency Care</i> , 2014 , 18, 359-67 ^{2.8}	2.8	22
120	The effect of prolonged light intensity exercise in the heat on executive function. <i>Wilderness and Environmental Medicine</i> , 2013 , 24, 203-10	1.4	13
119	Relationship among low cholesterol levels, depressive symptoms, aggression, hostility, and cynicism. <i>Journal of Clinical Lipidology</i> , 2013 , 7, 208-16	4.9	25
118	Sociodemographic, clinical, and psychological factors associated with attrition in a prospective study of cardiovascular prevention: the Heart Strategies Concentrating on Risk Evaluation study. <i>Annals of Epidemiology</i> , 2013 , 23, 328-33	6.4	20
117	What does it cost to prevent on-duty firefighter cardiac events? A content valid method for calculating costs. <i>Advances in Preventive Medicine</i> , 2013 , 2013, 972724	1.7	4

116	The sharing partnership for innovative research in translation (SPIRiT) consortium: a model for collaboration across CTSA sites. <i>Clinical and Translational Science</i> , 2013 , 6, 85-7	4.9	4
115	Brachial artery constriction during brachial artery reactivity testing predicts major adverse clinical outcomes in women with suspected myocardial ischemia: results from the NHLBI-sponsored women's ischemia Syndrome Evaluation (WISE) Study. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2013 , 8, e74585	3.7	8
114	Left Ventricular Energy Model Predicts Adverse Events in Women With Suspected Myocardial Ischemia: Results From The NHLBI-Sponsored Women's Ischemia Syndrome Evaluation (WISE) Study. <i>Cardiovascular Diagnosis and Therapy</i> , 2013 , 3, 64-72	2.6	10
113	Biogeographic ancestry, self-identified race, and admixture-phenotype associations in the Heart SCORE Study. <i>American Journal of Epidemiology</i> , 2012 , 176, 146-55	3.8	21
112	Sleep apnea is related to the atherogenic phenotype, lipoprotein subclass B. <i>Journal of Clinical Sleep Medicine</i> , 2012 , 8, 155-61	3.1	15
111	Resistant hypertension and obstructive sleep apnea in the setting of kidney disease. <i>Journal of Hypertension</i> , 2012 , 30, 960-966	1.9	43
110	Cognitive function following treadmill exercise in thermal protective clothing. <i>European Journal of Applied Physiology</i> , 2012 , 112, 1733-40	3.4	45
109	Estimating core temperature with external devices after exertional heat stress in thermal protective clothing. <i>Prehospital Emergency Care</i> , 2012 , 16, 136-41	2.8	28
108	Use of thermal imagery for estimation of core body temperature during precooling, exertion, and recovery in wildland firefighter protective clothing. <i>Prehospital Emergency Care</i> , 2012 , 16, 390-9	2.8	20
107	Gene-centric meta-analysis of lipid traits in African, East Asian and Hispanic populations. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2012 , 7, e50198	3.7	37
106	Timing of hormone therapy, type of menopause, and coronary disease in women: data from the National Heart, Lung, and Blood Institute-sponsored Women's Ischemia Syndrome Evaluation. <i>Menopause</i> , 2011 , 18, 943-50	2.5	22
105	Unfair treatment is associated with poor sleep in African American and Caucasian adults: Pittsburgh SleepSCORE project. <i>Health Psychology</i> , 2011 , 30, 351-9	5	69
104	Associations of Framingham risk score profile and coronary artery calcification with sleep characteristics in middle-aged men and women: Pittsburgh SleepSCORE study. <i>Sleep</i> , 2011 , 34, 711-6	1.1	32
103	Comparison of bare-metal and drug-eluting stents in patients with chronic kidney disease (from the NHLBI Dynamic Registry). <i>American Journal of Cardiology</i> , 2011 , 108, 1658-64	3	27
102	A comparison of cooling techniques in firefighters after a live burn evolution. <i>Prehospital Emergency Care</i> , 2011 , 15, 226-32	2.8	63
101	Low prevalence of "ideal cardiovascular health" in a community-based population: the heart strategies concentrating on risk evaluation (Heart SCORE) study. <i>Circulation</i> , 2011 , 123, 850-7	16.7	164
100	Association of anti-oxidized LDL and candidate genes with severity of coronary stenosis in the Women's Ischemia Syndrome Evaluation study. <i>Journal of Lipid Research</i> , 2011 , 52, 801-7	6.3	32
99	Napping, Nighttime Sleep, and Cardiovascular Risk Factors in Mid-Life Adults. <i>Journal of Clinical Sleep Medicine</i> , 2010 , 06, 330-335	3.1	49

98	Comparison of active cooling devices with passive cooling for rehabilitation of firefighters performing exercise in thermal protective clothing: a report from the Fireground Rehab Evaluation (FIRE) trial. <i>Prehospital Emergency Care</i> , 2010 , 14, 300-9	2.8	68
97	Comparison of rehydration regimens for rehabilitation of firefighters performing heavy exercise in thermal protective clothing: a report from the fireground rehab evaluation (FIRE) trial. <i>Prehospital Emergency Care</i> , 2010 , 14, 194-201	2.8	35
96	Update of the National Surgical Adjuvant Breast and Bowel Project Study of Tamoxifen and Raloxifene (STAR) P-2 Trial: Preventing breast cancer. <i>Cancer Prevention Research</i> , 2010 , 3, 696-706	3.2	473
95	Acute physiologic effects of secondhand smoke exposure in children. <i>Nicotine and Tobacco Research</i> , 2010 , 12, 708-14	4.9	1
94	Black race is associated with digital artery endothelial dysfunction: results from the Heart SCORE study. <i>European Heart Journal</i> , 2010 , 31, 2808-15	9.5	33
93	The Ebpoid receptor variant N190K is unresponsive to peptide agonists yet can be rescued by small-molecule drugs. <i>Molecular Pharmacology</i> , 2010 , 78, 837-45	4.3	18
92	Coronary microvascular reactivity to adenosine predicts adverse outcome in women evaluated for suspected ischemia results from the National Heart, Lung and Blood Institute WISE (Women's Ischemia Syndrome Evaluation) study. <i>Journal of the American College of Cardiology</i> , 2010 , 55, 2825-32	15.1	483
91	Prognostic value of global MR myocardial perfusion imaging in women with suspected myocardial ischemia and no obstructive coronary disease: results from the NHLBI-sponsored WISE (Women's Ischemia Syndrome Evaluation) study. <i>JACC: Cardiovascular Imaging</i> , 2010 , 3, 1030-6	8.4	71
90	Reengineering the national clinical and translational research enterprise: the strategic plan of the National Clinical and Translational Science Awards Consortium. <i>Academic Medicine</i> , 2010 , 85, 463-9	3.9	56
89	Social integration, social contacts, and blood pressure dipping in African-Americans and whites. <i>Journal of Hypertension</i> , 2010 , 28, 265-71	1.9	26
88	Low life purpose and high hostility are related to an attenuated decline in nocturnal blood pressure. <i>Health Psychology</i> , 2010 , 29, 196-204	5	24
87	Sleep symptoms predict the development of the metabolic syndrome. <i>Sleep</i> , 2010 , 33, 1633-40	1.1	157
86	Little ROCK is a ROCK1 pseudogene expressed in human smooth muscle cells. <i>BMC Genetics</i> , 2010 , 11, 22	2.6	2
85	Napping, nighttime sleep, and cardiovascular risk factors in mid-life adults. <i>Journal of Clinical Sleep Medicine</i> , 2010 , 6, 330-5	3.1	28
84	Coronary vasospasm and atrial fibrillation associated with ondansetron therapy. <i>Annals of Pharmacotherapy</i> , 2009 , 43, 532-6	2.9	25
83	Intra-individual variability in sleep duration and fragmentation: associations with stress. <i>Psychoneuroendocrinology</i> , 2009 , 34, 1346-54	5	158
82	The effect of hyperhydration on physiological and perceived strain during treadmill exercise in personal protective equipment. <i>European Journal of Applied Physiology</i> , 2009 , 105, 607-13	3.4	36
81	Multimarker approach predicts adverse cardiovascular events in women evaluated for suspected ischemia: results from the National Heart, Lung, and Blood Institute-sponsored Women's Ischemia Syndrome Evaluation. <i>Clinical Cardiology</i> , 2009 , 32, 244-50	3.3	16

80	Quadricuspid aortic valve: an unusual echocardiographic finding and a review of the literature. <i>International Journal of Cardiology</i> , 2009 , 132, e68-71	3.2	7
79	Total estrogen time and obstructive coronary disease in women: insights from the NHLBI-sponsored Women's Ischemia Syndrome Evaluation (WISE). <i>Journal of Women's Health</i> , 2009 , 18, 1315-22	3	25
78	Crossing the research valleys of death: the University of Pittsburgh approach. <i>Clinical and Translational Science</i> , 2008 , 1, 9-10	4.9	14
77	Population variations in atherogenic dyslipidemia: A report from the HeartSCORE and IndiaSCORE Studies. <i>Journal of Clinical Lipidology</i> , 2008 , 2, 410-7	4.9	11
76	Blood pressure dipping and sleep disturbance in African-American and Caucasian men and women. <i>American Journal of Hypertension</i> , 2008 , 21, 826-31	2.3	73
75	Postmenopausal women with a history of irregular menses and elevated androgen measurements at high risk for worsening cardiovascular event-free survival: results from the National Institutes of Health--National Heart, Lung, and Blood Institute sponsored Women's Ischemia Syndrome	5.6	360
74	Importance of socioeconomic status as a predictor of cardiovascular outcome and costs of care in women with suspected myocardial ischemia. Results from the National Institutes of Health, National Heart, Lung and Blood Institute-sponsored Women's Ischemia Syndrome Evaluation (WISE). <i>Journal of Women's Health</i> , 2008 , 17, 1081-92	3	35
73	Social networks and incident stroke among women with suspected myocardial ischemia. <i>Psychosomatic Medicine</i> , 2008 , 70, 282-7	3.7	61
72	Influence of race and socioeconomic status on sleep: Pittsburgh SleepSCORE project. <i>Psychosomatic Medicine</i> , 2008 , 70, 410-6	3.7	200
71	Relationships between the Pittsburgh Sleep Quality Index (PSQI), Epworth Sleepiness Scale (ESS), and clinical/polysomnographic measures in a community sample. <i>Journal of Clinical Sleep Medicine</i> , 2008 , 4, 563-71	3.1	244
70	Depression, inflammation, and incident cardiovascular disease in women with suspected coronary ischemia: the National Heart, Lung, and Blood Institute-sponsored WISE study. <i>Journal of the American College of Cardiology</i> , 2007 , 50, 2044-50	15.1	204
69	Coronary microvascular reactivity is only partially predicted by atherosclerosis risk factors or coronary artery disease in women evaluated for suspected ischemia: results from the NHLBI Women's Ischemia Syndrome Evaluation (WISE). <i>Clinical Cardiology</i> , 2007 , 30, 69-74	3.3	68
68	Phytoestrogens and coronary microvascular function in women with suspected myocardial ischemia: a report from the Women's Ischemia Syndrome Evaluation (WISE) Study. <i>Journal of Women's Health</i> , 2007 , 16, 481-8	3	6
67	Racial differences in coronary artery calcification are not attributed to differences in lipoprotein particle sizes: the Heart Strategies Concentrating on Risk Evaluation (Heart SCORE) Study. <i>American Heart Journal</i> , 2007 , 153, 328-34	4.9	38
66	Predictors of significant short-term increases in blood pressure in a community-based population. <i>American Journal of Medicine</i> , 2007 , 120, 960-7	2.4	17
65	The economic burden of angina in women with suspected ischemic heart disease: results from the National Institutes of Health--National Heart, Lung, and Blood Institute--sponsored Women's Ischemia Syndrome Evaluation. <i>Circulation</i> , 2006 , 114, 894-904	16.7	235
64	Phytoestrogens and lipoproteins in women. <i>Journal of Clinical Endocrinology and Metabolism</i> , 2006 , 91, 2209-13	5.6	23
63	Effects of tamoxifen vs raloxifene on the risk of developing invasive breast cancer and other disease outcomes: the NSABP Study of Tamoxifen and Raloxifene (STAR) P-2 trial. <i>JAMA - Journal of the American Medical Association</i> , 2006 , 295, 2727-41	27.4	1241

62	Screening children to identify families at increased risk for cardiovascular disease. <i>Pediatrics</i> , 2006 , 118, e1789-97	7.4	37
61	Obesity distribution and reproductive hormone levels in women: a report from the NHLBI-sponsored WISE Study. <i>Journal of Women's Health</i> , 2006 , 15, 836-42	3	20
60	Insights from the NHLBI-Sponsored Women's Ischemia Syndrome Evaluation (WISE) Study: Part II: gender differences in presentation, diagnosis, and outcome with regard to gender-based pathophysiology of atherosclerosis and macrovascular and microvascular coronary disease. <i>Journal of the American College of Cardiology</i> , 2006 , 47, S21-9	15.1	573
59	Insights from the NHLBI-Sponsored Women's Ischemia Syndrome Evaluation (WISE) Study: Part I: gender differences in traditional and novel risk factors, symptom evaluation, and gender-optimized diagnostic strategies. <i>Journal of the American College of Cardiology</i> , 2006 , 47, S4-S20	15.1	516
58	Hypertension, menopause, and coronary artery disease risk in the Women's Ischemia Syndrome Evaluation (WISE) Study. <i>Journal of the American College of Cardiology</i> , 2006 , 47, S50-8	15.1	76
57	The value of estimated functional capacity in estimating outcome: results from the NHLBI-Sponsored Women's Ischemia Syndrome Evaluation (WISE) Study. <i>Journal of the American College of Cardiology</i> , 2006 , 47, S36-43	15.1	104
56	Impaired coronary vascular reactivity and functional capacity in women: results from the NHLBI Women's Ischemia Syndrome Evaluation (WISE) Study. <i>Journal of the American College of Cardiology</i> , 2006 , 47, S44-9	15.1	34
55	Past oral contraceptive use and angiographic coronary artery disease in postmenopausal women: data from the National Heart, Lung, and Blood Institute-sponsored Women's Ischemia Syndrome Evaluation. <i>Fertility and Sterility</i> , 2006 , 85, 1425-31	4.8	58
54	Depression symptom severity and reported treatment history in the prediction of cardiac risk in women with suspected myocardial ischemia: The NHLBI-sponsored WISE study. <i>Archives of General Psychiatry</i> , 2006 , 63, 874-80		68
53	Depression is associated with cardiac symptoms, mortality risk, and hospitalization among women with suspected coronary disease: the NHLBI-sponsored WISE study. <i>Psychosomatic Medicine</i> , 2006 , 68, 217-23	3.7	38
52	Persistent chest pain predicts cardiovascular events in women without obstructive coronary artery disease: results from the NIH-NHLBI-sponsored Women's Ischemia Syndrome Evaluation (WISE) study. <i>European Heart Journal</i> , 2006 , 27, 1408-15	9.5	197
51	Inflammation, endothelial cell activation, and coronary microvascular dysfunction in women with chest pain and no obstructive coronary artery disease. <i>American Heart Journal</i> , 2005 , 150, 109-15	4.9	26
50	Global inflammation predicts cardiovascular risk in women: a report from the Women's Ischemia Syndrome Evaluation (WISE) study. <i>American Heart Journal</i> , 2005 , 150, 900-6	4.9	51
49	Electrocardiographic predictors of cardiovascular outcome in women: the National Heart, Lung, and Blood Institute-sponsored Women's Ischemia Syndrome Evaluation (WISE) study. <i>Journal of the American College of Cardiology</i> , 2005 , 46, 51-6	15.1	53
48	Clinical importance of obesity versus the metabolic syndrome in cardiovascular risk in women: a report from the Women's Ischemia Syndrome Evaluation (WISE) study. <i>Circulation</i> , 2004 , 109, 706-13	16.7	302
47	Serum amyloid A as a predictor of coronary artery disease and cardiovascular outcome in women: the National Heart, Lung, and Blood Institute-Sponsored Women's Ischemia Syndrome Evaluation (WISE). <i>Circulation</i> , 2004 , 109, 726-32	16.7	319
46	Metabolic syndrome modifies the cardiovascular risk associated with angiographic coronary artery disease in women: a report from the Women's Ischemia Syndrome Evaluation. <i>Circulation</i> , 2004 , 109, 714-21	16.7	199
45	Determination of menopausal status in women: the NHLBI-sponsored Women's Ischemia Syndrome Evaluation (WISE) Study. <i>Journal of Women's Health</i> , 2004 , 13, 872-87	3	58

44	Hormone replacement, race, and psychological health in women: a report from the NHLBI-Sponsored WISE Study. <i>Journal of Women's Health</i> , 2004 , 13, 325-32	3	10
43	Hemoglobin level is an independent predictor for adverse cardiovascular outcomes in women undergoing evaluation for chest pain: results from the National Heart, Lung, and Blood Institute Women's Ischemia Syndrome Evaluation Study. <i>Journal of the American College of Cardiology</i> , 2004 , 43, 888-894	15.1	82
42	Validation of the accuracy of pretest and exercise test scores in women with a low prevalence of coronary disease: the NHLBI-sponsored Women's Ischemia Syndrome Evaluation (WISE) study. <i>American Heart Journal</i> , 2004 , 147, 1085-92	4.9	15
41	Relationship of physical fitness vs body mass index with coronary artery disease and cardiovascular events in women. <i>JAMA - Journal of the American Medical Association</i> , 2004 , 292, 1179-87	27.4	237
40	Social networks are associated with lower mortality rates among women with suspected coronary disease: the National Heart, Lung, and Blood Institute-Sponsored Women's Ischemia Syndrome Evaluation study. <i>Psychosomatic Medicine</i> , 2004 , 66, 882-8	3.7	80
39	Socioeconomic status variables predict cardiovascular disease risk factors and prospective mortality risk among women with chest pain. The WISE Study. <i>Behavior Modification</i> , 2003 , 27, 54-67	2.5	29
38	APOE polymorphism and angiographic coronary artery disease severity in the Women's Ischemia Syndrome Evaluation (WISE) study. <i>Atherosclerosis</i> , 2003 , 169, 159-67	3.1	37
37	Hypoestrogenemia of hypothalamic origin and coronary artery disease in premenopausal women: a report from the NHLBI-sponsored WISE study. <i>Journal of the American College of Cardiology</i> , 2003 , 41, 413-9	15.1	172
36	Heterogeneity of microvascular dysfunction in women with chest pain not attributable to coronary artery disease: implications for clinical practice. <i>American Heart Journal</i> , 2003 , 145, 628-35	4.9	49
35	Association between the severity of angiographic coronary artery disease and paraoxonase gene polymorphisms in the National Heart, Lung, and Blood Institute-sponsored Women's Ischemia Syndrome Evaluation (WISE) study. <i>American Journal of Human Genetics</i> , 2003 , 72, 13-22	11	104
34	Genetic variation in lectin-like oxidized low-density lipoprotein receptor 1 (LOX1) gene and the risk of coronary artery disease. <i>Circulation</i> , 2003 , 107, 3146-51	16.7	76
33	Electrocardiogram abnormalities predict angiographic coronary artery disease in women with chest pain: results from the NHLBI WISE Study. <i>Clinical Cardiology</i> , 2002 , 25, 553-8	3.3	6
32	Mild renal insufficiency is associated with angiographic coronary artery disease in women. <i>Circulation</i> , 2002 , 105, 2826-9	16.7	95
31	A comparison of tibolone and hormone replacement therapy on coronary artery and myocardial function in ovariectomized atherosclerotic monkeys. <i>Menopause</i> , 2002 , 9, 41-51	2.5	22
30	Cholesterol-lowering medication, cholesterol level, and reproductive hormones in women: the Women's Ischemia Syndrome Evaluation (WISE). <i>American Journal of Medicine</i> , 2002 , 113, 723-7	2.4	18
29	Effects of acute hormone therapy on recurrent ischemia in postmenopausal women with unstable angina. <i>Journal of the American College of Cardiology</i> , 2002 , 39, 231-7	15.1	47
28	Large brachial artery diameter is associated with angiographic coronary artery disease in women. <i>American Heart Journal</i> , 2002 , 143, 802-7	4.9	65
27	Detailed angiographic analysis of women with suspected ischemic chest pain (pilot phase data from the NHLBI-sponsored Women's Ischemia Syndrome Evaluation [WISE] Study Angiographic Core Laboratory). <i>American Journal of Cardiology</i> , 2001 , 87, 937-41; A3	3	213

26	Estrogens, progestins, selective estrogen receptor modulators, and the arterial tree. <i>American Journal of Obstetrics and Gynecology</i> , 2001 , 184, 1031-9	6.4	7
25	Cardiovascular effects of tamoxifen in women with and without heart disease: breast cancer prevention trial. National Surgical Adjuvant Breast and Bowel Project Breast Cancer Prevention Trial Investigators. <i>Journal of the National Cancer Institute</i> , 2001 , 93, 16-21	9.7	123
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