## Benjamin J Cairns

List of Publications by Year in descending order

Source: https://exaly.com/author-pdf/1434548/publications.pdf

Version: 2024-02-01

65 4,779 31 papers citations h-index

l 64
dex g-index

66 66 all docs citations

66 times ranked 10901 citing authors

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
1	Body size in early life and the risk of postmenopausal breast cancer. BMC Cancer, 2022, 22, 232.	1.1	4
2	The Associations Between Seven Different Types of Physical Activity and the Incidence of Fracture at Seven Sites in Healthy Postmenopausal UK Women. Journal of Bone and Mineral Research, 2020, 35, 277-290.	3.1	11
3	Association of <i>FADS1/2</i> Locus Variants and Polyunsaturated Fatty Acids With Aortic Stenosis. JAMA Cardiology, 2020, 5, 694.	3.0	32
4	BMI and Causeâ€Specific Hospital Admissions and Costs: The UK Biobank Cohort Study. Obesity, 2020, 28, 1332-1341.	1.5	9
5	Cohort Profile: the Million Women Study. International Journal of Epidemiology, 2019, 48, 28-29e.	0.9	46
6	Adult cancer risk in women who were breastfed as infants: large UK prospective study. European Journal of Epidemiology, 2019, 34, 863-870.	<b>2.</b> 5	9
7	Understanding the relation between BMI and mortality. BMJ: British Medical Journal, 2019, 364, I1219.	2.4	4
8	Body mass index and use and costs of primary care services among women aged 55–79 years in England: a cohort and linked data study. International Journal of Obesity, 2019, 43, 1839-1848.	1.6	11
9	Cancer risk among 21st century blood transfusion recipients. Annals of Oncology, 2017, 28, 393-399.	0.6	19
10	Clinical information has low sensitivity for postmortem diagnosis of heart valve disease. Heart, 2017, 103, 1031-1035.	1.2	12
11	Hospital costs in relation to body-mass index in $1\hat{\text{A}}\cdot 1$ million women in England: a prospective cohort study. Lancet Public Health, The, 2017, 2, e214-e222.	4.7	30
12	Antidepressants, Depression, and Venous Thromboembolism Risk: Large Prospective Study of UK Women. Journal of the American Heart Association, 2017, 6, .	1.6	36
13	Body mass index and healthcare costs: a systematic literature review of individual participant data studies. Obesity Reviews, 2017, 18, 869-879.	3.1	91
14	Association between physical activity and body fat percentage, with adjustment for BMI: a large cross-sectional analysis of UK Biobank. BMJ Open, 2017, 7, e011843.	0.8	98
15	A Replicated, Genome-Wide Significant Association of Aortic Stenosis With a Genetic Variant for Lipoprotein(a). Circulation, 2017, 135, 1181-1183.	1.6	45
16	Hypertension in pregnancy and risk of coronary heart disease and stroke: A prospective study in a large UK cohort. International Journal of Cardiology, 2016, 222, 1012-1018.	0.8	40
17	Body size in early life and risk of lymphoid malignancies and histological subtypes in adulthood. International Journal of Cancer, 2016, 139, 42-49.	2.3	10
18	The Effects of Age, Adiposity, and Physical Activity on the Risk of Seven Site-Specific Fractures in Postmenopausal Women. Journal of Bone and Mineral Research, 2016, 31, 1559-1568.	3.1	46

#	Article	IF	Citations
19	Relationship of Height to Site-Specific Fracture Risk in Postmenopausal Women. Journal of Bone and Mineral Research, 2016, 31, 725-731.	3.1	23
20	Body-mass index and all-cause mortality: individual-participant-data meta-analysis of 239 prospective studies in four continents. Lancet, The, 2016, 388, 776-786.	6.3	1,793
21	The role of health-related behavioural factors in accounting for inequalities in coronary heart disease risk by education and area deprivation: prospective study of $1.2$ million UK women. BMC Medicine, $2016$ , $14$ , $145$ .	2.3	35
22	Social participation and coronary heart disease risk in a large prospective study of UK women. European Journal of Preventive Cardiology, 2016, 23, 995-1002.	0.8	10
23	The modern epidemiology of heart valve disease. Heart, 2016, 102, 75-85.	1.2	214
24	Validity over time of self-reported anthropometric variables during follow-up of a large cohort of UK women. BMC Medical Research Methodology, 2015, 15, 81.	1.4	51
25	Response to Letter Regarding Article, "Frequent Physical Activity May Not Reduce Vascular Disease Risk as Much as Moderate Activity: Large Prospective Study of Women in the United Kingdom― Circulation, 2015, 132, e225.	1.6	5
26	Age at Menarche and Risks of Coronary Heart and Other Vascular Diseases in a Large UK Cohort. Circulation, 2015, 131, 237-244.	1.6	196
27	Cancer and high body-mass index: global burden, global effort?. Lancet Oncology, The, 2015, 16, 3-4.	5.1	5
28	Tea and coffee and risk of endometrial cancer: cohort study and meta-analysis. American Journal of Clinical Nutrition, 2015, 101, 570-578.	2.2	44
29	Frequent Physical Activity May Not Reduce Vascular Disease Risk as Much as Moderate Activity. Circulation, 2015, 131, 721-729.	1.6	170
30	Variations in vascular mortality trends, 2001–2010, among 1.3 million women with different lifestyle risk factors for the disease. European Journal of Preventive Cardiology, 2015, 22, 1626-1634.	0.8	4
31	Birth weight and adult cancer incidence: large prospective study and meta-analysis. Annals of Oncology, 2014, 25, 1836-1843.	0.6	39
32	Source of dietary fibre and diverticular disease incidence: a prospective study of UK women. Gut, 2014, 63, 1450-1456.	6.1	100
33	Marital status and ischemic heart disease incidence and mortality in women: a large prospective study. BMC Medicine, 2014, 12, 42.	2.3	74
34	Air pollution and traffic noise: do they cause atherosclerosis?. European Heart Journal, 2014, 35, 826-828.	1.0	1
35	Dietary patterns derived with multiple methods from food diaries and breast cancer risk in the UK Dietary Cohort Consortium. European Journal of Clinical Nutrition, 2014, 68, 1353-1358.	1.3	23
36	Hospital admissions in relation to body mass index in UK women: a prospective cohort study. BMC Medicine, 2014, 12, 45.	2.3	38

#	Article	IF	Citations
37	Body mass index and incident coronary heart disease in women: a population-based prospective study. BMC Medicine, 2013, 11, 87.	2.3	40
38	Coronary heart disease incidence in women by waist circumference within categories of body mass index. European Journal of Preventive Cardiology, 2013, 20, 759-762.	0.8	35
39	Good News for "Alice― Height and Sex Differences in Cancer Risk. Journal of the National Cancer Institute, 2013, 105, 841-843.	3.0	3
40	Incidence of gastrointestinal cancers by ethnic group in England, 2001–2007. Gut, 2013, 62, 1692-1703.	6.1	33
41	Childhood Cancer Incidence in British Indians & Samp; Whites in Leicester, 1996–2008. PLoS ONE, 2013, 8, e61881.	1.1	4
42	A short-term increase in cancer risk associated with daytime napping is likely to reflect pre-clinical disease: prospective cohort study. British Journal of Cancer, 2012, 107, 527-530.	2.9	22
43	Postmenopausal endometrial cancer risk and body size in early life and middle age: prospective cohort study. British Journal of Cancer, 2012, 107, 169-175.	2.9	38
44	Estimating the alcohol–breast cancer association: a comparison of diet diaries, FFQs and combined measurements. European Journal of Epidemiology, 2012, 27, 547-559.	2.5	11
45	Different effects of age, adiposity and physical activity on the risk of ankle, wrist and hip fractures in postmenopausal women. Bone, 2012, 50, 1394-1400.	1.4	61
46	Cancer outcomes and all-cause mortality in adults allocated to metformin: systematic review and collaborative meta-analysis of randomised clinical trials. Diabetologia, 2012, 55, 2593-2603.	2.9	162
47	Vascular disease in women: comparison of diagnoses in hospital episode statistics and general practice records in England. BMC Medical Research Methodology, 2012, 12, 161.	1.4	50
48	Height and cancer incidence in the Million Women Study: prospective cohort, and meta-analysis of prospective studies of height and total cancer risk. Lancet Oncology, The, 2011, 12, 785-794.	5.1	293
49	That rising obesity levels will greatly add to the burden of cancer: misconceptions I. British Journal of Cancer, 2011, 104, 4-5.	2.9	1
50	Lifetime body size and reproductive factors: comparisons of data recorded prospectively with self reports in middle age. BMC Medical Research Methodology, 2011, 11, 7.	1.4	65
51	Reported frequency of physical activity in a large epidemiological study: relationship to specific activities and repeatability over time. BMC Medical Research Methodology, 2011, 11, 97.	1.4	14
52	Body mass index and physical activity in relation to the incidence of hip fracture in postmenopausal women. Journal of Bone and Mineral Research, 2011, 26, 1330-1338.	3.1	99
53	Dietary fat and breast cancer: comparison of results from food diaries and food-frequency questionnaires in the UK Dietary Cohort Consortium. American Journal of Clinical Nutrition, 2011, 94, 1043-1052.	2.2	31
54	Alcohol intake and risk of colorectal cancer: Results from the UK Dietary Cohort Consortium. British Journal of Cancer, 2010, 103, 747-756.	2.9	23

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
55	Sudden Increases in Listeriosis Rates in England and Wales, 2001 and 2003. Emerging Infectious Diseases, 2009, 15, 465-468.	2.0	19
56	Quantitative Models of In Vitro Bacteriophage–Host Dynamics and Their Application to Phage Therapy. PLoS Pathogens, 2009, 5, e1000253.	2.1	168
57	Evaluating the Expected Time to Population Extinction with Semi-Stochastic Models. Mathematical Population Studies, 2009, 16, 199-220.	0.8	7
58	Bacteriophage Therapy and the Mutant Selection Window. Antimicrobial Agents and Chemotherapy, 2008, 52, 4344-4350.	1.4	58
59	How patch configuration affects the impact of disturbances on metapopulation persistence. Theoretical Population Biology, 2007, 72, 77-85.	0.5	55
60	A comparison of models for predicting population persistence. Ecological Modelling, 2007, 201, 19-26.	1.2	12
61	A Note on Extinction Times for the General Birth, Death and Catastrophe Process. Journal of Applied Probability, 2007, 44, 566-569.	0.4	6
62	THE ROLE OF HABITAT DISTURBANCE AND RECOVERY IN METAPOPULATION PERSISTENCE. Ecology, 2006, 87, 855-863.	1.5	55
63	Maximally rugged NK landscapes contain the highest peaks. , 2005, , .		11
64	Approximating persistence in a general class of population processes. Theoretical Population Biology, 2005, 68, 77-90.	0.5	6
65	Extinction times for a general birth, death and catastrophe process. Journal of Applied Probability, 2004, 41, 1211-1218.	0.4	19