Maria Garcia-Gil

List of Publications by Year
in descending order

152 papers	21,356 citations	57758 44 h-index	10734 138 g-index
175 all docs	175 docs citations	175 times ranked	38417 citing authors

#	Article	IF	Citations
1	Worldwide trends in body-mass index, underweight, overweight, and obesity from 1975 to 2016: a pooled analysis of 2416 population-based measurement studies in 128Â·9 million children, adolescents, and adults. Lancet, The, 2017, 390, 2627-2642.	13.7	5,010
2	Genetic studies of body mass index yield new insights for obesity biology. Nature, 2015, 518, 197-206.	27.8	3,823
3	Worldwide trends in diabetes since 1980: a pooled analysis of 751 population-based studies with 4Â·4 million participants. Lancet, The, 2016, 387, 1513-1530.	13.7	2,842
4	Defining the role of common variation in the genomic and biological architecture of adult human height. Nature Genetics, 2014, 46, 1173-1186.	21.4	1,818
5	Genome-wide association of early-onset myocardial infarction with single nucleotide polymorphisms and copy number variants. Nature Genetics, 2009, 41, 334-341.	21.4	990
6	Identification of ADAMTS7 as a novel locus for coronary atherosclerosis and association of ABO with myocardial infarction in the presence of coronary atherosclerosis: two genome-wide association studies. Lancet, The, 2011, 377, 383-392.	13.7	466
7	Bayesian inference analyses of the polygenic architecture of rheumatoid arthritis. Nature Genetics, 2012, 44, 483-489.	21.4	402
8	An adaptation of the Framingham coronary heart disease risk function to European Mediterranean areas. Journal of Epidemiology and Community Health, 2003, 57, 634-638.	3.7	309
9	Statin treatment withdrawal in ischemic stroke. Neurology, 2007, 69, 904-910.	1.1	305
10	Risk of Cause-Specific Death in Individuals With Diabetes: A Competing Risks Analysis. Diabetes Care, 2016, 39, 1987-1995.	8.6	259
11	Validity of an adaptation of the Framingham cardiovascular risk function: the VERIFICA study. Journal of Epidemiology and Community Health, 2007, 61, 40-47.	3.7	258
12	Trends in cardiovascular risk factor prevalence (1995-2000-2005) in northeastern Spain. European Journal of Cardiovascular Prevention and Rehabilitation, 2007, 14, 653-659.	2.8	154
13	Prevalence of Symptomatic and Asymptomatic Peripheral Arterial Disease and the Value of the Ankle-brachial Index to Stratify Cardiovascular Risk. European Journal of Vascular and Endovascular Surgery, 2009, 38, 305-311.	1.5	148
14	EstimaciÃ³n del riesgo coronario en EspaÃ±a mediante la ecuaciÃ³n de Framingham calibrada. Revista Espanola De Cardiologia, 2003, 56, 253-261.	1.2	142
15	Effects of diabetes definition on global surveillance of diabetes prevalence and diagnosis: a pooled analysis of 96 population-based studies with 331â€˜288 participants. Lancet Diabetes and Endocrinology,the, 2015, 3, 624-637.	11.4	139
16	Statins for primary prevention of cardiovascular events and mortality in old and very old adults with and without type 2 diabetes: retrospective cohort study. BMJ: British Medical Journal, 2018, 362, k3359.	2.3	135
17	Validez del Sistema de InformaciÃ³n para el Desarrollo de la InvestigaciÃ³n en AtenciÃ³n Primaria (SIDIAP) en el estudio de enfermedades vasculares: estudio EMMA. Revista Espanola De Cardiologia, 2012, 65, 29-37.	1.2	125
18	Construction and validation of a scoring system for the selection of high-quality data in a Spanish population primary care database (SIDIAP). Journal of Innovation in Health Informatics, 2011, 19, 135-145.	0.9	125

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19	Seasonality of cardiovascular risk factors: an analysis including over 230â€…000 participants in 15 countries. Heart, 2014, 100, 1517-1523.	2.9	113
20	High Blood Pressure and Long-Term Exposure to Indoor Noise and Air Pollution from Road Traffic. Environmental Health Perspectives, 2014, 122, 1193-1200.	6.0	100
21	Statins for Prevention of Cardiovascular Events in a Low-Risk Population With LowÂAnkle Brachial Index. Journal of the American College of Cardiology, 2016, 67, 630-640.	2.8	92
22	Lack of Association Between the Trp719Arg Polymorphism in Kinesin-Like Protein-6 and Coronary Artery Disease in 19 Case-Control Studies. Journal of the American College of Cardiology, 2010, 56, 1552-1563.	2.8	84
23	High plasma glutamate concentrations are associated with infarct growth in acute ischemic stroke. Neurology, 2008, 71, 1862-1868.	1.1	81
24	Epidemiology of dementia: prevalence and incidence estimates using validated electronic health records from primary care . Clinical Epidemiology, 2019, Volume 11, 217-228.	3.0	78
25	Microbiota alterations in proline metabolism impact depression. Cell Metabolism, 2022, 34, 681-701.e10.	16.2	77
26	Association of Long-Term Exposure to Traffic-Related Air Pollution with Blood Pressure and Hypertension in an Adult Populationâ€“Based Cohort in Spain (the REGICOR Study). Environmental Health Perspectives, 2014, 122, 404-411.	6.0	72
27	Air Pollution, Noise, Blue Space, and Green Space and Premature Mortality in Barcelona: A Mega Cohort. International Journal of Environmental Research and Public Health, 2018, 15, 2405.	2.6	72
28	Determinants of the transition from a cardiometabolic normal to abnormal overweight/obese phenotype in a Spanish population. European Journal of Nutrition, 2014, 53, 1345-1353.	3.9	70
29	The association between education and cardiovascular disease incidence is mediated by hypertension, diabetes, and body mass index. Scientific Reports, 2017, 7, 12370.	3.3	70
30	Association between chronic immune-mediated inflammatory diseases and cardiovascular risk. Heart, 2018, 104, 119-126.	2.9	63
31	Analyzing the Coronary Heart Disease Mortality Decline in a Mediterranean Population: Spain 1988-2005. Revista Espanola De Cardiologia (English Ed), 2011, 64, 988-996.	0.6	61
32	Impact of a Partial Smoke-Free Legislation on Myocardial Infarction Incidence, Mortality and Case-Fatality in a Population-Based Registry: The REGICOR Study. PLoS ONE, 2013, 8, e53722.	2.5	61
33	Derivation and validation of a set of 10-year cardiovascular risk predictive functions in Spain: The FRESCO Study. Preventive Medicine, 2014, 61, 66-74.	3.4	61
34	Association of metabolic syndrome and its components with arterial stiffness in Caucasian subjects of the MARK study: a cross-sectional trial. Cardiovascular Diabetology, 2016, 15, 148.	6.8	61
35	Familial hypercholesterolemia in a European Mediterranean populationâ€”Prevalence and clinical data from 2.5 million primary care patients. Journal of Clinical Lipidology, 2017, 11, 1013-1022.	1.5	61
36	Socio-economic status and the risk of developing hand, hip or knee osteoarthritis: a region-wide ecological study. Osteoarthritis and Cartilage, 2015, 23, 1323-1329.	1.3	59

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37	Grosor Ãntima-media carotÃ¡deo en poblaciÃ³n espaÃ±ola: valores de referencia y asociaciÃ³n con los factores de riesgo cardiovascular. Revista Espanola De Cardiologia, 2012, 65, 1086-1093.	1.2	56
38	Association between Long-Term Exposure to Traffic-Related Air Pollution and Subclinical Atherosclerosis: The REGICOR Study. Environmental Health Perspectives, 2013, 121, 223-230.	6.0	53
39	Assessment of the value of a genetic risk score in improving the estimation of coronary risk. Atherosclerosis, 2012, 222, 456-463.	0.8	50
40	Trends in the Prevalence, Awareness, Treatment, and Control of Cardiovascular Risk Factors across Educational Level in the 1995â€“2005 Period. Annals of Epidemiology, 2011, 21, 555-563.	1.9	49
41	Validity for Use in Research on Vascular Diseases of the SIDIAP (Information System for the) Tj ETQq1 1 0.784314 rgBT /Overlock 10	0.6	49
42	Linking of Primary Care Records to Census Data to Study the Association between Socioeconomic Status and Cancer Incidence in Southern Europe: A Nation-Wide Ecological Study. PLoS ONE, 2014, 9, e109706.	2.5	49
43	Relative Validity of the 10-Year Cardiovascular Risk Estimate in a Population Cohort of the REGICOR Study. Revista Espanola De Cardiologia (English Ed), 2011, 64, 385-394.	0.6	46
44	Effects of extreme temperatures on cardiovascular emergency hospitalizations in a Mediterranean region: a self-controlled case series study. Environmental Health, 2017, 16, 32.	4.0	44
45	National trends in total cholesterol obscure heterogeneous changes in HDL and non-HDL cholesterol and total-to-HDL cholesterol ratio: a pooled analysis of 458 population-based studies in Asian and Western countries. International Journal of Epidemiology, 2020, 49, 173-192.	1.9	44
46	Serum Lipid Levels and Risk Of Hand Osteoarthritis: The Chingford Prospective Cohort Study. Scientific Reports, 2017, 7, 3147.	3.3	42
47	ComparaciÃ³n de la funciÃ³n de Framingham original y la calibrada del REGICOR en la prediccciÃ³n del riesgo coronario poblacional. Medicina ClÃnica, 2003, 121, 521-526.	0.6	40
48	Effectiveness of a stepped primary care smoking cessation intervention: cluster randomized clinical trial (ISTAPS study). Addiction, 2011, 106, 1696-1706.	3.3	39
49	Changes in lifestyle resulting from confinement due to COVID-19 and depressive symptomatology: A cross-sectional a population-based study. Comprehensive Psychiatry, 2021, 104, 152214.	3.1	38
50	The Association Between the Cardio-ankle Vascular Index and Other Parameters of Vascular Structure and Function in Caucasian Adults: MARK Study. Journal of Atherosclerosis and Thrombosis, 2015, 22, 901-911.	2.0	37
51	Adding low ankle brachial index to classical risk factors improves the prediction of major cardiovascular events. The REGICOR study. Atherosclerosis, 2015, 241, 357-363.	0.8	35
52	Effectiveness of multifactorial interventions in primary health care settings for primary prevention of cardiovascular disease: A systematic review of systematic reviews. Preventive Medicine, 2015, 76, S68-S75.	3.4	34
53	Associations Between Systolic Interarm Differences in Blood Pressure and Cardiovascular Disease Outcomes and Mortality. Hypertension, 2021, 77, 650-661.	2.7	34
54	Association of Atherosclerosis With Expression of the LILRB1 Receptor By Human NK and T-Cells Supports the Infectious Burden Hypothesis. Arteriosclerosis, Thrombosis, and Vascular Biology, 2011, 31, 2314-2321.	2.4	33

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55	Incidence of Cardiovascular Disease in Patients with Familial Hypercholesterolemia Phenotype: Analysis of 5 Years Follow-Up of Real-World Data from More than 1.5 Million Patients. Journal of Clinical Medicine, 2019, 8, 1080.	2.4	33
56	Derivation and validation of REASON: A risk score identifying candidates to screen for peripheral arterial disease using ankle brachial index. Atherosclerosis, 2011, 214, 474-479.	0.8	32
57	Monitoring of heavy metal concentrations in home outdoor air using moss bags. Environmental Pollution, 2011, 159, 954-962.	7.5	31
58	Patterns of statin use and cholesterol goal attainment in a high-risk cardiovascular population: A retrospective study of primary care electronic medical records. Journal of Clinical Lipidology, 2016, 10, 134-142.	1.5	31
59	Obesity-associated deficits in inhibitory control are phenocopied to mice through gut microbiota changes in one-carbon and aromatic amino acids metabolic pathways. Gut, 2021, 70, 2283-2296.	12.1	31
60	Whole-Brain Dynamics in Aging: Disruptions in Functional Connectivity and the Role of the Rich Club. Cerebral Cortex, 2021, 31, 2466-2481.	2.9	29
61	How well can electronic health records from primary care identify Alzheimerâ€™s disease cases? . Clinical Epidemiology, 2019, Volume 11, 509-518.	3.0	28
62	Socioeconomic status and its association with the risk of developing hip fractures: A region-wide ecological study. Bone, 2015, 73, 127-131.	2.9	27
63	Abnormally High Ankleâ€“Brachial Index is Associated with All-cause and Cardiovascular Mortality: The REGICOR Study. European Journal of Vascular and Endovascular Surgery, 2017, 54, 370-377.	1.5	27
64	Building interventions in primary health care for long-term effectiveness in health promotion and disease prevention. A focus on complex and multi-risk interventions. Preventive Medicine, 2015, 76, S1-S4.	3.4	26
65	Peripheral Arterial Disease Incidence and Associated Risk Factors in a Mediterranean Population-based Cohort. The REGICOR Study. European Journal of Vascular and Endovascular Surgery, 2016, 51, 696-705.	1.5	26
66	Improving interMediAte Risk management. MARK study. BMC Cardiovascular Disorders, 2011, 11, 61.	1.7	25
67	The descriptive epidemiology of rheumatoid arthritis in Catalonia: a retrospective study using routinely collected data. Clinical Rheumatology, 2016, 35, 751-757.	2.2	25
68	Interaction between cardiovascular risk factors and body mass index and 10-year incidence of cardiovascular disease, cancer death, and overall mortality. Preventive Medicine, 2018, 107, 81-89.	3.4	25
69	Why should population attributable fractions be periodically recalculated?. Preventive Medicine, 2010, 51, 78-84.	3.4	24
70	Glycemic markers and relation with arterial stiffness in Caucasian subjects of the MARK study. PLoS ONE, 2017, 12, e0175982.	2.5	24
71	PosiciÃ³n socioeconÃ³mica e infarto agudo de miocardio. Estudio caso-control de base poblacional. Revista Espanola De Cardiologia, 2010, 63, 1045-1053.	1.2	23
72	NÃºmero de pacientes candidatos a recibir inhibidores de la PCSK9 segÃºn datos de 2,5 millones de participantes de la prÃ¡ctica clÃnica real. Revista Espanola De Cardiologia, 2018, 71, 1010-1017.	1.2	23

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73	Population-based incidence and survival of central nervous system (CNS) malignancies in Girona (Spain) 1994â€“2005. Journal of Neuro-Oncology, 2011, 101, 117-123.	2.9	22
74	The ARTICO study: identification of patients at high risk of vascular recurrence after a first non-cardioembolic stroke. BMC Neurology, 2015, 15, 28.	1.8	21
75	Referral from primary care to a physical activity programme: establishing long-term adherence? A randomized controlled trial. Rationale and study design. BMC Public Health, 2009, 9, 31.	2.9	20
76	Extreme diurnal temperature range and cardiovascular emergency hospitalisations in a Mediterranean region. Occupational and Environmental Medicine, 2021, 78, 62-68.	2.8	20
77	Effectiveness of a stepped primary care smoking cessation intervention (ISTAPS study): design of a cluster randomised trial. BMC Public Health, 2009, 9, 48.	2.9	18
78	Diet and physical activity in people with intermediate cardiovascular risk and their relationship with the health-related quality of life: results from the MARK study. Health and Quality of Life Outcomes, 2016, 14, 169.	2.4	18
79	Capacity adiposity indices to identify metabolic syndrome in subjects with intermediate cardiovascular risk (MARK study). PLoS ONE, 2019, 14, e0209992.	2.5	18
80	The Aging Imageomics Study: rationale, design and baseline characteristics of the study population. Mechanisms of Ageing and Development, 2020, 189, 111257.	4.6	18
81	Levels of ankleâ€“brachial index and the risk of diabetes mellitus complications. BMJ Open Diabetes Research and Care, 2020, 8, e000977.	2.8	18
82	The Role of Age in Cardiovascular Risk Factor Clustering in Non-Diabetic Population Free of Coronary Heart Disease. European Journal of Epidemiology, 2003, 19, 299-304.	5.7	17
83	Hypothesis-Based Analysis of Gene-Gene Interactions and Risk of Myocardial Infarction. PLoS ONE, 2012, 7, e41730.	2.5	17
84	New myocardial infarction definition affects incidence, mortality, hospitalization rates and prognosis. European Journal of Preventive Cardiology, 2015, 22, 1272-1280.	1.8	15
85	Adiposity measures and arterial stiffness in primary care: the MARK prospective observational study. BMJ Open, 2017, 7, e016422.	1.9	15
86	Role of Low Ankleâ€“Brachial Index in Cardiovascular and Mortality Risk Compared with Major Risk Conditions. Journal of Clinical Medicine, 2019, 8, 870.	2.4	15
87	Measuring the payback of research activities: A feasible ex-post evaluation methodology in epidemiology and public health. Social Science and Medicine, 2012, 75, 505-510.	3.8	14
88	Diabetes and new-onset atrial fibrillation in a hypertensive population. Annals of Medicine, 2016, 48, 119-127.	3.8	14
89	Association between markers of glycemia and carotid intima-media thickness: the MARK study. BMC Cardiovascular Disorders, 2016, 16, 203.	1.7	14
90	Early smoking-onset age and risk of cardiovascular disease and mortality. Preventive Medicine, 2019, 124, 17-22.	3.4	13

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91	Trends in Q-wave acute myocardial infarction case fatality from 1978 to 2007 and analysis of the effectiveness of different treatments. American Heart Journal, 2011, 162, 444-450.	2.7	12
92	The role of gender in a smoking cessation intervention: a cluster randomized clinical trial. BMC Public Health, 2011, 11, 369.	2.9	12
93	Derivation and validation of BOREAS, a risk score identifying candidates to develop cold-induced hypertension. Environmental Research, 2014, 132, 190-196.	7.5	12
94	Prevalence of lower extremity peripheral arterial disease in individuals with chronic immune mediated inflammatory disorders. Atherosclerosis, 2015, 242, 1-7.	0.8	12
95	AsociaciÃ³n entre variantes genÃ©ticas de enfermedad coronaria y aterosclerosis subclÃnica: estudio de asociaciÃ³n y metanÃ¡lisis. Revista Espanola De Cardiologia, 2015, 68, 869-877.	1.2	12
96	Effectiveness of Statins as Primary Prevention in People With Different Cardiovascular Risk: A Populationâ€Based Cohort Study. Clinical Pharmacology and Therapeutics, 2018, 104, 719-732.	4.7	12
97	Trends in Leisure Time Physical Activity Practice in the 1995-2005 Period in Girona. Revista Espanola De Cardiologia (English Ed), 2011, 64, 997-1004.	0.6	11
98	Association Between Coronary Artery Disease Genetic Variants and Subclinical Atherosclerosis: An Association Study and Meta-analysis. Revista Espanola De Cardiologia (English Ed), 2015, 68, 869-877.	0.6	11
99	Acute Myocardial Infarction Population Incidence and Mortality Rates, and 28-day Case-fatality in Older Adults. The REGICOR Study. Revista Espanola De Cardiologia (English Ed), 2018, 71, 718-725.	0.6	11
100	Salutogenic health promotion program for migrant women at risk of social exclusion. International Journal for Equity in Health, 2019, 18, 139.	3.5	11
101	Estimating Cardiovascular Risk in Spain Using Different Algorithms. Revista Espanola De Cardiologia (English Ed), 2007, 60, 693-702.	0.6	10
102	Prevalence and incidence of Q-wave unrecognized myocardial infarction in general population: Diagnostic value of the electrocardiogram. The REGICOR study. International Journal of Cardiology, 2016, 225, 300-305.	1.7	10
103	Number of Patients Eligible for PCSK9 Inhibitors Based on Real-world Data From 2.5 Million Patients. Revista Espanola De Cardiologia (English Ed), 2018, 71, 1010-1017.	0.6	10
104	A body shape index and vascular structure and function in Spanish adults (MARK study). Medicine (United States), 2018, 97, e13299.	1.0	10
105	Tasas de incidencia y mortalidad, y letalidad poblacional a 28 dÃas del infarto agudo de miocardio en adultos mayores. Estudio REGICOR. Revista Espanola De Cardiologia, 2018, 71, 718-725.	1.2	10
106	Leukocyte Subtype Counts and Its Association with Vascular Structure and Function in Adults with Intermediate Cardiovascular Risk. MARK Study. PLoS ONE, 2015, 10, e0119963.	2.5	10
107	Sex-related differences in prognosis after myocardial infarction: changes from 1978 to 2007. European Journal of Epidemiology, 2012, 27, 847-855.	5.7	9
108	Vascular structure and function and their relationship with health-related quality of life in the MARK study. BMC Cardiovascular Disorders, 2016, 16, 95.	1.7	9

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109	Derivation and validation of SIDIAP-FHP score: A new risk model predicting cardiovascular disease in familial hypercholesterolemia phenotype. Atherosclerosis, 2020, 292, 42-51.	0.8	9
110	Statins and new-onset atrial fibrillation in a cohort of patients with hypertension. Analysis of electronic health records, 2006â€“2015. PLoS ONE, 2017, 12, e0186972.	2.5	9
111	Impact of residential greenness on myocardial infarction in the population with diabetes: A sex-dependent association?. Environmental Research, 2022, 205, 112449.	7.5	9
112	Multiple health behaviour change primary care intervention for smoking cessation, physical activity and healthy diet in adults 45 to 75â€‰years old (EIRA study): a hybrid effectiveness-implementation cluster randomised trial. BMC Public Health, 2021, 21, 2208.	2.9	9
113	Utility of a short quality of life questionnaire to predict cardiovascular events. International Journal of Cardiology, 2011, 151, 392-394.	1.7	8
114	Incident Atrial Fibrillation Hazard in Hypertensive Population. Hypertension, 2015, 65, 1180-1186.	2.7	8
115	The Association of Dietary Intake with Arterial Stiffness and Vascular Ageing in a Population with Intermediate Cardiovascular Riskâ€”A MARK Study. Nutrients, 2022, 14, 244.	4.1	8
116	The effect of external stimulation on functional networks in the aging healthy human brain. Cerebral Cortex, 2022, 33, 235-245.	2.9	8
117	Estimating the risk of peripheral artery disease using different population strategies. Preventive Medicine, 2013, 57, 328-333.	3.4	7
118	Role of renal function in cardiovascular risk assessment: A retrospective cohort study in a population with low incidence of coronary heart disease. Preventive Medicine, 2016, 89, 200-206.	3.4	7
119	Hypertension and high ankle brachial index. Journal of Hypertension, 2019, 37, 92-98.	0.5	7
120	Is it time to use real-world data from primary care in Alzheimerâ€™s disease?. Alzheimer's Research and Therapy, 2020, 12, 60.	6.2	7
121	Association of Classic Cardiovascular Risk Factors and Lifestyles With the Cardio-ankle Vascular Index in a General Mediterranean Population. Revista Espanola De Cardiologia (English Ed), 2018, 71, 458-465.	0.6	6
122	Analysis of Plasma Albumin, Vitamin D, and Apolipoproteins A and B as Predictive Coronary Risk Biomarkers in the REGICOR Study. Revista Espanola De Cardiologia (English Ed), 2018, 71, 910-916.	0.6	6
123	Individuals With SARS-CoV-2 Infection During the First and Second Waves in Catalonia, Spain: Retrospective Observational Study Using Daily Updated Data. JMIR Public Health and Surveillance, 2022, 8, e30006.	2.6	6
124	Association Between Paraoxonase-1 and Paraoxonase-2 Polymorphisms and the Risk of Acute Myocardial Infarction. Revista Espanola De Cardiologia (English Ed), 2008, 61, 269-275.	0.6	5
125	The Girona Territori Cardioprotegit Project: Performance Evaluation of Public Defibrillators. Revista Espanola De Cardiologia (English Ed), 2018, 71, 79-85.	0.6	5
126	Validity of a method for the self-screening of cardiovascular risk. Clinical Epidemiology, 2018, Volume 10, 549-560.	3.0	5

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127	Blood Hemoglobin Substantially Modulates the Impact of Gender, Morbid Obesity, and Hyperglycemia on COVID-19 Death Risk: A Multicenter Study in Italy and Spain. Frontiers in Endocrinology, 2021, 12, 741248.	3.5	5
128	Validation of a population coronary disease predictive system: the CASSANDRA model. Journal of Epidemiology and Community Health, 2014, 68, 1012-1019.	3.7	4
129	Spatiotemporal Characteristics of QRS Complexes Enable the Diagnosis of Brugada Syndrome Regardless of the Appearance of a Type 1 ECG. Journal of Cardiovascular Electrophysiology, 2016, 27, 563-570.	1.7	4
130	Effectiveness of Statins as Primary Prevention in People With Gout: A Population-Based Cohort Study. Journal of Cardiovascular Pharmacology and Therapeutics, 2019, 24, 542-550.	2.0	4
131	Control of cardiovascular risk factors with tailored recommendations: A randomized controlled trial. Preventive Medicine, 2020, 141, 106302.	3.4	4
132	Carotid Intima-media Thickness in the Spanish Population: Reference Ranges and Association With Cardiovascular Risk Factors. Revista Espanola De Cardiologia (English Ed), 2012, 65, 1086-1093.	0.6	3
133	Differences in cardio-ankle vascular index in a general Mediterranean population depending on the presence or absence of metabolic cardiovascular risk factors. Atherosclerosis, 2017, 264, 29-35.	0.8	3
134	Validity Assessment of Low-risk SCORE Function and SCORE Function Calibrated to the Spanish Population in the FRESCO Cohorts. Revista Espanola De Cardiologia (English Ed), 2018, 71, 274-282.	0.6	3
135	EstimaciÃ³n del porcentaje de pacientes con enfermedad coronaria estable candidatos a recibir inhibidores de PCSK9. Respuesta. Revista Espanola De Cardiologia, 2019, 72, 519-520.	1.2	3
136	Cardiovascular risk in mild to moderately decreased glomerular filtration rate, diabetes and coronary heart disease in a southern European region. Revista Espanola De Cardiologia (English Ed), 2020, 73, 212-218.	0.6	3
137	Efficacy of tailored recommendations to promote healthy lifestyles: a post hoc analysis of a randomized controlled trial. Translational Behavioral Medicine, 2021, 11, 1548-1557.	2.4	3
138	Do individuals with autoimmune disease have increased risk of subclinical carotid atherosclerosis and stiffness?. Hypertension Research, 2021, 44, 978-987.	2.7	3
139	Effect of Opening a New Catheterization Laboratory on 30-Day and 2-Year Survival Rates in Myocardial Infarction Patients. Revista Espanola De Cardiologia (English Ed), 2011, 64, 96-104.	0.6	2
140	Diet quality and carotid atherosclerosis in intermediate cardiovascular risk individuals. Nutrition Journal, 2017, 16, 40.	3.4	2
141	Estimated Glomerular Filtration Rate, Cardiovascular Events and Mortality Across Age Groups Among Individuals Older Than 60 Years in Southern Europe. Revista Espanola De Cardiologia (English Ed), 2018, 71, 450-457.	0.6	2
142	Analysis of the dose-response relationship of leisure-time physical activity to cardiovascular disease and all-cause mortality: the REGICOR study. Revista Espanola De Cardiologia (English Ed), 2021, 74, 414-420.	0.6	2
143	Resting heart rate, cardiovascular events, and all-cause mortality: the REGICOR study. European Journal of Preventive Cardiology, 2021, , .	1.8	2
144	Polyvascular Subclinical Atherosclerosis: Correlation Between Ankle Brachial Index and Carotid Atherosclerosis in a Population-Based Sample. Angiology, 0, , 000331972211107.	1.8	2

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145	The Association between Air Pollution and Subclinical Atherosclerosis: Rivera et al. Respond. Environmental Health Perspectives, 2014, 122, A8-9.	6.0	1
146	Estimated Percentage of Patients With Stable Coronary Heart Disease Candidates for PCSK9 Inhibitors. Response. Revista Espanola De Cardiologia (English Ed), 2019, 72, 519-520.	0.6	1
147	Three-year events and mortality in cardiovascular disease patients without lipid-lowering treatment. European Journal of Preventive Cardiology, 2020, 27, 2102-2104.	1.8	1
148	Reclassification by applying the Framingham equation 30 years to subjects with intermediate cardiovascular risk. MARK study. Medicina ClÃnica, 2019, 153, 351-356.	0.6	1
149	Ankle-brachial index and the risk of hemorrhagic stroke. European Journal of Internal Medicine, 2021, 94, 112-114.	2.2	1
150	Respuesta. Revista Espanola De Cardiologia, 2009, 62, 229-230.	1.2	0
151	Reply. Journal of the American College of Cardiology, 2016, 68, 238.	2.8	0
152	Reclassification by applying the Framingham equation 30 years to subjects with intermediate cardiovascular risk. MARK study. Medicina ClÃnica (English Edition), 2019, 153, 351-356.	0.2	0