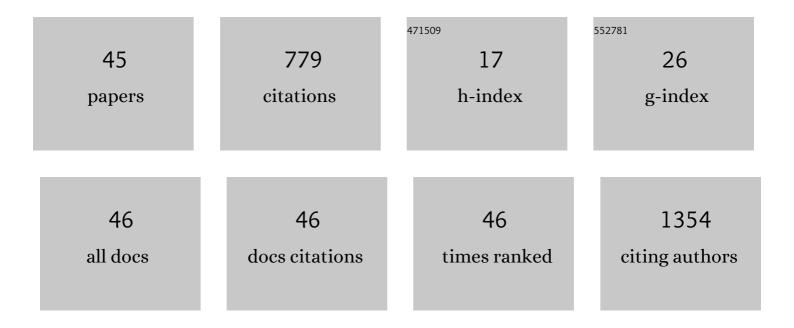
Silvana Almeida

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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SILVANA ALMEIDA

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
1	Frequencies of genetic variants of the Rh, Kell, Duffy, Kidd, MNS and Diego systems of northwest Rio Grande do Sul, Brazil. Hematology, Transfusion and Cell Therapy, 2023, 45, 317-323.	0.2	2
2	Caloric restriction in mice improves short-term recognition memory and modifies the neuroinflammatory response in the hippocampus of male adult offspring. Behavioural Brain Research, 2022, 425, 113838.	2.2	4
3	Blood groups in Native Americans: a look beyond ABO and Rh. Genetics and Molecular Biology, 2021, 44, e20200255.	1.3	1
4	Gene expression evaluation of antioxidant enzymes in patients with hepatocellular carcinoma: RT-qPCR and bioinformatic analyses. Genetics and Molecular Biology, 2021, 44, e20190373.	1.3	9
5	Impact of maternal dietary counseling in the first year of life on DNA methylation in a cohort of children. Genetics and Molecular Biology, 2021, 44, e20200330.	1.3	1
6	Identification of ACKR1 variants associated with altered Duffy phenotype expression in blood donors from southern Brazil. Transfusion and Apheresis Science, 2020, 59, 102768.	1.0	1
7	Restriction and hyperlipidic diets during pregnancy, lactation and adult life modified the expression of dopaminergic system related genes both in female mice and their adult offspring. Brain Research Bulletin, 2020, 162, 245-252.	3.0	5
8	Genetic variability of blood groups in southern Brazil. Genetics and Molecular Biology, 2020, 43, e20180327.	1.3	2
9	Maternal feeding associated to post-weaning diet affects metabolic and behavioral parameters in female offspring. Physiology and Behavior, 2019, 204, 162-167.	2.1	15
10	Hippocampal gene expression patterns in oxytocin male knockout mice are related to impaired social interaction. Behavioural Brain Research, 2019, 364, 464-468.	2.2	6
11	Evaluation of association of DRD2 TaqIA and -141C InsDel polymorphisms with food intake and anthropometric data in children at the first stages of development. Genetics and Molecular Biology, 2018, 41, 562-569.	1.3	6
12	Molecular basis of the Duffy blood group system. Blood Transfusion, 2018, 16, 93-100.	0.4	34
13	Biallelic and triallelic approaches of 5-HTTLPR polymorphism are associated with food intake and nutritional status in childhood. Journal of Nutritional Biochemistry, 2017, 43, 47-52.	4.2	6
14	The Impact of Oxytocin Gene Knockout on Sexual Behavior and Gene Expression Related to Neuroendocrine Systems in the Brain of Female Mice. Cellular and Molecular Neurobiology, 2017, 37, 803-815.	3.3	18
15	Evaluation of the association between the TAS1R2 and TAS1R3 variants and food intake and nutritional status in children. Genetics and Molecular Biology, 2017, 40, 415-420.	1.3	20
16	Hepatocellular carcinoma and estrogen receptors: Polymorphisms and isoforms relations and implications. Medical Hypotheses, 2016, 86, 67-70.	1.5	20
17	ESR1 polymorphisms and statin therapy: a sex-specific approach. Pharmacogenomics Journal, 2016, 16, 507-513.	2.0	14
18	Modulatory effect of iron chelators on adenosine deaminase activity and gene expression in Trichomonas vaginalis. Memorias Do Instituto Oswaldo Cruz, 2015, 110, 877-883.	1.6	5

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19	Examining the Role of Vasopressin in the Modulation of Parental and Sexual Behaviors. Frontiers in Psychiatry, 2015, 6, 130.	2.6	14
20	SLC6A14 and 5-HTR2C polymorphisms are associated with food intake and nutritional status in children. Clinical Biochemistry, 2015, 48, 1277-1282.	1.9	16
21	PON1 polymorphisms are predictors of ability to attain HDL-C goals in statin-treated patients. Clinical Biochemistry, 2015, 48, 1039-1044.	1.9	8
22	Gene expression in the CNS of lactating rats with different patterns of maternal behavior. Neuroscience Research, 2015, 99, 8-15.	1.9	20
23	DRD4 and SLC6A3 gene polymorphisms are associated with food intake and nutritional status in children in early stages of development. Journal of Nutritional Biochemistry, 2015, 26, 1607-1612.	4.2	13
24	Transcriptional expression study in the central nervous system of rats: what gene should be used as internal control?. Einstein (Sao Paulo, Brazil), 2014, 12, 336-341.	0.7	20
25	Evaluation of Sexual Dimorphism in the Efficacy and Safety of Simvastatin/Atorvastatin Therapy in a Southern Brazilian Cohort. Arquivos Brasileiros De Cardiologia, 2014, 103, 33-40.	0.8	14
26	PPARA, RXRA, NR112 and NR113 gene polymorphisms and lipid and lipoprotein levels in a Southern Brazilian population. Molecular Biology Reports, 2013, 40, 1241-1247.	2.3	15
27	Association of a serotonin transporter gene polymorphism (5-HTTLPR) and stressful life events with postpartum depressive symptoms: a population-based study. Journal of Psychosomatic Obstetrics and Gynaecology, 2013, 34, 29-33.	2.1	28
28	Association between a frequent variant of the FTO gene and anthropometric phenotypes in Brazilian children. BMC Medical Genetics, 2013, 14, 34.	2.1	28
29	Oxytocin modulates social interaction but is not essential for sexual behavior in male mice. Behavioural Brain Research, 2013, 244, 130-136.	2.2	33
30	Influence of PPARA, RXRA, NR112 and NR113 gene polymorphisms on the lipid-lowering efficacy and safety of statin therapy. Arquivos Brasileiros De Endocrinologia E Metabologia, 2013, 57, 513-519.	1.3	12
31	Polymorphisms in LEPR, PPARG and APM1 genes: associations with energy intake and metabolic traits in young children. Arquivos Brasileiros De Endocrinologia E Metabologia, 2013, 57, 603-611.	1.3	19
32	Are polymorphisms in oestrogen receptors genes associated with lipid levels in response to hormone therapy?. Gynecological Endocrinology, 2012, 28, 644-648.	1.7	7
33	Analysis of transcriptional levels of the oxytocin receptor in different areas of the central nervous system and behaviors in high and low licking rats. Behavioural Brain Research, 2012, 228, 176-184.	2.2	21
34	Association of MAOA and COMT gene polymorphisms with palatable food intake in children. Journal of Nutritional Biochemistry, 2012, 23, 272-277.	4.2	26
35	Evaluation ofUGT1A1andSULT1A1polymorphisms with lipid levels in women with different hormonal status. Gynecological Endocrinology, 2011, 27, 20-26.	1.7	7
36	Lipid and C-Reactive Protein Levels, Cardiovascular Disease Risk Factors and Simvastatin Treatment in Brazilian Individuals. Inflammation, 2010, 33, 244-250.	3.8	11

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37	Genetic variation of estrogen metabolism and the risks of cardiovascular disease. Current Opinion in Investigational Drugs, 2007, 8, 814-20.	2.3	5
38	ESR1 and APOE gene polymorphisms, serum lipids, and hormonal replacement therapy. Maturitas, 2006, 54, 119-126.	2.4	22
39	Estrogen receptor 2 and progesterone receptor gene polymorphisms and lipid levels in women with different hormonal status. Pharmacogenomics Journal, 2005, 5, 30-34.	2.0	32
40	Estrogen-metabolizing gene polymorphisms and lipid levels in women with different hormonal status. Pharmacogenomics Journal, 2005, 5, 346-351.	2.0	14
41	DRD4 and DAT1 as modifying genes in alcoholism: interaction with novelty seeking on level of alcohol consumption. Molecular Psychiatry, 2001, 6, 7-9.	7.9	53
42	The Taql A1 allele of the dopamine D2 receptor gene and alcoholism in Brazil: Association and interaction with stress and harm avoidance on severity prediction. American Journal of Medical Genetics Part A, 2000, 96, 302-306.	2.4	93
43	Haplotype and allele frequencies for three genes of the dopaminergic system in South American Indians. American Journal of Human Biology, 2000, 12, 638-645.	1.6	9
44	Lack of association of the dopamine D4 receptor gene polymorphism with alcoholism in a Brazilian population. Addiction Biology, 1999, 4, 203-207.	2.6	23
45	Dopamine D4 receptor gene and personality dimensions in Brazilian male alcoholics. Psychiatric Genetics, 1999, 9, 139-144.	1.1	37