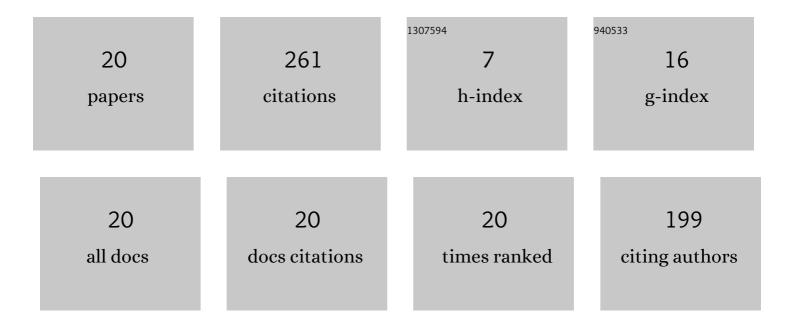
## Guang-Xu Wang

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
1	Early heliolitine tabulate corals from the sandbian (Upper ordovician) in the yunnan-sichuan border area, SW china. Palaeoworld, 2022, , .	1.1	3
2	Impact of Chinese palaeontology on evolutionary research. Philosophical Transactions of the Royal Society B: Biological Sciences, 2022, 377, 20210029.	4.0	1
3	Revision of late Katian (Late Ordovician) heliolitine corals from Northern Kuruktag in northeastern Tarim Basin of China. Alcheringa, 2021, 45, 178-194.	1.2	1
4	The youngest Ordovician (latest Katian) coral fauna from eastern Australia, in the uppermost Malachis Hill Formation of central New South Wales. Alcheringa, 2020, 44, 356-378.	1.2	5
5	Constraining the biotic transitions across the endâ€Ordovician mass extinction in South China: Bio―and chemostratigraphy of the Wulipo Formation in the Meitan area of northern Guizhou. Geological Journal, 2020, 55, 6399-6411.	1.3	5
6	A new <i>Cathaysiorthis</i> (Brachiopoda) fauna from the lower Llandovery of eastern Qinling, China. Papers in Palaeontology, 2019, 5, 537-557.	1.5	3
7	The end-Ordovician mass extinction: A single-pulse event?. Earth-Science Reviews, 2019, 192, 15-33.	9.1	74
8	An extremely brief end Ordovician mass extinction linked to abrupt onset of glaciation. Solid Earth Sciences, 2019, 4, 190-198.	1.7	38
9	Silurian integrative stratigraphy and timescale of China. Science China Earth Sciences, 2019, 62, 89-111.	5.2	48
10	Exploring the endâ€Ordovician extinctions in Hirnantian nearâ€shore carbonate rocks of northern Guizhou, SW China: A refined stratigraphy and regional correlation. Geological Journal, 2018, 53, 3019-3029.	1.3	11
11	Silurian amplexoid rugose coral genera Pilophyllia Ge and Yu, 1974 and Neopilophyllia new genus from South China. Journal of Paleontology, 2018, 92, 982-1004.	0.8	0
12	Coral faunal turnover through the Ordovician–Silurian transition in South China and its global implications for carbonate stratigraphy and macroevolution. Geological Magazine, 2017, 154, 829-836.	1.5	7
13	Conodonts and tabulate corals from the Upper Ordovician Angullong Formation of central New South Wales, Australia. Alcheringa, 2017, 41, 141-168.	1.2	8
14	New data on Hirnantian (latest Ordovician) postglacial carbonate rocks and fossils in northern Guizhou, Southwest China. Canadian Journal of Earth Sciences, 2016, 53, 660-665.	1.3	10
15	Recovery brachiopod associations from the lower Silurian of South China and their paleoecological implications. Canadian Journal of Earth Sciences, 2016, 53, 674-679.	1.3	17
16	Late Hirnantian (latest Ordovician) carbonate rocks and shelly fossils in Shiqian, northeastern Guizhou, Southwest China. Newsletters on Stratigraphy, 2015, 48, 241-252.	1.2	14
17	Latest Ordovician and earliest Silurian tabulate corals of South China. Gff, 2014, 136, 290-293.	1.2	6
18	Paleoecological associations of middle Llandovery (Silurian) corals from Huaying Mountain, eastern Sichuan Province. Science China Earth Sciences, 2013, 56, 640-646.	5.2	2

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
19	A new technique for making serial sections of solitary rugose corals. Palaeoworld, 2013, 22, 68-71.	1.1	2

Late ordovician Foliomena fauna (Brachiopoda) of South China. Journal of Earth Science (Wuhan,) Tj ETQq0 0 0 rgBT /Overlock 10 Tf 50