## Andras Vereckei

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
1	New algorithm using only lead aVR for differential diagnosis of wide QRS complex tachycardia. Heart Rhythm, 2008, 5, 89-98.	0.3	226
2	Application of a new algorithm in the differential diagnosis of wide QRS complex tachycardia. European Heart Journal, 2006, 28, 589-600.	1.0	165
3	Electrophysiological effects of dronedarone (SR 33589), a noniodinated amiodarone derivative in the canine heart: comparison with amiodarone. British Journal of Pharmacology, 2001, 133, 625-634.	2.7	103
4	Effects of Thoracic Spinal Cord Stimulation on Cardiac Autonomic Regulation of the Sinus and Atrioventricular Nodes. Journal of Cardiovascular Electrophysiology, 2002, 13, 475-481.	0.8	82
5	Current Algorithms for the Diagnosis of wide QRS Complex Tachycardias. Current Cardiology Reviews, 2014, 10, 262-276.	0.6	69
6	The Role of Free Radicals in the Pathogenesis of Amiodarone Toxicity. Journal of Cardiovascular Electrophysiology, 1993, 4, 161-177.	0.8	62
7	Silymarin and vitamin E reduce amiodarone-induced lysosomal phospholipidosis in rats. Toxicology, 2003, 190, 231-241.	2.0	50
8	The mechanism of reduced longitudinal left ventricular systolic function in hypertensive patients with normal ejection fraction. Journal of Hypertension, 2015, 33, 1962-1969.	0.3	40
9	Vereckei criteria as a diagnostic tool amongst emergency medicine residents to distinguish between ventricular tachycardia and supra-ventricular tachycardia with aberrancy. Journal of Cardiology, 2012, 59, 307-312.	0.8	31
10	Inflammation and oxidative stress caused by nitric oxide synthase uncoupling might lead to left ventricular diastolic and systolic dysfunction in patients with hypertension. Journal of Geriatric Cardiology, 2015, 12, 1-10.	0.2	27
11	Comparison of the "Real-life―Diagnostic Value of Two Recently Published Electrocardiogram Methods for the Differential Diagnosis of Wide QRS Complex Tachycardias. Academic Emergency Medicine, 2013, 20, 1121-1130.	0.8	26
12	Atrioventricular Nodal Conduction Rather than Automaticity Determines the Ventricular Rate During Atrial Fibrillation and Atrial Flutter. Journal of Cardiovascular Electrophysiology, 1992, 3, 534-543.	0.8	19
13	Novel electrocardiographic dyssynchrony criteria improve patient selection for cardiac resynchronization therapy. Europace, 2018, 20, 97-103.	0.7	19
14	The effect of amiodarone and/or antioxidant treatment on splenocyte blast transformation. Clinica Chimica Acta, 2001, 303, 87-94.	0.5	17
15	Intrapericardial Ibutilide Administration Fails to Terminate Pacing-Induced Sustained Atrial Fibrillation in Dogs. Cardiovascular Drugs and Therapy, 2004, 18, 269-277.	1.3	15
16	Infective endocarditis resulting in rupture of sinus of valsalva with a rupture site communicating with both the right atrium and right ventricle. Journal of the American Society of Echocardiography, 2004, 17, 995-997.	1.2	15
17	Chloroquine cardiotoxicity mimicking connective tissue disease heart involvement. Immunopharmacology and Immunotoxicology, 2013, 35, 304-306.	1.1	15
18	How are ECG parameters related to cardiac magnetic resonance images? Electrocardiographic predictors of left ventricular hypertrophy and myocardial fibrosis in hypertrophic cardiomyopathy. Annals of Noninvasive Electrocardiology, 2020, 25, e12763.	0.5	13

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19	Combined Amiodarone and Silymarin Treatment, But Not Amiodarone Alone, Prevents Sustained Atrial Flutter in Dogs. Journal of Cardiovascular Electrophysiology, 2003, 14, 861-867.	0.8	10
20	Classification of pre-excited tachycardias by electrocardiographic methods for differentiation of wide QRS-complex tachycardias. Europace, 2012, 14, 1674-1674.	0.7	10
21	Intermittent Left Bundle Branch Block:. What is the Mechanism?. Journal of Cardiovascular Electrophysiology, 2003, 14, 1010-1012.	0.8	8
22	Inferior Wall Pseudoinfarction Pattern Due to Hyperkalemia. PACE - Pacing and Clinical Electrophysiology, 2003, 26, 2181-2184.	0.5	8
23	Genetic predisposition in patients with hypertension and normal ejection fraction to oxidative stress. Journal of the American Society of Hypertension, 2016, 10, 124-132.	2.3	8
24	Comparison of the Effects on Drug Concentrations, Electrophysiologic Parameters, and Termination of Atrial Fibrillation in Dogs when Procainamide and Ibutilide are Delivered into the Right Atrium versus Intravenously. Journal of Cardiovascular Electrophysiology, 2001, 12, 330-336.	0.8	6
25	Effect of the Cardioselective, Sarcolemmal KATPChannel Blocker HMR 1098 on Atrial Electrical Remodeling During Pacing-Induced Atrial Fibrillation in Dogs. Cardiovascular Drugs and Therapy, 2004, 18, 23-30.	1.3	6
26	Silymarin and vitamin E do not attenuate and vitamin E might even enhance the antiarrhythmic activity of amiodarone in a rat reperfusion arrhythmia model. Cardiovascular Drugs and Therapy, 2001, 15, 233-240.	1.3	5
27	Usefulness of a Novel Electrocardiographic Score to Estimate the Pre-Test Probability of Acute Pulmonary Embolism. American Journal of Cardiology, 2020, 130, 143-151.	0.7	5
28	Free Radical Reactions in the Pathomechanism of Amiodarone Liver Toxicity. , 1992, , 124-157.		4
29	The role of electrocardiography in the elaboration of a new paradigm in cardiac resynchronization therapy for patients with nonspecific intraventricular conduction disturbance. Journal of Geriatric Cardiology, 2016, 13, 118-25.	0.2	3
30	Relationship between the extent of coronary artery disease and indicators of free radical activity. Clinical Cardiology, 1992, 15, 706-707.	0.7	2
31	Narrow QRS Complex Tachycardia with Alternating Shorter and Longer R-R Cycles: What is the Mechanism?. Journal of Cardiovascular Electrophysiology, 2002, 13, 835-836.	0.8	2
32	Alternation of Right Bundle Branch Block with Beats Showing Normal Conduction and with a Less Complete Right Bundle Branch Block Pattern. PACE - Pacing and Clinical Electrophysiology, 2009, 32, 1222-1226.	0.5	2
33	Wide QRS complex tachycardia in a patient with wide QRS complex sinus rhythm due to left bundle branch block pattern. Journal of Geriatric Cardiology, 2020, 17, 530-532.	0.2	2
34	Novel electrocardiographic dyssynchrony criteria that may improve patient selection for cardiac resynchronization therapy Journal of Geriatric Cardiology, 2022, 19, 31-43.	0.2	1
35	How to improve patient response to cardiac resynchronization therapy?. International Journal of Cardiology, 2019, 286, 20.	0.8	0
36	Letter From Vereckei Regarding Article, "QRS Area Is a Strong Determinant of Outcome in Cardiac Resynchronization Therapy― Circulation: Arrhythmia and Electrophysiology, 2019, 12, e007195.	2.1	0

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
37	The development of a new, simple electrocardiographic method for the estimation of the latest activated left ventricular site. European Heart Journal, 2021, 42, .	1.0	Ο
38	Repetitive narrow QRS tachycardia in a 61-year-old female patient with recent palpitations. Journal of Geriatric Cardiology, 2018, 15, 193-198.	0.2	0
39	A different cardiac resynchronization therapy technique might be needed in some patients with nonspecific intraventricular conduction disturbance pattern Journal of Geriatric Cardiology, 2021, 18, 975-985.	0.2	Ο
40	Electrocardiographic and echocardiographic dyssynchrony parameters that might better predict the response to cardiac resynchronization therapy than QRS morphology and duration Journal of Geriatric Cardiology, 2022, 19, 98-100.	0.2	0