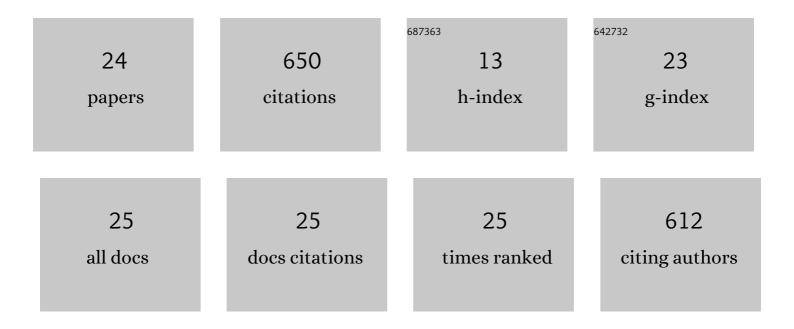
Thierry Lengagne

List of Publications by Year in descending order

Source: https://exaly.com/author-pdf/1360635/publications.pdf Version: 2024-02-01



#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
1	The role of nocturnal vision in mate choice: females prefer conspicuous males in the European tree frog (<i>Hyla arborea</i>). Proceedings of the Royal Society B: Biological Sciences, 2009, 276, 2351-2358.	2.6	117
2	Mobbing calls: a signal transcending species boundaries. Animal Behaviour, 2017, 131, 3-11.	1.9	57
3	Multiple signals and male spacing affect female preference at cocktail parties in treefrogs. Proceedings of the Royal Society B: Biological Sciences, 2010, 277, 1247-1252.	2.6	50
4	Finding One's Mate in a King Penguin Colony: Efficiency of Acoustic Communication. Behaviour, 1999, 136, 833-846.	0.8	48
5	Mobbing behaviour varies according to predator dangerousness andÂoccurrence. Animal Behaviour, 2016, 119, 119-124.	1.9	48
6	Effects of traffic noise on tree frog stress levels, immunity, and color signaling. Conservation Biology, 2017, 31, 1132-1140.	4.7	48
7	Artificial light at night alters the sexual behaviour and fertilisation success of the common toad. Environmental Pollution, 2020, 259, 113883.	7.5	31
8	Artificial light at night disturbs the activity and energy allocation of the common toad during the breeding period. , 2019, 7, coz002.		30
9	Mobbing behaviour in a passerine community increases with prevalence in predator diet. Ibis, 2017, 159, 324-330.	1.9	25
10	Assessing the effects of artificial light at night on biodiversity across latitude – Current knowledge gaps. Global Ecology and Biogeography, 2020, 29, 404-419.	5.8	24
11	A plea for a worldwide development of dark infrastructure for biodiversity – Practical examples and ways to go forward. Landscape and Urban Planning, 2022, 219, 104332.	7.5	22
12	Syntax manipulation changes perception of mobbing call sequences across passerine species. Ethology, 2019, 125, 635-644.	1.1	20
13	Seasonal variation in mobbing behaviour of passerine birds. Journal of Ornithology, 2019, 160, 509-514.	1.1	19
14	The theory of island biogeography and soundscapes: Species diversity and the organization of acoustic communities. Journal of Biogeography, 2019, 46, 1901-1911.	3.0	17
15	The role of associative learning process on the response of fledgling great tits (Parus major) to mobbing calls. Animal Cognition, 2019, 22, 1095-1103.	1.8	16
16	Variability of surface and underwater nocturnal spectral irradiance with the presence of clouds in urban and peri-urban wetlands. PLoS ONE, 2017, 12, e0186808.	2.5	14
17	Artificial light at night alters activity, body mass, and corticosterone level in a tropical anuran. Behavioral Ecology, 2021, 32, 932-940.	2.2	13
18	Great tits (<i>Parus major</i>) adequately respond to both allopatric combinatorial mobbing calls and their isolated parts. Ethology, 2021, 127, 213-222.	1.1	11

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#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
19	Patterns of bird song evolution on islands support the character release hypothesis in tropical but not in temperate latitudes. Journal of Evolutionary Biology, 2021, 34, 1580-1591.	1.7	10
20	Effects of artificial light at night on the leaf functional traits of freshwater plants. Freshwater Biology, 2021, 66, 2264-2271.	2.4	8
21	Which acoustic parameters modify the great tit's response to conspecific combinatorial mobbing calls?. Behavioral Ecology and Sociobiology, 2022, 76, 1.	1.4	6
22	Transcriptome-wide deregulation of gene expression by artificial light at night in tadpoles of common toads. Science of the Total Environment, 2022, 818, 151734.	8.0	5
23	Biological conclusions about importance of order in mobbing calls vary with the reproductive context in Great Tits (Parus major). Ibis, 2021, 163, 834-844.	1.9	4
24	Evolution of vocal performance and song complexity in island birds. Journal of Avian Biology, 2022, 2022, .	1.2	4