

Nazanin Derakhshan

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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Version: 2024-02-01

66
papers

8,752
citations

126858

33
h-index

118793

62
g-index

66
all docs

66
docs citations

66
times ranked

7126
citing authors

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
1	The Effects of Stoic Training and Adaptive Working Memory Training on Emotional Vulnerability in High Worriers. <i>Cognitive Therapy and Research</i> , 2021, 45, 730-744.	1.2	5
2	The Impact of COVID-19 Outbreak on Emotional and Cognitive Vulnerability in Iranian Women With Breast Cancer. <i>Frontiers in Psychology</i> , 2021, 12, 663310.	1.1	12
3	Cognitive function and emotional vulnerability in metastatic breast cancer: Moderating effects of age and social support. <i>Psycho-Oncology</i> , 2021, 30, 1563-1571.	1.0	9
4	Personalized cognitive training: Protocol for individual-level meta-analysis implementing machine learning methods. <i>Journal of Psychiatric Research</i> , 2021, 138, 342-348.	1.5	9
5	Reduced Anxiety Following Mindfulness and Adaptive Working Memory Training in Women with Breast Cancer. <i>Mindfulness</i> , 2021, 12, 1928-1939.	1.6	1
6	Rethinking cognitive training: The moderating roles of emotional vulnerability and perceived cognitive impact of training in high worriers. <i>Behaviour Research and Therapy</i> , 2021, 144, 103926.	1.6	5
7	Neurocognitive efficiency in breast cancer survivorship: A performance monitoring ERP study. <i>International Journal of Psychophysiology</i> , 2021, 168, 9-20.	0.5	5
8	Adaptive working memory training can reduce anxiety and depression vulnerability in adolescents. <i>Developmental Science</i> , 2020, 23, e12831.	1.3	38
9	Neural correlates of emotion-attention interactions: From perception, learning, and memory to social cognition, individual differences, and training interventions. <i>Neuroscience and Biobehavioral Reviews</i> , 2020, 108, 559-601.	2.9	117
10	COVID-19 Outbreak Effects on Job Security and Emotional Functioning Amongst Women Living With Breast Cancer. <i>Frontiers in Psychology</i> , 2020, 11, 582014.	1.1	28
11	COVID-19 Lockdown and Its Adverse Impact on Psychological Health in Breast Cancer. <i>Frontiers in Psychology</i> , 2020, 11, 2033.	1.1	97
12	Working Memory Training in Relation to Anxiety, Stress, and Motivation. <i>Journal of Cognitive Enhancement: Towards the Integration of Theory and Practice</i> , 2020, 4, 446-452.	0.8	2
13	Attentional control and cognitive biases as determinants of vulnerability and resilience in anxiety and depression. , 2020, , 261-274.		16
14	The impact of ambiguous stimuli on work memory capacity and reaction time in patients with post-traumatic stress disorder. <i>Advances in Cognitive Science</i> , 2020, 22, 49-60.	0.1	0
15	Perceived cognitive functioning and its influence on emotional vulnerability in breast cancer. <i>Health Psychology Open</i> , 2019, 6, 205510291987166.	0.7	12
16	Training cognitive control to reduce emotional vulnerability in breast cancer. <i>Psycho-Oncology</i> , 2018, 27, 1780-1786.	1.0	33
17	The worrying mind in control: An investigation of adaptive working memory training and cognitive bias modification in worry-prone individuals. <i>Behaviour Research and Therapy</i> , 2018, 103, 1-11.	1.6	21
18	A randomised controlled trial investigating the benefits of adaptive working memory training for working memory capacity and attentional control in high worriers. <i>Behaviour Research and Therapy</i> , 2018, 100, 67-77.	1.6	27

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19	The effects of active worrying on working memory capacity. <i>Cognition and Emotion</i> , 2017, 31, 995-1003.	1.2	28
20	Cognitive control interventions for depression: A systematic review of findings from training studies. <i>Clinical Psychology Review</i> , 2017, 53, 79-92.	6.0	183
21	Interactions of emotion and anxiety on visual working memory performance. <i>Psychonomic Bulletin and Review</i> , 2017, 24, 1274-1281.	1.4	24
22	The effects of adaptive working memory training and mindfulness meditation training on processing efficiency and worry in high worriers. <i>Behaviour Research and Therapy</i> , 2017, 89, 1-13.	1.6	69
23	Adaptive Working Memory Training Reduces the Negative Impact of Anxiety on Competitive Motor Performance. <i>Journal of Sport and Exercise Psychology</i> , 2017, 39, 412-422.	0.7	30
24	Anxiety, emotional distraction, and attentional control in the Stroop task.. <i>Emotion</i> , 2016, 16, 293-300.	1.5	44
25	Training Attentional Control Improves Cognitive and Motor Task Performance. <i>Journal of Sport and Exercise Psychology</i> , 2016, 38, 521-533.	0.7	47
26	Training working memory to improve attentional control in anxiety: A proof-of-principle study using behavioral and electrophysiological measures. <i>Biological Psychology</i> , 2016, 121, 203-212.	1.1	144
27	Enhanced visual detection in trait anxiety.. <i>Emotion</i> , 2015, 15, 477-483.	1.5	61
28	Trait susceptibility to worry modulates the effects of cognitive load on cognitive control: An ERP study.. <i>Emotion</i> , 2015, 15, 544-549.	1.5	21
29	The relationship between two types of impaired emotion processing: repressive coping and alexithymia. <i>Frontiers in Psychology</i> , 2015, 6, 809.	1.1	5
30	Attentional control deficits in trait anxiety: Why you see them and why you don't. <i>Biological Psychology</i> , 2013, 92, 440-446.	1.1	288
31	The role of consciousness in attentional control differences in trait anxiety. <i>Cognition and Emotion</i> , 2013, 27, 923-931.	1.2	19
32	The effects of dysphoria and rumination on cognitive flexibility and task selection. <i>Acta Psychologica</i> , 2013, 142, 323-331.	0.7	36
33	Improving attention control in dysphoria through cognitive training: Transfer effects on working memory capacity and filtering efficiency. <i>Psychophysiology</i> , 2013, 50, 297-307.	1.2	116
34	Blinded by Fear? Prior Exposure to Fearful Faces Enhances Attentional Processing of Task-Irrelevant Stimuli. <i>Quarterly Journal of Experimental Psychology</i> , 2013, 66, 2204-2218.	0.6	10
35	Trait anxiety reduces implicit expectancy during target spatial probability cueing.. <i>Emotion</i> , 2013, 13, 345-349.	1.5	5
36	Affective attention under cognitive load: reduced emotional biases but emergent anxiety-related costs to inhibitory control. <i>Frontiers in Human Neuroscience</i> , 2013, 7, 188.	1.0	61

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37	Information processing, affect, and psychopathology: A Festschrift for Michael W. Eysenck. <i>Journal of Cognitive Psychology</i> , 2012, 24, 1-5.	0.4	3
38	Impaired filtering of irrelevant information in dysphoria: an ERP study. <i>Social Cognitive and Affective Neuroscience</i> , 2012, 7, 752-763.	1.5	40
39	Response inhibition and attentional control in anxiety. <i>Quarterly Journal of Experimental Psychology</i> , 2012, 65, 646-660.	0.6	39
40	Impact factor on the rise. <i>Anxiety, Stress and Coping</i> , 2012, 25, 1-2.	1.7	0
41	The combined cognitive bias hypothesis in depression. <i>Clinical Psychology Review</i> , 2012, 32, 413-424.	6.0	241
42	Fear makes you stronger: Responding to feared animal targets in visual search. <i>Attention, Perception, and Psychophysics</i> , 2012, 74, 1437-1445.	0.7	16
43	The effect of cognitive load in emotional attention and trait anxiety: An eye movement study. <i>Journal of Cognitive Psychology</i> , 2012, 24, 79-91.	0.4	81
44	Depressive symptoms and cognitive control in a mixed antisaccade task: Specific effects of depressive rumination. <i>Cognition and Emotion</i> , 2011, 25, 886-897.	1.2	75
45	Understanding depressive rumination from a cognitive science perspective: The impaired disengagement hypothesis. <i>Clinical Psychology Review</i> , 2011, 31, 138-145.	6.0	620
46	The neural correlates of cognitive effort in anxiety: Effects on processing efficiency. <i>Biological Psychology</i> , 2011, 86, 337-348.	1.1	95
47	The Effects of Self-Report Cognitive Failures and Cognitive Load on Antisaccade Performance. <i>Frontiers in Psychology</i> , 2011, 2, 280.	1.1	16
48	The neural correlates of impaired inhibitory control in anxiety. <i>Neuropsychologia</i> , 2011, 49, 1146-1153.	0.7	118
49	New perspectives in attentional control theory. <i>Personality and Individual Differences</i> , 2011, 50, 955-960.	1.6	551
50	Predicting and manipulating the incidence of inattention blindness. <i>Psychological Research</i> , 2010, 74, 513-523.	1.0	47
51	The time line of threat processing and vagal withdrawal in response to a self-threatening stressor in cognitive avoidant copers: Evidence for vigilance-avoidance theory. <i>Psychophysiology</i> , 2010, 47, 786-95.	1.2	17
52	Introduction to the special issue: Emotional states, attention, and working memory. <i>Cognition and Emotion</i> , 2010, 24, 189-199.	1.2	50
53	The association between depressive symptoms and executive control impairments in response to emotional and non-emotional information. <i>Cognition and Emotion</i> , 2010, 24, 264-280.	1.2	151
54	Processing efficiency in anxiety: Evidence from eye-movements during visual search. <i>Behaviour Research and Therapy</i> , 2010, 48, 1180-1185.	1.6	41

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55	Anxiety impairs inhibitory control but not volitional action control. <i>Cognition and Emotion</i> , 2010, 24, 241-254.	1.2	53
56	Anxiety, Inhibition, Efficiency, and Effectiveness. <i>Experimental Psychology</i> , 2009, 56, 48-55.	0.3	212
57	Anxiety, Processing Efficiency, and Cognitive Performance. <i>European Psychologist</i> , 2009, 14, 168-176.	1.8	476
58	Effects of state anxiety on performance using a task-switching paradigm: An investigation of attentional control theory. <i>Psychonomic Bulletin and Review</i> , 2009, 16, 1112-1117.	1.4	123
59	Attentional control in dysphoria: An investigation using the antisaccade task. <i>Biological Psychology</i> , 2009, 80, 251-255.	1.1	33
60	Effects of anxiety on task switching: Evidence from the mixed antisaccade task. <i>Cognitive, Affective and Behavioral Neuroscience</i> , 2008, 8, 229-238.	1.0	110
61	Trait anxiety modulates the electrophysiological indices of rapid spatial orienting towards angry faces. <i>NeuroReport</i> , 2008, 19, 259-263.	0.6	83
62	Emotional information processing in repressors: The vigilanceâ€“avoidance theory. <i>Cognition and Emotion</i> , 2007, 21, 1585-1614.	1.2	129
63	Anxiety and cognitive performance: Attentional control theory.. <i>Emotion</i> , 2007, 7, 336-353.	1.5	3,429
64	Attentional bias to pictures of fear-relevant animals in a dot probe task.. <i>Emotion</i> , 2005, 5, 365-369.	1.5	139
65	Trait anxiety, visuospatial processing, and working memory. <i>Cognition and Emotion</i> , 2005, 19, 1214-1228.	1.2	128
66	When the bogus pipeline interferes with self-deceptive strategies: Effects on state anxiety in repressors. <i>Cognition and Emotion</i> , 2005, 19, 83-100.	1.2	8